## CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA

#### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR

**JULY 1, 2005 TO JUNE 30, 2006** 

This Report
Prepared by Department of Finance
Lester O. Seal, CPA
Director

## CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2006

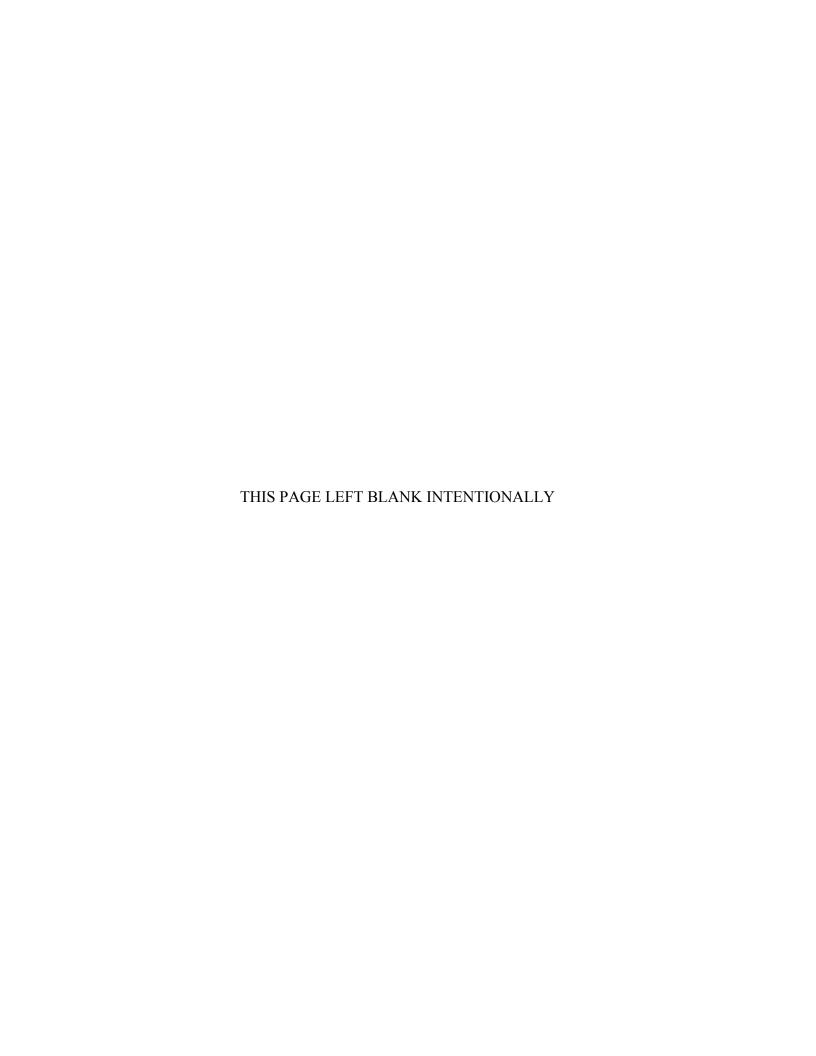
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## INTRODUCTORY SECTION





#### City of Harrisonburg Virginia

Office of City Manager 345 South Main Street Post Office Box 20031 Harrisonburg, Virginia 22801 (540) 432-7701/Fax (540) 432-7778

Roger D. Baker City Manager

November 15, 2006

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and the Citizens of the City of Harrisonburg:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia (City), for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 is hereby submitted in accordance with Section 45 of the City Charter and Section 15.2-2511 of the Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended. The City Charter and the Code of Virginia require that the City issue annually a report on its financial position and operations, and that this report be audited by either the state auditor or an independent firm of certified public accountants in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS). This report has been prepared by the Department of Finance to conform with the standards of financial reporting as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and the Commonwealth of Virginia Auditor of Public Accounts (APA).

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations for the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Brown, Edwards & Company, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, have audited the City's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. This examination was conducted using guidelines set forth by GAAS and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the APA. Based upon this audit, the independent auditor concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements was also designed to meet the federal Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and the related U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Nonprofit Organizations* to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements set forth in the General Accounting Office's *Government Auditing* 

Standards require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements. Special emphasis is placed on internal controls and compliance with legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the compliance section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

This report is divided into four sections: introductory, financial, statistical tables and compliance. The introductory section is intended to familiarize readers with the organizational structure of the City government, the nature and scope of services that are provided and the specifics of the legal operating environment. The financial section provides management's analysis of the City's current financial position and the outcome of its operations, the opinion of the independent auditor and the financial statements. The statistical table section is designed to provide some historical perspective of the City's financial condition and to reflect the social and economic trends of the area. The compliance section is prepared in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and the OMB Circular A-133. This section includes a schedule of expenditures of federal awards, the independent auditors report on compliance and on internal controls over financial reporting, a schedule of findings and questioned costs and comments on the resolution of prior year findings.

#### **Profile of the City of Harrisonburg**

**Background.** The City was established in 1780 and was named for Thomas Harrison, who donated the land for the Rockingham County Court House, which became the permanent county seat of Rockingham County in 1781. The City was incorporated in 1849 and was proclaimed a city of the first class in April 1990. It now encompasses 17.3 square miles and serves a population of approximately 44,008.

The City lies in the geographic center of the Shenandoah Valley of Virginia. The Blue Ridge Mountains on the East and the Alleghenies on the West provide protection so the area is markedly free from climate extremes and disturbances. The Valley floor itself is at an elevation of 1,000 feet while the City's elevation is 1,329 feet. The City is equidistant from Washington, D.C. (124 miles), Richmond, Virginia (116 miles), and Roanoke, Virginia (111 miles).

The City is operated under the Council-Manager form of government. The City Council is the governing body, which formulates policies for the administration of the City. It is comprised of five members elected on an at-large basis to serve four-year terms. The City Council appoints a City Manager to serve as the City's chief administrative officer. The City Manager is responsible for implementing the policies of the City Council, directing business and administrative procedures and appointing departmental officials and certain other City employees.

**Services provided.** The City provides a full range of services including police and fire protection; sanitation services; construction and maintenance of streets and bridges; water and sewer services; public transportation; community development; and parks, recreational activities and cultural events.

The operation of primary and secondary education in the City is the responsibility of the School Board. The City voters elect the six members of the School Board, who appoint the Superintendent of Schools. The local share of funds for operating public schools in the City is provided by an appropriation from the City's General Fund to the School Board. The School Board, however, is a separate legal entity and autonomous policy-making body in matters governing education.

The City provides court house and jail facilities, as well as the services of the Sheriff, Commonwealth Attorney, and Clerk of the Circuit Court through Rockingham County (County). The City reimburses the County one-half of the net expenditures for providing these services.

The City also provides social services through the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District (District), which is jointly governed with the County. The District is a separate legal entity and is a discretely presented component unit of the County. The City makes contributions to the District based upon its pro rata share of the population for the City and County as a whole.

Electricity is provided by the Harrisonburg Electric Commission, created by ordinance of the City Council pursuant to the City Charter. The Commission is composed of 5 members appointed for 3-year terms by the City Council and is a separate legal entity.

**Budgetary Compliance and Control.** The City prepares a budget in accordance with Section 60 of the *City Charter* and Section 15.2-2503 of the *Code of Virginia*, 1950, as amended. The *City Charter* requires the City Manager to submit a balanced budget to the City Council at least sixty days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year (July 1). City Council is required to convene a public hearing regarding the City Manager's proposed budget. The proposed budget, which may be modified by the City Council, is required to be adopted by a majority vote of the City Council members prior to the beginning of the ensuing fiscal year. On the basis of the budget, City Council appropriates funds for expenditures and establishes tax rates sufficient to produce the revenues needed to pay such expenditures. The *City Charter* requires the annual budget to be balanced and prohibits expenditures for which moneys are not available or reasonably expected to be forthcoming in time to meet such expenditures. The *City Charter* also requires the annual budget and the annual appropriation ordinance to make a provision for a reasonable contingency fund.

Budgetary control is maintained at the department level as delineated in the appropriation ordinance. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments, from reserve for contingencies to other expenditure line items and re-arrange salaries as may best meet the needs and interest of the City. Supplemental appropriations, transfers between departments and funds, other than the situation aforementioned, require the approval of City Council. Also, supplemental appropriations, which exceed \$500,000 or 1% of the budget, whichever is less, require a public hearing prior to approval by City Council. All appropriations lapse at year-end except for appropriations for capital projects funds. Appropriations for capital projects are valid until the end of the project. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservation of fund balance, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities, and are generally reappropriated in the following fiscal year. A budget-to-actual comparison is provided in this report for the general fund. This comparison is presented on page 28.

#### **Major Initiatives**

The City's staff, following specific directives of the City Council and the City Manager, has been involved in a variety of projects and activities throughout the year. These projects and activities reflect the City's commitment to ensuring that the citizens of Harrisonburg are able to live and work in an enviable environment. The significant projects and activities are as follows:

- Hired a full time City attorney.
- Hired four additional police personnel.
- Hired three firefighters.
- Hired three additional transportation personnel.
- Hired two additional Sanitation Department personnel.
- Hired four Emergency Communication Center personnel.
- Appropriated \$100,000 for a down payment on a new fire truck.
- Appropriated \$296,000 for traffic signals upgrades.
- Appropriated \$150,000 for Westover Pool bathhouse renovations.
- Appropriated \$220,250 for Westover Pool improvements
- Appropriated \$950,000 for water storage tanks.
- Appropriated \$395,000 for four transit buses.
- Appropriated \$230,000 for three school buses.
- Appropriated \$577,050 for the City's share of Rockingham County's landfill expenses.

#### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

**Local economy.** The City is in the center of commerce and travel for the area, while the surrounding area is known for its poultry industry. The area is an educational center served by four institutions of higher learning with a total enrollment of approximately 23,516. James Madison University, a state-supported school, is located near the geographic center of the City and has approximately 16,546 undergraduate students. Eastern Mennonite University, a private institution with approximately 1,660 students is also located in the City. Bridgewater College, located just south of the City, is also private and has an approximate enrollment of 1,506 students. State-supported Blue Ridge Community College has an enrollment of approximately 3,804 students.

Rockingham Memorial Hospital provides hospital and many related healthcare services. Air, rail and bus transportation is available in the area. U.S. Airways Express operates out of the Shenandoah Valley Regional Airport in Weyers Cave, Virginia and provides passenger and freight service. There are several private airfields located in the area including Bridgewater Air Park located in Bridgewater. The area is served by the Norfolk Southern Corporation railroad. There are locally based private and common carriers serving the nation with general freight and specialties. Parcel post services are available for shopping, mailing and delivery service. Interstate 81 runs North and South through the area and intersects with Interstate 64 East and West at Staunton, Virginia for travel by car.

**Long-term financial planning.** Each year the City prepares a comprehensive Capital Improvements Program (CIP). The CIP is prepared in an effort to prioritize capital improvement needs over a five-year period and to plan for the appropriate financing of these projects. Planning for capital improvements is an important process for the City in order to ensure that assets are acquired or constructed in time to meet specific needs and to spread costs over several fiscal years in order to avoid a large peak in capital expenditures during a single year.

The City continues to plan and work on its next major transportation project: Erickson Avenue Extension and Stone Spring Road Improvement. The total project is anticipated to cost approximately \$59.1 million of which \$3.6 million has already been expended and approximately \$.8 million in cash is on hand. It is planned that this project will be completed in at least five phases. It is currently projected that \$5.9 million will be borrowed in fiscal year 2009; \$5.2 million will be borrowed in fiscal year 2010; \$3 million will be borrowed in fiscal year 2011; \$5.2 million will be borrowed in fiscal year 2012 and the final \$8 million will be borrowed in fiscal year 2013. The remaining \$10.9 million will be provided from VDOT Urban Funds and \$4.9 million from the Commonwealth of Virginia through revenue sharing funds. The estimated final completion date for the project is 2013, but various phases will be completed during the construction period. Because of the rebuild of the Stone Spring Road bridge over Interstate 81, the widening of Interstate 81 by the Commonwealth of Virginia will ultimately impact the final completion date. In fiscal year 2007 the City will start using a portion of its annual state road allocation funding to defray the cost of the aforementioned indebtedness.

The City is in the process of constructing a waterline to the Shenandoah River, which is located approximately 17 miles east of the City. The estimated total cost of the project is \$19 million of which \$3.4 million has already been expended and \$3.6 million in cash is on hand. The projected completion date is estimated to be prior to 2012.

**Cash Management.** The City's investment policy is to invest with the same care, skill, prudence and diligence that a prudent and knowledgeable person would exercise when undertaking an enterprise of like character and aims. It is the policy of the City that all investments and investment practices meet or exceed those enumerated in Chapter 3, Title 26 of the *Code of Virginia*, 1950, as amended. The City's primary investment objectives, in order

of priority are safety, liquidity and return on investments. Investments are limited to those maturing in three years or less from the time of purchase. The City uses Trusco Capital Management, Inc., a non-bank affiliate of SunTrust Bank, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool to handle its investments. Additional information can be found in Note 3 of the notes to financial statements.

**Risk Management.** The City uses a variety of techniques to identify and monitor its risks and exposures for the programs and activities that are provided. An on-going safety program has been initiated to help prevent losses and to better identify problem areas that need attention. Additional information can be found in Note 31 of the notes to financial statements.

#### **Certificate of Achievement**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. This was the eleventh consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City must publish an easily readable and organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

#### Acknowledgments

We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the staff who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. The preparation of this report would not have been accomplished without their efficient and dedicated services. We would also like to thank the members of the City Council for their continued interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible, timely and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Roger D. Baker City Manager Lester O. Seal, CPA Director of Finance

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## City of Harrisonburg, Virginia

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2005

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

WINE OFFICE OFFI

President

**Executive Director** 

Water Treatment Sanitary Sewer Utility Billings H'burg-R'ham Social Services District H'burg Redevelopment and Housing Authority H'burg Industrial Development Authority Steam Plant Refuse Collection Human Resources Harrisonburg Electric Commission Upper Valley Regional Park Authority Hburg-Rham Regional Sewer Authority H'burg Parking Authority Traffic Engineering Insect and Rodent Control Streets and Highways Central Stores Public Works Public Safety Building Emergency Services Suppression Training City Investigation Gang
Task Force
Special
Operations Operations Criminal Support Services Animal Control Assistant City Manager Information Technology City Manager City Council Voters CDBG Purchasing Visitor and Tourism Services Downtown Parking Services Economic Development City Clerk Community Services Board Shen Valley Airport
Commission
Shen Valley Juvenile
Detention Home Planning and Community Development Commissioner of the Revenue Administration General Engineering General Properties Planning Zoning Parks and Recreation Commission Board of Zoning Appeals Board of Equalization School Buses Central Garage Transit Buses General Assembly Representatives Recreation Centers Golf Course Blacks Run Greenway National Guard Armory and Playgrounds Westover Pool Board of Elections Athletics

City of Harrisonburg, Virginia Organization Chart

#### CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA

#### Directory of Principal Officials June 30, 2006

#### **CITY COUNCIL**

Larry M. Rogers, Mayor

Rodney L. Eagle, Vice Mayor Hugh J. Lantz, Council Member Charles R. Chenault, Council Member George W. Pace, Council Member

#### **OFFICIALS**

Roger D. Baker City Manager Kurt D. Hodgen Assistant City Manager Rebecca B. Neal City Treasurer Commissioner of the Revenue June W. Hosaflook Earl Q. Thumma, Jr. City Attorney Yvonne H. "Bonnie" Ryan City Clerk Lester O. Seal Director of Finance E. Lee Foerster, Jr. Director of Parks and Recreation Donald G. Harper Police Chief Fire Chief Larry W. Shifflett A. Michael Collins Director of Public Utilities James D. Baker Director of Public Works Stacy H. Turner Director of Planning and Community Development Reginald S. Smith Director of Transportation Jennifer W. Rhodes Director of Human Resources Brian B. Shull Director of Economic Development Emily H. Long City Registrar Keith E. Markel City Planner Daniel J. Rublee City Engineer Alison B. Banks **Zoning Administrator** 

#### SCHOOL BOARD

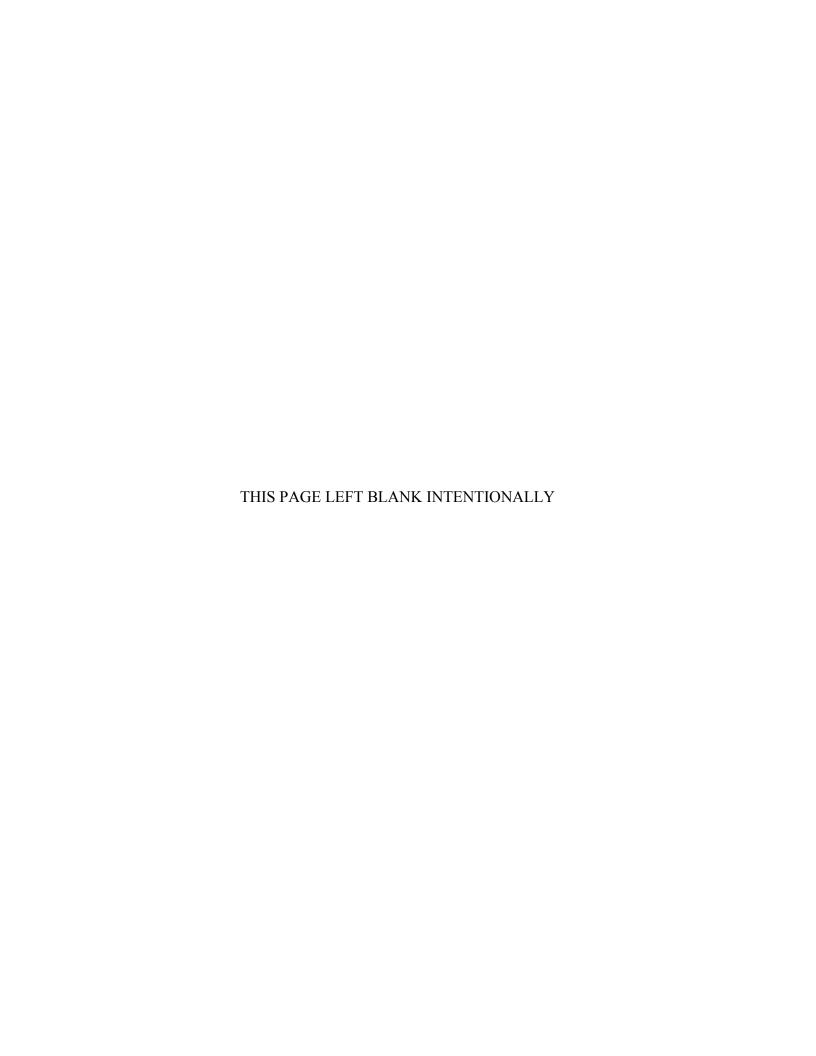
Donald J. Ford, Ed.D., Superintendent of Schools
Lisa M. Lantz, Clerk
James M. Triplett, Jr., Director of Budget and Finance

Catherine M. Slusher, M.D., Chairperson (Resigned 6/14/06) Michael D. Walsh, Vice Chairperson

Gregory L. Coffman, Board Member

Thomas C. Mendez, Board Member Timothy J. Lacey, Board Member Kerri M. Wilson, Board Member

## FINANCIAL SECTION





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Members of City Council City of Harrisonburg, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the discretely presented component unit Harrisonburg Electric Commission, which statements reflect total assets of \$67,854,336 as of June 30, 2006, and total revenues of \$51,785,132 for the year then ended. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us; and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component unit Harrisonburg Electric Commission, is based on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 10, 2006, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 11 through 20 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Roanoke, Virginia November 10, 2006

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

As management of the City of Harrisonburg (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 1 through 5 of this report.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$233.2 million (net assets). Of this amount, \$44.4 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net assets increased by \$13.6 million.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$23.9 million, a decrease of \$8.7 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 63.9 percent of this total amount, \$15.3 million, is available for spending at the City's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$12.3 million, or 16.5 percent of total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.
- The City's total long-term debt decreased by \$4.9 million during the current fiscal year.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, education, parks and recreation, and planning and community development. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, public transportation, sanitation and public parking services.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also the legally separate Harrisonburg City School Board (School Board) and the Harrisonburg Electric Commission (HEC) for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. To obtain a copy of

the separately issued audited financial statements for HEC, contact the Harrisonburg Electric Commission, 89 West Bruce Street, Harrisonburg, Virginia 22801. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 21 through 23 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, General Capital Projects Fund, and the School Bond Capital Projects Fund, which are considered to be major funds. The other two governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund information for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for the General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 24 through 28 of this report.

**Proprietary funds.** The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, public transportation, sanitation and public parking operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions, as well as to some external organizations. The City uses internal service funds to account for the operations of its central garage, central stores and a self-insured health insurance plan. Because these services mainly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they are included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City maintains six enterprise funds and three internal service funds. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Fund, Sewer Fund, Public Transportation Fund, Sanitation Fund and Parking Authority Fund, which are considered to be major enterprise funds. Also, the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the other supplementary information part of the financial section of this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 29 through 32 of this report.

*Fiduciary funds.* Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 33 of this report.

**Notes to financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 34 through 69 of this report.

**Other supplementary information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information. This information includes the combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, internal service funds, agency funds and School Board individual fund financial statements. This information is presented immediately following the notes to financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 70 through 89 of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis (Primary Government)**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceed liabilities by \$233,151,989 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the City's net assets (80.4 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net assets represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets, which amounts to \$44,351,099, may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

#### City of Harrisonburg's Net Assets

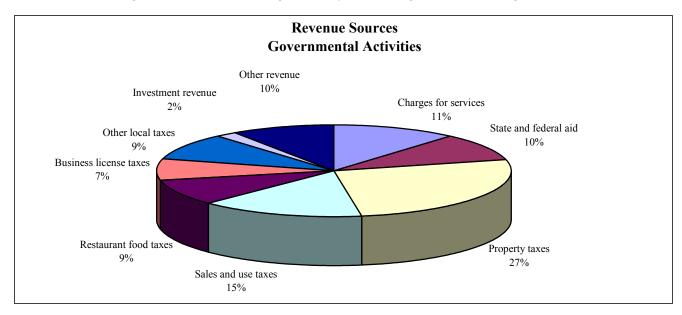
	_	Governme	Activities		Business-t	ype	Activities	Total				
	_	2006		2005		2006		2005	2006	2005		
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$_	60,900,531 220,607,641	\$	66,165,419 204,600,247	\$	29,929,699 89,775,121	\$	30,125,205 \$ 88,922,038	90,830,230 \$ 310,382,762	96,290,624 293,522,285		
Total assets	\$_	281,508,172	\$_	270,765,666	\$_	119,704,820	\$_	119,047,243 \$	401,212,992 \$	389,812,909		
Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities	\$_	30,784,734 92,556,098	\$	27,928,238 96,751,008	\$	2,112,122 42,608,049	\$	2,257,645 \$ 43,349,668	32,896,856 \$ 135,164,147	30,185,883 140,100,676		
Total liabilities Net assets: Invested in capital assets,	\$_	123,340,832	\$_	124,679,246	\$_	44,720,171	\$_	45,607,313 \$	168,061,003 \$	170,286,559		
net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	135,387,466 1,304,291 21,475,583	\$	120,778,336 1,119,024 24,189,060	\$	52,109,133 - 22,875,516	\$	52,218,830 \$ - 21,221,100	187,496,599 \$ 1,304,291 44,351,099	172,997,166 1,119,024 45,410,160		
<b>Total net assets</b>	\$_	158,167,340	\$	146,086,420	\$	74,984,649	\$	73,439,930 \$	233,151,989 \$	219,526,350		

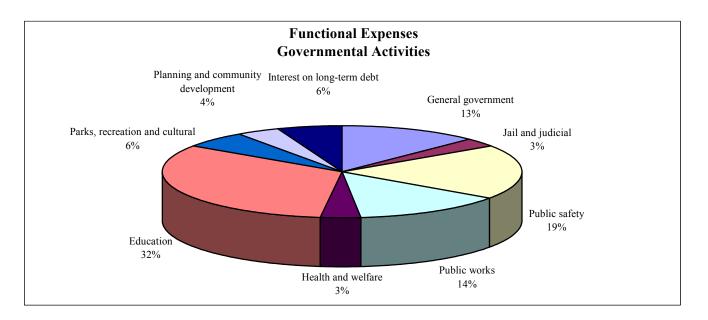
#### City of Harrisonburg's Changes in Net Assets

	_	Governmenta	al Activities		Business-t	ype	Activities	Total					
	_	2006	2005		2006		2005		2006		2005		
Revenues:	_					_		_		_	_		
Programs revenues:													
Charges for services	\$	8,699,474 \$	8,424,291	\$	20,542,341	\$	19,253,517	\$	29,241,815	\$	27,677,808		
Operating grants and													
contributions		5,182,303	4,411,515		1,198,685		966,231		6,380,988		5,377,746		
Capital grants and													
contributions		71,267	622,947		2,571,747		1,824,444		2,643,014		2,447,391		
General revenues:													
Property taxes		20,248,223	18,235,771		-		-		20,248,223		18,235,771		
Sales and use taxes		11,421,441	10,739,589		-		-		11,421,441		10,739,589		
Restaurant food taxes		7,091,567	6,723,886		-		-		7,091,567		6,723,886		
Business license taxes		5,728,339	5,306,290		-		-		5,728,339		5,306,290		
Other local taxes		7,201,363	6,503,792		-		-		7,201,363		6,503,792		
Grants and contributions not		2 216 925	2 014 121						3,216,835		2 014 121		
restricted to specific programs		3,216,835	3,014,121		1,082,397		609,291		, ,		3,014,121		
Investment revenue Other revenue		1,363,309 6,272,657	752,552 4,979,680		1,082,397		1,167,979		2,445,706 7,421,936		1,361,843 6,147,659		
Gain on sale of capital assets		0,272,037	535,732		1,149,279		1,107,979		7,421,930		535,732		
•	_		333,732					-		-			
Total revenues	\$_	76,496,778 \$	70,250,166	\$_	26,544,449	\$_	23,821,462	\$_	103,041,227	\$_	94,071,628		
Expenses:													
General government													
administration	\$	9,494,062 \$			-	\$	- 3	\$	9,494,062	\$	8,659,789		
Jail and judicial administration		2,247,160	1,720,208		-		-		2,247,160		1,720,208		
Public safety		14,598,247	13,385,735		-		-		14,598,247		13,385,735		
Public works		10,280,042	8,932,355		-		-		10,280,042		8,932,355		
Health and welfare		2,571,383	2,318,720		-		-		2,571,383		2,318,720		
Education		24,630,393	21,784,772		-		-		24,630,393		21,784,772		
Parks, recreation and cultural Planning and community		4,458,904	2,781,327		-		-		4,458,904		2,781,327		
development		2,970,408	2,426,890		_		_		2,970,408		2,426,890		
Interest on long-term debt		4,368,265	3,869,356		-		-		4,368,265		3,869,356		
Water		· · ·	-		4,034,616		3,805,703		4,034,616		3,805,703		
Sewer		-	-		5,075,967		4,872,836		5,075,967		4,872,836		
Public transportation		-	_		5,070,888		4,635,925		5,070,888		4,635,925		
Sanitation		-	-		10,446,049		8,764,331		10,446,049		8,764,331		
Public parking		-	-		175,050		209,084		175,050		209,084		
Golf course	_				-		1,416,361			_	1,416,361		
Total expenses	\$	75,618,864 \$	65,879,152	\$	24,802,570	\$	23,704,240	\$	100,421,434	\$	89,583,392		
Increase in net assets	_					_				_			
before transfers and													
special item	\$	877,914 \$	4,371,014	\$	1,741,879	\$	117,222	\$	2,619,793	\$	4,488,236		
Special item		11,005,846	-		-		-		11,005,846		-		
Transfers		197,160	(258,180	) _	(197,160)	_	258,180	_	-	_			
Change in net assets	\$	12,080,920 \$	4,112,834	\$	1,544,719	\$	375,402	\$	13,625,639	\$	4,488,236		
Net assets at beginning of year	_	146,086,420	141,973,586		73,439,930	_	73,064,528	_	219,526,350	_	215,038,114		
Net assets at end of year	\$_	158,167,340 \$	146,086,420	\$_	74,984,649	\$	73,439,930	\$_	233,151,989	\$	219,526,350		

**Governmental activities.** Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$12,080,920. Key elements affecting governmental activities are as follows:

- Property tax revenue increased \$2,012,452 (11 percent) during the current year as a result of an increase in real estate assessments.
- Sales and use taxes increased \$681,852 (6.3 percent) during the current year as a result of increased economic activity in the City.
- Restaurant food taxes and business license taxes increased \$367,681 (5.5 percent) and \$422,049 (8 percent), respectively, as a result of increased economic activity in the City.
- Other local taxes increased \$697,571 (10.7 percent) mainly due to a tax rate increase for emergency telephone service taxes (E911 tax) and an increase in recordation and will tax revenue.
- Investment revenue increased \$610,757 (81.2 percent) as a result of a rise in interest rates during the year.
- Other revenue increased \$1,292,977 (26 percent) primarily due to rental payments from James Madison University from the lease of the old Harrisonburg High School complex.
- Charges for services increased \$783,895 (9.9 percent) due to the operations of the golf course that are now being reported as a governmental activity as opposed to being reported as a business-type activity in the previous year.
- Capital grants and contributions decreased \$551,680 due to one-time grant funding in the previous year.
- Expenses in the public safety activity increased \$1,212,512 (9.1 percent) due to full year of expenses for the expanded emergency communications center that is jointly operated with Rockingham County and the hiring of additional fire department personnel.
- Expenses in the public works activity increased \$1,347,687 (15.1 percent) primarily due an increase in expenses associated with the City's street repaying program.
- Expenses in the education activity increased \$2,845,621 (13.1 percent) due to an increase in operating payments made to the School Board for purposes of funding their operating budget.
- Expenses in the parks, recreation and cultural activity increased \$1,677,577 (60.3 percent) due to the operations of the golf course that are now being reported as a governmental activity as opposed to being reported as a business-type activity in the previous year.
- The City recognized an \$11,005,846 special item from the transfer of the old Harrisonburg High School complex from the School Board. This transaction is explained further in Note 28 of the notes to the financial statements.
- Transfers increased \$455,340 due mainly to a transfer from the Parking Authority Fund (a business-type activity). The Parking Authority Fund was closed out as an operating fund as of March 31, 2006. This resulted in \$865,660 in ending net assets of the Parking Authority Fund being transferred into governmental activities.





**Business-type activities.** Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$1,544,719. Key elements affecting business-type activities are as follows:

- Capital grants and contributions increased by \$747,303 (41 percent) during the current year. Rockingham County made a nonrecurring contribution of approximately \$1 million in water and sewer infrastructure assets to the City during the year.
- Charges for services increased \$1,288,824 (6.7 percent) due in large part to revenue increases in the sanitation activity. Sanitation revenue increased due to increased refuse collection rates, increased revenue from tipping fees at the steam plant and an increase in operating reimbursements for operations at the steam plant from James Madison University.
- Transfers decreased \$455,340 as mentioned above in the discussion of governmental activities.
- Expenses in the water activity increased \$228,913 (6 percent) mainly from increased depreciation expense from the completion of the water treatment plant expansion project. Also, interest expense increased due to a decrease in capitalized interest during the year from the above mentioned project.
- Expenses in the public transportation activity increased \$434,963 (9.4 percent) due to increased maintenance and repair expenses and higher fuel costs during the year
- Expenses in the sanitation activity increased \$1,681,718 (19.2 percent) mainly due to an increase in landfill closure and postclosure expenses.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis (Component Units)**

**School Board activities.** Unrestricted net assets of the School Board increased \$794,741 (26.7 percent) during the current year to \$3,773,108. School Board expenses increased \$4,192,907 (10.2 percent). This increase in expenses was partially offset by an increase in intergovernmental revenue of \$1,797,158 (8.6 percent) when compared to the prior year. Also, operating payments from the City increased \$2,429,373 (12.7 percent) when compared to the prior year. The increase in intergovernmental revenues was mainly due to an increase in the School Board's share of the state sales tax, state basic school aid, state standards of quality funds and funding from the Federal Government. The combination of the above factors resulted in the increase of unrestricted net assets previously mentioned.

The School Board also recognized a \$5,374,025 special item charge in fiscal year 2006. Effective July 1, 2005, the School Board transferred the old Harrisonburg High School complex to the City (primary government). Land at historical cost of \$61,000 and buildings with a book value of \$5,313,025 were removed from the School Board's capital assets as the result of the transfer. This transaction is explained further in Note 28 of the notes to the financial statements.

**HEC activities.** HEC's net assets increased \$583,489 during the year, as compared to a \$1,541,654 increase in the previous year. Operating revenues increased by \$6,943,059 (15.5 percent) during the current year, while expenses increased \$8,178,204 (18.8 percent). In fiscal year 2006, HEC received a rate increase for electricity it purchases and elected to only partially pass the increase through to its customers. Because purchased electricity rates were not fully passed through to its customers, the increase in operating expenses outpaced the increase in operating revenues for the year.

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$12,276,469, while total fund balance was \$14,752,882. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditure and other financing uses. Unreserved fund balance represents 16.5 percent of total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses, while total fund balance represents 19.8 percent of that same amount.

Total fund balance in the General Fund decreased \$4,701,543 mainly due to the purchase of land in the amount of \$4,248,830 on Port Republic Road. Also, debt service increased \$437,391 due to a full year of interest payments on several new bond issues that occurred in the previous year. Other financial factors affecting the General Fund have been included in the above discussion of the City's governmental activities.

**Proprietary funds.** The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Water Fund. Net assets in the Water Fund increased \$2,024,235 compared to an increase of \$1,424,962 in the previous year. Charges for services increased \$419,988 (9 percent) due in part to an approximate three percent rate increase, while total operating expenses increased only \$75,873 (2 percent). Capital contributions also increased \$684,675 due to an increase in developer infrastructure contributions during the year, as well as, a nonrecurring infrastructure contribution from Rockingham County.

**Sewer Fund.** Net assets in the Sewer Fund increased \$1,054,743 compared to a decrease of \$92,341 in the previous year. Charges for services increased \$232,865 (4.8 percent) due in part to an approximate 2.1 percent rate increase, while total operating expenses increased \$192,926 (4 percent). Capital contributions also increased \$1,422,688 due to an increase in developer infrastructure contributions during the year, as well as, a nonrecurring infrastructure contribution from Rockingham County.

**Public Transportation Fund.** Net assets in the Public Transportation Fund decreased \$594,374 compared to an increase of \$744,912 in the previous year. Operating revenues increased \$231,080 (10.3 percent) mainly due to an increase in revenue from the James Madison University transit contract, while total operating expenses increased \$436,613 (9.4 percent) due to increased maintenance and repair expenses and higher fuel costs during the year. The increase in expenses was also offset by an increase of \$232,454 in operating grant revenue. Capital grant contributions decreased \$1.3 million due to factors discussed earlier in connection with the business-type activities analysis.

**Sanitation Fund.** Net assets in the Sanitation Fund increased \$7,264 compared to a decrease of \$645,910 in the previous year. The factors affecting the Sanitation Fund's results are the same as those discussed earlier in connection with the business-type activities analysis.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Differences between the original and the final amended General Fund budget amounted to \$9,400,523, or 14.2 percent of the original budget, and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$4,275,000 appropriated for the purchase of land.
- \$1,513,808 appropriated and transferred to the School Bond Capital Projects Fund for the new elementary/middle school project.
- \$1,279,420 appropriated for prior year encumbrances.
- \$610,942 appropriated and paid to the School Board for the new elementary/middle school project.
- \$504,619 appropriated and transferred to the General Capital Projects Fund for various projects.
- \$364,857 appropriated for various fire department purposes including state and federal grants.
- \$327,583 appropriated for additional capital and operating purposes for the jail and judicial complex.
- \$224,650 appropriated for various police department purposes including state and federal grants.
- \$299,644 appropriated for other purposes. Funding was provided by various sources such as police asset forfeiture funds, donations and other miscellaneous revenues.

There were several significant variances between the final amended budget and the actual results in the General Fund, and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- Other local tax revenue exceeded the final amended budget by \$1,997,801. This was primarily the result of business license tax, restaurant food tax and recordation and wills tax collections exceeding the amount budgeted.
- Use of money and property revenue exceeded the final amended budget by \$1,630,103. This was primarily the result of a general increase in interest rates which resulted in higher investment revenue during the year and from the City not budgeting for the JMU lease rental payment of the old Harrisonburg High School complex.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2006, amounts to \$310,382,762 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure (e.g., streets and bridges) and construction in progress. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 5.7 percent (a 7.8 percent increase for governmental activities and a 1.0 percent increase for business-type activities).

Significant capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Purchased land on Port Republic Road increasing governmental activities' land by \$4.2 million.
- Purchased land for the new elementary/middle school increasing governmental activities' land by \$1.3 million.
- Land and buildings in the amount of \$1.4 million and \$9.6 million, respectively, were transferred from the School Board (component unit) in conjunction with a lease agreement with James Madison University increasing governmental activities' capital assets.
- Construction and development continued on the joint Harrisonburg-Rockingham radio communications system increasing governmental activities' construction in progress by \$1.2 million.
- Construction began on improvements to Port Republic Road (Phase II) increasing governmental activities' construction in progress by \$1.1 million.
- Construction and/or renovations were completed on several projects, including the new high school, increasing governmental activities' buildings and decreasing construction in progress by \$49.8 million.
- Construction was completed on the water treatment plant expansion increasing business-type activities' buildings and machinery and equipment by \$4.4 million and \$1.9 million, respectively.

#### City of Harrisonburg's Capital Assets

(net of depreciation)

	_	Governmental	Activities	Business-type	Activities	Tota	1
	_	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
Land	\$	43,643,286 \$	37,234,859 \$	3,241,739 \$	3,549,772 \$	46,885,025 \$	40,784,631
Buildings		85,934,502	28,799,407	10,595,500	6,051,218	96,530,002	34,850,625
Improvements other							
than buildings		5,037,963	5,211,828	4,944,747	4,580,943	9,982,710	9,792,771
Machinery and equipment		5,145,264	4,715,199	28,729,586	29,370,859	33,874,850	34,086,058
Infrastructure		70,615,821	73,121,731	33,854,990	32,573,448	104,470,811	105,695,179
Construction in progress	_	10,230,805	55,517,223	8,408,559	12,795,798	18,639,364	68,313,021
Total capital assets	\$_	220,607,641 \$	204,600,247 \$	89,775,121 \$	88,922,038 \$	310,382,762 \$	293,522,285

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 on pages 44 through 46 of this report.

**Long-term debt.** At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total long-term debt outstanding of \$135,164,147. Of this amount, \$118,503,637 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City. \$16,500,472 of this amount is debt that is secured by a specified revenue source that is also backed by the full faith and credit of the City in the event these revenues are insufficient to make debt service payments. The City's total long-term debt decreased \$4,936,529 during the current fiscal year.

There were no significant long-term debt events during the current fiscal year.

## City of Harrisonburg's Long-term Debt Outstanding (net of premiums/discounts and deferred refunding charges)

		Governmental	Activities	Business-type	Activities	Total					
	_	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005				
General obligation bonds General obligation school	\$	22,136,433 \$	22,929,704 \$	28,152,909 \$	29,292,721 \$	50,289,342 \$	52,222,425				
bonds		51,301,998	53,849,194	-	-	51,301,998	53,849,194				
General obligation revenue											
bonds		6,321,024	6,343,292	10,179,448	10,356,284	16,500,472	16,699,576				
Notes payable		400,000	400,000	-	-	400,000	400,000				
Capital leases		9,797,450	10,575,685	-	-	9,797,450	10,575,685				
State Literary Funds		11,825	23,650			11,825	23,650				
Landfill closure and											
postclosure		-	-	3,459,270	2,959,112	3,459,270	2,959,112				
Contractual obligation		-	286,773	-	-	-	286,773				
Compensated absences	_	2,587,368	2,342,710	816,422	741,551	3,403,790	3,084,261				
Total long-term debt	\$	92,556,098 \$	96,751,008 \$	42,608,049 \$	43,349,668 \$	135,164,147 \$	140,100,676				

The City maintains an A rating from Standard & Poor's and an Aa3 rating from Moody's for general obligation debt based upon a May 2002 bond issue.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may incur to 10 percent of its total assessed real property valuation. The current debt limitation for the City is \$232,702,951 of which \$113,391,226 is available for use.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 11 on pages 48 through 59 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The following were factors in preparing the City's 2007 fiscal year budget.

- The unemployment rate of the City of Harrisonburg in June 2006 was 3.3 percent, which is a decrease from a rate of 3.8 percent a year ago. This rate still compares favorably to the 3.3 percent state and 4.8 percent national rates from June 2006.
- An increase of \$822,000 in debt service payments for a June 2005 general obligation bond issue and a payment on the principal for an outstanding note payable.
- An additional \$750,000 in funding for joint operations with Rockingham County which includes jail and judicial administration and social services.
- An increase of \$900,000 in transfers to the General Capital Projects Fund for various street improvements.

The approved \$73.1 million fiscal year 2007 General Fund budget included the use of \$1.5 million from unreserved and undesignated fund balance. Also, City Council approved increasing personal property taxes from \$2 to \$3 per \$100 of assessed value and motor vehicle license taxes from \$20 to \$29.50 per vehicle.

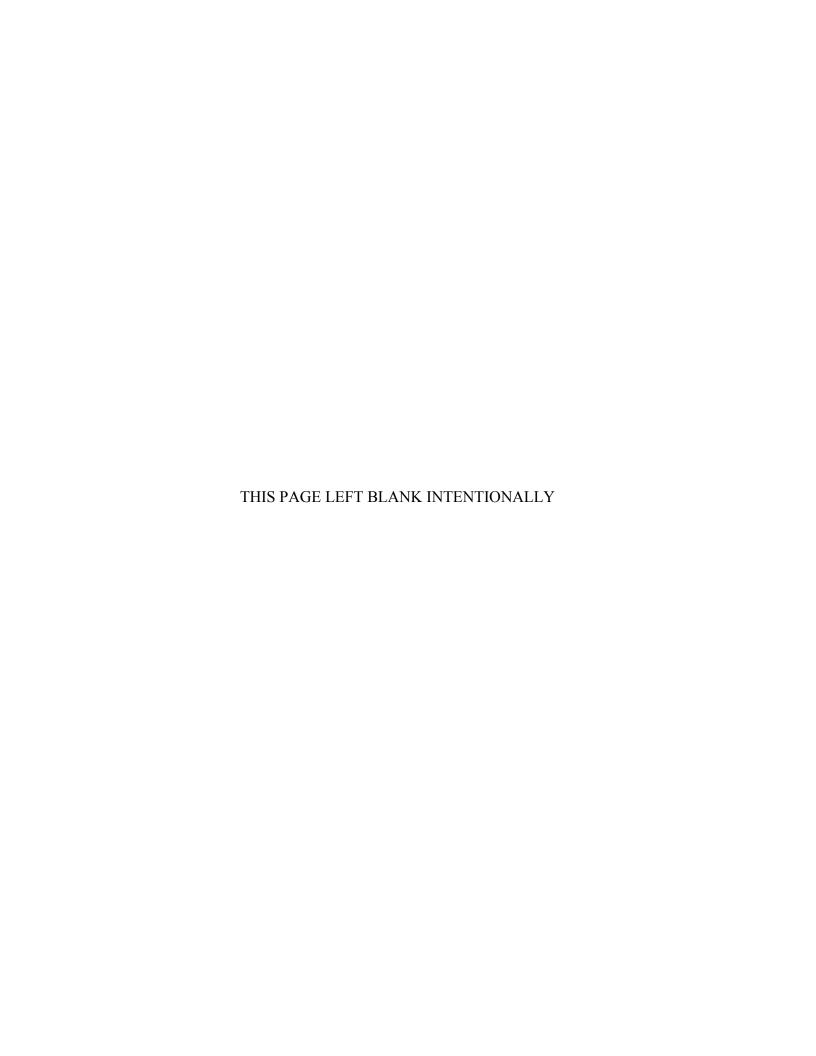
An approximate 2.8 percent increase in water rates was approved to assist in the continued funding of the debt service payments on the City's June 2002 Water Fund bond issue. A Sewer Fund rate increase of approximately 9.9 percent was approved to assist in the continued increase in operational costs at the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Regional Sewer Authority and to begin partially funding wastewater treatment improvements that are required to protect the Chesapeake Bay.

In the Sanitation Fund residential refuse collection rates were increased from \$16 to \$18 a month and commercial refuse collection rates were increased proportionally in order to continue funding of debt service payments on the City's June 2002 Sanitation Fund bond issue associated with the steam plant rebuild.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. A copy of this report in its entirety may be downloaded from the City's website at www.ci.harrisonburg.va.us. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Harrisonburg, Director of Finance, 345 South Main Street, Harrisonburg, VA 22801.

### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



#### CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS At June 30, 2006

		]	Pri	mary Governm	ent	t		<b>Component Units</b>					
	-	Governmental		<b>Business-type</b>			_	School					
	_	Activities		Activities		Total	_	Board	_	HEC			
Assets													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	21,321,351	\$	27,076,893	\$	48,398,244	\$	6,917,796	\$	5,568,012			
Investments		-		-		-		300,000		6,500,000			
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		29,885,857		1,835,399		31,721,256		810,919		4,762,713			
Due from primary government		-		-		-		-		174,359			
Due from component unit		4,273		-		4,273		-		75,522			
Internal balances		256,108		(256,108)		-		-		-			
Inventory		1,946,165		-		1,946,165		53,855		1,277,113			
Prepaid expenses		140,012		67,012		207,024		215,908		69,204			
Loans receivable		1,628,232		-		1,628,232		-		-			
Restricted assets		5,334,513		435,884		5,770,397		-		-			
Capital assets:													
Capital assets, not being depreciated		53,874,091		11,650,298		65,524,389		3,470,188		3,379,186			
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		166,733,550		78,124,823		244,858,373		16,521,524		46,048,227			
Other assets	-	384,020		770,619		1,154,639	_	-	_				
Total assets	\$_	281,508,172	\$	119,704,820	\$	401,212,992	\$_	28,290,190	\$_	67,854,336			
Liabilities													
Accounts payable	\$	1,925,234	\$	624,034	\$	2,549,268	\$	34,944	\$	3,581,280			
Accrued payroll		669,817		222,576		892,393		3,747,084		-			
Accrued interest		1,468,809		772,869		2,241,678		-		_			
Due to primary government		-		, -		-		_		4,273			
Due to component unit		94,629		79,730		174,359		75,522		-			
Unearned revenue		26,213,301		_		26,213,301		_		_			
Other liabilities		189,521		31,334		220,855		_		171,965			
Customer deposits		_		239,615		239,615		_		514,649			
Liabilities payable from restricted assets		223,423		141,964		365,387		_		-			
Long-term debt:		-, -		<b>,</b> -		,							
Due within one year		6,041,911		1,896,926		7,938,837		281,753		300,851			
Due in more than one year	_	86,514,187		40,711,123		127,225,310	_	386,067	_	645,875			
Total liabilities	\$_	123,340,832	\$	44,720,171	\$	168,061,003	\$_	4,525,370	\$_	5,218,893			
Net assets													
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	135,387,466	\$	52,109,133	\$	187,496,599	\$	19,991,712	\$	49,427,413			
Restricted for:	•	,,	•	,,	•	, ., .,	•	,	•	.,,,			
Debt service		746,555		_		746,555		_		_			
E-911 system		241,304		_		241,304		_		_			
Drug forfeiture		120,698		_		120,698		_		_			
Police department grants		11,847		_		11,847		_		_			
Fire department grants		183,887		_		183,887		_		_			
Unrestricted		21,475,583		22,875,516		44,351,099	_	3,773,108	_	13,208,030			
Total net assets	\$	158,167,340	\$	74,984,649	\$	233,151,989	\$_	23,764,820	\$_	62,635,443			

					F	Program Revenue	es	
Functions/Programs		Expenses	-	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary Government:					_			
Governmental activities:								
General government administration	\$	9,494,062	\$	6,845,784	\$	316,210	\$	-
Jail and judicial administration		2,247,160		517,689		-		-
Public safety		14,598,247		35,250		1,342,438		71,267
Public works		10,280,042		-		3,229,827		-
Health and welfare		2,571,383		-		-		-
Education		24,630,393		-		-		-
Parks, recreation and cultural		4,458,904		787,786		11,110		-
Planning and community development		2,970,408		512,965		282,718		-
Interest on long-term debt	_	4,368,265		-	-	-		-
Total governmental activities	\$_	75,618,864	\$	8,699,474	\$	5,182,303	\$	71,267
Business-type activities:								
Water	\$	4,034,616	\$	5,263,336	\$	-	\$	950,050
Sewer		5,075,967		5,148,993		-		1,549,895
Public transportation		5,070,888		2,467,922		1,198,685		71,802
Sanitation		10,446,049		7,483,560		-		-
Public parking	_	175,050		178,530	-	-		-
Total business-type activities	\$_	24,802,570	\$	20,542,341	\$	1,198,685	\$	2,571,747
Total primary government	\$ _	100,421,434	\$	29,241,815	\$	6,380,988	\$	2,643,014
Component units:								
School Board	\$	45,210,867	\$	1,093,556	\$	10,665,673	\$	-
Harrisonburg Electric Commission (HEC)	_	51,671,641		51,785,132	-			
<b>Total component units</b>	\$	96,882,508	\$	52,878,688	\$	10,665,673	\$	

General revenues:

Property taxes

Sales and use taxes

Restaurant food taxes

Business license taxes

Other local taxes

Unrestricted grants and contributions

Unrestricted payment from primary government

Investment revenue

Other revenue

Special item

Transfers

Total general revenues, special items and transfers

#### Change in net assets

Net assets at beginning of year

Net assets at end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

					evenue and Chan	ges			
		Pr	imary Governme	nt	_		Compo	ner	nt Units
	Governmental		<b>Business-type</b>				School		
	Activities		Activities		Total		Board		HEC
\$	(2,332,068)	\$	_	\$	(2,332,068)	\$	_	\$	_
Ψ	(1,729,471)	Ψ	_	Ψ	(1,729,471)	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
	(13,149,292)		_		(13,149,292)		_		_
	(7,050,215)		_		(7,050,215)		_		_
	(2,571,383)		_		(2,571,383)		_		_
	(24,630,393)		_		(24,630,393)		_		_
	(3,660,008)		-		(3,660,008)		_		_
	(2,174,725)		_		(2,174,725)		_		_
	(4,368,265)		-		(4,368,265)		-		-
		•		,					
\$	(61,665,820)	\$		\$	(61,665,820)	\$	-	\$	
\$	-	\$	2,178,770	\$	2,178,770	\$	-	\$	-
	-		1,622,921		1,622,921		-		-
	-		(1,332,479)		(1,332,479)		-		-
	-		(2,962,489)		(2,962,489)		-		-
			3,480	,	3,480		-		_
\$	-	\$	(489,797)	\$	(489,797)	\$	-	\$	
Ф	(61,665,020)	Ф	(400 707)	Ф	(62.155.617)	Ф		Φ.	
\$	(61,665,820)	\$	(489,797)	\$	(62,155,617)	\$	-	\$	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(33,451,638)	\$	-
			-		-		-		113,491
\$	-	¢	-	•		\$	(33,451,638)	¢	113,491
Ψ		Ψ.		Ψ	<u>-</u> _	Ψ.	(33,431,030)	Ψ	113,471
\$	20,248,223	\$	_	\$	20,248,223	\$	_	\$	_
	11,421,441		-		11,421,441		-		_
	7,091,567		-		7,091,567		-		-
	5,728,339		-		5,728,339		-		-
	7,201,363		-		7,201,363		-		-
	3,216,835		-		3,216,835		13,878,379		-
	-		-		-		21,622,750		-
	1,363,309		1,082,397		2,445,706		32,582		469,998
	6,272,657		1,149,279		7,421,936		798,155		-
	11,005,846		-		11,005,846		(5,374,025)		-
	197,160		(197,160)		-		-		
\$	73,746,740	\$	2,034,516	\$	75,781,256	\$	30,957,841	\$	469,998
\$	12,080,920	\$	1,544,719	\$	13,625,639	\$	(2,493,797)	\$	583,489
	146,086,420		73,439,930		219,526,350		26,258,617		62,051,954
\$	158,167,340	\$	74,984,649	\$	233,151,989	\$	23,764,820	\$	62,635,443
Ψ	,101,510	<b>*</b> :	. 1,5 0 1,0 15	*		*	_5,,01,020	~	,000,110

#### CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET At June 30, 2006

	_	General Fund		General Capital Projects Fund		School Bond Capital Projects Fund	(	Other Governmental Funds	(	Total Governmental Funds
Assets	Φ.	10.000.011	Φ.	4050000	Φ.		Φ.	24.245	Φ.	1= 010 000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,029,341	\$	4,959,300	\$	-	\$	31,347	\$	17,019,988
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		29,506,901		8,334		-		364,189		29,879,424
Prepaid expenditures		128,035		-		-		7,748		135,783
Advances to other funds		370,026		-		-		-		370,026
Loans receivable		1,628,232		4.507.050		-		-		1,628,232
Restricted assets	_	746,555	_	4,587,958		-		-	-	5,334,513
Total assets	\$_	44,409,090	\$_	9,555,592	\$		\$	403,284	\$ =	54,367,966
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	556,902	\$	348,125	\$	-	\$	21,604	\$	926,631
Accrued payroll		598,436		-		-		49,277		647,713
Due to component unit		93,930		-		-		147		94,077
Advances from other funds		-		-		-		90,952		90,952
Deferred revenue		28,217,419		4,240		-		32,023		28,253,682
Other liabilities		189,521		-		-		-		189,521
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	_	-		223,423		-	-		_	223,423
Total liabilities	\$_	29,656,208	\$_	575,788	\$	-	\$	194,003	\$_	30,425,999
Fund Balances:										
Reserved	\$	2,476,413	\$	6,155,814	\$	-	\$	7,748	\$	8,639,975
Unreserved:										
Designated		1,695,162		2,823,990		-		-		4,519,152
Undesignated, reported in:										
General fund		10,581,307		-		-		-		10,581,307
Special revenue funds	_	-		-		-	-	201,533	_	201,533
Total fund balances	\$_	14,752,882	\$_	8,979,804	\$	-	\$	209,281	\$_	23,941,967
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	44,409,090	\$_	9,555,592	\$		\$	403,284	\$_	54,367,966

#### CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS At June 30, 2006

Exhibit 4

Total fund balance of governmental funds (Exhibit 3)	\$	23,941,967
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit 1) are different because:		
Certain revenues are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		2,040,381
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		219,791,320
Certain liabilities, including bonds and related accounts, are not payable from current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		(93,552,664)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to other funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	_	5,946,336
Net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit 1)	\$	158,167,340

# CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

		General Fund	General Capital Projects Fund	S	School Bond Capital Projects Fund	(	Other Governmental Funds	(	Total Sovernmental Funds
Revenues:	-								
General property taxes	\$	20,151,128 \$	-	\$	-	\$	- 5	\$	20,151,128
Other local taxes		30,823,901	-		-		669,166		31,493,067
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses		503,149	-		-		-		503,149
Fines and forfeitures		517,689	-		-		-		517,689
Use of money and property		1,986,403	232,634		8,003		942		2,227,982
Charges for services		811,677	-		-		-		811,677
Miscellaneous		5,120,793	-		-		-		5,120,793
Recovered costs		161,359	371,335		-		894,870		1,427,564
Intergovernmental		7,046,540	240,000		-		417,118		7,703,658
Total revenues	\$	67,122,639 \$	843,969	\$	8,003	\$	1,982,096	\$	69,956,707
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government administration	\$	2,902,847 \$	-	\$	-	\$	- 5	\$	2,902,847
Jail and judicial administration		1,975,668	-		-		-		1,975,668
Public safety		12,483,673	-		-		1,782,509		14,266,182
Public works		11,167,310	-		-		-		11,167,310
Health and welfare		2,549,518	-		-		-		2,549,518
Education		21,622,750	-		-		-		21,622,750
Parks, recreation and cultural		4,488,905	-		-		-		4,488,905
Planning and community development		2,923,859	-		-		282,718		3,206,577
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		4,202,660	-		-		-		4,202,660
Interest and fiscal charges		4,255,457	-		-		-		4,255,457
Capital projects	_	<u> </u>	4,328,204		2,416,055			_	6,744,259
Total expenditures	\$	68,572,647 \$	4,328,204	\$	2,416,055	\$	2,065,227	\$_	77,382,133
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	\$_	(1,450,008) \$	(3,484,235)	\$	(2,408,052)	\$	(83,131)	\$_	(7,425,426)
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in	\$	2,657,569 \$	1,196,972	\$	1,513,808	\$	292,412	\$	5,660,761
Transfers out		(5,909,104)	(1,031,121)		-		-		(6,940,225)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(3,251,535) \$	165,851	\$	1,513,808	\$	292,412	\$	(1,279,464)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(4,701,543) \$	(3,318,384)	\$	(894,244)	\$	209,281	\$	(8,704,890)
Fund balances at beginning of year	-	19,454,425	12,298,188	_	894,244			_	32,646,857
Fund balances at end of year	\$	14,752,882 \$	8,979,804	\$_	-	\$	209,281	\$ =	23,941,967

## CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Exhibit 6

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.  Certain revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds. This amount is the net change in these revenues.  (103,397)  The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  4,415,569  Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount is			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.  Certain revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds. This amount is the net change in these revenues.  (103,397)  The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount is the net change in these expenses.  (286,870)  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to other funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.  The transfer of certain assets and liabilities (i.e., capital assets and long-term debt) from the Parking Authority Fund affects only the statement of activities. This transfer does not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported in governmental funds.  The transfer of the old high school from the School Board (component unit) to the primary government affects only the statement of activities. This transfer does not have an e	Total net change in fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit 5)	\$	(8,704,890)
activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.  Certain revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds. This amount is the net change in these revenues.  (103,397)  The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount is the net change in these expenses.  (286,870)  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to other funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.  The transfer of certain assets and liabilities (i.e., capital assets and long-term debt) from the Parking Authority Fund affects only the statement of activities. This transfer does not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported in governmental funds.  The transfer of the old high school from the School Board (component unit) affects only the statement of activities. This transfer does not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported in governmental funds.  The transfer of capit			
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ermmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount is the net change in these expenses.  (286,870)  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to other funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.  The transfer of certain assets and liabilities (i.e., capital assets and long-term debt) from the Parking Authority Fund affects only the statement of activities. These transfers do not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.  The transfer of the old high school from the School Board (component unit) to the primary government affects only the statement of activities. This transfer does not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported in governmental funds.  The transfer of capital assets from the primary government to the School Board (component unit) affects only the statement of activities. This transfer does not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported in governmental funds.  11,005,846  The transfer of capital assets from the primary government to the School Board (component unit) affects only the statement of activities. These transfers do not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.	resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds. This amount is the net change		(103,397)
financial resources are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount is the net change in these expenses.  (286,870)  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to other funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.  The transfer of certain assets and liabilities (i.e., capital assets and long-term debt) from the Parking Authority Fund affects only the statement of activities. These transfers do not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.  The transfer of the old high school from the School Board (component unit) to the primary government affects only the statement of activities. This transfer does not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported in governmental funds.  The transfer of capital assets from the primary government to the School Board (component unit) affects only the statement of activities. These transfers do not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.  (1,842,410)	ernmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment		4,415,569
funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.  1,522,565  The transfer of certain assets and liabilities (i.e., capital assets and long-term debt) from the Parking Authority Fund affects only the statement of activities. These transfers do not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.  The transfer of the old high school from the School Board (component unit) to the primary government affects only the statement of activities. This transfer does not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported in governmental funds.  11,005,846  The transfer of capital assets from the primary government to the School Board (component unit) affects only the statement of activities. These transfers do not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.  (1,842,410)	financial resources are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount is		(286,870)
Parking Authority Fund affects only the statement of activities. These transfers do not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.  463,767  The transfer of the old high school from the School Board (component unit) to the primary government affects only the statement of activities. This transfer does not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported in governmental funds.  11,005,846  The transfer of capital assets from the primary government to the School Board (component unit) affects only the statement of activities. These transfers do not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.  (1,842,410)	funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with govern-		1,522,565
government affects only the statement of activities. This transfer does not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported in governmental funds.  11,005,846  The transfer of capital assets from the primary government to the School Board (component unit) affects only the statement of activities. These transfers do not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.  (1,842,410)	Parking Authority Fund affects only the statement of activities. These transfers do not have		463,767
affects only the statement of activities. These transfers do not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.  (1,842,410)	government affects only the statement of activities. This transfer does not have an effect		11,005,846
	affects only the statement of activities. These transfers do not have an effect on current	)	(1 042 410)
Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit 2) \$\frac{12,080,920}{}	imanciai resources and, mererore, are not reported in governmentai runds.	•	(1,842,410)
	Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)	\$	12,080,920

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30,2006

		Budgeted A	amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	Final	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:	_				_	<u> </u>
General property taxes	\$	20,431,873 \$	20,431,873 \$	20,151,128	\$	(280,745)
Other local taxes		28,826,100	28,826,100	30,823,901		1,997,801
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses		352,050	352,050	503,149		151,099
Fines and forfeitures		577,000	577,000	517,689		(59,311)
Use of money and property		356,300	356,300	1,986,403		1,630,103
Charges for services		777,200	787,813	811,677		23,864
Miscellaneous		4,933,900	5,013,475	5,120,793		107,318
Recovered costs		129,000	169,023	161,359		(7,664)
Intergovernmental		6,735,482	6,829,505	7,046,540		217,035
Total revenues	\$	63,118,905 \$	63,343,139 \$	67,122,639	\$	3,779,500
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government administration	\$	3,065,113 \$	3,003,916 \$	2,902,847	\$	101,069
Jail and judicial administration		1,700,000	2,027,583	1,975,668		51,915
Public safety		12,159,587	12,795,376	12,483,673		311,703
Public works		6,711,501	11,626,286	11,167,310		458,976
Health and welfare		2,537,562	2,550,370	2,549,518		852
Education		21,011,808	21,622,750	21,622,750		-
Parks, recreation and cultural		4,404,260	4,756,750	4,488,905		267,845
Planning and community development		2,874,965	2,988,470	2,923,859		64,611
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		4,202,660	4,202,660	4,202,660		-
Interest and fiscal charges		4,115,995	4,256,122	4,255,457	_	665
Total expenditures	\$_	62,783,451 \$	69,830,283 \$	68,572,647	\$_	1,257,636
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	\$_	335,454 \$	(6,487,144) \$	(1,450,008)	<b>\$</b> _	5,037,136
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	\$	1,492,884 \$	2,614,704 \$	2,657,569	\$	42,865
Transfers out	. –	(3,454,036)	(5,807,727)	(5,909,104)	. –	(101,377)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	(1,961,152) \$	(3,193,023) \$	(3,251,535)	\$_	(58,512)
Net change in fund balance	\$	(1,625,698) \$	(9,680,167) \$	(4,701,543)	\$_	4,978,624
Fund balance at beginning of year			_	19,454,425		
Fund balance at end of year			\$_	14,752,882		

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA PROPRIETARY FUNDS BALANCE SHEET At June 30, 2006

						Enterpr	ise	Funds						
	-					Public				Parking			•	Internal
		Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Transportation Fund		Sanitation Fund		Authority Fund		Total		Service
Assets	-	runa	-	runu	-	rung	-	runu		runa	-	Total	-	Funds
Current assets:														
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,961,447	\$	5,882,153	\$	264,462	\$	9,968,831	\$	_	\$	27,076,893	\$	4,301,363
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		600,885		592,868		10,871		475,585		-		1,680,209		6,433
Due from component unit		-		-		-		-		-		-		4,273
Due from other governments		-		-		155,190		-		-		155,190		-
Inventory				-		-		-		-				1,946,165
Prepaid expenses	Φ.	10,062	Φ.	8,526	Φ.	29,490	Φ.	18,934			Φ-	67,012		4,229
Total current assets	\$_	11,572,394	3	6,483,547	\$	460,013	\$	10,463,350	<b>5</b>		\$_	28,979,304	· » –	6,262,463
Noncurrent assets:														
Restricted assets	\$	232,396	\$	_	\$	-	\$	203,488	\$	_	\$	435,884	\$	-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		34,292,424		21,449,273		5,541,363		28,492,061		-		89,775,121		816,321
Other assets		106,995		-		-		663,624		-		770,619		-
Total noncurrent assets	\$	34,631,815	\$	21,449,273	\$	5,541,363	\$	29,359,173	\$	-	\$	90,981,624	\$	816,321
Total access	e	46 204 200	e.	27.022.920	e	6 001 276	¢.	20 922 522	¢.		¢.	110.060.020	e.	7 070 704
Total assets	\$ <u>-</u>	46,204,209	\$	27,932,820	<b>)</b>	6,001,376	Э	39,822,523	<b>)</b>	-	ъ =	119,960,928	\$ _	7,078,784
Liabilities and Net Assets														
Current liabilities:														
Accounts payable	\$	212,207	\$	139,003	\$	16,323	\$	256,501	\$	-	\$	624,034	\$	998,603
Accrued payroll		45,839		39,657		56,804		80,276		-		222,576		22,104
Accrued interest		226,728		-		-		546,141		-		772,869		-
Due to component unit		10,269		3,103		1,999		64,359		-		79,730		552
Advances from other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-		279,074
Compensated absences		85,343		92,756		135,679		133,062		-		446,840		45,503
Other liabilities		31,334		-		-		-		-		31,334		-
Customer deposits		239,615		-		-		-		-		239,615		-
Landfill closure and postclosure		-		-		-		78,439		-		78,439		-
Current portion of bonds payable	_	186,836			_	-		1,184,811			_	1,371,647		
Total current liabilities	\$_	1,038,171	\$	274,519	\$_	210,805	\$	2,343,589	\$_	-	\$_	3,867,084	\$_	1,345,836
Noncurrent liabilities:														
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	\$	141,964	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	141,964	\$	_
Compensated absences		123,887		69,892		60,122		115,681		-		369,582		42,720
Landfill closure and postclosure		-		-		-		3,380,831		-		3,380,831		-
Bonds payable		9,992,612		-		-		26,968,098		-		36,960,710		-
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	10,258,463	\$	69,892	\$	60,122	\$	30,464,610	\$	-	\$	40,853,087	\$	42,720
Total liabilities	\$	11,296,634	\$	344,411	\$	270,927	\$	32,808,199	\$	-	\$	44,720,171	\$_	1,388,556
Net assets:														
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	<b>Q</b>	24,310,403	Ŷ.	21,449,273	¢	5,541,363	¢	808,094	\$	_	\$	52,109,133	\$	816,321
Unrestricted	Ψ	10,597,172	φ	6,139,136	Ψ	189,086	Ψ	6,206,230	Ψ	_	Ψ	23,131,624	Ψ	4,873,907
o in esta reced	-	10,557,172	-	0,137,130	-	107,000	-	0,200,250			-	23,131,021	_	1,073,707
Total net assets	\$_	34,907,575	\$	27,588,409	\$_	5,730,449	\$	7,014,324	\$_		\$	75,240,757	\$	5,690,228
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	46,204,209	\$	27,932,820	\$	6,001,376	\$	39,822,523	\$				\$_	7,078,784
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of in	ternal	service fund	acti	vities related to	o e	enterprise funds.					_	(256,108)		
Net assets of business-type activities (Exhib	it 1)										\$	74,984,649	=	

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

1,544,719

# CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

						Enterpri	ise	Funds					
	_					Public			Parking				Internal
		Water		Sewer		Transportation		Sanitation	Authority				Service
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund	Fund		Total		Funds
Operating revenues:	_		_				-						
Charges for services	\$	5,067,182	\$	5,101,219	\$	2,467,922	\$	7,350,937 \$	116,066	\$	20,103,326	\$	12,257,528
Connection fees		196,154		47,774		-		-	-		243,928		-
Other revenue		-		-		-		-	62,464		62,464		-
Total operating revenues	\$	5,263,336	\$	5,148,993	\$	2,467,922	\$	7,350,937 \$	178,530	\$	20,409,718	\$	12,257,528
Operating expenses:													
Personal services	\$	1,025,143	\$	860,213	\$		\$	1,816,896 \$	79,273	\$	5,847,144	\$	496,432
Fringe benefits		367,007		314,669		648,702		701,798	27,794		2,059,970		165,144
Purchased services		281,865		70,276		104,638		1,908,728	10,830		2,376,337		491,936
Internal services		155,615		146,689		1,013,597		196,552	11,553		1,524,006		2,241
Other charges		443,631		72,453		261,164		1,456,101	27,077		2,260,426		450,800
Materials and supplies		294,908		107,563		77,251		336,427	8,955		825,104		41,136
Depreciation and amortization		1,216,490		1,018,690		897,306		2,171,796	9,164		5,313,446		30,287
Regional sewer authority:													
Operations		-		1,492,033		-		-	-		1,492,033		-
Debt service		-		987,786		-		-	-		987,786		-
Landfill closure and postclosure		-		-		-		587,164	-		587,164		-
Cost of inventory issued		-		-		-		-	-		-		2,552,551
Claims related charges	_	-		-			_					_	7,757,445
Total operating expenses	\$_	3,784,659	\$_	5,070,372	\$	5,068,277	\$_	9,175,462 \$	174,646	\$	23,273,416	\$_	11,987,972
Operating income (loss)	\$_	1,478,677	\$	78,621	\$	(2,600,355)	\$	(1,824,525) \$	3,884	\$	(2,863,698)	\$_	269,556
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):													
Operating grants	\$		\$	-	\$	1,198,685	\$	- \$	-	\$	1,198,685	\$	-
Connection availability fees		401,142		373,615		-		-	-		774,757		-
Miscellaneous revenue		24,205		1,717		22,534		681	385		49,522		-
Reimbursement of bond payment		-		-		-		457,623	-		457,623		-
Investment revenue		479,634		233,232		5,848		350,616	13,067		1,082,397		173,259
Interest expense	-	(184,134)	-				-	(1,278,127)			(1,462,261)	_	-
Total nonoperating revenues (net)	\$	720,847	\$	608,564	\$	1,227,067	\$_	(469,207) \$	13,452	\$	2,100,723	\$_	173,259
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	\$	2,199,524	\$	687,185	\$	(1,373,288)	\$	(2,293,732) \$	17,336	\$	(762,975)	\$	442,815
Capital contributions		950,050		1,549,895		71,802		-	-		2,571,747		-
Transfers in		-		-		707,112		2,300,996	1,818		3,009,926		1,012,857
Transfers out	=	(1,125,339)		(1,182,337)			-		(899,410)		(3,207,086)	_	-
Change in net assets	\$	2,024,235	\$	1,054,743	\$	(594,374)	\$	7,264 \$	(880,256)	\$	1,611,612	\$	1,455,672
Net assets at beginning of year	-	32,883,340		26,533,666		6,324,823	_	7,007,060	880,256	-		_	4,234,556
Net assets at end of year	\$	34,907,575	\$	27,588,409	\$	5,730,449	\$	7,014,324 \$	-	3		\$_	5,690,228
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of int	ernal	service fund	acti	vities related t	0	enterprise funds.					(66,893)		

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in net assets of business-type activities (Exhibit 2)

#### CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	_				Enterpri	ise	Funds						
	<u>-</u>	Water Fund	Sewer Fund		Public Transportation Fund	1	Sanitation Fund	_	Parking Authority Fund	_	Total		Internal Services Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers	\$	5,036,139 \$	5,069,361	2	2,472,161	¢	7,293,355 \$	2	174,670	\$	20,045,686 \$	2	3,209,353
Receipts from connection fees	Þ	196,154	47,774	Ф	2,472,101	Ф	1,293,333	,	174,070	Φ	243,928	,	-
Receipts from premiums		-	-		-		-		-		-		9,046,169
Receipts from other sources		24,205	1,717		22,534		681		385		49,522		-
Receipts from customer deposits		135,680	- (0.40.072)		-		- (1.55.051)		- (50.614)		135,680		- (400.205)
Payments to employees Payments for fringe benefits		(1,016,000) (376,410)	(840,273) (321,691)		(2,026,948) (661,913)		(1,776,251) (717,628)		(78,614) (28,607)		(5,738,086) (2,106,249)		(489,385) (168,848)
Payments to vendors		(1,009,850)	(244,903)		(441,156)		(3,759,329)		(59,271)		(5,514,509)	(	(3,725,336)
Payments for internal services		(155,615)	(146,689)		(1,013,597)		(196,552)		(11,553)		(1,524,006)	,	(2,241)
Payments to regional sewer authority Payments for claims related charges		-	(2,326,285)		-		-		-		(2,326,285)	(	(7,810,371)
Payments to refund customer deposits  Net cash provided by (used for)	-	(123,877)					-	_		-	(123,877)		-
operating activities	\$_	2,710,426 \$	1,239,011	\$	(1,648,919)	\$	844,276 \$	-	(2,990)	\$	3,141,804 \$		59,341
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:													
Operating grants	\$	- \$	-	\$	1,081,177	\$	- \$	3	-	\$	1,081,177 \$	3	-
Transfers in		-	-		707,112		2,300,996		1,818		3,009,926		257,633
Transfers out		(851,244)	(701,208)		-		-		(481,459)		(2,033,911)		-
Interfund loan	-							_		_			142,414
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	\$	(851,244) \$	(701,208)	\$	1,788,289	\$	2,300,996 \$	S	(479,641)	\$_	2,057,192 \$	·	400,047
Cash flows from capital and													
related financing activities:													
Capital grants	\$	- \$		\$	71,802	\$	- \$	6	-	\$	71,802 \$	3	-
Connection availability fees		401,142	373,615		-		450.554		-		774,757		-
Payment from JMU for long-term debt Principal paid on long-term debt		(180,000)	-		_		459,554 (1,165,000)		-		459,554 (1,345,000)		-
Interest paid on long-term debt		(498,279)	_		_		(1,266,418)		_		(1,764,697)		_
Purchase and construction of capital assets		(3,540,427)	(839,743)		(311,254)		(130,496)		-		(4,821,920)		(26,487)
Net cash used for capital and	-						<u> </u>	_		-			
related financing activities	\$_	(3,817,564) \$	(466,128)	\$	(239,452)	\$	(2,102,360) \$	_		\$_	(6,625,504) \$	·	(26,487)
Cash flows from investing activities:													
Interest received	\$	477,035 \$	231,994	\$	5,818	\$	348,004 \$	<u> </u>	13,030	\$	1,075,881	·	172,054
Net cash provided by investing activities	\$	477,035 \$	231,994	\$	5,818	\$	348,004 \$	3	13,030	\$	1,075,881 \$	3	172,054
	-									-			
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(1,481,347) \$	303,669	\$	(94,264)	\$	1,390,916 \$	3	(469,601)	\$	(350,627) \$	3	604,955
Cash and cash equivalents:													
Beginning	-	12,675,190	5,578,484		358,726		8,781,403	_	469,601	-	27,863,404	_	3,696,408
Ending	\$	11,193,843 \$	5,882,153	\$	264,462	\$	10,172,319 \$	S		\$_	27,512,777 \$	<u> </u>	4,301,363
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the	balar	ice sheet:											
Cash and each equivalents. Current assets	·	10 961 447   ¢	5 882 152	<b>P</b>	264 462	¢	0 069 921 @	:		<b>©</b>	27 076 802 6	2	A 301 262
Cash and cash equivalents - Current assets Cash and cash equivalents - Restricted assets	\$	10,961,447 \$ 232,396	5,882,153	Þ	264,462	<b>.</b>	9,968,831 \$ 203,488	· 		<b>)</b>	27,076,893 \$ 435,884	· 	4,301,363
	\$	11,193,843 \$	5,882,153	\$	264,462	\$	10,172,319 \$	·		\$	27,512,777 \$	S	4,301,363

#### CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

			Enterprise	Funds			
			Public		Parking		Internal
	Water	Sewer	Transportation	Sanitation	Authority		Services
	<u>Fund</u>	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net case	h provided by (used	for) operating	activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,478,677 \$	78,621	\$ (2,600,355) \$	(1,824,525) \$	3,884 \$	(2,863,698) \$	269,556
Adjustments to reconcile operating							ŕ
income (loss) to net cash provided by							
(used for) operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization	1,216,490	1,018,690	897,306	2,171,796	9,164	5,313,446	30,287
Landfill closure and monitoring costs	-	-	-	500,158	-	500,158	-
Miscellaneous revenue	24,205	1,717	22,534	681	385	49,522	-
Change in assets and liabilities:							
(Increase) decrease in:							
Accounts receivable	(38,804)	(31,858)	4,238	(58,868)	(9,480)	(134,772)	(1,293)
Due from component unit	-	-	· -	484	-	484	(712)
Inventory	-	-	-	-	-	-	(334,808)
Prepaid expenses	(10,062)	22,884	(16,894)	(18,934)	(872)	(23,878)	(4,229)
Increase (decrease) in:							
Accounts payable	10,708	127,292	2,444	19,458	(11,815)	148,087	92,726
Accrued payroll	8,155	4,927	3,129	9,216	(1,124)	24,303	4,853
Due to component unit	1,305	235	277	10,300	(633)	11,484	258
Deferred revenue	-	-	-	-	5,660	5,660	-
Other liabilities	6,307	-	-	-	-	6,307	-
Customer deposits	11,803	-	-	-	-	11,803	-
Compensated absences	1,642	16,503	38,402	34,510	1,841	92,898	2,703
Net cash provided by (used for)							
operating activities	\$ 2,710,426 \$	1,239,011	(1,648,919) \$	844,276 \$	(2,990) \$	3,141,804 \$	59,341
Non - cash capital and related financing activities:							
Additions to capital assets:							
Contributed by developers	\$ 695,650 \$	544,430	- \$	- \$	- \$	1,240,080 \$	-
Contributed by other governments	254,400	805,465	-	-	-	1,059,865	-
Contributed by other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	755,224
Purchase and construction on account	296,323	39	-	-	-	296,362	· -
Deletions to capital assets:							
Contributed to other funds	(274,095)	(481,129)	-	-	-	(755,224)	-

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES At June 30, 2006

	_	Agency Funds
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	28,426
Interest receivable		15
Prepaid expenses	<del>-</del>	468
Total assets	\$=	28,909
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	6
Accrued payroll		1,316
Amounts held for others	_	27,587
Total liabilities	\$_	28,909

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

### CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to government units promulgated by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

#### A. Reporting entity

The City of Harrisonburg (City) is a municipality governed by an elected five-member council (City Council). The accompanying financial statements present the City, the primary government, and its component units. The component units discussed in the section below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operations, financial relationship and accountability to the City.

**Discretely presented component units**. The Harrisonburg City School Board (School Board) is responsible for elementary and secondary education within the City's jurisdiction. The School Board is comprised of five elected members. The School Board is dependent on the City in that it does not have taxing authority, and the City Council must approve the School Board's budget and any debt issuance. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

The Harrisonburg Electric Commission (HEC) is responsible for the operations of the City owned electricity distribution system. HEC purchases electrical energy indirectly from Dominion Virginia Power through the Virginia Municipal Electric Association and resells it to city residents. HEC is managed by a five-member commission appointed by the City Council. HEC is dependent on the City in that it may not issue debt without the approval of City Council. To obtain a copy of the audited financial statements contact the Harrisonburg Electric Commission, 89 West Bruce Street, Harrisonburg, Virginia 22801.

#### B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

#### C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Agency funds, a type of fiduciary fund, report only assets and liabilities; therefore, they do not have a measurement focus. Agency funds use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize assets and liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 45 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions, property taxes are recorded as receivables when assessed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts, and revenues when the property taxes become available. Sales, restaurant food, admission and amusement, hotel and motel, franchise license, and utility taxes are recognized as receivables and revenue upon collection by the merchant or utility since the taxes are generally remitted in time to be used as a current financial resource for the payment of obligations incurred during the year. Property and other taxes not collected or remitted within 45 days after year-end are reflected as deferred revenues.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in other funds.

**General Capital Projects Fund** – This fund accounts for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities of the general government.

**School Bond Capital Projects Fund** – This fund accounts for the financial resources obtained through bond issuances on behalf of the School Board to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital school facilities.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund – This fund accounts for the activities of the City's water treatment and distribution operations

**Sewer Fund** – This fund accounts for the activities of the City's sewage collection, transmission and disposal operations.

**Public Transportation Fund** – This fund accounts for the activities of the City's transit and school bus operations

**Sanitation Fund** – This fund accounts for the activities of the City's steam plant, refuse collection, recycling and landfill operations.

**Parking Authority Fund** – This fund accounts for the activities of the City's two parking decks and other metered parking operations. This fund was closed out to the General Fund on April 1, 2006.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

*Internal service funds* account for central garage, central stores and self-insured health insurance services provided to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments or agencies, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Agency funds account for assets held by the City in the **Juvenile Crime Control Fund** for the 26<sup>th</sup> Judicial District Court Service Unit as a participant in the Virginia Juvenile Community Crime Control Act (VJCCCA) and in the **Harrisonburg Industrial Development Authority Fund**.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the GASB. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to the same limitation. The City has elected not to follow private sector guidance issued after December 1, 1989. HEC, a component unit, applies private-sector guidance issued before and after December 1, 1989.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are transfers and other charges between the City's enterprise funds and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Water and Sewer Funds also recognize as operating revenue connection fees that cover the cost of connecting a customer to the City's water and sewer lines. Operating expenses for the City's proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### D. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

**Budgets and budgetary accounting.** Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds except the General Capital Projects and School Bond Capital Projects Funds, which adopt project-length budgets. Formal budgetary integration is employed in all funds as a management control device during the year except for the Health Insurance, Juvenile Crime Control and Industrial Development Authority Funds.

Prior to May 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a balanced proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Prior to June 30, the City Council holds public hearings to obtain citizen comments, and a final budget is legally enacted through the passage of an Appropriation Ordinance. All budget data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the original budget and the revised budget as of June 30, 2006.

The appropriated budget places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department or category level. The total appropriation for each department can be revised only by the City Council. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments, from reserve for contingencies to other departments and re-arrange salaries as may best meet the needs and interest of the City. The City may amend its budget by increasing total appropriations at the fund level through approval of City Council. Supplemental appropriations were made during the year in the General Fund totaling \$9,400,523. Supplemental appropriations that exceed \$500,000 or 1% of the budget, whichever is less, require a public hearing prior to approval. Appropriations lapse at June 30, except for capital projects funds.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General and General Capital Projects Funds. Encumbrances outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are reported as reservations of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Encumbered amounts are generally reappropriated by City Council in the next fiscal year.

**Excess of expenditures over appropriations.** For the year ended June 30, 2006, expenditures exceeded appropriations at the fund, activity or element level as follows:

#### **General Fund:**

Public safety building	\$ 25,022
Street lights	1,105
Snow and ice removal	383
General properties	116,610
Simms recreation center	41,032
Downtown parking services	1,329

The over expenditure for general properties was funded by lease rental payments from James Madison University. The other over expenditures in the General Fund departmental budgets were funded by available fund balance.

#### E. Assets, liabilities and net asset or fund equity

- **1.** Cash and cash equivalents. For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are defined as short-term highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and investments with original maturities of 90 days or less from the date of acquisition.
- **2. Investments.** The City's investments are reported at fair value, which is obtained by using readily determinable quoted market valuations. Interest earned on pooled investments held by the School Board is assigned to the General Fund.

The City is a voluntary participant in the LGIP, which is an external investment pool. The LGIP is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC); however, the pool is managed consistent with the definition of a "2a-7 like pool" as defined in GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*. The Virginia General Assembly has authorized the Treasury Board to administer the LGIP, which has delegated to the State Treasurer the administrative aspects of managing the pool. The City is an involuntary participant in SNAP as required by localities that borrow through the Virginia Public School Authority. All other uses of SNAP are voluntary. SNAP is an open-end management investment company registered with the SEC. The fair value of the investment in these pools is determined by the pool's share price

- **3. Receivables.** Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds." All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."
- **4. Property taxes.** Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed every two years. The last effective general real property reassessment was January 1, 2005. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, but are not collected until the following fiscal year. Real estate taxes are due and collectible twice a year, on December 5 and June 5. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on December 5. The portion of the tax receivable that is not collected within 45 days after June 30 is shown as deferred revenue in the fund financial statements. A penalty of 10% of the tax is assessed after the applicable payment date. Interest at an annual rate of 10% is charged on unpaid accounts beginning January 1 and July 1.

The City calculates its allowance for uncollectible delinquent property tax accounts using historical collection data and specific account analysis. The allowance at June 30, 2006 amounted to \$815,590.

- **5. Inventory and prepaid items.** Inventories are valued at average cost. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and is accounted for using the consumption method. The costs are recorded as expenditures or expenses at the time individual inventory items are used or issued. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.
- **6. Restricted assets.** The City has cash, investments and receivables presented on the balance sheet as restricted for specific purposes. These restrictions limit the use of these funds based on bond debt service reserve and construction covenants.

**7. Capital assets.** Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. In general, the City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Infrastructure, water/sewer lines and certain other improvements have a capitalization threshold that ranges from \$25,000 to \$100,000. All purchased capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period. The amount of interest capitalized for the year in the Water Fund was \$314,009.

Depreciation for capital assets is computed over the following useful lives using the straight-line method.

Buildings	40 years
Machinery and equipment	2-30 years
Infrastructure	15-50 years

- **8. School Board Capital Assets.** Under current legislation enacted by the Commonwealth of Virginia, local governments have a "tenancy in common" with the School Board whenever the locality incurs "on-behalf" debt for school property, which is payable over more than one fiscal year. In order to match the capital asset with the related debt, the legislation permits the City to report the portion of the school property related to the outstanding financial obligation in the primary government. As principal is repaid, capital assets equal to the amount of principal debt reduction will be removed from the primary government financial statements and reported in the School Board's financial statements. The School Board retains authority and responsibility over the operation and control of the property. The City transferred \$1,842,410 in net capital assets to the School Board during the current year on the government-wide statement of activities.
- **9. Deferred revenue.** Deferred revenue is recorded when asset recognition criteria (measurable) have been met, but revenue recognition (available) criteria have not been met. Deferred revenue also consists of amounts that have not been earned as of year-end.
- **10.** Compensated absences. It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but not used vacation and sick pay benefits. The City pays a benefit for accumulated sick leave upon an employee's separation from service to the extent the employee meets certain criteria. Vacation and sick pay are accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured as a result of employee resignations and retirements.
- 11. Long-term obligations. In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Deferred amounts from bond refundings are amortized over the remaining life of the old bonds or the life of the new bonds, whichever is shorter. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount and deferred amounts from bond refundings. Bond issuance costs are reported in other assets as bond issue costs.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. Bond premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

- **12. Fund equity.** In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally segregated by outside parties for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.
- **13.** Use of Estimates. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Note 2. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

# A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets

A reconciliation between the total fund balance as reported in the governmental fund balance sheet and net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets is provided on Exhibit 4. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Certain liabilities, including bonds and related accounts, are not payable from current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of the \$93,552,664 difference are as follows:

Bonds payable	\$	(80,229,900)
Bond issue premiums/discounts (net)		(85,592)
Deferred charge for bond issue costs		384,020
Deferred charge for bond refunding		556,037
Notes payable		(400,000)
Capital leases		(9,797,450)
Literary Fund Loans		(11,825)
Compensated absences (not including internal service funds)		(2,499,145)
Accrued interest	_	(1,468,809)
Net adjustment	\$_	(93,552,664)

# B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

A reconciliation between the total net changes as reported in the fund balance on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities is provided on Exhibit 6. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$5,610,740 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ _	11,936,916 (6,326,176)
Net adjustment	\$_	5,610,740

#### Note 2. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$4,415,569 difference are as follows:

Principal payments	\$	4,202,660
Amortization of bond premiums/discounts (net)		5,508
Amortization of bond issue costs		(23,999)
Amortization of deferred bond refunding charges		(55,373)
Contractual obligation payment	_	286,773
Net adjustment	\$	4,415,569

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$286,870 difference are as follows:

Compensated absences Accrued interest	\$  (223,927) (62,943)
Net adjustment	\$ (286,870)

#### **Note 3.** Deposits and Investments

**Deposits.** The entire bank balances of the City and its component units were covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act. Amounts collateralized in accordance with the Act are considered insured. Under the Act, banks holding public deposits in excess of the amounts insured by FDIC must pledge collateral in the amount of 50% of excess deposits to a collateral pool in the name of the State Treasury Board. Savings institutions are required to collateralize 100% of deposits in excess of FDIC limits. The State Treasury Board is responsible for monitoring compliance with the collateralization and reporting requirements of the Act and notifying local governments of compliance by banks and savings and loan institutions.

**Investments.** *Interest rate risk.* In accordance with the City's investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by investing only in securities maturing in three years or less from the time of purchase. The only security that is subject to interest rate risk is a callable Federal Home Loan Bank bond with a fair value of \$427,253 that matures in March 2007.

Credit risk. Statutes authorize the City and its component units to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, bankers acceptances, repurchase agreements, the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) and the Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP). The City's investment policy does not further limit these investment choices.

As of June 30, 2006, the City's investment in the Federal Home Loan Bank bond was rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service. The City's investment in the LGIP and SNAP was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

# Note 3. Deposits and Investments (continued)

As of June 30, 2006, total deposit and investment balances were as follows:

# **Primary Government:**

Investments: Virginia State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Pool (SNAP) U.S. Government Securities Money Market Fund U.S. Treasury Securities Money Market Fund Federal Home Loan Bank Bond Deposits	\$	46,006,200 5,023,842 5,064,297 315,911 427,253 (3,050,682)
Total deposits and investments of the primary government	\$_	53,786,821
Component Unit - School Board:	_	
Investments: Virginia State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) U.S. Government Securities Money Market Fund Certificates of Deposit Deposits	\$	6,285,861 606,982 300,000 24,953
Total deposits and investments of the component unit - School Board	\$_	7,217,796
Component Unit - HEC:		
Investments: Virginia State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) Certificates of Deposit Deposits	\$	4,429,473 6,500,000 1,136,239
Total deposits and investments of the component unit - HEC	\$_	12,065,712
Reconciliation to Government-wide Financial Statements		
Cash on hand and petty cash (primary government) Cash on hand and petty cash (component units) Grand total deposits and investments of the reporting entity	\$	406,855 2,300 73,070,329
Total reporting entity	\$_	73,479,484
Cash and cash equivalents (primary government) Cash and cash equivalents (component unit - School Board) Cash and cash equivalents (component unit - HEC) Investments (component unit - School Board) Investments (component unit - HEC) Restricted assets:	\$	48,398,244 6,917,796 5,568,012 300,000 6,500,000
Cash and cash equivalents (primary government) Investments (primary government) Cash and cash equivalents (Exhibit 11)	_	5,339,753 427,253 28,426
Total reporting entity	\$_	73,479,484

#### Note 4. Receivables

The following is a summary of the receivables account at June 30, 2006:

		I	Prir	mary Governmen	<u>t</u>	Componer	nt Units
	-	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	Total	School Board	НЕС
Property taxes receivable	\$	26,696,514	\$	- \$	26,696,514 \$	- \$	-
Other taxes receivable		1,396,650		-	1,396,650	-	-
Accounts receivable		4,361		1,677,313	1,681,674	-	4,574,835
Interest receivable		95,340		14,203	109,543	-	-
Other receivable		55,310		32,108	87,418	77,009	187,878
Due from other governments:							
County of Rockingham		235,932		-	235,932	-	-
Commonwealth of Virginia		2,119,619		23,242	2,142,861	508,137	-
Federal Government		97,721		131,948	229,669	225,773	-
Allowance for uncollectibles	_	(815,590)		(43,415)	(859,005)	<u> </u>	
Total	\$_	29,885,857	\$	1,835,399 \$	31,721,256 \$	810,919 \$	4,762,713

#### **Note 5. Restricted Assets**

The City has cash and receivables presented on the statement of net assets as restricted for specific purposes. These amounts and restrictions at June 30, 2006 are as follows:

	Primary Government						
	(	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total			
Cash and cash equivalents:							
Bond construction account	\$	4,587,958	435,884 \$	5,023,842			
Bond debt service reserve account		315,911	-	315,911			
Investments:							
Bond debt service reserve account		427,253	-	427,253			
Interest receivable:							
Bond debt service reserve account	_	3,391		3,391			
Total	\$_	5,334,513	\$ 435,884 \$	5,770,397			

Note 6. Loans Receivable

The following is a summary of the loans receivable in the General Fund at June 30, 2006:

Borrowing Entity	Loan Date	Term (in years)	Interest Rate	<u>_</u>	Balance June 30, 2006	Current Portion
Massanutten Regional Library Virginia Technology Incubator, LLC Lucy F. Simms, LP	May 15, 2000 July 6, 2001 January 20, 2004	n/a 5 20	0.0% 7.0% 4.76%	\$	375,000 \$ 83,232 1,170,000	83,232
Total				\$	1,628,232 \$	83,232

#### **Note 7. Capital Assets**

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2006:

#### **Primary Government:**

·	Balance June 30, 2005 Additions				Pa Reductions			Parking Authority Transfer		Balance June 30, 2006	
	-	June 30, 2003		Additions		Reductions	-	Transier		Julie 30, 2000	
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:											
Land Construction in progress	\$	37,234,859 55,517,223	\$	7,195,394 5,403,790	\$	(1,095,000) (50,690,208)	\$	308,033	\$	43,643,286 10,230,805	
Capital assets, not being depreciated	\$	92,752,082	\$	12,599,184	\$	(51,785,208)	\$	308,033	\$	53,874,091	
Capital assets, being depreciated:	Φ.	20.444.101	Φ.	60.046.161	Φ.	(0.5.6.02.5)	Φ.	1 (50 (15	Φ.	00 102 142	
Buildings	\$	38,444,191	\$	60,046,161	\$	(956,825)	\$	-,,	\$	99,193,142	
Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment		6,800,609 11,882,432		41,757 1,353,968		(302,419)		34,424 44,264		6,876,790 12,978,245	
Infrastructure	-	113,490,669		402,204		(302,417)	_	-		113,892,873	
Capital assets, being depreciated	\$	170,617,901	\$	61,844,090	\$	(1,259,244)	\$_	1,738,303	\$	232,941,050	
Less accumulated depreciation:											
Buildings	\$	(9,644,784)		(2,304,900)	\$	209,415	\$	(1,518,371)	\$	(13,258,640)	
Improvements other than buildings		(1,588,781)		(245,686)		-		(4,360)		(1,838,827)	
Machinery and equipment		(7,167,233)		(926,356)		302,419		(41,811)		(7,832,981)	
Infrastructure	-	(40,368,938)		(2,908,114)			-			(43,277,052)	
Accumulated depreciation	\$	(58,769,736)	\$	(6,385,056)	\$	511,834	\$_	(1,564,542)	\$	(66,207,500)	
Capital assets, being depreciated (net)	\$	111,848,165	\$	55,459,034	\$	(747,410)	\$	173,761	\$	166,733,550	

The primary government has included in the above schedule land in the amount of \$113,878, construction in progress in the amount of \$4,061,429 and buildings in the amount of \$11,704,921 (\$3,196,988 in accumulated depreciation) that are associated with capital lease obligations.

The above total for additions to accumulated depreciation does not agree with the total depreciation by activity shown on the following page by \$28,593. This difference represents accumulated depreciation on capital assets transferred from business-type activities.

Note 7. Capital Assets (continued)

	Balance				Pa	rking Authorit	ty	Balance
	June 30, 2005	-	Additions	 Reductions	-	Transfer	-	June 30, 2006
<b>Business-type activities:</b>								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$ 3,549,772	\$	-	\$ -	\$	(308,033)	\$	3,241,739
Construction in progress	12,795,798	-	4,418,564	 (8,805,803)	-			8,408,559
Capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 16,345,570	\$	4,418,564	\$ (8,805,803)	\$	(308,033)	\$	11,650,298
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings	\$ 9,936,782	\$	4,972,160	\$ -	\$	(1,659,615)	\$	13,249,327
Improvements other than buildings	8,716,214		653,874	-		(34,424)		9,335,664
Machinery and equipment	41,459,599		2,423,634	(366,141)		(44,264)		43,472,828
Infrastructure	54,820,404	_	2,973,093	 -	_		-	57,793,497
Capital assets, being depreciated	\$ 114,932,999	\$	11,022,761	\$ (366,141)	\$_	(1,738,303)	\$	123,851,316
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings	\$ (3,885,564)	\$	(286,634)	\$ -	\$	1,518,371	\$	(2,653,827)
Improvements other than buildings	(4,135,271)		(260,006)	-		4,360		(4,390,917)
Machinery and equipment	(12,088,740)		(3,062,454)	366,141		41,811		(14,743,242)
Infrastructure	(22,246,956)	-	(1,691,551)	 -	_		-	(23,938,507)
Accumulated depreciation	\$ (42,356,531)	\$	(5,300,645)	\$ 366,141	\$_	1,564,542	\$	(45,726,493)
Capital assets, being depreciated (net)	\$ 72,576,468	\$	5,722,116	\$ 	\$_	(173,761)	\$	78,124,823

The above total for additions to accumulated depreciation does not agree with the total depreciation by activity shown below by \$34,786. This difference represents accumulated depreciation on capital assets transferred from governmental activities.

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government administration	\$	31,775
Jail and judicial administration		283,859
Public safety		701,798
Public works		3,535,933
Health and welfare		21,865
Education		1,165,233
Parks, recreation and culture		548,334
Planning and community development		37,379
Internal service funds (allocated to various functions)		30,287
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$_	6,356,463
Business-type activities:		
Water	\$	1,212,533
Sewer		1,018,690
Public transportation		897,306
Sanitation		2,128,166
Public parking	_	9,164
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$_	5,265,859

# Note 7. Capital Assets (continued)

Component	Unit -	<b>School</b>	<b>Board:</b>
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Component omt - School Board.	_	Balance June 30, 2005	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2006
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$	1,804,232 \$	1,726,956 \$	(61,000) \$	3,470,188
Capital assets, not being depreciated	\$_	1,804,232 \$	1,726,956 \$	(61,000) \$	3,470,188
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	\$	33,976,853 \$ 50,800 2,042,410	956,825 \$ 20,368 340,153	(9,581,586) \$	25,352,092 71,168 2,382,563
Capital assets, being depreciated	\$_	36,070,063 \$	1,317,346 \$	(9,581,586) \$	27,805,823
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	\$	(13,459,942) \$ - (1,134,103)	(806,529) \$ (2,879) (149,407)	4,268,561 \$ - -	(9,997,910) (2,879) (1,283,510)
Accumulated depreciation	\$_	(14,594,045) \$	(958,815) \$	4,268,561 \$	(11,284,299)
Capital assets, being depreciated (net)	\$_	21,476,018 \$	358,531 \$	(5,313,025) \$	16,521,524
G W W W W W					
Component Unit – HEC:	_	Balance June 30, 2005	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2006
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$		Additions  16,800 \$ 2,668,526	Reductions - \$ (3,528,962)	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	\$ - \$_	June 30, 2005 1,891,799 \$	16,800 \$	- \$	June 30, 2006 1,908,599
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ - \$ \$	June 30, 2005  1,891,799 \$ 2,331,023	16,800 \$ 2,668,526	- \$ (3,528,962)	June 30, 2006 1,908,599 1,470,587
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Machinery and equipment	\$ <u> </u>	June 30, 2005  1,891,799 \$ 2,331,023  4,222,822 \$  2,723,674 \$ 6,954,441	16,800 \$ 2,668,526  2,685,326 \$  - \$ 687,399	- \$ (3,528,962)  (3,528,962) \$  - \$ (2,595,856)	1,908,599 1,470,587 3,379,186 2,723,674 5,045,984 80,340,562
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	\$ <b>=</b> \$	June 30, 2005  1,891,799 \$ 2,331,023  4,222,822 \$  2,723,674 \$ 6,954,441 76,671,268	16,800 \$ 2,668,526 \$  2,685,326 \$  - \$ 687,399 3,961,093	- \$ (3,528,962)  (3,528,962)  \$ (2,595,856) (291,799)	1,908,599 1,470,587 3,379,186 2,723,674 5,045,984 80,340,562
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress  Capital assets, not being depreciated  Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure  Capital assets, being depreciated  Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings Machinery and equipment	\$ = \$ - \$ -	June 30, 2005  1,891,799 \$ 2,331,023  4,222,822 \$  2,723,674 \$ 6,954,441 76,671,268  86,349,383 \$  (1,272,514) \$ (6,881,309)	16,800 \$ 2,668,526  2,685,326 \$  - \$ 687,399 3,961,093  4,648,492 \$  (72,139) \$ (907,614)	- \$ (3,528,962) \$  (3,528,962) \$  - \$ (2,595,856) (291,799)  (2,887,655) \$  - \$ 2,583,908	1,908,599 1,470,587 3,379,186  2,723,674 5,045,984 80,340,562 88,110,220  (1,344,653) (5,205,015) (35,512,325)

#### **Note 8. Interfund Balances**

The General Fund has a due from other funds balance in the amount \$370,026. This amount is comprised of loans to the Community Development Block Grant and Central Stores Funds of \$90,952 and \$279,074, respectively, to eliminate deficit cash and cash equivalent balances in these two funds.

#### Note 9. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are generally used mainly to subsidize the operations and programs of certain funds, except for a \$144,814 transfer from the Parking Authority Fund to the General Fund and a \$257,079 transfer from the Parking Authority Fund to the General Capital Projects Fund that were related to the elimination of the Parking Authority Fund. Also, the Water and Sewer Funds transferred a capital asset in the amount of \$274,095 and \$481,129, respectively, to the Central Stores Fund (an internal service fund). The following is a summary of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2006:

		Transfer out											
Transfer in	General Fund	General Capital Projects Fund	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Parking Authority Fund	Total							
General Fund	\$ - \$	1,031,121 \$	755,580 \$	692,304 \$	178,564 \$	2,657,569							
General Capital Projects Fund	939,893	-	-	-	257,079	1,196,972							
School Bond Capital Projects Fund	1,513,808	_	-	_	-	1,513,808							
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	292,412	_	-	_	-	292,412							
Public Transportation Fund	707,112	-	-	-	-	707,112							
Sanitation Fund	2,300,996	-	-	-	-	2,300,996							
Parking Authority Fund	1,818	-	-	-	-	1,818							
Internal Service Funds	153,065		369,759	490,033		1,012,857							
Total	\$ 5,909,104 \$	1,031,121 \$	1,125,339 \$	1,182,337 \$	435,643 \$	9,683,544							

Interfund transfers do not balance when compared to the fund financial statements. The Parking Authority Fund had an additional transfer out of \$463,767 related to that fund being closed out to the General Fund. This amount was not reported in the General Fund, as the amount did not involve the transfer of financial resources.

#### Note 10. Deferred Revenue

The following is a summary of deferred revenue at June 30, 2006:

		General Fund										General Capital Projects Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
Uncollected property tax billings	\$	599,420	\$		Φ.		¢	599,420								
	Ф	,	Ф	-	<b>3</b>	-	Ф	,								
Property taxes billed in fiscal year 2007		25,185,283		-		-		25,185,283								
Other local taxes		19,333		-		-		19,333								
Interest receivable		84,320		-		-		84,320								
Lease rental payment		950,000		-		-		950,000								
Intergovernmental		47,813		4,240		32,023		84,076								
Advance collection of parking leases		37,440		-		-		37,440								
Golf memberships/sponsorships		40,578		-		-		40,578								
Loans receivable	_	1,253,232	•			-	_	1,253,232								
Total	\$_	28,217,419	\$	4,240	\$	32,023	\$	28,253,682								

# Note 11. Long-term Debt

# **Primary Government**

# **Debt Service Requirements for Long-term Debt:**

#### **Governmental activities:**

Year			General Ol	oligation	General Obligation				
Ending	General Obliga	ation Bonds	School Bonds		Revenue	e Bonds	Notes Payable		
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2007 \$	1,119,695 \$	858,241 \$	2,550,000 \$	2,514,606 \$	65,000 \$	357,465 \$	400,000 \$	7,500	
2008	1,177,510	815,630	2,570,000	2,386,484	75,000	353,965	-	_	
2009	1,221,000	774,121	2,605,000	2,257,415	85,000	349,965	-	-	
2010	1,263,924	730,273	2,600,000	2,127,777	95,000	345,441	-	-	
2011	1,306,392	684,621	2,615,000	1,998,056	105,000	340,352	-	-	
2012-2016	7,296,557	2,650,103	11,110,000	8,179,100	730,000	1,600,610	-	-	
2017-2021	5,020,933	1,335,912	11,510,000	5,471,748	1,150,000	1,345,969	-	-	
2022-2026	2,958,889	624,581	12,660,000	2,430,915	1,715,000	942,281	-	-	
2027-2031	660,000	266,000	2,945,000	75,097	2,365,000	319,556	-	-	
2032-2035	655,000	84,000					<u> </u>	-	
Total \$	22,679,900 \$	8,823,482 \$	51,165,000 \$	27,441,198 \$	6,385,000 \$	\$ 5,955,604 \$	400,000 \$	7,500	

Year						State	Lite	erary		I	ota	ıl
Ending		Capita	al L	eases		Fun	d Lo	ans	Governmen			l Activities
June 30,		Principal		Interest	_	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2007	\$	738,510	\$	423,238	\$	11,825	\$	591	\$	4,885,030	\$	4,161,641
2008		771,577		389,802		_		-		4,594,087		3,945,881
2009		806,898		354,324		-		-		4,717,898		3,735,825
2010		845,061		317,053		-		-		4,803,985		3,520,544
2011		883,446		277,984						4,909,838		3,301,013
2012-2016		3,900,958		764,895		-		-		23,037,515		13,194,708
2017-2021		1,851,000		142,448		-		-		19,531,933		8,296,077
2022-2026		-		-		-		-		17,333,889		3,997,777
2027-2031		-		-		-		-		5,970,000		660,653
2032-2035	_	-		-		-		-		655,000		84,000
Total	\$	9,797,450	\$	2,669,744	\$	11,825	\$	591	\$	90,439,175	\$	44,898,119

#### **Business-type activities:**

Year Ending	Ge Obligati			General Reven		$\mathcal{C}$			ota	al e Activities
June 30,	 Principal	_	Interest	 Principal		Interest	_	Principal		Interest
2007	\$ 1,210,000	\$	1,231,806	\$ 190,000	\$	490,879	\$	1,400,000	\$	1,722,685
2008	1,250,000		1,192,656	195,000		483,057		1,445,000		1,675,713
2009	1,290,000		1,148,368	205,000		474,807		1,495,000		1,623,175
2010	1,335,000		1,100,459	210,000		466,247		1,545,000		1,566,706
2011	1,385,000		1,049,824	220,000		456,966		1,605,000		1,506,790
2012-2016	7,800,000		4,338,999	1,260,000		2,125,154		9,060,000		6,464,153
2017-2021	7,095,000		2,663,800	1,575,000		1,801,578		8,670,000		4,465,378
2022-2026	7,040,000		725,250	2,000,000		1,362,500		9,040,000		2,087,750
2027-2031	-		-	2,550,000		796,250		2,550,000		796,250
2031-2034	_	_	-	 1,860,000	_	142,500	_	1,860,000		142,500
Total	\$ 28,405,000	\$	13,451,162	\$ 10,265,000	\$	8,599,938	<b>S</b>	38,670,000	\$	22,051,100

#### **Changes in Long-term Debt:**

	Balance June 30, 2005		Additions		Reductions	P	arking Authority Transfer	,	Balance June 30, 2006		Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:		_		•		•		-		-	
Bonds payable:											
General obligation bonds	\$ 23,527,500	\$	-	\$	(847,600)	\$	- :	\$	22,679,900	\$	1,119,695
General obligation school bonds	53,705,000		-		(2,540,000)		-		51,165,000		2,550,000
General obligation revenue bonds	6,410,000		-		(25,000)		-		6,385,000		65,000
Bond premiums/discounts (net)	91,100		-		(5,508)		-		85,592		5,712
Deferred bond refunding charges	(611,410)	_	-		55,373	_		_	(556,037)	_	(55,373)
Total bonds payable	\$ 83,122,190	\$	-	\$	(3,362,735)	\$	- :	\$	79,759,455	\$	3,685,034
Notes payable	400,000		-		-		-		400,000		400,000
Capital leases	10,575,685		-		(778,235)		-		9,797,450		738,510
State Literary Fund Loans	23,650		-		(11,825)		-		11,825		11,825
Contractual obligation	286,773		-		(286,773)		-		-		-
Compensated absences	2,342,710	_	1,333,949		(1,107,318)	_	18,027	_	2,587,368	_	1,206,542
Governmental activities long-term debt	\$ 96,751,008	\$_	1,333,949	\$	(5,546,886)	\$	18,027	\$_	92,556,098	\$	6,041,911

Long-term debt for governmental activities is generally liquidated by the General Fund. The Central Garage and Central Stores Fund are consolidated into the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for these funds are included as part of the above totals. At June 30, 2006, \$88,223 of these internal service funds compensated absences are included in the above amounts.

		Balance June 30, 2005		Additions	Reductions	Pa	arking Authority Transfer	Balance June 30, 2006		Due Within One Year
Business-type activities:	,		-			•			-	
Bonds payable: General obligation bonds	\$	29,570,000	\$	-	\$ (1,165,000)	\$	- \$	28,405,000	\$	1,210,000
General obligation revenue bonds		10,445,000		-	(180,000)		-	10,265,000		190,000
Bond premiums/discounts (net) Deferred bond refunding charges		(61,467) (304,528)	_	-	 (1,358) 29,710		<u>-</u>	(62,825) (274,818)	_	1,357 (29,710)
Total bonds payable	\$	39,649,005	\$	-	\$ (1,316,648)	\$	- \$	38,332,357	\$	1,371,647
Landfill closure and postclosure		2,959,112		587,164	(87,006)		-	3,459,270		78,439
Compensated absences		741,551	-	463,568	 (370,670)		(18,027)	816,422	_	446,840
Business-type activities long-term debt	\$	43,349,668	\$	1,050,732	\$ (1,774,324)	\$	(18,027) \$	42,608,049	\$_	1,896,926

#### **Details of Long-term Debt:**

The following is the detail of the primary government's long-term debt as of June 30, 2006.

#### Governmental activities:

General Obligation Bonds:

\$7,330,000 Public Improvement Bonds, Series 1996, issued June 11, 1996, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:

Bonds bearing interest at 5.50% maturing on July 15, 2006	\$ 350,000
Subtotal	\$ 350,000

General Obligation Bonds (continued):

\$1,600,000 Infrastructure Revenue Bonds (Virginia Resource Authority Pooled Loan Bond Program), issued December 14, 2001, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:

Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2007	\$	60,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2008		60,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2009		65,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2010		70,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2011		70,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2012		75,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2013		80,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2014		80,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2015		85,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2016		90,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2017		95,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2018		100,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2019		105,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2020		110,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2021		115,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2022		120,000
Subtotal	\$	1,380,000
\$6,080,000 Public Safety Bonds, Series 2002A, issued May 22, 2002, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:  Bonds bearing interest at 3.250% maturing on July 15, 2006 Bonds bearing interest at 3.750% maturing on July 15, 2007 Bonds bearing interest at 4.000% maturing on July 15, 2008 Bonds bearing interest at 4.000% maturing on July 15, 2009 Bonds bearing interest at 4.000% maturing on July 15, 2010 Bonds bearing interest at 4.250% maturing on July 15, 2011	\$	325,000 340,000 350,000 365,000 380,000 395,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.375% maturing on July 15, 2012		410,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.375% maturing on July 15, 2013		430,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.400% maturing on July 15, 2014		450,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.500% maturing on July 15, 2015		470,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.625% maturing on July 15, 2016		490,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.750% maturing on July 15, 2017		510,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.750% maturing on July 15, 2018	_	535,000
Subtotal	\$	5,450,000
\$5,616,300 Public Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2003, issued May 16, 2003, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:		
Bonds bearing interest at 3.17% maturing on July 15, 2006 Bonds bearing interest at 3.17% maturing on July 15, 2007 Bonds bearing interest at 3.17% maturing on July 15, 2008	\$	85,300 458,000 472,100

General Obligation Bonds (continued):

Bonds bearing interest at 3.17% maturing on July 15, 2009		485,300
Bonds bearing interest at 3.17% maturing on July 15, 2010		502,700
Bonds bearing interest at 3.17% maturing on July 15, 2011		518,400
Bonds bearing interest at 3.17% maturing on July 15, 2012		532,900
Bonds bearing interest at 3.17% maturing on July 15, 2013		551,200
Bonds bearing interest at 3.17% maturing on July 15, 2014		568,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.17% maturing on July 15, 2015		588,600
Bonds bearing interest at 3.17% maturing on July 15, 2016		607,400
	_	
Subtotal	\$_	5,369,900
\$2,935,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2003B, issued December 1, 2003, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:		
Bonds bearing interest at 2.50% maturing on June 1, 2007	\$	55,000
Bonds bearing interest at 2.50% maturing on June 1, 2008		55,000
Bonds bearing interest at 2.75% maturing on June 1, 2009		60,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.00% maturing on June 1, 2010		60,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.30% maturing on June 1, 2011		60,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.40% maturing on June 1, 2012		65,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.625% maturing on June 1, 2013		65,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.75% maturing on June 1, 2014		65,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.875% maturing on June 1, 2015		70,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.00% maturing on June 1, 2016		75,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.10% maturing on June 1, 2017		75,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.20% maturing on June 1, 2018		80,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.75% maturing on June 1, 2019		80,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.75% maturing on June 1, 2020		85,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.75% maturing on June 1, 2021		90,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.75% maturing on June 1, 2022		95,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.75% maturing on June 1, 2023		100,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.75% maturing on June 1, 2024		105,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.75% maturing on June 1, 2025		110,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 1, 2026		115,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 1, 2027		120,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 1, 2028		125,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 1, 2029		130,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 1, 2030		140,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 1, 2031		145,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 1, 2032		150,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 1, 2033		160,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 1, 2034		170,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 1, 2035	_	175,000
Subtotal	\$	2,880,000

General Obligation Bonds (continued):

\$7,250,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2005, issued June 29, 2005, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:

Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2006	\$	244,395
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2007		264,510
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2008		273,900
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2009		283,624
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2010		293,692
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2011		304,119
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2012		314,915
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2013		326,094
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2014		337,671
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2015		349,658
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2016		362,071
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2017		374,924
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2018		388,234
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2019		402,016
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2020		416,288
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2021		431,066
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2022		446,369
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2023		462,215
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2024		478,624
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2025	_	495,615
Subtotal	\$	7,250,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$	22,679,900
	=	

#### General Obligation School Bonds:

\$10,000,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds, Series 1992, issued December 1, 1992, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:

Bonds bearing interest at 5.85% maturing on December 15, 2006	\$	480,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.85% maturing on December 15, 2007		460,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.85% maturing on December 15, 2008		450,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.85% maturing on December 15, 2009		410,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.85% maturing on December 15, 2010		385,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.85% maturing on December 15, 2011		380,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.85% maturing on December 15, 2012	_	305,000
Subtotal	\$	2,870,000

General Obligation School Bonds (continued):

\$11,210,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds, Refunding Series 1994A, issued January 4, 1994, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:

Bonds bearing interest at 6.35% maturing on December 15, 2006 Bonds bearing interest at 6.35% maturing on December 15, 2007 Bonds bearing interest at 6.35% maturing on December 15, 2008 Bonds bearing interest at 6.40% maturing on December 15, 2009 Bonds bearing interest at 6.40% maturing on December 15, 2010 Bonds bearing interest at 6.40% maturing on December 15, 2011	\$	360,000 350,000 345,000 330,000 310,000 275,000
Subtotal	\$_	1,970,000
\$4,250,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds, Series 1994A, issued May 5, 1994, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:		
Bonds bearing interest at 6.100% maturing on July 15, 2006 Bonds bearing interest at 6.100% maturing on July 15, 2007 Bonds bearing interest at 6.225% maturing on July 15, 2008 Bonds bearing interest at 6.225% maturing on July 15, 2009 Bonds bearing interest at 6.225% maturing on July 15, 2010 Bonds bearing interest at 6.225% maturing on July 15, 2011 Bonds bearing interest at 6.225% maturing on July 15, 2012 Bonds bearing interest at 6.300% maturing on July 15, 2013	\$	215,000 220,000 220,000 215,000 220,000 220,000 215,000 220,000
Subtotal	\$_	1,745,000
\$2,005,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds, Series 1999A, issued May 13, 1999, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:		
Bonds bearing interest at 4.100% maturing on July 15, 2006 Bonds bearing interest at 4.200% maturing on July 15, 2007 Bonds bearing interest at 4.225% maturing on July 15, 2008 Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2009 Bonds bearing interest at 4.475% maturing on July 15, 2010 Bonds bearing interest at 4.600% maturing on July 15, 2011 Bonds bearing interest at 4.725% maturing on July 15, 2012 Bonds bearing interest at 4.725% maturing on July 15, 2013 Bonds bearing interest at 4.725% maturing on July 15, 2014 Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2015 Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2016 Bonds bearing interest at 5.225% maturing on July 15, 2017 Bonds bearing interest at 5.225% maturing on July 15, 2018 Bonds bearing interest at 5.225% maturing on July 15, 2019	\$ 	100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000
Subtotal	\$_	1,400,000

General Obligation School Bonds (continued):

\$5,100,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds, Series 2000A, issued May 13, 2000, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:

Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2006 Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2007 Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2008 Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2009 Bonds bearing interest at 5.600% maturing on July 15, 2010 Bonds bearing interest at 5.225% maturing on July 15, 2011 Bonds bearing interest at 5.600% maturing on July 15, 2012 Bonds bearing interest at 5.600% maturing on July 15, 2013 Bonds bearing interest at 5.600% maturing on July 15, 2014 Bonds bearing interest at 5.600% maturing on July 15, 2015 Bonds bearing interest at 5.600% maturing on July 15, 2016	\$	255,000 255,000 255,000 255,000 255,000 255,000 255,000 255,000 255,000 255,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.600% maturing on July 15, 2016 Bonds bearing interest at 5.600% maturing on July 15, 2017		255,000 255,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.600% maturing on July 15, 2018 Bonds bearing interest at 5.600% maturing on July 15, 2019		255,000 255,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.600% maturing on July 15, 2020 Subtotal	<b>\$</b> _	255,000 3,825,000

\$41,500,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds, Series 2001C, issued November 15, 2001, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:

Bonds bearing interest at 4.100% maturing on July 15, 2006	\$	1,140,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.100% maturing on July 15, 2007		1,185,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.100% maturing on July 15, 2008		1,235,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.100% maturing on July 15, 2009		1,290,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.100% maturing on July 15, 2010		1,345,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.100% maturing on July 15, 2011		1,400,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2012		1,465,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2013		1,540,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.600% maturing on July 15, 2014		1,620,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.850% maturing on July 15, 2015		1,695,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.850% maturing on July 15, 2016		1,780,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.850% maturing on July 15, 2017		1,870,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.850% maturing on July 15, 2018		1,960,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.975% maturing on July 15, 2019		2,060,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2020		2,165,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2021		2,280,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2022		2,400,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2023		2,525,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2024		2,660,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2025		2,795,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2026	_	2,945,000
Subtotal	\$_	39,355,000

Total General Obligation School Bonds

\$ 51,165,000

# General Obligation Revenue Bonds:

Notes

\$6,410,000 Public Recreational Facility Bonds, Series 2000, issued June 29, 2000, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:

Bonds bearing interest at 5.45% maturing on December 1, 2006 Bonds bearing interest at 5.50% maturing on December 1, 2007	\$	65,000 75,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.55% maturing on December 1, 2008		85,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.60% maturing on December 1, 2009		95,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.65% maturing on December 1, 2010		105,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.75% maturing on December 1, 2011		120,000 130,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.80% maturing on December 1, 2012 Bonds bearing interest at 5.80% maturing on December 1, 2013		130,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.85% maturing on December 1, 2013  Bonds bearing interest at 5.85% maturing on December 1, 2014		160,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.90% maturing on December 1, 2014		175,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.30% maturing on December 1, 2015  Bonds bearing interest at 6.20% maturing on December 1, 2016		190,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.20% maturing on December 1, 2017		210,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.10% maturing on December 1, 2018		230,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.10% maturing on December 1, 2019		250,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.10% maturing on December 1, 2020		270,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.25% maturing on December 1, 2021		290,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.25% maturing on December 1, 2022		315,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.25% maturing on December 1, 2023		340,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.25% maturing on December 1, 2024		370,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.25% maturing on December 1, 2025		400,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.25% maturing on December 1, 2026		430,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.25% maturing on December 1, 2027		465,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.25% maturing on December 1, 2028		500,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.25% maturing on December 1, 2029	_	970,000
Subtotal	\$_	6,385,000
Total General Obligation Revenue Bonds	\$_	6,385,000
s Payable:		
\$400,000 Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority Note, dated January 20, 2005, with interest payable quarterly:		
Note bearing interest at 2.5% maturing on January 20, 2007	\$_	400,000
Subtotal	\$	400,000

400,000

Total Notes Payable

### Capital Leases:

\$2,665,000 Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority Bonds, is-
sued August 24, 1995, with principal and interest payable semi-annually.
\$1,066,000, which is 40 percent of the \$2,665,000, is the City's share of this
debt based upon a lease agreement between the City, Rockingham County
and the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority:

and the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority:		
Lease bearing interest at 6.08% maturing August 24, 2006 and February 26, 2007 Lease bearing interest at 6.08% maturing August 24, 2007 and February 26, 2008 Lease bearing interest at 6.08% maturing August 24, 2008 and February 26, 2009 Lease bearing interest at 6.08% maturing August 24, 2009 and February 26, 2010 Lease bearing interest at 6.08% maturing August 24, 2010 and February 26, 2011 Lease bearing interest at 6.08% maturing August 24, 2011 and February 26, 2012 Lease bearing interest at 6.08% maturing August 24, 2012 and February 26, 2013 Lease bearing interest at 6.08% maturing August 24, 2013 and February 26, 2014 Lease bearing interest at 6.08% maturing August 24, 2014 and February 26, 2015 Lease bearing interest at 6.08% maturing August 24, 2015 and February 26, 2016	\$	51,510 55,077 58,398 62,061 65,946 70,073 74,354 79,142 84,060 89,329
Subtotal	\$_	689,950
\$12,305,000 Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority Bonds, issued May 1, 1998, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually. \$6,152,500, which is 50 percent of the \$12,305,000, is the City's share of this debt based upon a lease agreement between the City, Rockingham County and the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority:		
Lease bearing interest at 4.75% maturing on June 20, 2007 Lease bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 20, 2008 Lease bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 20, 2009 Lease bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 20, 2010 Lease bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 20, 2011 Lease bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 20, 2012 Lease bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 20, 2013 Lease bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 20, 2014	\$	385,000 402,500 422,500 445,000 467,500 490,000 515,000 540,000
Subtotal	\$_	3,667,500
\$5,740,000, lease purchase, effective December 17, 2004, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:	_	
Lease bearing interest at 3.76% maturing on December 1, 2006 Lease bearing interest at 3.76% maturing on December 1, 2007 Lease bearing interest at 3.76% maturing on December 1, 2008 Lease bearing interest at 3.76% maturing on December 1, 2009 Lease bearing interest at 3.76% maturing on December 1, 2010 Lease bearing interest at 3.76% maturing on December 1, 2011 Lease bearing interest at 3.76% maturing on December 1, 2012 Lease bearing interest at 3.76% maturing on December 1, 2013 Lease bearing interest at 3.76% maturing on December 1, 2013 Lease bearing interest at 3.76% maturing on December 1, 2014	\$	302,000 314,000 326,000 338,000 350,000 364,000 377,000 391,000 406,000

### Capital Leases (continued):

Lease bearing interest at 3.76% maturing on December 1, 2015 Lease bearing interest at 3.76% maturing on December 1, 2016 Lease bearing interest at 3.76% maturing on December 1, 2017 Lease bearing interest at 3.76% maturing on December 1, 2018 Lease bearing interest at 3.76% maturing on December 1, 2019	_	421,000 437,000 454,000 471,000 489,000
Subtotal	\$_	5,440,000
Total Capital Leases	\$	9,797,450
State Literary Fund Loans:  \$236,428 State Literary Fund Loan of 1986, issued August 15, 1986, maturing annually with interest payable annually:		
Loan bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on August 15, 2006	\$	11,825
Subtotal	\$	11,825

11,825

\$ 90,439,175

#### **Business-type activities:**

# General Obligation Bonds:

\$25,310,000 Steam Plant Bonds, Series 2002A, issued May 22, 2002, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:

Total State Literary Fund Loans

**Total Governmental Activities** 

Bonds bearing interest at 3.250% maturing on July 15, 2006	\$ 865,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.750% maturing on July 15, 2007	895,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.000% maturing on July 15, 2008	925,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.000% maturing on July 15, 2009	965,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.000% maturing on July 15, 2010	1,000,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.250% maturing on July 15, 2011	1,045,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.375% maturing on July 15, 2012	1,085,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.375% maturing on July 15, 2013	1,135,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.400% maturing on July 15, 2014	1,185,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.500% maturing on July 15, 2015	1,235,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.625% maturing on July 15, 2016	1,290,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.750% maturing on July 15, 2017	1,350,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.750% maturing on July 15, 2018	1,415,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2019	1,485,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2020	1,555,000

General Obligation Bonds (continued):

Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2021 Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2022 Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2023 Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2024	_	1,635,000 1,715,000 1,800,000 1,890,000
Subtotal	\$_	24,470,000
\$4,260,000 Solid Waste Disposal System Refunding Bonds (Virginia Resources Authority), Series 2004, issued October 17, 2004, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:		
Bonds bearing interest at 2.375% maturing on October 1, 2006 Bonds bearing interest at 2.375% maturing on October 1, 2007 Bonds bearing interest at 2.625% maturing on October 1, 2008 Bonds bearing interest at 2.875% maturing on October 1, 2009 Bonds bearing interest at 3.125% maturing on October 1, 2010 Bonds bearing interest at 3.375% maturing on October 1, 2011 Bonds bearing interest at 3.625% maturing on October 1, 2012 Bonds bearing interest at 3.625% maturing on October 1, 2013 Bonds bearing interest at 3.625% maturing on October 1, 2014 Bonds bearing interest at 4.4766% maturing on October 1, 2015	\$	345,000 355,000 365,000 370,000 385,000 410,000 420,000 435,000
Subtotal	\$_	3,935,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$_	28,405,000
eral Obligation Revenue Bonds:		

# Genera

10,620,000 Water Bonds, Series 2002B, issued May 22, 2002, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:

Bonds bearing interest at 4.000% maturing on July 15, 2006	\$ 190,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.125% maturing on July 15, 2007	195,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.125% maturing on July 15, 2008	205,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.125% maturing on July 15, 2009	210,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.500% maturing on July 15, 2010	220,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.500% maturing on July 15, 2011	230,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.500% maturing on July 15, 2012	240,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.300% maturing on July 15, 2013	250,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.400% maturing on July 15, 2014	265,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.500% maturing on July 15, 2015	275,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.625% maturing on July 15, 2016	285,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.700% maturing on July 15, 2017	300,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.750% maturing on July 15, 2018	315,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.875% maturing on July 15, 2019	330,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2020	345,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2021	360,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2022	380,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2023	400,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2024	420,000

General Obligation Revenue Bonds (continued):

Total Primary Government Long-term Debt (Excluding the contractual obligation, compensated absences and unamortized premiums/discounts)	\$	132,568,445
<b>Total Business-type Activities</b>	\$	42,129,270
Total Landfill Closure and Postclosure	\$	3,459,270
Estimated cost of landfill closure and postclosure: City Landfill County Landfill - Assumed by the City	\$	1,692,719 1,766,551
Landfill Closure and Postclosure:		
Total General Obligation Revenue Bonds	\$	10,265,000
Subtotal	\$	10,265,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2028 Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2029 Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2030 Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2031 Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2032 Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2033	_	510,000 535,000 560,000 590,000 620,000 650,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2025 Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2026 Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2027		440,000 460,000 485,000

#### Additional information pertaining to the Primary Government's long-term debt:

In June 2004, the City and James Madison University (JMU) entered into a revised and amended agreement concerning the sale and purchase of steam and chilled water at the City owned resource recovery facility. This facility produces steam and chilled water to meet all the heating and cooling needs of JMU's College of Integrated Science and Technology, as well as, other buildings. To the extent that the City continues to operate this facility, JMU has agreed to annually reimburse the City for the annual debt service payments on the City's \$4,260,000 Solid Waste Disposal System Refunding Bonds. The current year reimbursement for principal, interest and bank service charges on this bond totaled \$459,554. The outstanding balance of the City's bond issue at June 30, 2006 was \$3,935,000.

#### Component Unit - School Board

At June 30, 2006, the School Board had \$667,820 in long-term liabilities outstanding. This long-term liability is comprised of \$667,820 in compensated absences, of which \$281,753 is due within one year.

#### **Component Unit – HEC**

At June 30, 2006, HEC had \$946,726 in long-term liabilities outstanding. This long-term liability is comprised of \$300,851 in compensated absences, of which the entire amount is due within one year and \$645,875 in postretirement health care benefits, of which the entire amount is due in more than one year.

The Harrisonburg Electric Commission has a \$1 million unsecured line of credit with SunTrust Bank at a rate equal to LIBOR plus 100 basis points. There were no borrowings against this line of credit at June 30, 2006.

#### Note 12. 1996 Public Improvement Bonds Partially Refunded and Defeased

In May 2003, the City partially defeased its Public Improvement Bonds (Series 1996). Bonds maturing after July 15, 2006 were defeased by placing the proceeds of the City's Public Improvement Refunding Bonds (Series 2003) in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. On June 30, 2006, \$4,805,000 of these old outstanding bonds are considered defeased. These bonds are callable on or after July 15, 2006.

#### Note 13. Conduit Debt

From time to time, the City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds and Redevelopment and Housing Authority Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial, commercial, public and private facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by property financed and are payable from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. The City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of June 30, 2006, there were three series of Industrial Revenue Bonds and 24 series of Redevelopment and Housing Authority Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount of \$50.7 million and \$210 million respectively.

#### Note 14. Fund Balance

The amounts that are reported on the fund financial balance sheet identified as reserved fund balance and designated fund balance are comprised of the following:

		General	(	General Capital Projects		Nonmajor Governmental		
	_	Fund	_	Fund	ı,	Funds	_	Total
Reserved for:								
Encumbrances	\$	540,365	\$	1,791,279	\$	-	\$	2,331,644
Prepaid expenditures		128,035		-		7,748		135,783
Advances to other funds		370,026		-		-		370,026
Loans receivable		375,000		-		-		375,000
Capital projects		-		4,364,535		-		4,364,535
Debt service		746,555		-		-		746,555
Drug forfeiture		120,698		-		-		120,698
Police department grants		11,847		-		-		11,847
Fire department grants	_	183,887	_			-	_	183,887
Total reserved fund balance	\$_	2,476,413	\$_	6,155,814	\$	7,748	\$_	8,639,975
Designated for:								
Subsequent years' expenditures	\$	1,519,022	\$	2,823,990	\$	-	\$	4,343,012
Parks and recreation department		145,538		-		-		145,538
Denton park	_	30,602	-		·	-	_	30,602
Total designated fund balance	\$_	1,695,162	\$	2,823,990	\$	-	\$	4,519,152

#### Note 15. Judicial Complex Lease Agreement

In May 1998, the City and the County of Rockingham (the County) entered into a restated and amended lease agreement with the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority (the Authority). Pursuant to the terms of this lease, the Authority sold a bond issue for \$12,305,000 entitled "Public Facility Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds (Rockingham County and City of Harrisonburg Project) Series of 1998." The proceeds of this bond issue were used to purchase U. S. government securities, which were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 1991 Series Lease Revenue Bonds.

The bonds are limited obligations of the Authority payable solely from certain rent payments to be made by the County and the City, pursuant to the lease agreement, and from certain funds established for the project under the trust agreement. The obligations of the County and the City to make rent payments will be subject to annual appropriation by each of the Board of Supervisors of the County and the City Council of the City, neither of which shall be under any legal obligation to make such appropriation. Neither the bonds nor the lease agreement constitutes a debt of the County or the City for a pledge of the faith and credit or taxing power of the County or the City. However, this is a capital lease and is shown as long-term debt of the City.

#### Note 16. Social Services and Health Department Lease Agreement

In August 1995, the City and the County of Rockingham (the County) entered into a lease agreement with the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority (the Authority). Pursuant to the terms of this lease, the Authority sold a bond issue for \$2,665,000 entitled "Public Facility Lease Revenue Bond (Rockingham County and City of Harrisonburg Project)." The proceeds of this bond issue were used to renovate and equip a building to house the City's and County's combined Social Services and Health Departments. This building is on land owned by the Authority and located within the City limits.

The bonds are limited obligations of the Authority payable solely from certain rent payments to be made by the County and City, pursuant to the lease agreement. The obligations of the County and the City to make rent payments will be subject to annual appropriation by each of the Board of Supervisors of the County and the City Council of the City, neither of which shall be under any obligation to make such appropriation. Neither the bonds nor the lease agreement constitutes a debt of the County or the City for a pledge of the faith and credit or taxing power of the County or the City. However, this is a capital lease and has been shown as other long-term debt of the City.

#### Note 17. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description. The City contributes to the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), an agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (System). All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating employers must participate in the VRS. Benefits vest after five years of service. Employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 50 with 30 years of credited service (age 50 and 25 years of credited service for participating local law enforcement officers and firefighters) or at age 65 with five years of credited service (age 60 and five years of credited service for participating local law enforcement officers and firefighters). Employees who retire with an unreduced benefit are entitled to an annual retirement benefit payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 1.7 percent of their average final compensation (AFC) for each year of credited service. AFC is defined as the highest consecutive 36 months of salary. An optional reduced retirement benefit is available to members of VRS as early as age 50 with at least 10 years of credited service or age 55 with five years of credited service (age 50 for participating local law enforcement officers and firefighters). Benefits are actuarially reduced for retirees who retire prior to becoming eligible for full retirement benefits. In addition, retirees qualify for annual cost-of-living adjustment limited to five percent per year beginning in their second year of retirement. Participating local law enforcement officers and firefighters may receive a

#### Note 17. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

monthly benefit supplement if they retire prior to age 65. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the *Code of Virginia* (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia. The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of that report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/2005AnnuRept.pdf or obtained by writing to the VRS at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

**Funding Policy.** Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the *Code of Virginia* (1950), as amended, to contribute 5% of their annual reported compensation to the VRS. This 5% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. In addition, the City, the City of Harrisonburg School Board (School Board) and the Harrisonburg Electric Commission (HEC), are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by statue and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The City and HEC's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2006 was 10.25% of annual covered payroll. The School Board non-professional employees' contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2006 was 0.75% of annual covered payroll. Total contributions made to the VRS statewide teacher pool for professional employees by the School Board for the years ending June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$1,560,303, \$1,314,375, and \$777,273, respectively, and were equal to the required contributions for each year.

Annual Pension Cost. For 2006, the City of Harrisonburg and HEC's annual pension cost of \$2,161,429 was equal to the required and actual contributions. The School Board's non-professional employees annual pension cost of \$9,631 was equal to the required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2003 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 8% investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 4.25% to 6.10% per year, (c) 3% per year cost-of-living adjustments. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3%. The actuarial value of the City's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The City, HEC and the School Board's non-professional employees unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis within a period of 30 years or less.

#### Trend Information

Fiscal Year	] 	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	 Net Pension Obligation
City of Harris	onburg	g and HEC Emp	oloyees:	
2006	\$	2,161,429	100%	\$ -
2005		2,001,569	100%	-
2004		1,035,499	100%	-
School Board	Non-P	rofessional Emp	oloyees:	
2006	\$	9,631	100%	-
2005		8,752	100%	-
2004		5,493	100%	-

Note 17. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
City of Harrisonb	ourg and HEC E	mployees:				
June 30, 2005 \$	56,257,984	\$ 71,254,458	\$ 14,996,474	78.95% \$	19,804,909	75.72%
June 30, 2004	53,519,519	62,496,891	8,977,372	85.64%	18,584,069	48.31%
June 30, 2003	52,085,791	57,237,259	5,151,468	91.00%	15,747,673	32.71%
School Board Nor	n-Professional E	mployees:				
June 30, 2005 \$	3,660,582	\$ 3,713,584	\$ 53,002	98.57% \$	1,188,221	4.46%
June 30, 2004	3,564,405	3,109,100	(455,305)	114.64%	1,109,692	(41.03%)
June 30, 2003	3,500,295	2,791,788	(708,507)	125.38%	979,233	(72.35%)

The assumptions used for the June 30, 2005 actuarial valuation reflect a change in economic and demographic assumptions, which include a decrease in the investment rate of return, a change in projected salary increases, a decrease in the cost-of-living assumption, and a decrease in the inflation component of the investment rate of return and projected salary increases.

#### Note 18. Postretirement Health Care Benefits

**Primary Government.** The City provides certain health care benefits for retirees who are at least 50 years of age and have at least 15 years of consecutive retirement eligible service with the City. The employee must also meet VRS retirement or disability requirements and must not be eligible for Medicare. The City contributes on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. At June 30, 2006, there were 506 employees eligible to participate in the plan with 26 retired employees receiving benefits at year end. The City made contributions totaling \$87,867 during the year.

Component Unit – School Board. The School Board provides certain health care benefits for retirees who are at least 50 years of age and have at least 10 years of cumulative service (a minimum of five years with the School Board immediately preceding retirement). The employee must also meet VRS retirement or disability requirements and must not be eligible for Medicare. The School Board contributes on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. At June 30, 2006, there were 667 employees eligible to participate in the plan with 54 retired employees receiving benefits at year end. The School Board made contributions totaling \$180,425 during the year.

Component Unit – HEC. The Harrisonburg Electric Commission (HEC) provides certain health care benefits for retirees who are at least 50 years of age and have at least 15 years of consecutive retirement eligible service with HEC. The employee must also meet VRS retirement or disability requirements and must not be eligible for Medicare. HEC adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 106, Employers' Accounting for Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions. The statement requires the cost of employee postretirement benefits to be accrued over the employee's service period. The estimated employee postretirement benefit payable as of June 30, 2006 was \$645,875.

#### Note 19. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

In accordance with state and federal laws and regulations, the City is required to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the City's closed landfill site for 30 years after the date of closure. The City closed its landfill in 1994. \$1,692,719 of the amount reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2006 represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 100% of the capacity of the landfill. Included in the total liability is an additional \$703,234 for groundwater remediation. The City plans to fund its landfill closure and postclosure care costs with available funds from the Sanitation Fund.

### Note 20. Rockingham County Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

Beginning July 1, 1994, the City entered into an agreement with Rockingham County (County) to use its landfill. The City recognizes that it has an obligation to fund a portion of the County's closure and postclosure care costs. \$377,006 of the amount reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2006 represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 100% of the capacity of the County's old landfill cell. This amount is based upon the estimated closure and postclosure care costs incurred since July 1, 1994, which is calculated by using the population ratio of the City and County, plus \$21,219 in liability incurred by the City prior to July 1, 1994. The County closed this cell in 2000.

The City also recognizes \$1,389,545 associated with a new, and subsequently expanded, landfill cell opened in 2001, which is based on the use of 79% of the estimated capacity of the new landfill cell. The City will recognize its remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$369,138 as the remaining capacity of this new cell is used. The County expects to begin closing the new cell in 2007. Actual costs may be different due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The City plans to fund these landfill closure and postclosure care costs with available funds from the Sanitation Fund.

### Note 21. Transactions with Component Units

For the year ended June 30, 2006, the City's General Fund made cash payments to the School Board, a component unit, totaling \$21,622,750. These payments were comprised of \$21,111,808 paid monthly for the purpose of funding the School Board's operating budget and \$510,942 paid for capital purposes.

For the year ended June 30, 2006, the Harrisonburg Electric Commission, a component unit, made cash payments to the City's General Fund totaling \$4,400,000. These payments are made monthly for the purpose of funding the General Fund budget.

### Note 22. Joint Venture

The City, Rockingham County, and the towns of Bridgewater, Dayton and Mt. Crawford have entered into a contract with the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Regional Sewer Authority (Authority), whereby the Authority agrees to operate a sewage disposal system for the participating municipalities. The municipalities have an ongoing financial responsibility based on an agreement to make annual contributions to the Authority for operations and maintenance based on their respective usage of the system. The municipalities also agree to make annual contributions to the Authority for debt service, except for Mt. Crawford, which made an upfront payment for its share. The Authority has \$16,264,839 of total debt outstanding that includes refunding and project debt. The payments on the refunding portion of the debt are computed in the same ratio as volume of waste treated, and the payments on the project debt are at a fixed percentage. The City's variable rate is approximately 61.59 percent and the fixed rate is 73.884 percent. The City does not have an ongoing financial interest in the Authority since it does not have access to the Authority's resources or surpluses, nor is it liable for the Authority's debts or deficits. To obtain a copy of the audited financial statements, contact the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Regional Sewer Authority, P.O. Box 8, 856 North River Road, Mt. Crawford, Virginia 22841.

### **Note 22. Joint Venture (continued)**

Assuming that the ratio of volume of waste treated between the participating municipalities does not change significantly, the City's share of the required principal and interest payments for the Authority's bond issues, which are made by the City's Sewer Fund, can be projected as follows:

Fiscal Year		Principal	_	Interest	Total		
2007	\$	530,245	\$	517,625	\$	1,047,870	
2008		570,792		501,959		1,072,751	
2009		499,418		479,729		979,147	
2010		519,263		456,930		976,193	
2011		542,415		432,707		975,122	
2012-2016		3,142,037		1,738,069		4,880,106	
2017-2021		4,001,963		862,226		4,864,189	
2022	_	926,074	_	46,906	_	972,980	
Total	\$_	10,732,207	\$_	5,036,151	\$_	15,768,358	

The following information is a condensed statement of net assets as of the end of the two most recent fiscal years for the Authority.

	June 30, 2006	June 30, 2005	_	Increase (Decrease)
Current assets Restricted assets Capital assets Other assets	\$ 1,925,165 2,350,728 21,483,304 570,828	\$ 2,215,137 2,385,267 22,398,914 545,360	\$	(289,972) (34,539) (915,610) 25,468
Total assets	\$ 26,330,025	\$ 27,544,678	\$_	(1,214,653)
Current liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets Long-term liabilities	\$ 401,745 975,319 14,288,659	\$ 440,671 951,700 15,032,796	\$	(38,926) 23,619 (744,137)
Total liabilities	\$ 15,665,723	\$ 16,425,167	\$_	(759,444)
Net assets	\$ 10,664,302	\$ 11,119,511	\$_	(455,209)

### Note 23. Jointly Governed Organizations

The Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District (District) was created by the City and the County of Rockingham (County) to provide social services for the residents of the City and County. Both the City and County appoint one member each to the governing board. The District is a separate legal entity and is a discretely presented component unit of the County. The City contributed \$1,991,283 to the District for the year ended June 30, 2006.

### Note 24. Related Organization

The City created the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority (Authority) to provide low-income housing to the residents of the City. The Authority is a separate legal entity and is governed by five commissioners who are appointed solely by the City Council. The City does not have an ongoing financial interest or responsibility to the Authority.

### Note 25. James Madison University Lease Agreement and Real Estate Purchase Agreements

In June 2005, the City entered into a lease agreement with James Madison University (JMU) whereby the City agreed to lease the former Harrisonburg High School property to JMU. Pursuant to the agreement, the City is leasing the property to JMU for a five-year period which began on July 1, 2005. The lease provides for JMU to pay the City \$7.5 million over a five-year period with payments of \$1 million each of the first four years and a final payment of \$3.5 million in the fifth year. JMU shall have the right to purchase the property during the term of the lease agreement at a purchase price not to exceed \$18 million with any prior lease payments being applied as payment toward the purchase price. The lease is an operating lease. Land in the amount of \$1,364,900 and buildings in the amount of \$13,648,169 (\$1,393,100 in accumulated depreciation) associated with the operating lease are included with the City's capital assets.

In March and May 2006, the City entered into two separate real estate purchase agreements with JMU and the JMU Real Estate Foundation, Inc. for the sale of the former Harrisonburg High School property. The total purchase price of the property will be \$17.04 with the closings on the property occurring in fiscal year 2007. As of June 30, 2006, JMU had paid the City \$2 million in lease payments which are being applied towards the purchase price.

### Note 26. Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority Agreements

One Court Square. In December 2004, the City entered into a support agreement with the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority (Authority) whereby the Authority purchased and plans to renovate an office building in the downtown area. The building was originally intended to serve as an incubator to attract telecommunication and other technology firms to the City by providing leaseable office space to qualifying businesses; however, the building is now being considered for use as the School Board's administration offices. Pursuant to the agreement, the Authority incurred \$2 million in debt to finance the project with final maturity occurring in December 2014.

The City has agreed to a non-binding moral obligation pledge to pay all operating expenses for the project, including debt service, to the extent that revenues from any leases are insufficient to pay these expenses. In fiscal year 2006, the City made payments totaling \$253,623 to the Authority for this project.

**Harrisonburg Children's Museum.** In April 2005, the City entered into a support agreement with the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority (Authority) whereby the Authority purchased and renovated a building in the downtown area. Upon completion of the renovations, the Authority leased the building to the Harrisonburg Children's Museum, Inc., a non-profit corporation, that is using the building as its permanent location. Pursuant to the agreement, the Authority incurred \$750,000 in debt to finance the project with final maturity occurring in April 2020.

The City has agreed to a non-binding moral obligation pledge to pay all operating expenses for the project, including debt service, to the extent that the revenue from the lease is insufficient to pay these expenses. In fiscal year 2006, the City made payments totaling \$67,668 to the Authority for this project.

### Note 27. Lucy F. Simms Continuing Education Center

In January 2005, the City entered into an agreement to sell the historic portion of the Lucy F. Simms Continuing Education Center (Center) to Lucy F. Simms, LP (Partnership). This arrangement allowed for the use of certain tax credits to assist in financing the renovations of the historic portion of the Center. Pursuant to the agreement, the Partnership issued to the City a \$1.17 million deferred principal and interest note maturing in November 2024 at an interest rate of 4.76%. Also, the Partnership assumed an outstanding \$2.97 million general obligation note payable that the City had previously issued in December 2003. The City has the option to purchase back the historic portion of the building after the close of the five-year compliance period for the tax credit.

### Note 28. Special Item

**Primary Government.** In conjunction with the City's agreement with James Madison University to lease the former Harrisonburg High School property, the School Board (component unit) declared the property surplus and transferred ownership to the City on July 1, 2005. The special item reported in the amount of \$11 million under governmental activities on the statement of activities represents the current value of the transferred property as of July 1, 2005.

Component Unit – School Board. In conjunction with the City's agreement with James Madison University to lease the former Harrisonburg High School property, the School Board declared the property surplus and transferred ownership to the City (primary government) on July 1, 2005. The special item reported in the amount of \$5,374,025 on the School Board's statement of activities represents the book value of the transferred property as of July 1, 2005.

#### Note 29. Commitments

The City has a contract outstanding for engineering services regarding connecting Erickson Avenue and Stone Spring Road. The contract totals \$2,847,580 and \$2,668,715 has been expended on the contract as of June 30, 2006. This contract is a commitment of the General Capital Projects Fund and is being financed through transfers from the General Fund.

The City has a joint contract outstanding with the County of Rockingham for the implementation and construction of a radio communications system. The City's share of the contract totals \$9,358,756 and \$4,211,440 had been expended on the contract as of June 30, 2006. This contract is a commitment of the General Capital Projects Fund and is being financed through the proceeds of a capital lease obligation.

The City has a construction contract outstanding for improvements to Port Republic Road (Phase II). The contract totals \$1,974,386 and \$1,285,949 had been expended on the contract as of June 30, 2006. This contract is a commitment of the General Capital Projects Fund and is being financed through transfers from the General Fund.

The City has a contract outstanding for engineering services regarding improvement to Port Republic Road (Phase III). The contract totals \$259,909 and \$66,937 had been expended on the contract as of June 30, 2006. This contract is a commitment of the General Capital Projects Fund and is being financed through transfers from the General Fund.

The City has a construction contract outstanding for engineering services regarding the extension of Linda Lane. The contract totals \$702,422 and \$103,462 had been expended on the contract as of June 30, 2006. This contract is a commitment of the General Capital Projects Fund and is being financed through the proceeds of a bond issue.

### Note 30. Subsequent Events

In August 2006, the City entered into a \$37.1 million contract for the construction of a new elementary/middle school complex. The contract will be a commitment of the School Bond Capital Projects Fund and is being financed through the proceeds of a bond issue.

On September 14, 2006, the City made a final payment of \$1.7 million for the purchase of land for the new elementary/middle school complex. The purchase is being financed through the proceeds of a bond issue.

### Note 30. Subsequent Events (continued)

On September 15, 2006, the City received a payment of \$11.04 million for the sale of a portion of the former Harrisonburg High School property from the James Madison University Real Estate Foundation, Inc.

On October 25, 2006, the City issued a \$50 million general obligation bond issue. The City will use \$46.5 million of the bond issue to finance the acquisition of land and construction of a new elementary/middle school complex, as well as, related infrastructure improvements around the site of the complex. The remaining \$3.5 million will be used by the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority for the renovation of public housing units.

Subsequent to June 30, 2006, the City entered into a \$1.5 million contract for the construction of a new five million gallon water tank on Ramblewood Road. The contract will be a commitment of the Water Fund and is being financed through current available resources of the Water Fund.

### Note 31. Risk Management

The City is a member of the Virginia Municipal League Group Self Insurance Association (VML) for vehicles, property, inland marine, EDP, flood, general liability, workman's compensation, boiler and machinery. Each VML member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The City makes contributions and assessments into a designated cash reserve fund. This reserve fund is used to pay claims and awards, as well as, expenses incurred by VML. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess reserves, VML may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. However, since the inception of this insurance association, no additional assessments have been required. There has been no reduction in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. Insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years. Beginning July 1, 2006, the City has increased the deductible on its vehicle liability insurance coverage from \$1,000 to \$250,000. Also, the City insures its transit buses through the Virginia Transit Liability Pool.

The City is self-insured for health insurance purposes and has retained Anthem Blue Cross and Blue Shield to administer the program. The City currently reports these activities in the Health Insurance Fund, which is an internal service fund. This fund serves the City, primary government; Harrisonburg School Board and Harrisonburg Electric Commission, component units; the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Community Services Board; Harrisonburg-Rockingham Regional Sewer Authority; Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority; and the Massanutten Regional Library. This fund accounts for the health insurance activities of the aforementioned entities but does not constitute a transfer of risk from the City. Significant claims, over \$100,000, are covered by commercial insurance.

The City records an estimated liability for indemnity health care claims. Claims liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims, related claim adjustment expenses and an estimate for claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) based on historical experience. The following represents the change in approximate aggregate liabilities for the fund from July 1, 2004 to June 30, 2006:

Fiscal Year	_	Beginning Liability	_	Claims and Changes in Estimates	 Claim Payments	_	Ending Liability
2006 2005	\$	856,879 830,570	\$	7,756,698 6,888,402	\$ 7,809,624 6,862,093	\$	803,953 856,879

### Note 32. Parking Operations Reported in the General Fund

Beginning April 1, 2006, the operations of the downtown parking services were no longer reported as an enterprise fund. As a result, all financial assets, liabilities and net assets of the Parking Authority Fund were transferred to the General Fund and General Capital Projects Fund. The closure of the Parking Authority Fund resulted in a transfer to the General Fund and General Capital Projects Fund of \$178,564 and \$257,079, respectively. This transfer represented the Parking Authority Fund's financial net assets. This transaction also resulted in the additional transfer of \$463,767 in nonfinancial net assets to the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

### Note 33. James Madison University Steam Agreement

In September 1981, the City entered into an agreement with James Madison University (JMU) whereby the City paid JMU \$2.5 million over a five year period in consideration for conveying a suitable site for the construction of the City's steam plant and entering into a twenty year agreement with the City for the purpose of purchasing steam produced by the steam plant. In June 2004, a new twenty-five year agreement with JMU replaced an amended and updated April 1995 agreement. This agreement is shown on the financial statements as other assets of the Sanitation Fund and is being amortized over a twenty-five year period that began July 1, 1996.

### **Note 34. Contingent Liabilities**

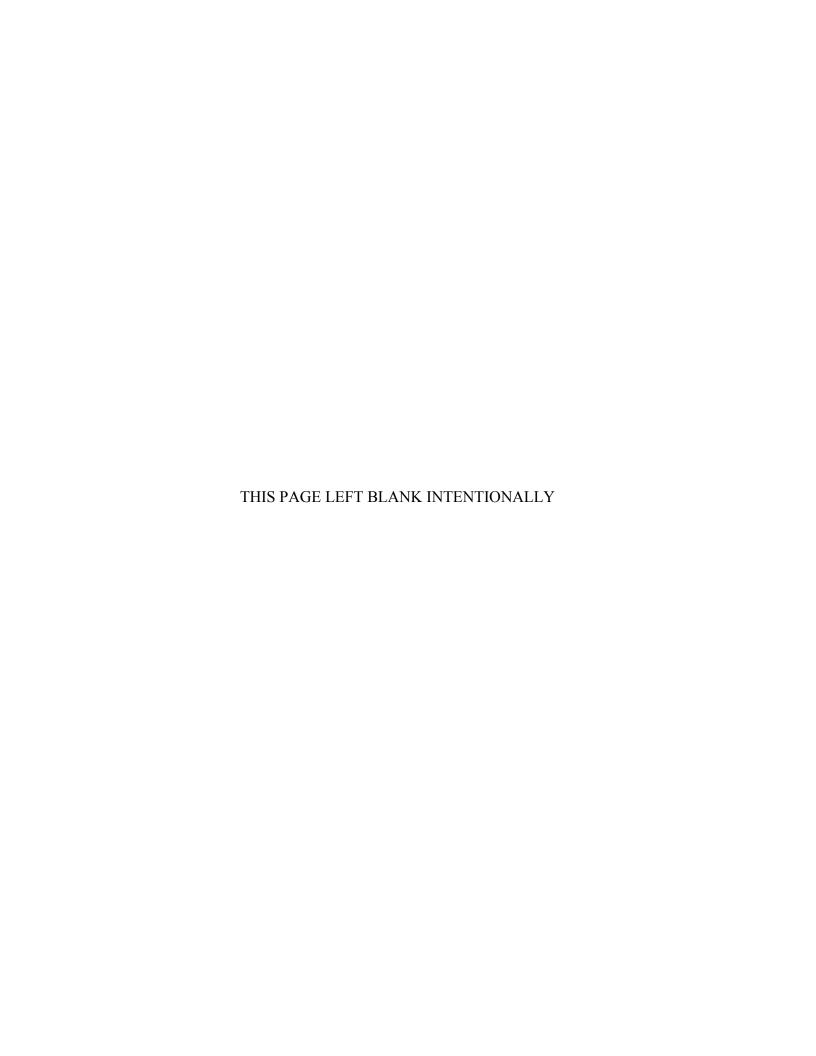
All major federal programs and certain other programs in which the City participates were tested, by our auditors, for compliance with applicable grant requirements pursuant to the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audit of States, Local Governments and Nonprofit Organizations*. While no material matters of noncompliance were disclosed by the audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

In January 2005, the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority (Authority) issued a \$2.7 million taxable note maturing in January 2008 at an interest rate of 2.5% to assist in financing the renovations of the historic portion of the Lucy F. Simms Continuing Education Center. The City has guaranteed the repayment of this note. The Authority anticipates receiving contributions totaling \$2.3 million from the Boys & Girls Club of Harrisonburg and Rockingham County (Boys & Girls Club), the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Association for Retarded Children, Inc. (ARC) and Lucy F. Simms, LP (Partnership) to assist in the repayment of the note. The City has also guaranteed these contributions to the Authority. The Boys & Girls Club, ARC and the Partnership are currently conducting fund raising campaigns to raise the needed contributions. It is the City's opinion that the Boys & Girls Club, ARC and the Partnership will be able to meet its contribution requirements without the City's assistance.

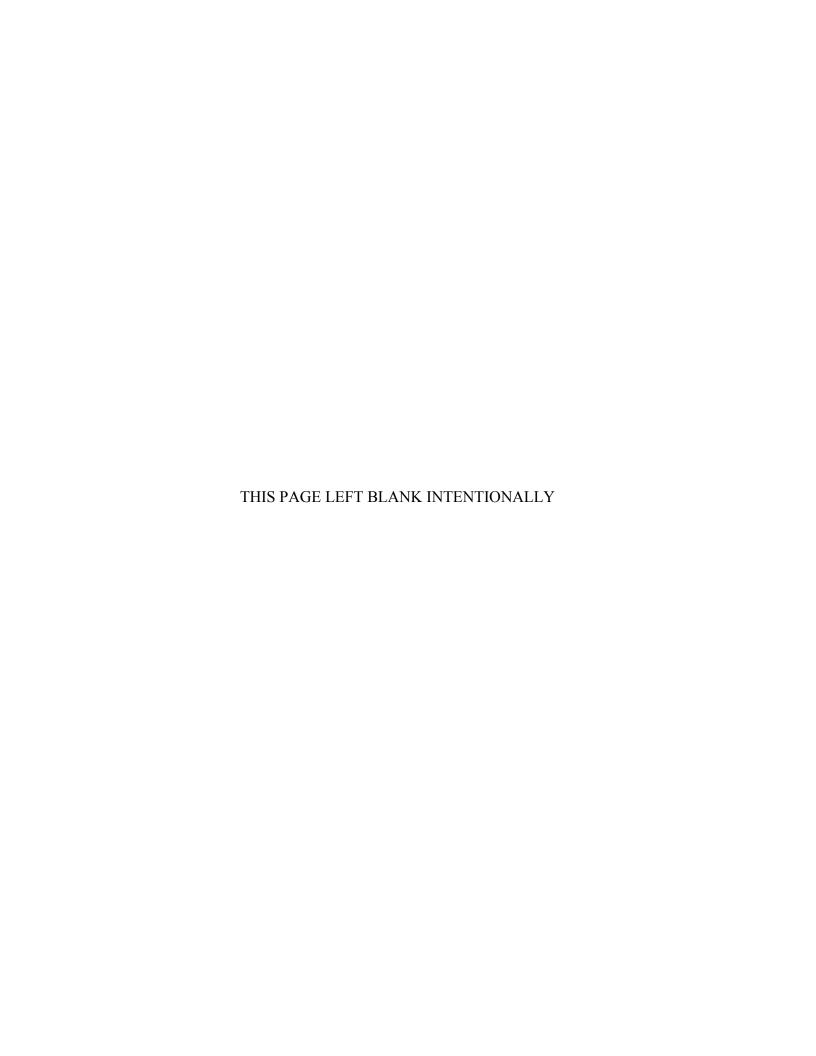
The City has certain debt instruments subject to arbitrage rebate calculations. The City is of the opinion that no amounts will be required to be rebated.

### Note 35. New Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standards

In June 2004, the GASB issued Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postem-ployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This Statement establishes new standards for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) by state and local government employers, i.e. postretirement healthcare benefits. This Statement addresses the measurement, recognition, and display of OPEB expenditures/expenses and related liabilities, assets, note disclosures, and, if applicable, required supplementary information. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal year 2009 and will have an effect on the City's government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, although management has not been able to determine the impact at this time.



## OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



### **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

### **Special Revenue Funds**

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

**Emergency Communications Center Fund** - This fund accounts for the operations of the emergency communications center (ECC). The ECC is a joint operation between the City and the County of Rockingham. Financing is provided by E911 emergency telephone tax collections, transfers from the General Fund, funding from the Commonwealth of Virginia and by the County of Rockingham.

**Community Development Block Grant Fund** - This fund accounts for the administration of the community development block grant. Financing is provided by grants from the Federal Government.

### CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET At June 30, 2006

		Special Re				
	_	Emergency		Community		Total
	C	Development		Nonmajor		
		Center		<b>Block Grant</b>		Governmental
	_	Fund		Fund	-	Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	31,347	\$	_	\$	31,347
Receivables	•	266,469	•	97,720	•	364,189
Prepaid expenditures	_	7,534		214	-	7,748
Total assets	\$ _	305,350	\$	97,934	\$	403,284
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	16,542	\$	5,062	\$	21,604
Accrued payroll		47,357		1,920		49,277
Due to component unit		147		-		147
Advances from other funds		-		90,952		90,952
Deferred revenue	_	32,023		-	-	32,023
Total liabilities	\$_	96,069	\$	97,934	\$	194,003
Fund balances:						
Reserved	\$	7,534	\$	214	\$	7,748
Unreserved:						
Undesignated	_	201,747		(214)	-	201,533
Total fund balances	\$_	209,281	\$		\$	209,281
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	305,350	\$	97,934	\$	403,284

### CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

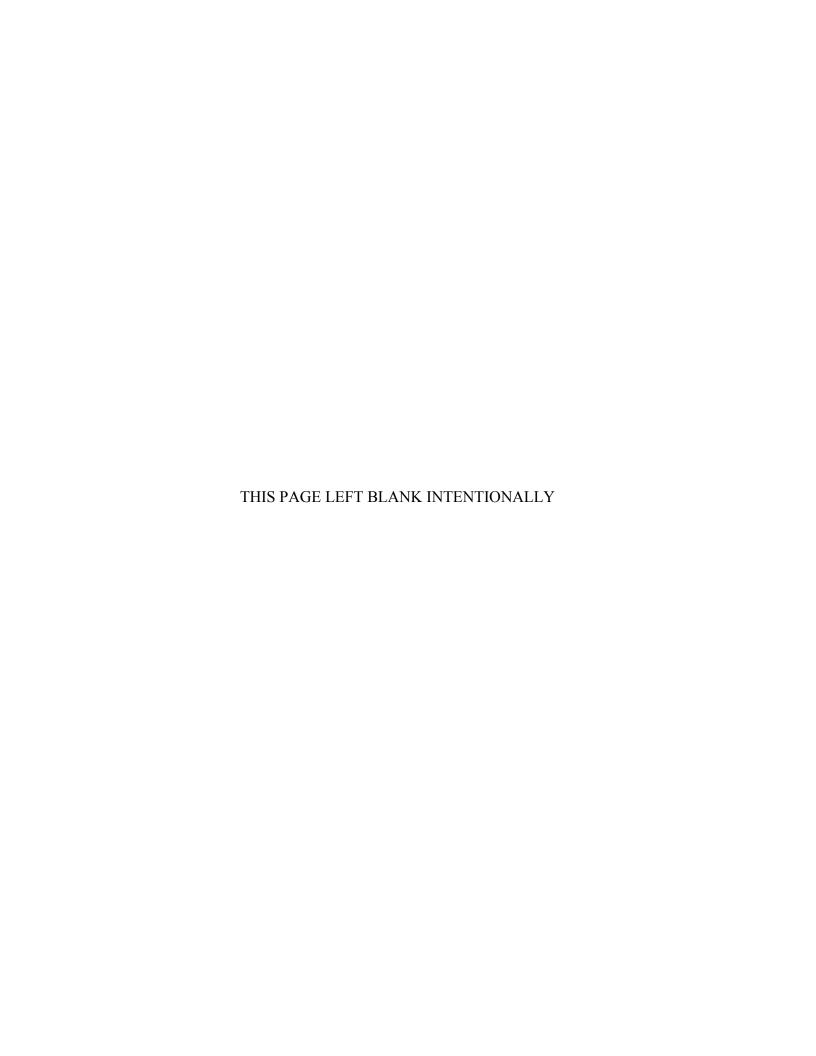
		Emergency		Community		Total
	Communications			Development		Nonmajor
		Center		<b>Block Grant</b>		Governmental
	_	Fund		Fund	-	Funds
Revenues:						
Other local taxes	\$	669,166	\$	-	\$	669,166
Use of money and property		942		-		942
Recovered costs		894,870		-		894,870
Intergovernmental		134,400		282,718		417,118
Total revenues	\$	1,699,378	\$	282,718	\$	1,982,096
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public safety	\$	1,782,509	\$	-	\$	1,782,509
Planning and community development		-		282,718		282,718
Total expenditures	\$	1,782,509	\$	282,718	\$	2,065,227
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	\$_	(83,131)	\$		\$	(83,131)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	\$	292,412	\$	-	\$	292,412
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ _	292,412	\$	-	\$	292,412
Net change in fund balances	\$	209,281	\$	-	\$	209,281
Fund balances at beginning of year	_		-	-	_	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ _	209,281	\$		\$	209,281

# CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS CENTER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Budgete	d An	nounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original			Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:	_		_				_	
Other local taxes	\$	783,299	\$	783,299	\$	669,166	\$	(114,133)
Use of money and property		-		-		942		942
Recovered costs		889,219		889,219		894,870		5,651
Intergovernmental		126,060		126,060	_	134,400	_	8,340
Total revenues	\$	1,798,578	\$	1,798,578	\$	1,699,378	\$	(99,200)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public safety	\$	2,016,498	\$	2,016,498	\$	1,782,509	\$	233,989
Total expenditures	\$	2,016,498	\$	2,016,498	\$	1,782,509	\$	233,989
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	\$	(217,920)	\$	(217,920)	\$	(83,131)	\$_	134,789
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in	\$	217,920	\$	217,920	\$	292,412	\$	74,492
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	217,920	\$	217,920	\$	292,412	\$	74,492
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$		\$	209,281	\$_	209,281
Fund balance at beginning of year					_	-	•	
Fund balance at end of year					\$	209,281		

# CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

							Variance with Final Budget
	Budgete	d An	nounts				Positive
	 Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$ 613,397	\$	943,882	\$	282,718	\$	(661,164)
Total revenues	\$ 613,397	\$	943,882	\$	282,718	\$	(661,164)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Planning and community development	\$ 613,397	\$	841,933	\$	282,718	\$	559,215
Total expenditures	\$ 613,397	\$	841,933	\$	282,718	\$	559,215
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$ -	\$	101,949	\$		\$_	(101,949)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers out	\$ -	\$	(101,949)	\$	-	\$	101,949
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ -	\$	(101,949)	\$	-	\$	101,949
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	\$		\$	-	\$_	
Fund balance at beginning of year				_			
Fund balance at end of year				\$	-		



#### **Internal Service Funds**

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other governmental units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

**Central Garage Fund** - This fund accounts for the operations of the City's central garage. Financing is provided by charges to other departments and agencies for services rendered and transfers from other funds for overhead costs.

**Central Stores Fund** - This fund accounts for the operations of the City's central stores. Financing is provided by charges to other departments and agencies for the sale of materials and supplies and transfers from other funds for overhead costs.

**Health Insurance Fund** - This fund accounts for the health insurance premium collections and claims payments related to the operation of the City's self-insured health insurance program. Financing is provided by premiums paid by departments, employees and organizations which participate in the insurance plan.

### CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET At June 30, 2006

		Central Garage Fund	Central Stores Fund	1	Health Insurance Fund		Total
Assets							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	121,121 \$	-	\$	4,180,242	\$	4,301,363
Receivables		4,215	211		2,007		6,433
Due from component unit		4,273	-		-		4,273
Inventory		600,996	1,345,169		-		1,946,165
Prepaid expenses		4,067	162		-		4,229
Total current assets	\$	734,672 \$	1,345,542	\$	4,182,249	\$	6,262,463
Noncurrent assets:							
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	\$	48,790 \$	767,531	\$		\$	816,321
Total noncurrent assets	\$	48,790 \$	767,531	\$		\$	816,321
Total assets	\$	783,462 \$	2,113,073	\$	4,182,249	\$_	7,078,784
Liabilities and Net Assets							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	149,298 \$	45,352	\$	803,953	\$	998,603
Accrued payroll		19,553	2,551		-		22,104
Due to component unit		-	552		-		552
Advances from other funds		-	279,074		-		279,074
Compensated absences		42,756	2,747		_		45,503
Total current liabilities	\$	211,607 \$	330,276	\$	803,953	<b>\$</b> _	1,345,836
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Compensated absences	\$	39,614 \$	3,106			\$	42,720
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	39,614 \$	3,106	\$		\$	42,720
Total liabilities	\$	251,221 \$	333,382	\$	803,953	\$_	1,388,556
Net assets:							
Invested in capital assets	\$	48,790 \$	767,531	\$	-	\$	816,321
Unrestricted	_	483,451	1,012,160		3,378,296	_	4,873,907
Total net assets	\$	532,241 \$	1,779,691	\$	3,378,296	\$	5,690,228
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	783,462 \$	2,113,073	\$	4,182,249	\$_	7,078,784

### CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30,2006

F	or	the	Year	Ended	June	30,	2006
---	----	-----	------	-------	------	-----	------

		Central Garage Fund		Central Stores Fund		Health Insurance Fund		Total
Operating revenues:	<del>-</del>	_		_	_		_	
Charges for services	\$	2,350,505	\$	860,854	\$	9,046,169	\$	12,257,528
Total operating revenues	\$ _	2,350,505	\$	860,854	\$	9,046,169	\$	12,257,528
Operating expenses:								
Personal services	\$	443,762	\$	52,670	\$	-	\$	496,432
Fringe benefits		148,212		16,932		-		165,144
Purchased services		20,088		37,431		434,417		491,936
Internal services		900		1,341		-		2,241
Other charges		9,629		18,399		422,772		450,800
Materials and supplies		28,836		12,300		-		41,136
Depreciation		12,655		17,632		-		30,287
Cost of inventory issued		1,711,415		841,136		-		2,552,551
Claims related charges		-		-		7,757,445		7,757,445
Total operating expenses	\$	2,375,497	\$	997,841	\$	8,614,634	\$	11,987,972
Operating income (loss)	\$_	(24,992)	\$_	(136,987)	\$_	431,535	\$_	269,556
Nonoperating revenues:								
Investment revenue	\$_	5,158	\$	<u> </u>	\$_	168,101	\$	173,259
Total nonoperating revenues	\$	5,158	\$		\$_	168,101	\$	173,259
Income (loss) before transfers	\$	(19,834)	\$	(136,987)	\$	599,636	\$	442,815
Transfers in	_	93,912	_	918,945	_		_	1,012,857
Change in net assets	\$	74,078	\$	781,958	\$	599,636	\$	1,455,672
Net assets at beginning of year	_	458,163	_	997,733	_	2,778,660	. <u>-</u>	4,234,556
Net assets at end of year	\$ <u></u>	532,241	\$_	1,779,691	\$_	3,378,296	\$	5,690,228

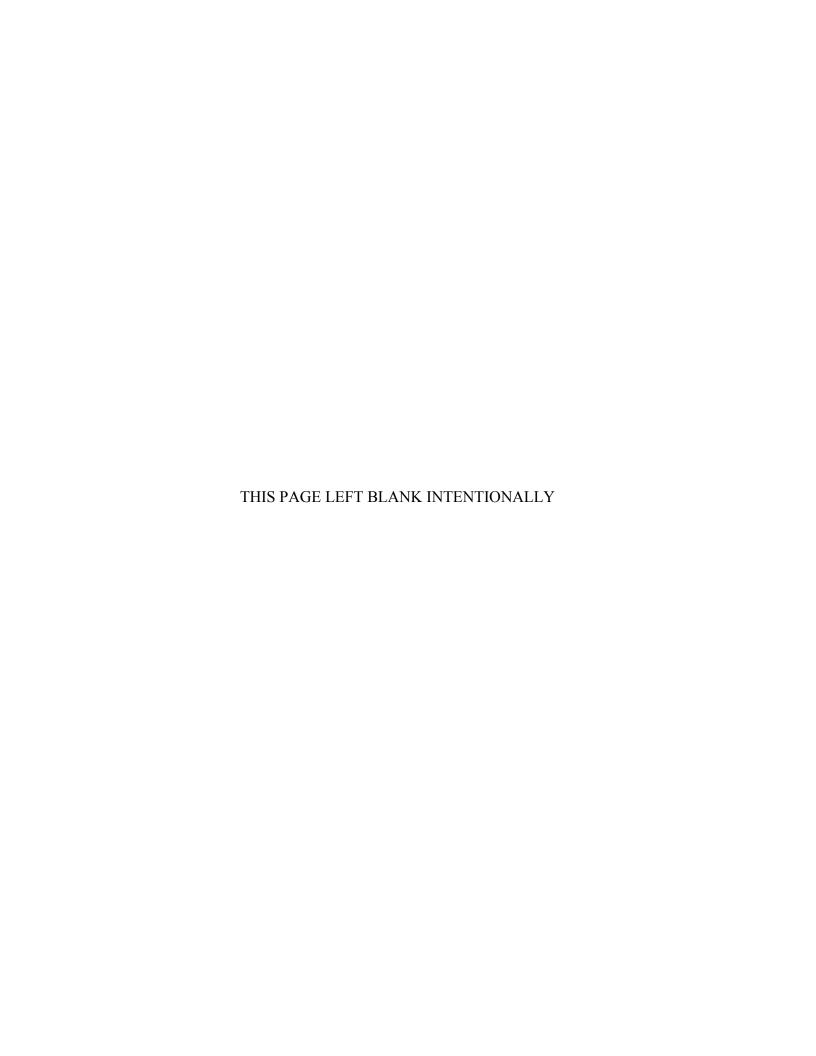
### CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Central Garage Fund		Central Stores Fund		Health Insurance Fund		Total
Cash flows from operating activities:			_		_		_	
Receipts from customers	\$	2,348,710	\$	860,643	\$	-	\$	3,209,353
Receipts from premiums		-		-		9,046,169		9,046,169
Payments to employees		(438,913)		(50,472)		-		(489,385)
Payments for fringe benefits		(151,921)		(16,927)		-		(168,848)
Payments to vendors		(1,796,596)		(1,071,551)		(857,189)		(3,725,336)
Payments for internal services		(900)		(1,341)				(2,241)
Payments for claims related charges	_		_	_	_	(7,810,371)	_	(7,810,371)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$_	(39,620)	\$_	(279,648)	\$_	378,609	\$_	59,341
Cash flows from noncapital								
financing activities:								
Transfers in	\$	93,912	\$	163,721	\$	-	\$	257,633
Interfund loan	_	-	_	142,414	_	-	_	142,414
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	\$_	93,912	\$	306,135	\$	-	\$_	400,047
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:								
Purchase and construction of capital assets	\$	_	\$_	(26,487)	\$_	-	\$_	(26,487)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	\$_	-	\$	(26,487)	\$_		\$	(26,487)
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Interest received	\$	5,113	\$_	-	\$_	166,941	\$_	172,054
Net cash provided by investing activities	\$_	5,113	\$_	-	\$_	166,941	\$_	172,054
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$	59,405	\$	-	\$	545,550	\$	604,955
Cash and cash equivalents:								
Beginning	_	61,716	_	-	_	3,634,692	_	3,696,408
Ending	\$_	121,121	\$_		\$	4,180,242	\$_	4,301,363

## CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	_	Central Garage Fund	Central Stores Fund	Health Insurance Fund	Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash used	for opera	ting activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$	(24,992) \$	(136,987) \$	431,535 \$	269,556
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Depreciation		12,655	17,632	-	30,287
Change in assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in:					
Accounts receivable		(1,082)	(211)	-	(1,293)
Due from component unit		(712)	-	-	(712)
Inventory		(127,483)	(207,325)	-	(334,808)
Prepaid expenses		(4,067)	(162)	-	(4,229)
Increase (decrease) in:					
Accounts payable		100,867	44,785	(52,926)	92,726
Accrued payroll		3,497	1,356	-	4,853
Due to component unit		-	258	-	258
Compensated absences	_	1,697	1,006	<u> </u>	2,703
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(39,620) \$	(279,648) \$	378,609 \$	59,341
Non-cash capital and related financing activities: Additions to capital assets:					
Contributed by other funds	\$	- \$	755,224 \$	- \$	755,224



### **Agency Funds**

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by a government as an agent for individuals, private organizations or other governments.

**Juvenile Crime Control Fund** - This fund accounts for assets held by the City of Harrisonburg (City) for the  $26^{th}$  Judicial District Court Service Unit as a participant in the Virginia Juvenile Community Crime Control Act. The City acts as the fiscal agent for both the City and the County of Rockingham.

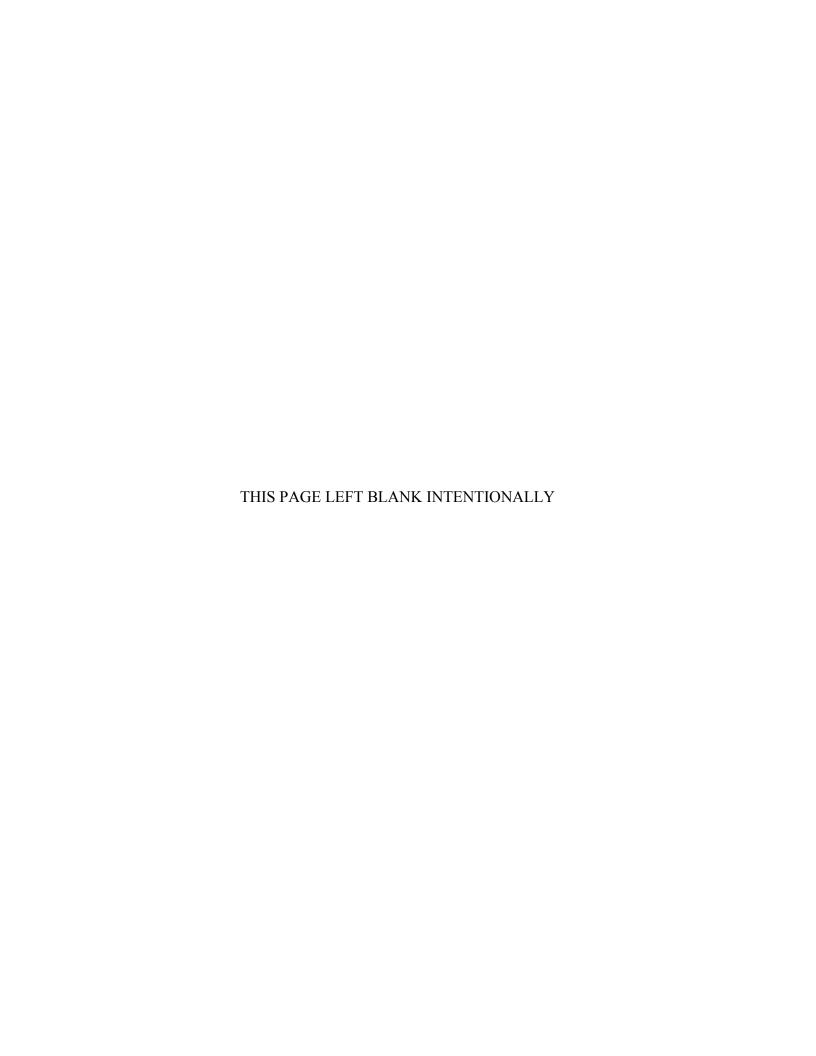
**Industrial Development Authority Fund** - This fund accounts for assets held by the City for the Harrisonburg Industrial Development Authority.

# CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES At June 30, 2006

	Juvenile Crime Control Fund		Industrial Development Authority Fund			Total
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,739	\$	16,687	\$	28,426
Interest receivable		6		9		15
Prepaid expenses	_	468		-		468
Total assets	\$ _	12,213	\$	16,696	\$	28,909
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	6	\$	-	\$	6
Accrued payroll		1,316		-		1,316
Amounts held for others	<del>-</del>	10,891	. <u>—</u>	16,696	- —	27,587
Total liabilities	\$ _	12,213	\$	16,696	\$	28,909

# CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA AGENCY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	_	Balance Beginning of Year	Additions		Deletions	Balance End of Year
Juvenile Crime Control Fund Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable Prepaid expenses	\$	11,669 \$	122,731 6 468	\$	122,661 \$	11,739 6 468
Total assets	\$_	11,673 \$	123,205	\$	122,665 \$	12,213
Liabilities:	=			=		
Accounts payable Accrued payroll Amounts held for others	\$	1,348 \$ 1,696 8,629	6 1,316 122,734	\$	1,348 \$ 1,696 120,472	6 1,316 10,891
Total liabilities	\$_	11,673 \$	124,056	\$	123,516 \$	12,213
Industrial Development Authority Fund Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable	\$	10,229 \$	7,058	\$	600 \$	16,687 9
Total assets	\$_	10,232 \$	7,067	\$	603 \$	16,696
Liabilities:						
Amounts held for others	\$_	10,232 \$	7,064	\$	600 \$	16,696
<b>Total liabilities</b>	\$_	10,232 \$	7,064	\$	600 \$	16,696
Total - All Agency Funds						
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable Prepaid expenses	\$	21,898 \$ 7 -	129,789 15 468	\$	123,261 \$ 7 -	28,426 15 468
Total assets	\$_	21,905 \$	130,272	\$	123,268 \$	28,909
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable Accrued payroll Amounts held for others	\$	1,348 \$ 1,696 18,861	6 1,316 129,798	\$	1,348 \$ 1,696 121,072	6 1,316 27,587
Total liabilities	\$_	21,905 \$	131,120	\$	124,116 \$	28,909



### Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

### **Special Revenue Funds**

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

**School Fund -** This fund accounts for the operations of the School Board's elementary, middle and high schools.

**School Cafeteria Fund -** This fund accounts for the operations of the School Board's centralized cafeterias.

### **Capital Projects Funds**

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

**School Capital Projects Fund** - This fund accounts for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities of the schools not financed through the issuance of debt.

# CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET At June 30, 2006

	_	School Fund		School Cafeteria Fund	_	School Capital Projects Fund	_	Totals
Assets	Φ.		Φ.	661.000	Φ.	665.060	Φ.	6015506
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,591,251	\$	661,282	\$	665,263	\$	6,917,796
Investments		-		300,000		-		300,000
Receivables		810,919		-		-		810,919
Due from other funds		-		18,941		-		18,941
Inventory		<u>-</u>		53,855		-		53,855
Prepaid expenditures	_	215,908		-		-	-	215,908
Total assets	\$ _	6,618,078	\$	1,034,078	\$	665,263	\$_	8,317,419
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	34,152	\$	792	\$	-	\$	34,944
Accrued payroll		3,747,084		-		-		3,747,084
Due to other funds		18,941		-		-		18,941
Due to component unit	_	75,522		-		-	_	75,522
Total liabilities	\$_	3,875,699	\$	792	\$	-	\$_	3,876,491
Fund Balances:								
Reserved	\$	215,908	\$	-	\$	-	\$	215,908
Unreserved:								
Designated		-		-		665,263		665,263
Undesignated	_	2,526,471		1,033,286				3,559,757
Total fund balances	\$_	2,742,379	\$	1,033,286	\$	665,263	\$	4,440,928
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	6,618,078	\$	1,034,078	\$	665,263	\$	8,317,419

# CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS At June 30, 2006

Exhibit D-2

Total fund balance of governmental funds (Exhibit D-1)	\$ 4,440,928
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit 1) are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	19,991,712
Long-term liabilities, and related accounts, are not payable from current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(667,820)
Net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit 1)	\$ 23,764,820

# CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

		School Fund		School Cafeteria Fund		School Capital Projects Fund		Totals
Revenues:	_	1 4114	-		-	1 4114	-	10000
Use of money and property	\$	18,452	\$	27,548	\$	5,034	\$	51,034
Charges for services		576,093		517,463		-		1,093,556
Miscellaneous		500		_		660,945		661,445
Recovered costs		115,269		2,989		-		118,258
Payment from primary government		21,111,808		-		510,942		21,622,750
Intergovernmental		21,573,194		1,128,448		-		22,701,642
Total revenues	\$ _	43,395,316	\$	1,676,448	\$	1,176,921	\$	46,248,685
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Education	\$	43,240,550	\$	1,512,490	\$	-	\$	44,753,040
Capital projects		-		_		644,606		644,606
Total expenditures	\$	43,240,550	\$	1,512,490	\$	644,606	\$	45,397,646
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$_	154,766	\$	163,958	\$_	532,315	\$_	851,039
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	24,530	\$	-	\$	24,530
Transfers out		(24,530)		-		-		(24,530)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ _	(24,530)	\$	24,530	\$	-	\$	-
Net change in fund balances	\$	130,236	\$	188,488	\$	532,315	\$	851,039
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	2,612,143		844,798		132,948	_	3,589,889
Fund balances at end of year	\$ _	2,742,379	\$	1,033,286	\$	665,263	\$_	4,440,928

# CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA Exhibit D-4 DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Total net change in fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit D-3)

\$ 851,039

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.

Capital outlay expenditures \$ 992,477 Depreciation expense (749,400)

Net adjustment \$ 243,077 243,077

Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount is the net change in these expenses.

(56,298)

The transfer of the old high school from the School Board (component unit) to the primary government effects only the statement of activities. This transfer does not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported in governmental funds.

(5,374,025)

The transfer of capital assets between the primary government and the School Board (component unit) effects only the statement of activities. These transfers do not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.

1,842,410

Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)

\$ (2,493,797)

## CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHOOL FUND

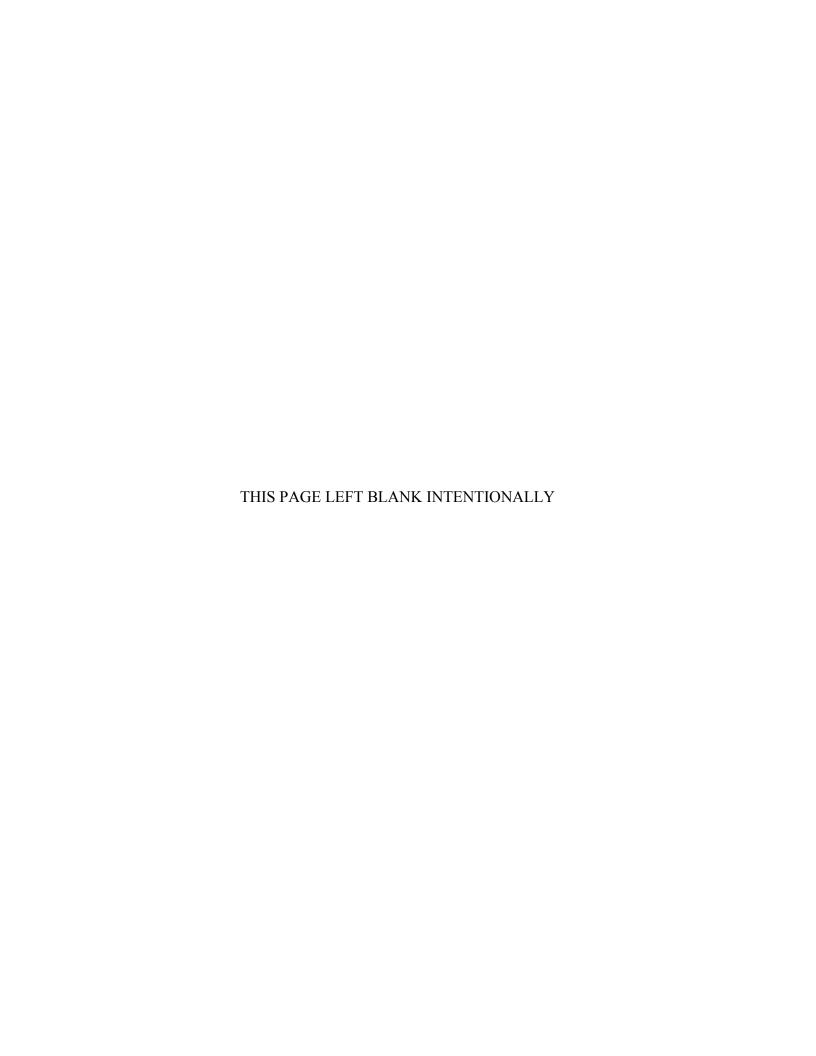
### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

								Variance with Final Budget
	_	Budgete	d A		į.			Positive
Revenues:	<del>-</del>	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	-	(Negative)
	\$	12,000	¢.	12 000	¢.	10 453	ø	6.450
Use of money and property	Ф		Þ	12,000	Þ	18,452	Þ	6,452
Charges for services		1,093,613		1,093,613		576,093		(517,520)
Miscellaneous		47.500		- 50 645		500		500
Recovered costs		47,500		52,645		115,269		62,624
Payment from primary government		21,011,808		21,111,808		21,111,808		- (100)
Intergovernmental	_ =	21,317,549		21,708,682		21,573,194		(135,488)
Total revenues	\$_	43,482,470	\$_	43,978,748	\$_	43,395,316	\$_	(583,432)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Education	\$	43,449,115	\$	44,041,393	\$	43,240,550	\$	800,843
Total expenditures	\$	43,449,115	\$	44,041,393	\$	43,240,550	\$	800,843
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	\$_	33,355	\$_	(62,645)	\$_	154,766	\$_	217,411
Other financing (uses):								
Transfers out	\$	(33,355)	\$	(33,355)	\$	(24,530)	\$	8,825
Total other financing (uses)	\$ <b>-</b>	(33,355)	_	(33,355)		(24,530)		8,825
Total caller manoning (asset)	<u> </u>	(55,500)	Ť <b>–</b>	(55,500)	Ť <u> </u>	(= :,000)	_	0,020
Net change in fund balance	\$ _		\$	(96,000)	\$	130,236	\$	226,236
Fund balance at beginning of year					_	2,612,143		
Fund balance at end of year					\$_	2,742,379		

## CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHOOL CAFETERIA FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

						Variance with Final Budget
	_	Budgeted A				Positive
	_	Original	Final	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:						
Use of money and property	\$	- \$	- \$	27,548	\$	27,548
Charges for services		616,459	696,459	517,463		(178,996)
Recovered costs		-	-	2,989		2,989
Intergovernmental		907,000	942,000	1,128,448		186,448
Total revenues	\$	1,523,459 \$	1,638,459 \$	1,676,448	\$	37,989
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Education	\$	1,556,814 \$	1,671,814 \$	1,512,490	\$	159,324
Total expenditures	\$	1,556,814 \$	1,671,814 \$	1,512,490	\$	159,324
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	\$_	(33,355) \$	(33,355) \$	163,958	\$	197,313
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in	\$	33,355 \$	33,355 \$	24,530	\$	(8,825)
Total other financing sources	\$	33,355 \$	33,355 \$	24,530	\$	(8,825)
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u></u>	\$	\$	188,488	\$	188,488
Fund balance at beginning of year				844,798	_	
Fund balance at end of year			\$	1,033,286	<b>=</b>	



### **Other Supplementary Schedules**

**Schedule of Revenues – Budget to Actual -** This schedule provides additional detailed final budget and actual revenue information for the City's governmental funds and discretely presented component unit – School Board.

Schedule of Expenditures – Budget to Actual - This schedule provides additional detailed final budget and actual expenditure information for the City's governmental funds and discretely presented component unit – School Board.

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Fred Main and Minar Danner Commen		Final		A -41		Variance Positive
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources Primary Government:	<del></del> _	Budget		Actual	-	(Negative)
General Fund:						
General property taxes:						
Real property taxes	\$	14,363,825	\$	14,082,477	\$	(281,348)
Real and personal public service	Ψ	14,303,623	Ψ	14,002,477	Ψ	(201,540)
corporation property taxes		320,800		288,174		(32,626)
Personal property taxes		3,861,760		3,967,554		105,794
Mobile home taxes		7,488		7,036		(452)
Machinery and tools taxes		1,700,000		1,634,123		(65,877)
Penalties and interest		178,000		171,764		(6,236)
Total general property taxes	s <sup>-</sup>	20,431,873	\$	20,151,128	\$	(280,745)
Total general property taxes	<b>.</b>	20,431,673	Φ	20,131,126	Φ_	(280,743)
Other local taxes:						
Local sales and use taxes	\$	11,200,000	\$	11,421,441	\$	221,441
Consumer utility taxes		1,883,000		1,878,219		(4,781)
Business license taxes		5,075,000		5,745,193		670,193
Franchise license taxes		265,000		304,159		39,159
Motor vehicle license taxes		500,000		502,226		2,226
Bank stock taxes		330,000		501,430		171,430
Taxes on recordation and wills		330,000		746,064		416,064
Tobacco taxes		1,005,000		882,623		(122,377)
Admission and amusement taxes		187,000		169,701		(17,299)
Hotel and motel room taxes		1,290,000		1,429,097		139,097
Restaurant food taxes		6,630,000		7,099,944		469,944
Public rights-of-way use fee		131,100		143,804		12,704
Total other local taxes	\$	28,826,100	\$	30,823,901	\$	1,997,801
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses:						
Animal licenses	\$	8,000	\$	6,189	\$	(1,811)
Permits and other licenses		344,050		496,960		152,910
Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses	\$	352,050	\$	503,149	\$	151,099
Fines and forfeitures:						
Circuit court fines	\$	577,000	\$	407,322	\$	(169,678)
Parking fines	Ψ	577,000	Ψ	16,930	Ψ	16,930
Drug forfeiture		_		93,437		93,437
Total fines and forfeitures	\$	577,000	\$	517,689	\$	(59,311)
					_	
Use of money and property:						
Use of money	\$	350,000	\$	888,903	\$	538,903
Use of property		6,300		1,097,500	_	1,091,200
Total use of money and property	\$	356,300	\$	1,986,403	\$_	1,630,103

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### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources		Final		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (continued)		Budget		Actual	_	(Negative)
General Fund: (continued)						
Charges for services:						
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control	\$	7,500	\$	7,886	\$	386
Charges for parking	Ψ	10,613	Ψ	16,005	Ψ	5,392
Charges for parks and recreation		769,700		787,786		18,086
Total charges for services	\$	787,813	<u> </u>	811,677	<b>\$</b>	23,864
Total charges for services	<b>.</b>	787,813	<b>"</b>	811,077	Ψ_	23,804
Miscellaneous:						
Payment from Harrisonburg Electric Commission	\$	4,400,000	\$	4,400,000	\$	-
Payments in lieu of taxes:						
Electric plant and equipment		304,200		304,200		-
Public housing		8,000		7,878		(122)
Others		12,000		10,294		(1,706)
Sale of land		-		39,584		39,584
Sale of used equipment		35,000		52,552		17,552
Donations - JMU & EMU		105,000		52,000		(53,000)
Donations		143,075		214,385		71,310
Other miscellaneous		6,200		39,900		33,700
Total miscellaneous	\$	5,013,475	\$	5,120,793	\$	107,318
Recovered costs:						
Recoveries and rebates	\$	136,028	\$	116,517	\$	(19,511)
Court appointed attorney		24,000		21,175		(2,825)
Insurance recoveries		8,995		23,667		14,672
Total recovered costs	\$	169,023	\$	161,359	\$	(7,664)
Intergovernmental:						
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Non-categorical aid:						
ABC profits	\$	24,000	\$	23,715	\$	(285)
Wine taxes		25,000		24,858		(142)
Railroad rolling stock taxes		11,300		10,590		(710)
Mobile home titling taxes		4,500		3,027		(1,473)
Tax on deeds (grantor tax)		115,000		120,867		5,867
Personal property tax reimbursement		1,469,000		1,517,392		48,392
State aid to localities, police		1,354,061		1,384,336		30,275
Auto rental taxes		170,000		154,472		(15,528)
Animal friendly license plate		770		770		-
Weed and seed funds		12,394		12,394		-
Total non-categorical aid	\$	3,186,025	\$	3,252,421	\$	66,396

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

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Fund Maior and Minor Davanua Saurea		Final		Actual		Variance Positive
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources Primary Government: (continued)		Budget		Actual		(Negative)
General Fund: (continued)						
Intergovernmental: (continued)						
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (continued)						
Categorical aid:						
Shared expenses:						
Commissioner of the revenue	\$	142,700	\$	143,765	\$	1,065
Treasurer	*	122,800	Ψ	122,648	Ψ	(152)
Medical examiner fees		350		450		100
Registrar		30,200		48,257		18,057
Total shared expenses	\$	296,050	\$	315,120	\$	19,070
Other categorical aid:						
Hazardous material grant	\$	12,500	\$	17,625	\$	5,125
Fire programs fund		94,917		94,917		- -
Two-for-life		20,625		21,625		1,000
Litter control grant		2,000		9,442		7,442
Department of forestry grant		-		4,650		4,650
Street and highway maintenance		3,053,309		3,156,364		103,055
Total other categorical aid	\$	3,183,351	\$	3,304,623	\$	121,272
Total categorical aid	\$	3,479,401	\$	3,619,743	\$_	140,342
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	6,665,426	\$	6,872,164	\$_	206,738
Revenue from the Federal Government:						
Categorical aid:						
Bulletproof vest partnership grant	\$	-	\$	10,352	\$	10,352
Police DMV grant		36,660		37,143		483
COPS technology grant		-		78,931		78,931
Homeland security grants		18,697		18,697		-
Gang prevention grant		103,762		-		(103,762)
Weed and seed funds		-		1,411		1,411
Justice assistance grant		-		19,842		19,842
Polling place accessibility grant		-		1,540		1,540
Urban forestry grant		4,960		4,960		-
Chesapeake bay watershed grant		-	_	1,500	_	1,500
Total revenue from the Federal Government	\$	164,079	\$	174,376	\$_	10,297
Total intergovernmental	\$	6,829,505	\$	7,046,540	\$_	217,035
Total General Fund	\$	63,343,139	\$	67,122,639	\$_	3,779,500

#### CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA

Schedule 1 Page 4

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Final				Variance Positive
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources		Budget		Actual	_	(Negative)
Primary Government: (continued)						
Special Revenue Funds:						
Emergency Communications Center Fund:						
Other local taxes:	Φ.	792 200	¢	((0.1((	¢.	(114 122)
Emergency telephone service taxes	\$	783,299	\$	669,166	<b>\$</b> _	(114,133)
Total other local taxes	\$	783,299	\$	669,166	<b>\$</b> _	(114,133)
Use of money and property:						
Use of money	\$	-	\$	942	\$	942
Total use of money and property	\$	-	\$	942	\$	942
Recovered costs:						
ECC payments from Rockingham County	\$	889,219	\$	894,870	\$	5,651
Total recovered costs	\$	889,219	\$	894,870	\$	5,651
Intergovernmental:						
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Categorical aid:						
Shared expenses:						
Dispatchers	\$	126,060	\$	134,400	\$	8,340
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	126,060	\$	134,400	\$_	8,340
Total intergovernmental	\$	126,060	\$	134,400	\$_	8,340
<b>Total Emergency Communications Center Fund</b>	\$	1,798,578	\$	1,699,378	\$_	(99,200)
Community Development Block Grant Fund:						
Intergovernmental:						
Revenue from the Federal Government:						
Non-categorical aid:	Φ.	0.42.002	Ф	202 710	Ф	(((1.1(1)
Community Development Block Grant	\$	943,882	\$	282,718	\$_	(661,164)
Total revenue from the Federal Government	\$	943,882	\$	282,718	\$	(661,164)
Total intergovernmental	\$	943,882	\$	282,718	\$_	(661,164)
<b>Total Community Development Block Grant Fund</b>	\$	943,882	\$	282,718	\$	(661,164)
<b>Total Special Revenue Funds</b>	\$	2,742,460	\$	1,982,096	\$_	(760,364)

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Fund Major and Minor Dayonna Courses		Final		Actual		Variance Positive
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources Primary Government: (continued)		Budget	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
Capital Projects Funds:						
General Capital Projects Fund:						
Use of money and property:						
Use of money	\$	_	\$	232,634	\$	232,634
Total use of money and property	\$	-	\$	232,634	\$	232,634
Recovered costs:						
Reimbursement for radio system from Rockingham County	\$	-	\$	145,140	\$	145,140
Reimbursement for ECC from Rockingham County		-		226,195		226,195
Total recovered costs	\$	-	\$	371,335	\$	371,335
Intergovernmental:						
Revenue from the Federal Government:						
Categorical aid:						
Interoperative grant	\$	-	\$	50,000	\$	50,000
Joint competitive grant		-	_	190,000	_	190,000
Total revenue from the Federal Government	\$	-	\$	240,000	\$_	240,000
Total intergovernmental	\$	_	\$	240,000	\$_	240,000
<b>Total General Capital Projects Fund</b>	\$	-	\$	843,969	\$_	843,969
School Bond Capital Projects Fund:						
Use of money and property:						
Use of money	\$	10,554	\$	8,003	\$	(2,551)
Total use of money and property	\$	10,554	\$	8,003	\$	(2,551)
<b>Total School Bond Capital Projects Fund</b>	\$_	10,554	\$	8,003	\$_	(2,551)
<b>Total Capital Projects Funds</b>	\$_	10,554	\$	851,972	\$_	841,418
Grand Total Revenues - Primary Government	\$	66,096,153	\$	69,956,707	\$_	3,860,554
Component Unit - School Board:						
School Fund:						
Use of money and property	\$	12,000	\$	18,452	\$	6,452
Charges for services		1,093,613		576,093		(517,520)
Miscellaneous		-		500		500
Recovered costs		52,645		115,269		62,624
Payment from primary government		21,111,808		21,111,808		-

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

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	Final			Variance Positive
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources	Budget	 Actual	_	(Negative)
Component Unit - School Board: (continued)				
School Fund: (continued)				
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Categorical aid:				
Share of state sales tax	\$ 3,597,815	\$ 3,522,406	\$	(75,409)
Basic school aid	8,389,661	8,513,563		123,902
State standard of quality funds	1,997,209	2,028,899		31,690
Fringe benefits	935,852	883,936		(51,916)
Lottery funds	535,192	533,729		(1,463)
At risk	310,448	318,734		8,286
Primary class size	336,485	342,402		5,917
Technology initiative	206,000	206,000		-
English as second language	704,705	661,242		(43,463)
School construction	145,171	144,860		(311)
Other state funds	669,882	596,929		(72,953)
Total categorical aid	\$ 17,828,420	\$ 17,752,700	\$	(75,720)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 17,828,420	\$ 17,752,700	\$_	(75,720)
Revenue from the Federal Government:				
Categorical aid:				
Title I	\$ 991,562	\$ 839,118	\$	(152,444)
Special education	912,046	979,997		67,951
Education technology	925,000	964,231		39,231
Reading first grant	409,200	366,361		(42,839)
Title III	199,009	248,091		49,082
ESEA - Title II Part A	207,559	158,422		(49,137)
Vocational education	92,264	92,066		(198)
JROTC funds	43,908	48,491		4,583
Other federal funds	99,714	123,717		24,003
Total categorical aid	\$ 3,880,262	\$ 3,820,494	\$	(59,768)
Total revenue from the Federal Government	\$ 3,880,262	\$ 3,820,494	\$_	(59,768)
Total intergovernmental	\$ 21,708,682	\$ 21,573,194	\$_	(135,488)
Total School Fund	\$ 43,978,748	\$ 43,395,316	\$	(583,432)

# CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Final				Variance Positive
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources	Budget		Actual	_	(Negative)
Component Unit - School Board: (continued)					
School Cafeteria Fund:					
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$	27,548	\$	27,548
Charges for services	696,459		517,463		(178,996)
Recovered costs	 		2,989	_	2,989
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 696,459	\$	548,000	\$_	(148,459)
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid:					
School food program	\$ 24,877	\$	26,808	\$	1,931
Total categorical aid	\$ 24,877	\$	26,808	\$	1,931
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 24,877	\$	26,808	\$_	1,931
Revenue from the Federal Government:					
Categorical aid:					
School food program	\$ 917,123	\$	1,013,712	\$	96,589
USDA donated food	 		87,928	_	87,928
Total categorical aid	\$ 917,123	\$	1,101,640	\$_	184,517
Total revenue from the Federal Government	\$ 917,123	\$	1,101,640	\$_	184,517
Total intergovernmental	\$ 942,000	\$	1,128,448	\$_	186,448
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$ 1,638,459	\$	1,676,448	\$_	37,989
School Capital Projects Fund:					
Use of money and property	\$ 5,034	\$	5,034	\$	-
Miscellaneous revenue	710,945		660,945		(50,000)
Payment from primary government	 510,942	_	510,942	_	
<b>Total School Capital Projects Fund</b>	\$ 1,226,921	\$	1,176,921	\$_	(50,000)
Grand Total Revenues					
Component Unit - School Board	\$ 46,844,128	\$	46,248,685	\$_	(595,443)

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements         Budget         Actual         (Negative)           Primary Government         Secretal Fund:         Secretal government administration:         Secretal government administration:         Secretal Fund:         Secretal Fund:         Secretal Fund:         Secretal Government administration:         Secretal Government administration:         Secretal Rull Fund:         Secretal Rull Fun			Final				Variance Positive
General Fund:           General government administration:           Legislative           City Council         \$ 185,131         \$ 184,813         \$ 318           Total legislative         \$ 185,131         \$ 184,813         \$ 318           General and financial administration:           City antoney         199,550         198,941         609           Human resources         201,576         200,013         1,669           Human resources         8,000         8,000         6,001           Independent auditor         8,000         8,000         6,001           Commissioner of the revenue         357,362         349,216         8,146           Assessors         228,262         196,547         31,156           Assessors         228,262         196,547         31,156           Finance         338,499         323,752         14,170           Treasurer         466,299         464,043         2,256           Finance         338,499         328,752         14,777           Purchasing agent         113,165         111,060         2,015           Dues to municipal league         2,8-5         2,8-1         2,02	Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Budget		Actual	_	(Negative)
Capability   Cap	•						
City Council   S   185,131   S   184,813   S   318     Total legislative   S   185,131   S   184,813   S   318     Total general and financial administration   S   200,013   1,636     Human resources   201,576   200,013   1,636     Human resources   201,576   200,013   1,636     Human resources   38,000   8,000   C     Commissioner of the revenue   357,362   349,216   8,146     Assessors   228,262   196,547   31,715     Equalization   1,150   C   1,50   1,150     Treasurer   466,299   464,043   2,256     Finance   338,469   323,752   14,717     Information technology   300,259   286,162   14,097     Purchasing agent   111,155   111,060   2,105     Purchasing agent   111,155   111,060   2,105     Purchasing agent   111,155   111,060   2,105     Purchasing agent   28,561   28,195   366     Reserve for contingencies   3,003,916   3,257,245   5   17,986     Total general government administration   3,003,916   3,290,284   5   17,986     Total paneral government administration   3,003,916   3,290,284   5   1,975,668   5   1,915     Finance   3,0							
City Council         \$ 185,131         \$ 184,813         \$ 318           Total legislative         \$ 185,131         \$ 184,813         \$ 318           General and financial administration:         \$ 185,131         \$ 184,813         \$ 318           City attorney         199,550         198,941         609           Human resources         201,576         200,013         1,63           Independent auditor         8,000         8,000         -           Commissioner of the revenue         357,362         349,216         8,146           Assessors         228,262         196,547         31,715           Equalization         1,150         -         1,150           Treasurer         466,299         464,043         2,255           Finance         338,469         323,752         14,717           Information technology         300,259         286,162         14,097           Purchasing agent         113,165         28,195         366           Reserve for contingencies         -         -         -         -           Total general and financial administration         \$ 2,055,219         \$ 2,572,454         \$ 2,786           Board of elections:         \$ 163,566         \$ 145,580	•						
Total legislative         \$ 185,131         \$ 184,813         \$ 318           General and financial administration:         City manager         \$ 412,566         \$ 406,525         \$ 6,041           City attorney         199,550         198,941         609           Human resources         201,576         200,013         1,663           Independent auditor         8,000         8,000         8,000         -           Commissioner of the revenue         357,362         349,216         8,146           Assessors         228,262         196,547         31,715           Equalization         1,150         -         1,150           Treasurer         466,299         464,043         2,256           Finance         338,469         323,752         14,717           Information technology         300,259         286,162         14,097           Purchasing agent         113,165         111,060         2,105           Dues to municipal league         28,561         28,193         366           Reserve for contingencies         -         -         -         -           Total general and financial administration         \$ 163,566         \$ 145,580         \$ 17,986           Total pail and judicial a	-	¢.	105 121	¢.	104.012	¢.	210
City manager	•			· · —		_	
City manager         \$ 412,566         \$ 406,525         \$ 6,041           City attorney         199,550         198,941         609           Human resources         201,576         200,013         1,563           Independent auditor         8,000         8,000         -           Commissioner of the revenue         357,326         349,216         8,146           Assessors         228,262         196,347         31,715           Equalization         1,150         -         1,150           Treasurer         466,299         464,043         2,256           Finance         338,469         323,752         14,717           Information technology         300,259         286,162         14,097           Purchasing agent         113,165         111,060         2,105           Dues to municipal league         28,561         28,195         366           Reserve for contingencies         -         -         -         -           Total general and financial administration         \$ 2,655,219         \$ 2,572,454         \$ 82,765           Board of elections:         \$ 163,566         \$ 145,580         \$ 17,986           Total general government administration:         \$ 3,003,916         \$ 2,902	i otai legisiative	\$	185,131	<b>5</b>	184,813	\$_	318
City attorney         199,550         198,941         609           Human resources         201,576         200,013         1,563           Independent auditor         8,000         8,000         -           Commissioner of the revenue         357,362         349,216         8,146           Assessors         228,262         196,547         31,715           Equalization         1,150         -         1,150           Treasurer         466,299         464,043         2,256           Finance         338,469         323,752         14,717           Information technology         300,259         286,162         14,097           Purchasing agent         113,165         111,060         2,105           Dues to municipal league         28,561         28,195         366           Reserve for contingencies         -         -         -         -           Total general and financial administration         \$ 2,655,219         \$ 2,572,454         \$ 82,765           Board of elections:         2         \$ 145,580         \$ 17,986           Total poard of elections         \$ 163,566         \$ 145,580         \$ 17,986           Total general government administration:         \$ 3,003,916         \$	General and financial administration:						
Human resources	City manager	\$	412,566	\$	406,525	\$	6,041
Independent auditor	City attorney		199,550		198,941		609
Commissioner of the revenue         357,362         349,216         8,146           Assessors         228,262         196,547         31,715           Equalization         1,150         -         1,150           Treasurer         466,299         464,043         2,256           Finance         338,469         323,752         14,717           Information technology         300,259         286,162         14,097           Purchasing agent         113,165         111,060         2,105           Dues to municipal league         28,561         28,195         366           Reserve for contingencies         -         -         -         -           Total general and financial administration         \$ 2,655,219         \$ 2,572,454         \$ 82,765           Board of elections:         - <td>Human resources</td> <td></td> <td>201,576</td> <td></td> <td>200,013</td> <td></td> <td>1,563</td>	Human resources		201,576		200,013		1,563
Assessors         228,262         196,547         31,715           Equalization         1,150         -         1,150           Treasurer         466,299         464,043         2,256           Finance         338,469         323,752         14,717           Information technology         300,259         286,162         14,097           Purchasing agent         113,165         111,060         2,105           Dues to municipal league         28,561         28,195         366           Reserve for contingencies         -         -         -         -           Total general and financial administration         \$ 2,655,219         \$ 2,572,454         \$ 82,765           Board of elections:         *         *         *         * 2,722,454         \$ 82,765           Total general government administration         * 163,566         * 145,580         * 17,986           Total board of elections         * 3,003,916         * 2,902,847         * 101,069           Jail and judicial administration:         * 2,027,583         * 1,975,668         * 51,915           Total jail and judicial administration         * 2,027,583         * 1,975,668         * 51,915           Public safety:           Law enforcement and traffic	Independent auditor		8,000		8,000		-
Equalization         1,150         -         1,150           Treasurer         466,299         464,043         2,256           Finance         338,469         323,752         14,717           Information technology         300,259         286,162         14,097           Purchasing agent         113,165         111,060         2,105           Dues to municipal league         28,561         28,195         366           Reserve for contingencies         -         -         -         -           Total general and financial administration         \$ 2,655,219         \$ 2,572,454         \$ 82,765           Board of elections:         Total board of elections         \$ 163,566         \$ 145,580         \$ 17,986           Total peneral government administration         \$ 3,003,916         \$ 2,902,847         \$ 101,069           Jail and judicial administration:           July and judicial administration:           July and judicial administration         \$ 2,027,583         \$ 1,975,668         \$ 51,915           Public safety:           Law enforcement and traffic control:         * 381,209         \$ 11,320           Administration         \$ 392,529         \$ 381,209         \$ 11,320	Commissioner of the revenue		357,362		349,216		8,146
Treasurer         466,299         464,043         2,256           Finance         338,469         323,752         14,717           Information technology         300,259         286,162         14,097           Purchasing agent         113,165         111,060         2,105           Dues to municipal league         28,561         28,195         366           Reserve for contingencies         -         -         -         -           Total general and financial administration         \$ 2,655,219         \$ 2,572,454         \$ 82,765           Board of elections:         ***	Assessors		228,262		196,547		31,715
Finance         338,469         323,752         14,717           Information technology         300,259         286,162         14,097           Purchasing agent         113,165         111,060         2,105           Dues to municipal league         28,561         28,195         366           Reserve for contingencies         -         -         -           Total general and financial administration         \$ 2,655,219         \$ 2,572,454         \$ 82,765           Board of elections:         ***         ***         ***         ***         ***         -	Equalization		1,150		-		1,150
Information technology         300,259         286,162         14,097           Purchasing agent         113,165         111,060         2,105           Dues to municipal league         28,561         28,195         366           Reserve for contingencies         -	Treasurer		466,299		464,043		2,256
Purchasing agent         113,165         111,060         2,105           Dues to municipal league         28,561         28,195         366           Reserve for contingencies         -	Finance		338,469		323,752		14,717
Dues to municipal league         28,561         28,195         366           Reserve for contingencies         -         -         -           Total general and financial administration         \$ 2,655,219         \$ 2,572,454         \$ 82,765           Board of elections:         \$ 163,566         \$ 145,580         \$ 17,986           Total board of elections         \$ 163,566         \$ 145,580         \$ 17,986           Total general government administration         \$ 3,003,916         \$ 2,902,847         \$ 101,069           Jail and judicial administration:           Joint expenditures with Rockingham County         \$ 2,027,583         \$ 1,975,668         \$ 51,915           Public safety:           Law enforcement and traffic control:           Administration         \$ 392,529         \$ 381,209         \$ 11,320           Operations         3,534,927         3,525,243         9,684           Criminal investigations         759,979         750,173         9,806           Support services         1,511,132         1,418,755         92,377           Gang task force         111,608         104,063         7,545	Information technology		300,259		286,162		14,097
Reserve for contingencies         - <td>Purchasing agent</td> <td></td> <td>113,165</td> <td></td> <td>111,060</td> <td></td> <td>2,105</td>	Purchasing agent		113,165		111,060		2,105
Total general and financial administration         \$ 2,655,219         \$ 2,572,454         \$ 82,765           Board of elections:         Registrar         \$ 163,566         \$ 145,580         \$ 17,986           Total board of elections         \$ 163,566         \$ 145,580         \$ 17,986           Total general government administration         \$ 3,003,916         \$ 2,902,847         \$ 101,069           Jail and judicial administration:         Joint expenditures with Rockingham County         \$ 2,027,583         \$ 1,975,668         \$ 51,915           Total jail and judicial administration         \$ 2,027,583         \$ 1,975,668         \$ 51,915           Public safety:           Law enforcement and traffic control:         Administration         \$ 392,529         \$ 381,209         \$ 11,320           Operations         3,534,927         3,525,243         9,684           Criminal investigations         759,979         750,173         9,806           Support services         1,511,132         1,418,755         92,377           Gang task force         111,608         104,063         7,545     <	Dues to municipal league		28,561		28,195		366
Board of elections:   Registrar	Reserve for contingencies		-		-		-
Registrar         \$ 163,566         \$ 145,580         \$ 17,986           Total board of elections         \$ 163,566         \$ 145,580         \$ 17,986           Total general government administration         \$ 3,003,916         \$ 2,902,847         \$ 101,069           Jail and judicial administration:         Joint expenditures with Rockingham County         \$ 2,027,583         \$ 1,975,668         \$ 51,915           Total jail and judicial administration         \$ 2,027,583         \$ 1,975,668         \$ 51,915           Public safety:         Law enforcement and traffic control:           Administration         \$ 392,529         \$ 381,209         \$ 11,320           Operations         3,534,927         3,525,243         9,684           Criminal investigations         759,979         750,173         9,806           Support services         1,511,132         1,418,755         92,377           Gang task force         111,608         104,063         7,545	Total general and financial administration	\$	2,655,219	\$	2,572,454	\$	82,765
Total board of elections         \$ 163,566         \$ 145,580         \$ 17,986           Total general government administration         \$ 3,003,916         \$ 2,902,847         \$ 101,069           Jail and judicial administration:         Joint expenditures with Rockingham County         \$ 2,027,583         \$ 1,975,668         \$ 51,915           Total jail and judicial administration         \$ 2,027,583         \$ 1,975,668         \$ 51,915           Public safety:         Law enforcement and traffic control:           Administration         \$ 392,529         \$ 381,209         \$ 11,320           Operations         3,534,927         3,525,243         9,684           Criminal investigations         759,979         750,173         9,806           Support services         1,511,132         1,418,755         92,377           Gang task force         111,608         104,063         7,545	Board of elections:						
Total general government administration         \$ 3,003,916         \$ 2,902,847         \$ 101,069           Jail and judicial administration:         \$ 2,027,583         \$ 1,975,668         \$ 51,915           Total jail and judicial administration         \$ 2,027,583         \$ 1,975,668         \$ 51,915           Public safety:         Law enforcement and traffic control:         \$ 392,529         \$ 381,209         \$ 11,320           Operations         3,534,927         3,525,243         9,684           Criminal investigations         759,979         750,173         9,806           Support services         1,511,132         1,418,755         92,377           Gang task force         111,608         104,063         7,545	Registrar	\$	163,566	\$	145,580	\$	17,986
Jail and judicial administration:         Joint expenditures with Rockingham County       \$ 2,027,583       \$ 1,975,668       \$ 51,915         Total jail and judicial administration       \$ 2,027,583       \$ 1,975,668       \$ 51,915         Public safety:         Law enforcement and traffic control:	Total board of elections	\$	163,566	\$	145,580	\$	17,986
Joint expenditures with Rockingham County       \$ 2,027,583       \$ 1,975,668       \$ 51,915         Total jail and judicial administration       \$ 2,027,583       \$ 1,975,668       \$ 51,915         Public safety:         Law enforcement and traffic control:         Administration       \$ 392,529       \$ 381,209       \$ 11,320         Operations       3,534,927       3,525,243       9,684         Criminal investigations       759,979       750,173       9,806         Support services       1,511,132       1,418,755       92,377         Gang task force       111,608       104,063       7,545	Total general government administration	\$	3,003,916	\$	2,902,847	\$_	101,069
Total jail and judicial administration         \$ 2,027,583         \$ 1,975,668         \$ 51,915           Public safety:         Law enforcement and traffic control:         Administration         \$ 392,529         \$ 381,209         \$ 11,320           Operations         3,534,927         3,525,243         9,684           Criminal investigations         759,979         750,173         9,806           Support services         1,511,132         1,418,755         92,377           Gang task force         111,608         104,063         7,545	Jail and judicial administration:						
Public safety:         Law enforcement and traffic control:       Administration       \$ 392,529       \$ 381,209       \$ 11,320         Operations       3,534,927       3,525,243       9,684         Criminal investigations       759,979       750,173       9,806         Support services       1,511,132       1,418,755       92,377         Gang task force       111,608       104,063       7,545	Joint expenditures with Rockingham County	\$	2,027,583	\$	1,975,668	\$	51,915
Law enforcement and traffic control:       \$ 392,529 \$ 381,209 \$ 11,320         Administration       \$ 392,529 \$ 381,209 \$ 11,320         Operations       3,534,927 3,525,243 9,684         Criminal investigations       759,979 750,173 9,806         Support services       1,511,132 1,418,755 92,377         Gang task force       111,608 104,063 7,545	Total jail and judicial administration	\$	2,027,583	\$	1,975,668	\$_	51,915
Administration       \$ 392,529       \$ 381,209       \$ 11,320         Operations       3,534,927       3,525,243       9,684         Criminal investigations       759,979       750,173       9,806         Support services       1,511,132       1,418,755       92,377         Gang task force       111,608       104,063       7,545	Public safety:						
Operations       3,534,927       3,525,243       9,684         Criminal investigations       759,979       750,173       9,806         Support services       1,511,132       1,418,755       92,377         Gang task force       111,608       104,063       7,545	Law enforcement and traffic control:						
Criminal investigations       759,979       750,173       9,806         Support services       1,511,132       1,418,755       92,377         Gang task force       111,608       104,063       7,545	Administration	\$	392,529	\$	381,209	\$	11,320
Support services       1,511,132       1,418,755       92,377         Gang task force       111,608       104,063       7,545	Operations		3,534,927		3,525,243		9,684
Support services       1,511,132       1,418,755       92,377         Gang task force       111,608       104,063       7,545	•						
Gang task force 111,608 104,063 7,545	Support services						
	* *						
		\$	6,310,175	\$	6,179,443	\$	130,732

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#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Final				Variance Positive
Fund, Function, Activity and Elements Primary Government: (continued)		Budget	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
General Fund: (continued)						
Public safety: (continued)						
Fire and rescue services:						
Administration	\$	312,487	\$	310,823	\$	1,664
Suppression	Ψ	4,557,602	Ψ	4,420,534	Ψ	137,068
Prevention		276,024		275,171		853
Training		174,760		174,743		17
Public safety building  Total fire and rescue services	<u> </u>	292,447 5,613,320	_	317,469 5,498,740	<b>\$</b>	(25,022) 114,580
Total life and rescue services	<u> э</u> —	3,013,320	\$	3,498,740	Ъ_	114,380
Correction and detention:						
City operated institutions	\$	86,000	\$	61,472	\$	24,528
Total correction and detention	\$	86,000	\$	61,472	\$	24,528
Inspections:						
Building	\$	576,628	\$	569,599	\$	7,029
Total inspections	\$	576,628	\$	569,599	\$	7,029
Other protection:						
Animal control	\$	118,975	\$	115,118	\$	3,857
Coroner		1,000		750		250
Emergency services		89,278		58,551		30,727
Total other protection	\$	209,253	\$	174,419	\$	34,834
Total public safety	\$	12,795,376	\$	12,483,673	\$_	311,703
Public works:						
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:						
General engineering	\$	784,434	\$	753,137	\$	31,297
Highway and street maintenance		4,034,772		3,702,145		332,627
Street lights		472,654		473,759		(1,105)
Snow and ice removal		170,577		170,960		(383)
Traffic engineering		1,048,519		856,634		191,885
Highway and street beautification		337,230		319,865		17,365
Total maintenance of highways,						
streets, bridges and sidewalks	\$	6,848,186	\$	6,276,500	\$	571,686
Sanitation and waste removal:						
Street and road cleaning	\$	268,104	\$	267,578	\$	526
Insect and rodent control		8,292		4,918		3,374
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	276,396	\$	272,496	\$	3,900

# CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Final				Variance Positive
Fund, Function, Activity and Elements	_	Budget	-	Actual	_	(Negative)
Primary Government: (continued)						
General Fund: (continued)						
Public works: (continued)  Maintanana of ganged buildings and grounds:						
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:	\$	4 501 704	¢	1 610 211	¢	(116 610)
General properties  Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$ <u></u>	4,501,704	\$	4,618,314	<u>\$</u> _	(116,610)
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	<b>3</b>	4,501,704	\$ <u></u>	4,018,314	\$_	(116,610)
Total public works	\$	11,626,286	\$	11,167,310	\$_	458,976
Health and welfare:						
Health:						
Local health department	\$	321,156	\$	320,312	\$	844
Total health	\$	321,156	\$	320,312	\$	844
Mental health and mental retardation:						
Community services board	\$	206,470	\$	206,470	\$	_
Total mental health and mental retardation	\$	206,470	\$	206,470	\$	-
Welfare/social services:						
Tax relief for the elderly	\$	31,460	\$	31,453	\$	7
Social services - Joint expenditures with Rockingham County	•	1,991,284	•	1,991,283	-	1
Total welfare/social services	\$	2,022,744	\$	2,022,736	\$	8
Total health and welfare	\$	2,550,370	\$	2,549,518	\$	852
Education:						
Payment to School Board	\$	21,622,750	\$	21,622,750	\$_	
Total education	\$	21,622,750	\$	21,622,750	\$_	
Parks, recreation and culture:						
Parks and recreation:						
Administration	\$	935,746	\$	832,362	\$	103,384
Parks		831,303		816,216		15,087
Recreation centers and playgrounds		621,185		613,707		7,478
National guard armory		91,371		90,935		436
Simms recreation center		172,065		213,097		(41,032)
Westover pool		662,802		651,447		11,355
Athletics		441,607		368,415		73,192
Blacks run greenway		53,220		41,431		11,789
Golf course grounds management		601,558		550,969		50,589
Golf course clubhouse management		345,893		310,326		35,567
Total parks and recreation	\$	4,756,750	\$	4,488,905	\$	267,845
Total parks, recreation and culture	\$	4,756,750	\$	4,488,905	\$_	267,845

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## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Variance **Final Positive** Fund, Function, Activity and Elements Budget Actual (Negative) **Primary Government: (continued)** General Fund: (continued) Planning and community development: Planning: \$ 176,610 \$ 152,379 \$ 24,231 Planning Zoning administrator 156,527 149,109 7,418 Zoning and board of zoning appeals 6,520 3,834 2,686 Economic development 929,734 909,517 20,217 Downtown renaissance 58,199 58,198 Tourism and visitors services 176,388 173,944 2,444 Downtown parking services 50,551 51,880 (1,329)Total planning 1,554,529 1,498,861 55,668 Community development: \$ \$ Convention and Visitors Bureau \$ 49,625 49,625 Chamber of Commerce (American Legion Parade) 3,000 3,000 Massanutten Regional Library 367,003 367,003 Salvation Army 15,000 15,000 Rescue Squad - Gas and oil 20,000 20,000 Upper Valley Regional Park Authority 17,250 15,000 2.250 Regional Juvenile Detention Home 287,844 287,844 Shenandoah Valley Soil and Water Conservation 4,000 4,000 Blue Ridge Community College 5,000 5,000 Blue Ridge Community College - Site improvement 41,484 41,484 First Night 5,000 5,000 Woodbine Cemetery 1,500 1,500 Boys and Girls Club 45,000 45,000 Central Shenandoah Valley Planning District 13,747 13,747 Valley Program for Aging 25,000 25,000 Blue Ridge Legal Services 10,077 10,077 Shenandoah Valley Airport 67,923 67,923 Community Mediation Center 2,000 2,000 Cats Cradle 385 385 Harrisonburg Little League Association 6,000 6,000 21,000 21,000 First Step, Inc. Free Clinic - Operating 10.000 10,000 Free Clinic - Capital 250,000 250,000 Downtown Renaissance 21,801 21,801 48,942 Arts Council of the Valley 48,942 Roberta Webb Child Day Care Center 12,000 12,000 2,000 Quilt Museum 2,000

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOAR SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Final		A . 4 1		Variance Positive
Fund, Function, Activity and Elements Primary Government: (continued)		Budget	_	Actual		(Negative)
General Fund: (continued)						
Planning and community development: (continued)						
Community development: (continued)						
Jamestown 2000 Committee		7,000		7,000		
Harrisonburg Children's Museum		67,667		*		-
· ·				67,667		- ( (02
Other non-departmental	ф	6,693	_	1 424 000	_	6,693
Total community development	\$	1,433,941	\$	1,424,998	<b>\$</b> _	8,943
Total planning and community development	\$	2,988,470	\$	2,923,859	\$	64,611
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	\$	4,202,660	\$	4,202,660	\$	-
Interest and fiscal charges		4,256,122		4,255,457		665
Total debt service	\$	8,458,782	\$	8,458,117	\$	665
Total General Fund	\$	69,830,283	\$	68,572,647	\$_	1,257,636
Special Revenue Funds: Emergency Communications Center Fund: Public safety: Other protection:						
•	¢	269 522	¢	154 251	¢	114 102
Emergency operations center	\$	268,533	\$	154,351	\$	114,182
E-911 system	ф	1,747,965	_	1,628,158	_	119,807
Total other protection	\$	2,016,498	\$	1,782,509	\$	233,989
Total public safety	\$	2,016,498	\$	1,782,509	\$	233,989
<b>Total Emergency Communications Center Fund</b>	\$	2,016,498	\$	1,782,509	\$_	233,989
Community Development Block Grant Fund: Planning and community development: Community development:						
Community development block grant	\$	841,933	\$	282,718	\$	559,215
Total community development	\$	841,933	\$	282,718	\$	559,215
Total planning and community development	\$	841,933	\$	282,718	\$_	559,215
<b>Total Community Development Block Grant Fund</b>	\$	841,933	\$	282,718	\$	559,215
<b>Total Special Revenue Funds</b>	\$	2,858,431	\$	2,065,227	\$_	793,204

# CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (continued)					_	( ''g''' )
Capital Projects Funds:						
General Capital Projects Fund:						
Capital projects	\$	18,478,745	\$	4,328,204	\$_	14,150,541
<b>Total General Capital Projects Fund</b>	\$	18,478,745	\$	4,328,204	\$_	14,150,541
School Bond Capital Projects Fund:						
Capital projects	\$	2,416,055	\$	2,416,055	\$	
Capitai projects	<b>»</b> —	2,410,033	<u> </u>	2,410,033	Φ_	
<b>Total School Bond Capital Projects Fund</b>	\$	2,416,055	\$	2,416,055	\$_	-
<b>Total Capital Projects Funds</b>	\$	20,894,800	\$	6,744,259	\$_	14,150,541
Grand Total Expenditures - Primary Government	\$	93,583,514	\$	77,382,133	\$_	16,201,381
Component Unit - School Board: School Fund: Education:						
Instruction	\$	33,883,434	\$	33,417,441	\$	465,993
Administration, attendance and health	Ψ	2,116,008	Ψ	2,048,424	Ψ	67,584
Pupil transportation		1,417,939		1,353,359		64,580
Operations and maintenance		4,015,629		3,821,498		194,131
Technology		2,606,383		2,599,828		6,555
Facilities		2,000		-	_	2,000
Total education	\$	44,041,393	\$	43,240,550	\$_	800,843
Total School Fund	\$	44,041,393	\$	43,240,550	\$_	800,843
School Cafeteria Fund:						
Education: Food services	\$	1,671,814	\$	1,512,490	\$	159,324
Food services	<b>»</b>	1,0/1,814	<b>»</b> —	1,312,490	<b>»</b> –	139,324
Total education	\$	1,671,814	\$	1,512,490	\$_	159,324
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	1,671,814	\$	1,512,490	\$_	159,324
School Capital Projects Fund:						
Capital projects	\$	1,289,683	\$	644,606	\$	645,077
Capital projects	Ψ	1,209,003	Ψ	074,000	Φ_	0+3,077
<b>Total School Capital Projects Fund</b>	\$	1,289,683	\$	644,606	\$_	645,077
Grand Total Expenditures Component Unit - School Board	\$	47,002,890	\$	45,397,646	\$_	1,605,244

### STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, notes disclosures and other supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

**Financial Trends.** Tables 1 through 4 contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

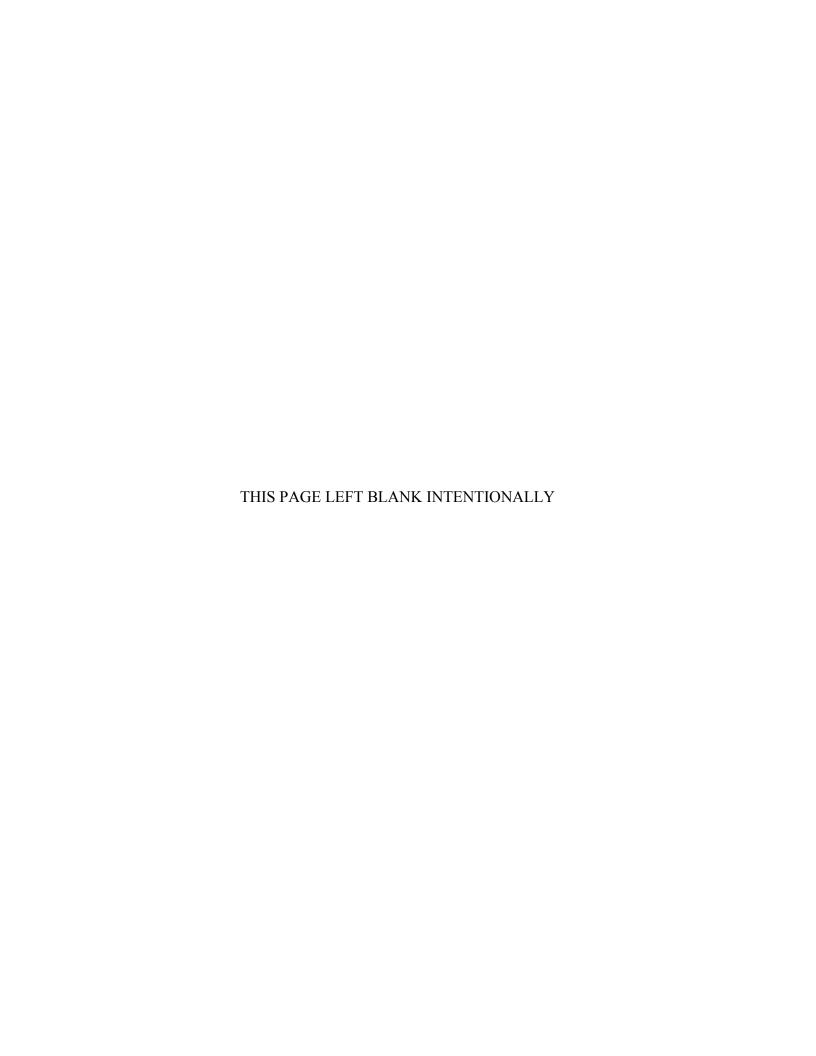
**Revenue Capacity.** Tables 5 through 8 present information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate property tax revenue which is the City's most significant local revenue source.

**Debt Capacity.** Tables 9 through 11 present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

**Demographic and Economic Information.** Tables 12 and 13 offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time with other governments.

**Operating Information.** Tables 14 through 16 contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financials reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2003, but developed comparative financial information for 2002 that was used in preparing management's discussion and analysis in the year of implementation. Tables presenting government-wide information (Tables 1 and 2) include information beginning with the 2002 comparative financial information.



## CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT

**Last Five Fiscal Years** 

(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year										
	_	2006		2005		2004		2003		2002	
Governmental activities											
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	135,387,466	\$	120,778,336	\$	118,163,476	\$	117,314,943	\$	116,289,421	
Restricted <sup>a</sup>		1,304,291		1,119,024		766,544		905,353		621,915	
Unrestricted		21,475,583		24,189,060		23,043,566		20,551,664		20,782,494	
Total governmental activities net assets	\$	158,167,340	\$	146,086,420	\$	141,973,586	\$	138,771,960	\$	137,693,830	
Business-type activities											
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	52,109,133	\$	52,218,830	\$	51,856,222	\$	53,504,910	\$	58,284,025	
Restricted <sup>a</sup>		-		-		444,437		452,716		471,168	
Unrestricted		22,875,516		21,221,100		20,763,869		16,986,219		15,319,553	
Total business-type activities net assets	\$	74,984,649	\$	73,439,930	\$	73,064,528	\$	70,943,845	\$	74,074,746	
Primary government											
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	187,496,599	\$	172,997,166	\$	170,019,698	\$	170,819,853	\$	174,573,446	
Restricted		1,304,291		1,119,024		1,210,981		1,358,069		1,093,083	
Unrestricted		44,351,099		45,410,160		43,807,435		37,537,883		36,102,047	
Total primary government net assets	\$	233,151,989	\$	219,526,350	\$	215,038,114	\$	209,715,805	\$	211,768,576	

**Notes:** The City implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2003. Information for 2002 is comparative financials that was used in preparing management's discussion and analysis in 2003. Ultimately, this table will contain ten years of information.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>For 2005, the increase in governmental activities and the decrease in business-type activities' restricted net assets was due to a reporting change for the operations of the golf course. Prior to 2005, the golf course was reported as a business-type activity.

#### CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Last Five Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
	-	2006		2005		2004		2003		2002
P										
Expenses:										
Governmental activities:				0 (50 500			_		_	
General government administration	\$	9,494,062	\$	8,659,789	\$	8,095,033	\$	7,285,396	\$	6,374,698
Jail and judicial administration		2,247,160		1,720,208		1,411,339		1,463,027		1,658,125
Public safety		14,598,247		13,385,735		12,308,346		10,483,000		9,755,527
Public works		10,280,042		8,932,355		9,570,485		8,654,789		9,090,230
Health and welfare		2,571,383		2,318,720		2,157,251		1,939,214		1,529,544
Education		24,630,393		21,784,772		20,351,713		21,325,763		20,508,326
Parks, recreation and cultural		4,458,904		2,781,327		2,636,326		2,551,774		2,328,603
Planning and community development		2,970,408		2,426,890		1,526,341		1,368,001		1,236,155
Interest on long-term debt		4,368,265		3,869,356		3,898,786		4,042,808		3,234,219
Business-type activities:										
Water		4,034,616		3,805,703		3,362,062		3,506,917		3,052,628
Sewer		5,075,967		4,872,836		4,870,754		4,457,413		4,237,627
Public transportation		5,070,888		4,635,925		4,162,232		3,882,258		3,381,260
Sanitation <sup>a,b,c</sup>		10,446,049		8,764,331		5,795,311		9,620,247		5,308,102
Public parking		175,050		209,084		208,202		200,964		188,878
Golf course		-		1,416,361		1,338,559		1,430,431		416,016
Total expenses	\$	100,421,434	\$	89,583,392	\$	81,692,740	\$	82,212,002	\$	72,299,938
Program revenues:										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government administration	\$	6,845,784	\$	6,591,292	\$	6,408,739	\$	5,136,588	\$	3,618,948
Jail and judicial administration		517,689		604,029		563,954		400,247		362,860
Parks, recreation and cultural		787,786		278,415		235,998		232,074		246,327
Other activities		548,215		441,843		109,456		427,509		278,135
Operating grants and contributions		5,182,303		4,920,227		4,517,758		3,826,403		3,533,820
Capital grants and contributions		71,267		622,947		115,122		505,800		95,013
Business-type activities:		71,207		022,747		113,122		303,000		75,015
Charges for services:										
Water		5,263,336		4,802,169		4,690,818		4,558,073		4,509,192
Sewer										5,094,093
		5,148,993		4,916,716 2,236,842		4,744,819		4,741,882		
Public transportation		2,467,922				2,139,596		1,951,396		1,906,474
Sanitation Other activities		7,483,560		6,544,948		5,289,201		4,466,694		3,921,321
Other activities		178,530		752,842		717,992		664,239		395,689
Operating grants and contributions		1,198,685		966,231		912,114		910,460		840,845
Capital grants and contributions	_	2,571,747		1,824,444		1,041,271	φ.	675,965		1,576,411
Total program revenues	\$_	38,265,817	\$	35,502,945	\$	31,486,838	\$	28,497,330	\$	26,379,128

(continued)

#### CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

**Last Five Fiscal Years** 

(accrual basis of accounting)

	_					Fiscal Year				
	_	2006		2005		2004		2003		2002
Net (expense) revenue:	_						_		_	
Governmental activities	\$	(61,665,820)		(52,420,399)	\$	(50,004,593)	\$	(48,585,151)	\$	(47,580,324)
Business-type activities	_	(489,797)		(1,660,048)		(201,309)		(5,129,521)		1,659,514
Total net (expense) revenue	\$_	(62,155,617)	\$	(54,080,447)	\$	(50,205,902)	\$	(53,714,672)	\$	(45,920,810)
General revenues and other changes in net as	ssets:									
Governmental activities:										
General revenues:										
Property taxes	\$	20,248,223	\$	18,235,771	\$	18,120,703	\$	17,387,139	\$	17,838,430
Sales and use taxes		11,421,441		10,739,589		9,747,138		8,629,363		8,344,866
Restaurant food taxes <sup>d</sup>		7,091,567		6,723,886		6,351,607		4,882,551		4,609,629
Business license taxes		5,728,339		5,306,290		5,013,674		4,771,569		4,286,104
Other local taxes <sup>e</sup>		7,201,363		6,503,792		6,468,977		4,862,829		5,026,104
Unrestricted grants and contributions		3,216,835		3,014,121		3,086,923		3,221,206		2,765,133
Investment revenue		1,363,309		752,552		568,770		939,030		1,218,831
Other revenue		6,272,657		4,979,680		4,862,402		5,366,000		4,253,952
Gain on sale of capital asset		- ·		535,732		-		-		-
Special item		11,005,846		- -		-		-		1,124,500
Transfers		197,160		(258,180)		(1,013,975)		(396,406)		(2,201,350)
Business-type activities:										, , ,
General revenues:										
Investment revenue		1,082,397		609,291		376,714		993,067		595,581
Other revenue		1,149,279		1,167,979		931,303		609,147		752,163
Transfers		(197,160)		258,180		1,013,975		396,406		2,201,350
Total general revenues and other	_			•					-	
changes in net assets	\$_	75,781,256	\$	58,568,683	\$	55,528,211	\$	51,661,901	\$	50,815,293
Change in net assets:										
Governmental activities	\$	12,080,920	\$	4,112,834	\$	3,201,626	\$	1,078,130	\$	(314,125)
Business-type activities	ψ	1,544,719	Ψ	375,402	Ψ	2,120,683	Ψ	(3,130,901)	Ψ	5,208,608
Total change in net assets	\$	13,625,639	\$	4,488,236	\$	5,322,309	\$	(2,052,771)	\$	4,894,483
Total change in not assets	Ψ=	13,023,039	Ψ	7,700,230	Ψ	3,344,309	Ψ	(2,032,771)	Ψ	7,077,703

**Notes:** The City implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2003. Information for 2002 is comparative financials that was used in preparing management's discussion and analysis in 2003. Ultimately, this table will contain ten years of information. Any significant increases or decreases for 2006 are explained in Management's Discussion and Analysis.

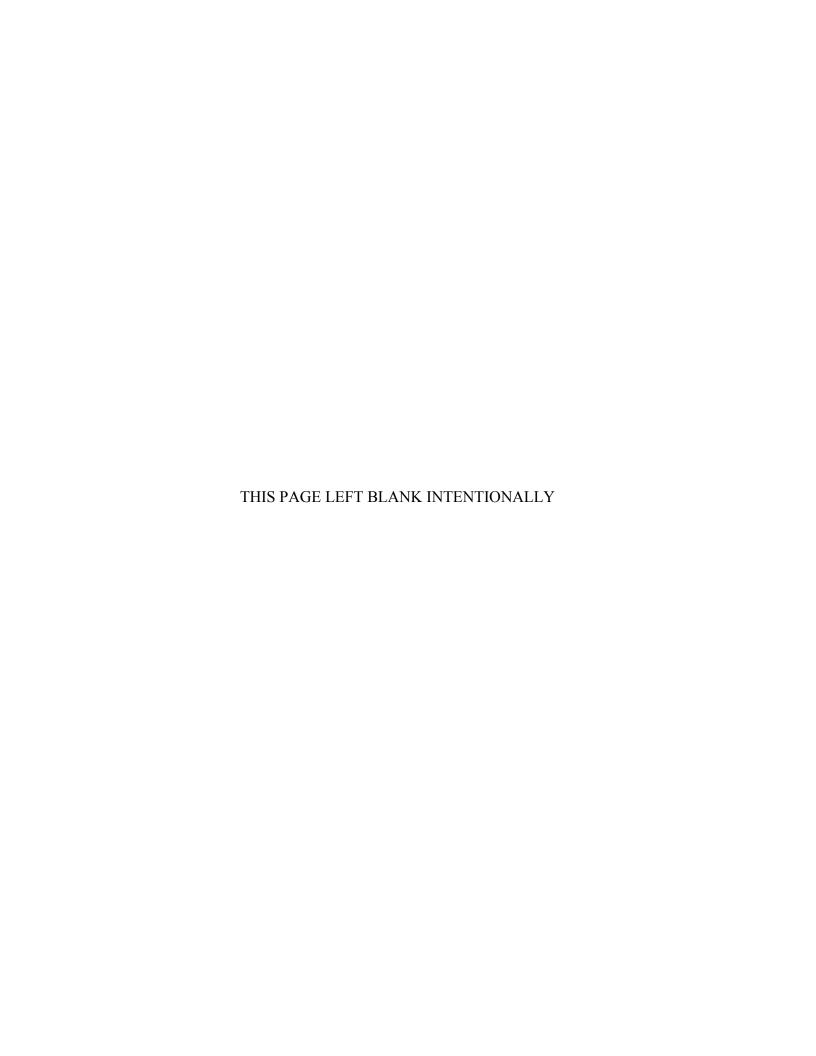
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>For 2005, the increase in sanitation activity expenses reflected a full year of depreciation on the rebuilt steam plant and an increase in interest expense.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>For 2004, the decrease in sanitation activity expenses reflected a change in the method the City used to estimate its landfill closure liability. This change was treated as a change in accounting estimate and reported in expenses.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>For 2003, the increase in sanitation activity expenses reflected an increased usage of Rockingham County's landfill during the rebuild of the steam plant. The City also recognized a \$2.9 million capital asset write down after dismantling the original steam plant.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>For 2004, the City increased the rate on restaurant food taxes from five percent to six percent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup>For 2004, the City enacted a tobacco tax.



FUND BALANCES (GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS) CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA (modified accrual basis of accounting) Last Ten Fiscal Years

							逶	Fiscal Year	Year						
	l	2006		2005	2004	2003	2002		2001		2000	1999		1998	1997
General Fund															
$Reserved^a$	S	2,476,413	<b>∽</b>	2,476,413 \$ 7,007,790 \$	1,742,724 \$	3,893,332 \$	\$ 3,343,661 \$	1.	2,335,249 \$		2,343,083	\$ 1,951,911 \$		1,751,916 \$	741,061
Unreserved		12,276,469		12,446,635	13,914,873	11,554,969	12,210,749	6	15,812,273		12,511,816	11,600,855	~	9,368,521	9,666,825
Total general fund	<del>&gt;&gt;</del>	14,752,882	S	14,752,882 \$ 19,454,425 \$	15,657,597 \$	3 15,448,301	\$ 15,554,410	\$ 0	18,147,522	•	14,854,899 \$	\$ 13,552,766	<b> </b>   <b> </b>	11,120,437 \$	10,407,886
All other governmental funds															
Reserved	S	6,163,562 \$	S	8,653,999 \$	14,481,938 \$	14,481,938 \$ 34,289,267 \$ 44,510,372	\$ 44,510,37	∽	1,714,575	\$	\$ 898,999		\$ (	2,744,170 \$ 5,900,375 \$	7,632,105
Unreserved, reported in:															
Special revenue funds		201,533		•	•	•			•		•	,		•	
Capital projects funds		2,823,990		6,538,433	6,505,695	5,739,731	5,675,612	7	4,347,952		4,757,342	3,467,995	2	3,133,301	3,905,666
Total all other governmental funds	<del>≶</del>	9,189,085	<del>∞</del>	9,189,085 \$ 13,192,432 \$	3 20,987,633 \$	40,028,998	\$ 50,185,984	4 8	6,062,527	↔	5,424,210 \$	\$ 6,212,165	↔	9,033,676 \$	11,537,771

Notes: Certain prior year balances have been reclassified to reflect current financial reporting (1997-2002).

<sup>a</sup>For 2005, the increase in general fund reserved fund balance was the result of unspent bond proceeds.

<sup>b</sup>For 2002, the increase in other governmental funds reserved fund balance was the result of unspent bond proceeds issued for the construction of a new high school.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS)
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year	Year				
	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997
Revenues:										
General property taxes	\$ 20,151,128 \$	18,083,460 \$	18,331,474 \$	17,664,091	\$ 17,486,315 \$	17,045,598 \$	17,054,434 \$	16,011,451 \$	15,371,970 \$	14,681,417
Other local taxes	31,493,067	29,240,984	27,544,279	23,210,201	22,045,646	21,294,591	20,499,212	19,224,215	17,310,465	16,276,752
Permits, privilege fees and										
regulatory licenses	503,149	403,621	333,288	390,820	244,187	198,890	275,030	319,401	286,926	301,671
Fines and forfeitures	517,689	604,029	563,954	400,247	362,860	292,835	304,837	344,481	286,086	261,947
Use of money and property <sup>a</sup>	2,227,982	785,874	683,526	1,309,574	1,452,653	1,423,126	1,304,222	1,280,555	1,283,663	1,288,843
Charges for services	811,677	292,843	252,891	261,442	277,538	270,095	278,403	238,213	263,703	245,824
Miscellaneous	5,120,793	4,863,742	4,627,603	4,175,895	4,047,297	3,665,350	3,397,117	3,490,417	2,757,767	3,254,053
Recovered costs	1,427,564	1,862,953	1,065,326	1,403,609	545,251	1,118,922	449,642	416,599	415,699	367,847
Intergovernmental	7,703,658	7,760,161	6,953,417	7,123,215	6,120,590	5,825,737	6,694,052	3,851,903	3,721,448	3,964,634
Total revenues	\$ 69,956,707 \$	\$ 799,768,89	60,355,758 \$	55,939,094	\$ 52,582,337 \$	51,135,144 \$	50,256,949 \$	45,177,235 \$	41,697,727 \$	40,642,988
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government administration	\$ 2,902,847 \$	2,689,218 \$	2,460,537 \$	2,241,589	\$ 2,351,943 \$	2,070,324 \$	1,991,202 \$	1,808,890 \$	1,760,554 \$	1,604,917
Jail and judicial administration	1,975,668	1,929,277	1,696,498	1,192,269	1,387,367	1,114,568	1,103,909	760,227	782,737	598,001
Public safety	14,266,182	13,202,723	12,672,049	10,552,139	9,549,373	8,961,870	8,160,062	7,540,801	6,807,647	6,702,275
Public works <sup>b</sup>	11,167,310	6,096,761	6,548,826	5,829,360	6,996,447	5,700,813	5,595,777	5,308,267	5,196,689	5,164,780
Health and welfare	2,549,518	2,296,855	2,135,386	1,917,348	1,507,679	1,259,631	1,223,537	1,177,598	1,021,194	790,858
Education	21,622,750	19,193,377	18,667,629	19,167,629	18,378,482	16,662,462	16,726,462	15,226,055	14,559,166	13,416,240
Parks, recreation and cultural	4,488,905	2,686,375	2,763,595	2,693,787	2,299,492	3,096,183	1,952,945	2,421,165	1,777,893	1,967,162
Planning and community development	f 3,206,577	3,014,724	2,118,465	1,352,651	1,215,923	1,904,718	2,962,276	939,101	738,485	882,526
Debt service:										
Principal retirement	4,202,660	4,156,753	3,130,078	3,907,176	3,121,527	2,737,399	2,788,393	2,740,545	3,518,673	2,474,354
Interest and fiscal charges <sup>d</sup>	4,255,457	3,863,973	3,687,224	4,191,172	2,002,919	1,990,527	1,925,710	2,080,094	2,379,575	2,267,224
Bond issuance costs		•	•	29,839	1		•		104,469	•
Capital projects <sup>e</sup>	6,744,259	21,094,715	28,078,487	14,601,540	9,477,302	482,713	3,848,734	4,014,542	3,769,847	1,375,693
Total expenditures	\$ 77,382,133 \$	80,224,751 \$	83,958,774 \$	67,676,499	\$ 58,288,454 \$	45,981,208 \$	48,279,007 \$	44,017,285 \$	42,416,929 \$	37,244,030
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (1432 426) \$ (16327 084) \$	(16 327 084) \$	\$ (910 2019) \$	23 603 016) \$ (11 737 405) \$	\$ (2113053) \$	5 153 936 \$	1 977 942	1 159 950 \$	\$ (202.617)	3 308 958
	021,021,1)	٥ (٢٥٥٠,١٣٥٠)	(27,000,07)	(601,161,11)		0,00,00		00%01,1	(202,(11)	

(continued)

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA
ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY
Last Ten Fiscal Years

										Public Service Corporations	e Corl	porations <sup>†</sup>		
Fiscal Year		Real Estate¹		Personal Property <sup>2</sup>		Machinery and Tools <sup>3</sup>		Mobile Homes <sup>1</sup>		Real Estate		Personal Property		Total
2006	<del>∽</del>	2,281,099,494	8	275,969,700	↔	82,172,500	<b>∽</b>	1,217,300	€ <b>-</b>	45,930,020	↔	339,674	<b>∽</b>	2,686,728,688
2005		1,972,526,708		253,980,570		94,040,800		1,255,800		50,610,910		294,118		2,372,708,906
2004		1,924,757,616		263,080,560		100,386,700		1,264,400		53,862,258		250,109		2,343,601,643
2003		1,814,221,588		252,204,750		107,362,900		1,380,700		55,213,438		239,938		2,230,623,314
2002		1,793,533,004		250,506,200		120,401,100		1,292,100		55,484,976		295,760		2,221,513,140
2001		1,656,732,868		248,202,911		117,159,400		1,303,800		52,567,436		296,180		2,076,262,595
2000		1,600,041,524		237,204,519		106,835,400		1,318,400		52,168,424		529,083		1,998,097,350
1999		1,498,239,901		211,870,100		99,863,400		1,615,200		49,689,229		444,794		1,861,722,624
1998		1,451,829,090		211,234,848		95,561,464		1,546,500		46,588,622		375,867		1,807,136,391
1997		1,389,229,849		197,144,423		86,508,800		1,449,600		38,271,689		382,582		1,712,986,943

Source: City of Harrisonburg Commissioner of the Revenue Property Tax Records.

**Notes:** <sup>1</sup>Assessed at 100% of fair market value. <sup>2</sup>Assessed at average trade-in value, as of January 1, as determined by the National Automobile Dealers Association (NADA). <sup>3</sup>Assessed values are based upon depreciation schedule, year of purchase and cost. <sup>4</sup>Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

Fiscal Year	Real Estate	Personal Property	Machinery and Tools	Mobile Homes
2006	\$ 0.62	\$ 2.00	\$ 2.00	\$ 0.62
2005	0.62	2.00	2.00	0.62
2004	0.62	2.00	2.00	0.62
2003	0.62	2.00	2.00	0.62
2002	0.62	2.00	2.00	0.62
2001	0.62	2.00	2.00	0.62
2000	0.62	2.00	2.00	0.62
1999	0.62	2.00	2.00	0.62
1998	0.62	2.00	2.00	0.62
1997	0.62	2.00	2.00	0.62

Source: City of Harrisonburg Commissioner of the Revenue Property Tax Records.

**Notes:** Public Service Corporations are taxed at the real estate and the personal property tax rates for those classes of assessed values established by the State Corporation Commission.

#### CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		Fisca	l Year 2	006	Fisca	l Year 1	997
	_			Percent of Total			Percent of Total
		<b>Property</b>		Property	<b>Property</b>		<b>Property</b>
Property Taxpayer		Taxes	Rank	Taxes	Taxes	Rank	Taxes
Tenneco Automotive Inc.	\$	392,863	1	1.81% \$	205,584	6	1.41%
IntraPac Corp.		339,698	2	1.57%	249,076	3	1.70%
Banta Corp.		293,636	3	1.35%	254,135	2	1.74%
Packaging Corporation of America		257,886	4	1.19%	-		-
GMH Communities Trust		218,538	5	1.01%	-		-
Graham Packaging Company, LP		171,628	6	0.79%	238,519	4	1.06%
SDG Macerich Properties, LP		170,977	7	0.79%	137,699	10	0.94%
Virginia Mennonite Retirement Community		167,778	8	0.77%	-		-
Reddy Ice Corp.		148,742	9	0.69%	166,120	8	1.14%
Verizon Communications Inc.		140,287	10	0.65%	159,535	9	1.09%
AMP Corporation		-		-	290,495	1	1.99%
Rocco, Inc.		-		-	224,203	5	1.53%
Wampler-Longacre Rockingham, Inc.	_	-			198,430	. 7	1.36%
Total	\$_	2,302,033	:	10.62% \$	2,123,796	:	13.96%

Source: City of Harrisonburg Commissioner of the Revenue Property Tax Records.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years

		raxes Levied for the		Total	Conected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy	the Levy	Collections in	Total Collections to Date	ons to Date
Fiscal		Fiscal Year		- Adjusted		Percentage	Subsequent		Percentage
Year		(Original Levy)	Adjustments	Levy	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy
2006	<b>∽</b>	21,683,449 \$		21,683,449 \$	21,076,071	97.20% \$		21,076,071	97.20%
2005		19,595,631	7,906	19,603,537	18,925,288	96.58%	310,800	19,236,088	98.13%
2004		19,617,311	14,296	19,631,607	19,080,972	97.27%	297,490	19,378,462	98.71%
2003		18,890,133	(4,933)	18,885,200	18,103,663	95.84%	628,477	18,732,140	99.19%
2002		18,973,108	15	18,973,123	18,116,477	95.49%	711,360	18,827,837	99.23%
2001		17,990,551	35,990	18,026,541	17,226,173	95.75%	667,191	17,893,364	99.26%
2000		17,252,634	(9,113)	17,243,521	16,790,725	97.32%	350,434	17,141,159	99.41%
1999		15,944,864	62,999	16,007,863	15,385,882	96.49%	504,367	15,890,249	99.27%
1998		15,538,894	(6,711)	15,532,183	14,999,168	96.53%	457,939	15,457,107	99.52%
1997		14,631,278	35,400	14,666,678	14,236,008	97.30%	165,534	14,401,542	98.19%

Notes: Beginning fiscal year 2000, the Commonwealth of Virginia began directly reimbursing localities a percentage of certain personal property taxes. These reimbursements are included in current year collections and collections in subsequent years.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	ear				
Type of debt	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997
Governmental activities: General obligation bonds <sup>b</sup>	\$ 006 629 20 \$	\$ 23 527 500	\$ 17.032.600 \$	14 531 300 - \$	14 785 000 - \$	7 435 000 \$	\$ 000 052 2	8 045 000 \$	\$ 320,000	8 375 000
General obligation school bonds <sup>c</sup>	51,165,000		56	57,755,000	59,840,000	20,385,000	22,205,000	18,845,000	18,505,000	20,190,000
General obligation revenue bonds <sup>a</sup>	6,385,000		1	1	1	ı			1	1
Notes payable	400,000		3,297,307	916,785	1,135,035	1,382,053	701,958	893,668	954,280	140,143
Capital leases	9,797,450	10,575,685	5,373,206	5,888,681	6,051,585	6,440,419	6,812,238	7,049,452	7,478,710	11,132,635
State literary fund loans	11,825	23,650	35,475	101,900	205,350	316,025	426,700	537,375	648,050	758,725
VRS early retirement obligation	ı	1	ı	ı	1		ı	1	ı	1,477,645
Business-type activities:										
General obligation bonds	28,405,000	29,570,000	29,630,000	29,885,000	30,130,000	6,515,000	8,110,000	9,620,000	11,045,000	12,390,000
General obligation revenue bonds <sup>a,e</sup>	10,265,000	10,445,000	17,030,000	17,030,000	17,030,000	6,410,000	6,410,000	•	•	1
Notes payable	•		128,527	426,346	709,726	979,367	1,235,935	•	•	•
Total primary government	\$ 129,109,175	\$ 129,109,175 \$ 134,656,835 \$ 128	,757,115	\$ 126,535,012 \$	\$ 129,886,696	\$ 49,862,864 \$	53,651,831 \$ 44,990,495	44,990,495 \$	\$ 46,951,040 \$	54,464,148
Percentage of personal income	10.93%	0 12.10%	12.11%	12.61%	13.22%	5.47%	6.43%	6.41%	7.11%	8.47%
Per capita'	\$ 2,934	\$ 3,119	\$ 2,985 \$	2,943 \$	3,078 \$	1,206 \$	1,326 \$	1,293 \$	1,365 \$	1,583

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. 'See Table 12 for personal income and population data.

<sup>\*</sup>The increase in governmental activities and the decrease in business-type activities' general obligation revenue bonds in 2005 was due to a reporting change for the operations of the golf course. Prior to 2005, the golf course was reported as a business-type activity.

Por 2002, the City issued \$6 million in general obligation bonds for the purchase and renovation of a public safety building.

<sup>°</sup>For 2002, the City issued \$41.5 million in general obligation school bonds for the costruction of a new high school.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>For 2002, the City issued \$25.3 million in general obligation bonds for the rebuild of the steam plant.

For 2002, the City issued \$10.6 million in general obligation revenue bonds for the expansion of the water treatment plant and other water system projects.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA
RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Fiscal Year	'ear				
	l 	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997
General obligation bonds <sup>a</sup> General obligation school bonds <sup>b</sup>	↔	51,084,900       \$ 53,097,500         51,165,000       53,705,000	53,097,500 \$	46,662,600 \$ 56,230,000	44,416,300 \$	, 44,915,000 \$ 59,840,000	13,950,000	\$ 15,860,000 \$ 22,205,000	\$ 17,665,000 \$ 18,845,000	46,662,600       \$ 44,416,300       \$ 44,915,000       \$ 13,950,000       \$ 15,860,000       \$ 17,665,000       \$ 19,365,000       \$ 20,765,000         56,230,000       \$ 57,755,000       \$ 59,840,000       \$ 20,385,000       \$ 22,205,000       \$ 18,845,000       \$ 18,505,000       \$ 20,190,000	20,765,000
Total	s II	\$ 102,249,900 \$ 106,802,500	106,802,500 \$	102,892,600 \$	102,171,300 \$	104,755,000 \$	34,335,000	\$ 38,065,000	\$ 36,510,000 \$	102,892,600 \$ 102,171,300 \$ 104,755,000 \$ 34,335,000 \$ 38,065,000 \$ 36,510,000 \$ 37,870,000 \$ 40,955,000	40,955,000
Percentage of assessed real property value		4.39%	5.28%	5.20%	5.47%	5.67%	2.01%	2.30%	2.36%	2.53%	2.87%
Per capita²	S	2,323 \$	2,474 \$	2,385 \$	2,376 \$	2,482	\$ 830	\$ 941	\$ 1,049 \$	1,101 \$	1,191

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. 'See Table 5 for assessed real property data. 'See Table 12 for population data.

<sup>a</sup>For 2002, the City issued \$31.3 million in general obligation bonds for the purchase and renovation of a public safety building and for the rebuild of the steam plant.

<sup>b</sup>For 2002, the City issued \$41.5 million in general obligation school bonds for the construction of a new high school.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Fiscal Year	/ear				
		2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997
Debt limit	8	232,702,951 \$	232,702,951 \$ 202,313,762 \$	\$ 197,861,987 \$	197,861,987 \$ 186,943,503 \$ 184,901,798 \$ 170,930,030 \$ 165,220,995 \$ 154,792,913 \$ 149,841,771 \$ 142,750,154	184,901,798	\$ 170,930,030	165,220,995	154,792,913 \$	149,841,771 \$	142,750,154
Total debt applicable to limit	1	119,311,725 124,081,150	124,081,150	123,383,909	120,646,331	123,835,111	43,422,445	46,839,593	37,941,043	39,472,330	43,331,513
Legal debt margin	S	113,391,226 \$ 78,232,612	\$ 78,232,612 \$	74,478,078 \$	74,478,078 \$ 66,297,172 \$ 61,066,687 \$ 127,507,585 \$ 118,381,402 \$ 116,851,870 \$ 110,369,441 \$ 99,418,641	61,066,687	\$ 127,507,585 \$	118,381,402	116,851,870 \$	110,369,441 \$	99,418,641
Total debt applicable to the limit as percentage of debt limit <sup>a</sup>		51.27%	61.33%	62.36%	64.54%	66.97%	25.40%	28.35%	24.51%	26.34%	30.35%

# Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2006

Total assessed value of taxed real property \$ 2,327,029,514

Debt limit (10% of total assessed value) \$ 232,702,951

Debt applicable to limit.

General obligation bonds \$ 51,084,900

General obligation school bonds \$ 51,165,000

Notes payable \$ 16,650,000

State literary fund loans \$ 11,825

Notes: Under the Constitution of Virginia, the City's bonds or other interest-bearing obligations shall not exceed ten percent of the total assessed value of taxed real property.

113,391,226

Legal debt margin

<sup>a</sup>For 2002, the City issued a total of \$83.4 million in debt to finance various projects. See Table 9 for a further explanation of the projects financed.

# CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population <sup>1</sup>	(i	Personal Income in thousands)	]	Per Capita Personal Income <sup>2</sup>	School Enrollment <sup>3</sup>	Unemployment Rate Percentage <sup>4</sup>
2006	44,008	\$	1,181,307	\$	26,843	4,347	3.1
2005	43,178		1,113,129		25,780	4,088	3.6
2004	43,137		1,062,982		24,642	4,028	3.3
2003	43,001		1,003,084		23,327	4,026	3.3
2002	42,200		982,500		23,282	3,912	3.2
2001	41,350		911,933		22,054	3,768	2.3
2000	40,468		834,936		20,632	3,575	1.8
1999	34,800		701,742		20,165	3,557	1.3
1998	34,400		659,964		19,185	3,560	1.4
1997	34,400		642,970		18,691	3,492	2.3

**Sources:** <sup>1</sup> Estimated by the City's Department of Planning and Community Development for 1997-1999 and 2001-2006. United State Census Bureau for 2000. <sup>2</sup> Bureau of Economic Analysis, United States Department of Commerce. Amounts for 1997-2005 have been adjusted based upon the latest available data. Data for 2006 has been estimated based on per capita personal income trends for the previous ten years. <sup>3</sup> City of Harrisonburg School Board. <sup>4</sup> Virginia Employment Commission. The unemployment rate is an annual average.

**Current Year and Nine Years Ago** 

	Fiscal	Year 2	006	Fiscal	Year 1	997
			Percent of Total City Emp-			Percent of Total City Emp-
Employers	Employees	Rank	loyment	Employees	Rank	loyment
James Madison University	2,899	1	9.51%	>1,000	1	n/a
Rockingham Memorial Hospital	2,006	2	6.58%	>1,000	2	n/a
Harrisonburg City Public Schools	689	3	2.26%	500 - 999	4	n/a
City of Harrisonburg	672	4	2.20%	500 - 999	6	n/a
Tenneco Automotive Inc.	600	5	1.97%	>1,000	3	n/a
Banta Corp.	435	6	1.43%	0		-
Graham Packaging Company, LP	419	7	1.37%	250 - 499	8	n/a
Virginia Mennonite Retirement Community	412	8	1.35%	0		-
Tyson Foods, Inc.	330	9	1.08%	250 - 499	7	n/a
Valley Blox, Inc.	288	10	0.95%	0		-
Dunham Bush Inc.	-		-	500 - 999	5	n/a
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	-		-	250 - 499	9	n/a
IntraPac Corp.				250 - 499	10	n/a
Total	8,750		28.70%			n/a

Source: City of Harrisonburg Department of Economic Development for 2006. Virginia Employment Commission for 1997.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	Year				
Function	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997
General government administration	53.0	51.9	51.0	50.1	48.9	48.1	45.9	46.4	45.9	45.2
rubite salety. Police <sup>a</sup>	101.8	7.76	100.4	94.8	94.2	6.06	86.1	84.1	7.67	72.1
Fire	71.5	68.5	68.2	65.0	64.0	64.0	58.0	55.0	52.0	46.0
Other	44.1	38.7	22.0	22.0	20.5	20.5	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5
Public works	2.99	0.99	0.99	62.9	65.8	65.9	65.5	67.0	65.5	65.6
Parks, recreation and cultural <sup>d</sup>	8.99	65.6	299	63.1	60.4	46.6	46.6	44.6	42.9	43.3
Planning and community development	8.1	7.9	8.9	7.3	6.1	0.9	0.9	0.9	5.0	4.5
Water	29.7	29.7	29.6	28.6	28.6	28.6	28.6	27.7	27.4	27.3
Sewer	22.9	22.9	22.9	21.9	21.9	21.9	20.9	20.9	20.9	20.9
Public transportation <sup>e</sup>	79.2	76.4	77.1	67.7	9.99	65.4	6.99	64.8	64.3	60.7
Sanitation <sup>f</sup>	56.9	55.0	54.0	46.8	45.0	44.4	43.4	43.4	42.4	39.2
Public parking	3.8	3.8	3.8	4.0	4.0	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.4	3.4
Total	604.5	584.1	568.5	534.2	526.0	505.5	490.6	482.6	468.9	447.7

Source: City of Harrisonburg Proposed Budget for the relevant year.

Notes: Full-time equivalent amounts are budgeted positions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>The City has added additional police department personnel over the past ten years as demand for services continue to increase.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>The increase for the fire department from 1997-2004 reflects the hiring of additional firefighters to comply with the National Fire Protection Association's "Two-In-Two-Out" rule.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>The increase for other public safety in 2005 reflects an expanded emergency communications center.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>The increase for parks and recreation in 2002 reflects the hiring of employees to staff the golf course.

<sup>\*</sup>The City has added additional public transportation personnel over the past ten years as demand for transit and school bus services continue to increase.

The increase for sanitation in 2004 reflects the hiring of additional personnel to staff the rebuilt and expanded steam plant.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	Year				
Function	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997
Police										
Calls answered	30,901	34,059	33,987	30,839	29,960	26,329	22,438	20,233	19,195	n/a
Traffic citations	7,144	96,796	8,825	7,101	5,460	5,043	6,179	6,496	6,604	n/a
Fire										
Calls answered	4,088	3,994	3,763	3,606	3,313	3,162	3,321	3,302	3,252	3,158
Inspections	1,472	1,623	1,296	1,198	683	1,976	2,943	2,585	1,970	2,643
Public works										
Streets repaved (lane miles)	4.88	4.17	4.13	10.22	7.31	10.65	5.00	12.47	14.00	12.00
Potholes repaired	543	302	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Parks and recreation										
Pool admissions	42,060	44,273	45,182	44,856	43,726	33,154	39,354	44,083	47,306	n/a
Rounds of golf played $^a$	20,220	20,522	20,418	18,239	6,074	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
Planning and community development										
Building permits issued	1,039	958	893	968	624	463	632	594	594	614
Water										
Average daily consumption (gallons)	5,353,198	5,154,657	5,139,902	4,956,810	5,331,149	5,917,515	5,711,483	5,339,800	4,912,200	4,792,400
New customer connections	435	262	272	267	302	237	274	260	319	n/a
Sewer										
Average daily consumption (gallons)	4,356,379	4,155,477	4,111,560	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
New customer connections	46	42	33	22	38	15	30	51	43	n/a
Public transportation										
Transit bus passengers	1,380,851	1,150,587	1,040,010	993,823	1,047,320	1,256,856	1,260,787	1,217,596	1,383,227	1,264,830
Samitation 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1	1	1		:			0	,	i i	i
Average daily steam plant intake (tons).	145.6	117.5	48.3	44.6	59.4	9.59	59.8	66.4	8.79	71.2
Recycling collected (tons)	1,824.5	1,353.9	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

Source: Various City of Harrisonburg departments.

Notes: Operating indicators are not available for the general government function. "n/a" means that the information is not available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>The golf course opened for part of 2002. A full year of operations began in 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Due to the rebuild and expansion of the steam plant, the steam plant was only in operation for a portion of 2003 and 2004.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA Last Ten Fiscal Years

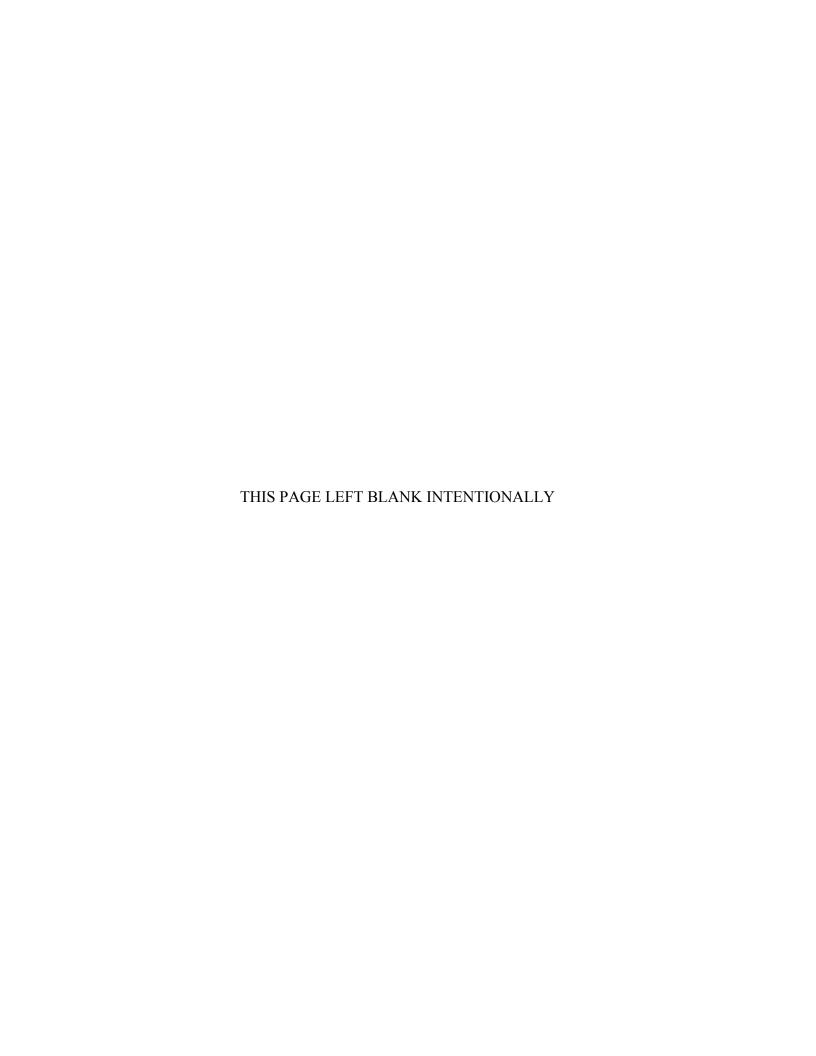
					Fiscal	Fiscal Year				
Function	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997
Police										
Police stations	3	33	ю	4	4	4	S	5	4	33
Patrol units (including motorcycles)	40	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Fire										
Fire stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Fire trucks	13	12	12	12	11	11	11	10	10	10
Public works:										
Streets (miles)	132.62	132.62	132.62	132.62	132.62	132.62	132.62	131.78	125.86	125.86
Parks, recreation and cultural										
Parks (including athletic facilities)	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Parks acreage <sup>a</sup>	698	698	698	698	698	698	829	1,010	886	886
Golf course acreage <sup>a</sup>	201	201	201	201	201	181	181	ı	ı	1
Water:										
Water lines (linear feet)	1,432,761	1,332,055	1,324,896	1,268,051	1,251,667	1,238,335	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Storage capacity (millions of gallons) <sup>b</sup>	33.25	27.95	27.95	27.95	27.95	27.95	27.95	27.95	27.95	26.45
Sewer:										
Sewer lines (linear feet)	999,431	1,042,286	1,012,041	939,037	944,350	925,720	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Public transportation:										
Transit buses	33	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Sanitation										
Steam plant capacity (tons per day) <sup>c</sup>	200	200	200	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Refuse collection trucks	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Recycling collection trucks	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

Source: Various City of Harrisonburg departments.

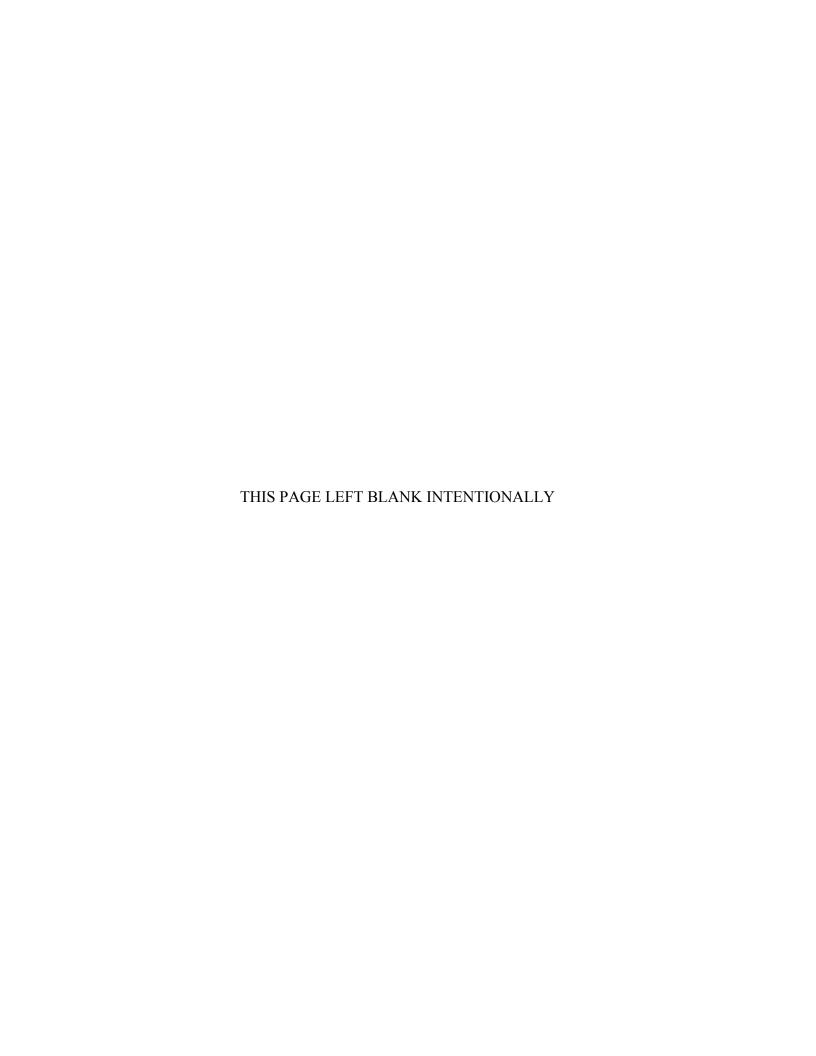
Notes: Capital assets indicators are not available for the general government function and the planning and community development function. "n/a" means that the information is not available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>In 2000, 181 acres from Hillandale Park were used to construct the City's golf course.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>In 2006, the City completed construction of a new 5.3 million gallon water tank at the water treatment plant. <sup>c</sup>In 2004, the City completed a rebuild and subsequent expansion of the steam plant.



## **COMPLIANCE SECTION**





# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Members of City Council City of Harrisonburg, Virginia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 10, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. Other matters involving internal control over financial reporting and its operation were communicated to management in a separate letter dated November 10, 2006.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements including certain provisions of the compliance matters described in the Summary of Compliance Matters, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Item 06-1.

This report is intended solely for the information of management, state and federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and City Council. It is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Roanoke, Virginia November 10, 2006



# REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Honorable Members of City Council City of Harrisonburg, Virginia

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2006. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of audit results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2006.

#### **Internal Control over Compliance**

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

\*\*\*\*\*\*

This report is intended for the information of management, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and the Harrisonburg City Council. It is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Roanoke, Virginia November 10, 2006



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S COMMENTS ON RESOLUTION OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

Honorable Members of City Council City of Harrisonburg, Virginia

We reviewed the prior year report during the course of this audit to determine if the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia has implemented adequate corrective action with respect to previously reported audit findings. The prior year single audit disclosed no findings in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, and no uncorrected or unresolved findings exist from the prior audit's Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings.

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Roanoke, Virginia November 10, 2006

#### CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2006

#### A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an **unqualified opinion** on the financial statements.
- 2. **No reportable conditions** relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. **No instances of noncompliance** material to the financial statements were disclosed.
- 4. **No reportable conditions** relating to the audit of the major federal award programs were reported in the Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs expresses an **unqualified opinion**.
- 6. The audit disclosed **no audit findings** relating to major programs.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs include:

Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 Education Technology State Grants 84.318

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. The City was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

#### **B. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT**

None.

## C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT None.

#### D. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

#### 06-1. Commonwealth of Virginia: Public Depository Requirements

Condition:

We noted a certificate of deposit of the school cafeteria fund that was not deposited in a financial institution which qualified as a Virginia qualified public depository, as required by the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act.

Recommendation:

These funds should be transferred to a qualified public depository.

Management's Response:

Management agrees with this finding and has transferred these funds to a qualified public depository.

#### CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA

#### SUMMARY OF COMPLIANCE MATTERS June 30, 2006

As more fully described in the Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we performed tests of the City's compliance with certain provisions of the laws, regulations, contracts, and grants shown below.

#### **STATE COMPLIANCE MATTERS**

Code of Virginia

Budget and Appropriation Laws
Cash and Investment Laws
Conflicts of Interest Act
Local Retirement Systems
Debt Provisions
Procurement Laws
Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act
Enhanced E-911 Service Taxes

State Agency Requirements Education

#### **FEDERAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS**

Compliance Supplement for Single Audits of State and Local Governments

Provisions and conditions of agreements related to federal programs selected for testing.

## CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Agriculture:		
Pass-through payments:		
Department of Education:		
Child Nutrition Cluster:		
School Breakfast Program	10.553	\$ 225,478
National School Lunch Program	10.555	788,234
Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services:		
National School Lunch Program (Commodities) (part of Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.555	83,335
Cooperative Forestry Assistance	10.664	4,960
Total Department of Agriculture		\$ 1,102,007
Department of Commerce:		
Pass-through payments:		
Shenandoah Valley Pure Water 2000 Forum, Inc.:		
Habitat Conservation	11.463	\$ 1,500
Total Department of Commerce		\$1,500_
Department of Housing and Urban Development:		
Direct payments:		
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	\$ 282,718
Total Department of Housing and Urban Development		\$ 282,718
Department of Justice:		
Direct payments:		
Local Law Enforcement Block Grants Program	16.592	\$ 11,230
Community Capacity Development Office	16.595	1,411
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	8,698
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	16.710	78,931
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	19,842
Pass-through payments:		
Department of Criminal Justice Service:		
National Institute of Justice Research, Evaluation and Development Project Grants	16.560	50,000
Total Department of Justice		\$ 170,112

## CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	<u>E</u>	Federal expenditures
Department of Transportation:			
Direct payments:			
Federal Transit - Formula Grants	20.507	\$	655,279
Pass-through payments:			
Harrisonburg-Rockingham Metropolitan Planning Organization:			
Federal Transit - Metropolitan Planning Grants	20.505		98,910
Department of Motor Vehicles:			
Highway Safety Cluster:			
Occupant Protection	20.602		15,943
Safety Incentive Grants for Use of Seatbelts	20.604		12,502
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	_	8,699
Total Department of Transportation		\$	791,333
<b>Department of General Services Administration:</b> Pass-through payments:			
Virginia State Board of Elections:			
Election Reform Payments	39.011	\$	25,500
Total Department of General Services Administration		\$	25,500
Department of Education:			
Pass-through payments:			
Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	\$	839,118
Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048		92,066
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities - State Grants	84.186		25,669
State Grants for Innovative Programs	84.298		23,545
Education Technology State Grants	84.318		971,909
Advance Placement Program	84.330		1,300
Reading First State Grants	84.357		366,361
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365		248,091
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367		158,421
Grants for State Assessments and Related Activities	84.369		3,465
Hurricane Education Recovery	84.938		7,920
Special Education Cluster:			
Grants to States	84.027		948,207
Preschool Grants	84.173	_	31,791
Total Department of Education		\$	3,717,863

(continued)

## CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	<u> </u>	Federal Expenditures
Department of Health and Human Services:			
Pass-through payments:			
Department of Education:			
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - Discretionary Grants	93.576	\$	54,140
Virginia State Board of Elections:			
Voting Access for Individuals with Disabilities - Grants to States	93.617	_	1,540
Total Department of Health and Human Services		\$_	55,680
Department of Homeland Security:			
Direct payments:			
State Domestic Preparedness Equipment Support Program	97.004	\$	195,001
Assistance to Firefighters Grant	97.044		32,317
Interoperable Communications Equipment	97.055		50,000
Hurricane Katrina Assistance	HSFEEM-06-P-544	1 _	18,697
Total Department of Homeland Security		\$_	296,015
Department of Defense:			
Direct payments:			
JROTC Funds	12.VA 170853	\$_	48,491
Total Department of Defense		\$_	48,491
Total expenditure of federal awards		\$_	6,491,219

The accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards are an integral part of this schedule.

#### CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS June 30, 2006

#### Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia and its component unit, and is presented on the cash basis of accounting. The information contained in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the general-purpose financial statements.

#### Note 2. Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed as determined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. At June 30, 2006, the School Board, a component unit, had food commodities totaling \$28,020 in inventory.

#### Note 3. Subrecipients

The City provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	 Amount Expended
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	\$ 135,774

