City of Harrisonburg, Virginia Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016





Harrisonburg City Hall

City of Harrisonburg, Virginia

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016



This Report Prepared by Department of Finance

Report Cover: The front cover is the new City Hall facility located on South Main Street. Completed in September 2015 and dedicated in December 2015, all general city government departments and community development are located within City Hall. City Hall is located next door and is connected by an atrium to the city's old Municipal Building. The Municipal Building contained numerous city departments and had served as the City's main offices since 1967.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS Year Ended June 30, 2016

| | Introductory Section | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Letter of Tra | ansmittal | 1-4 | | | | | |
| Certificate o | f Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting - 2015 | (| | | | | |
| Organization Chart | | | | | | | |
| Directory of | Principal Officials | 8 | | | | | |
| | Financial Section | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| • | t Auditor's Report | 9-11 | | | | | |
| Managemer | nt's Discussion and Analysis | 12-21 | | | | | |
| Basic Finai | ncial Statements | | | | | | |
| Exhibit 1 | Statement of Net Position | 22 | | | | | |
| Exhibit 2 | Statement of Activities | 23-24 | | | | | |
| Exhibit 3 | Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet | 25 | | | | | |
| Exhibit 4 | Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position | 26 | | | | | |
| Exhibit 5 | Governmental Funds - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances | 27 | | | | | |
| Exhibit 6 | Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes | | | | | | |
| | in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities | 28 | | | | | |
| Exhibit 7 | General Fund - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - | | | | | | |
| | Budget and Actual | 29 | | | | | |
| Exhibit 8 | Proprietary Funds - Statement of Net Position | 30 | | | | | |
| Exhibit 9 | Proprietary Funds - Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position | 3′ | | | | | |
| Exhibit 10 | Proprietary Funds - Statement of Cash Flows | 32-33 | | | | | |
| Exhibit 11 | Fiduciary Funds - Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities | 34 | | | | | |
| Notes to Fir | ancial Statements | 35-73 | | | | | |
| Required S | upplementary Information | | | | | | |
| Exhibit 12 | Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Primary Government | 74 | | | | | |
| Exhibit 13 | Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - School Board | | | | | | |
| | Nonprofessional Employees | 75 | | | | | |
| Exhibit 14 | Schedule of Pension Contributions - Primary Government | 76 | | | | | |
| Exhibit 15 | Schedule of Pension Contributions - School Board Nonprofessional Employees | 77 | | | | | |
| Exhibit 16 | Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - School Board Teacher | | | | | | |
| | Cost-Sharing Pool | 78 | | | | | |
| Exhibit 17 | Schedule of Pension Contributions - School Board Teacher Cost-Sharing Pool | 79 | | | | | |
| Exhibit 18 | Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefit Plans | 80 | | | | | |
| | quired Supplementary Information | 8 | | | | | |
| Other Supr | elementary Information | | | | | | |
| | Governmental Funds: | 82 | | | | | |
| Exhibit A-1 | Combining Balance Sheet | 83 | | | | | |
| Exhibit A-2 | Combining Balance Sheet Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances | 84 | | | | | |
| Exhibit A-3 | School Transportation Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund | 04 | | | | | |
| | Balance - Budget and Actual | 85 | | | | | |
| Exhibit A-4 | Balance - Budget and Actual Business Loan Program Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund | 00 | | | | | |
| | | 86 | | | | | |
| | Balance - Budget and Actual | 0 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS Year Ended June 30, 2016

Financial Section (continued)

| Internal Sei | rvice Funds: | 87 |
|--------------|---|---------|
| Exhibit B-1 | Combining Statement of Net Position | 88 |
| Exhibit B-2 | Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position | 89 |
| Exhibit B-3 | Combining Statement of Cash Flows | 90-91 |
| Agency Fur | nds: | 92 |
| Exhibit C-1 | Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities | 93 |
| Exhibit C-2 | Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities | 94 |
| Discretely F | Presented Component Unit - School Board: | 95 |
| Exhibit D-1 | Balance Sheet | 96 |
| Exhibit D-2 | Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position | 97 |
| Exhibit D-3 | Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances | 98 |
| Exhibit D-4 | Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities | 99 |
| Exhibit D-5 | School Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - | |
| | Budget and Actual | 100 |
| Exhibit D-6 | School Nutrition Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual | 101 |
| | ementary Schedules: | 102 |
| | edules of Governmental Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: | |
| Schedule 1 | Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual | 103-108 |
| Schedule 2 | Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual | 109-114 |
| | Statistical Section | |
| Table 1 | Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 115 |
| Table 2 | Changes in Net Position - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 116-117 |
| Table 3 | Fund Balances (Governmental Funds) - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 118 |
| Table 4 | Changes in Fund Balances (Governmental Funds) - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 119-120 |
| Table 5 | Tax Revenue by Source - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 121 |
| Table 6 | Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 122 |
| Table 7 | Property Tax Rates - Per \$100 of Assessed Value - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 123 |
| Table 8 | Principal Property Taxpayers - Current Year and Nine Years Ago | 124 |
| Table 9 | Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 125 |
| Table 10 | Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 126 |
| Table 11 | Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 127 |
| Table 12 | Legal Debt Margin Information - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 128 |
| Table 13 | Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 129 |
| Table 14 | Principal Employers - Current Year and Nine Years Ago | 130 |
| Table 15 | Full-time Equivalent Employees by Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 131 |
| Table 16 | Operating Indicators by Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 132 |
| Table 17 | Capital Asset Statistics by Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years | 133 |

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS Year Ended June 30, 2016

Compliance Section

| Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters | |
|---|---------|
| Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards | 134-135 |
| Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over | |
| Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance | 136-137 |
| Summary of Compliance Matters | 138 |
| Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs | 139 |
| Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards | 140-141 |
| Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards | 142 |

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report is intended to familiarize readers with the organizational structure of the City's government, the nature and scope of services that are provided and the specifics of the legal operating environment.

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY



City of Harrisonburg, Virginia

Office of the City Manager

409 South Main Street Post Office Box 20031 Harrisonburg, VA 22802 (540) 432-7701 / FAX (540) 432-7778 Kurt D. Hodgen City Manager

November 29, 2016

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and the Citizens of the City of Harrisonburg:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia (City), for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 is hereby submitted in accordance with Section 45 of the *City Charter* and Section 15.2-2511 of the *Code of Virginia*, 1950, as amended. The *City Charter* and the *Code of Virginia* require that the City issue annually a report on its financial position and operations, and that this report be audited by either the state auditor or an independent firm of certified public accountants in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS). This report has been prepared by the Department of Finance to conform to the standards of financial reporting as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and the Commonwealth of Virginia Auditor of Public Accounts (APA).

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations for the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Brown, Edwards & Company, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, have audited the City's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. This examination was conducted using guidelines set forth by GAAS and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the APA. Based upon this audit, the independent auditor concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements was also designed to meet the U.S. Office of Management and Budget's Uniform Guidance to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements set forth in the General Accounting Office's *Government Auditing Standards* require the

The City With The Planned Future

independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements. Special emphasis is placed on internal controls and compliance with legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the compliance section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

Profile of the City of Harrisonburg

Background. The City was established in 1780 and was named for Thomas Harrison, who donated the land for the Rockingham County Court House, which became the permanent county seat of Rockingham County in 1781. The City was incorporated in 1849 and was proclaimed a city of the first class in April 1990. It now encompasses 17.3 square miles and serves a population of approximately 54,000.

The City lies in the geographic center of the Shenandoah Valley of Virginia. The Blue Ridge Mountains on the East and the Alleghenies on the West provide protection so the area is markedly free from climate extremes and disturbances. The Valley floor itself is at an elevation of 1,000 feet while the City's elevation is 1,329 feet. The City is equidistant from Washington, D.C. (124 miles), Richmond, Virginia (116 miles), and Roanoke, Virginia (111 miles).

The City is operated under the Council-Manager form of government. The City Council is the governing body, which formulates policies for the administration of the City. It is comprised of five members elected on an at-large basis to serve four-year terms. The City Council appoints a City Manager to serve as the City's chief administrative officer. The City Manager is responsible for implementing the policies of the City Council, directing business and administrative procedures and appointing departmental officials and certain other City employees.

Services provided. The City provides a full range of services including police and fire protection; sanitation services; construction and maintenance of streets and bridges; water and sewer services; public transportation; community development; and parks, recreational activities and cultural events.

The operation of primary and secondary education in the City is the responsibility of the Harrisonburg City School Board (School Board). The City voters elect the six members of the School Board on an at-large basis, who appoint the Superintendent of Schools. The local share of funds for operating public schools in the City is provided by an appropriation from the City's General Fund to the School Board. The School Board, however, is a separate legal entity and autonomous policy-making body in matters governing education.

The City provides court house and jail facilities, as well as the services of the Sheriff, Commonwealth Attorney, and Clerk of the Circuit Court through Rockingham County (County). The City reimburses the County one-half of the net expenditures for providing these services.

The City provides social services through the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District (District), which is jointly governed with the County. The District is a separate legal entity and is a discretely presented component unit of the County. The City makes contributions to the District based upon its pro rata share of the population for the City and County as a whole.

The City provides emergency communications services through the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Emergency Communications Center (HRECC). The HRECC is a separate legal entity and is a joint venture of the City and the County with the City being the fiscal agent. Both the City and the County fund an equal share of HRECC's operations.

Electricity is provided by the Harrisonburg Electric Commission, created by ordinance of the City Council pursuant to the City Charter. The Commission is composed of five members appointed for three-year terms by the City Council and is a separate legal entity.

Budgetary Compliance and Control. The City prepares a budget in accordance with Section 60 of the *City Charter* and Section 15.2-2503 of the *Code of Virginia*, 1950, as amended. The *City Charter* requires the City Manager to submit a balanced budget to the City Council at least sixty days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year (July 1). City Council is required to convene a public hearing regarding the City Manager's proposed budget. The proposed budget, which may be modified by the City Council, is required to be adopted by a majority vote of the City Council members 30 days prior to the beginning of the ensuing fiscal year. On the basis of the budget, City Council appropriates funds for expenditures and establishes tax rates sufficient to produce the revenues needed to pay such expenditures. The *City Charter* requires the annual budget to be forthcoming in time to meet such expenditures. The *City Charter* also requires the annual budget and the annual appropriation ordinance to make a provision for a reasonable contingency fund.

Budgetary control is maintained at the department level as delineated in the appropriation ordinance. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within funds other than capital projects funds. Supplemental appropriations, transfers between funds and transfers within capital projects funds require the approval of City Council. Also, supplemental appropriations which exceed one percent of the total expenditures shown in the currently adopted budget require a public hearing prior to approval by City Council. All appropriations lapse at year-end except appropriations for capital projects funds are valid until the end of the project and CDBG fund appropriations are valid until the grant period is completed. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are generally reappropriated in the following fiscal year. A budget-to-actual comparison is provided in this report for the general fund. This comparison is presented on page 29.

Major Initiatives

The City's staff, following specific directives of the City Council and the City Manager, has been involved in a variety of projects and activities throughout the year. These projects and activities reflect the City's commitment to ensuring that the citizens of Harrisonburg are able to live and work in an enviable environment. The significant projects and activities are as follows:

- Appropriated \$44.2 million from the issuance of bonds for various school projects which included the construction of Bluestone Elementary School, Elon Rhodes Early Learning Center and Thomas Harrison Middle School HVAC replacement project. This bond issue also included funding for shared use paths and improvements to Garbers Church Road in support of the Bluestone Elementary School project.
- Appropriated \$6.3 million from the issuance of bonds and from state funding sources for various projects which included renovations to the Fire Department's Station No. 1, replacement of the Pleasant Valley Road bridge and additional funding for the Reservoir Street improvement project.
- Appropriated \$3.5 million from the issuance of bonds for the Park View area water project which includes a new water tank, pump station and related infrastructure.
- Appropriated \$3.3 million for the purchase of eight replacement transit buses with 94 percent of the funding provided by state and federal sources.
- Appropriated \$587,000, of which \$470,000 was provided by federal sources, for downtown streetscape improvements.
- Implemented a new Stormwater Fund (enterprise fund) to account for the stormwater fee enacted to support the City's stormwater management program.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

Local economy. The City is in the center of commerce and travel for the area, while the surrounding area is known for its poultry industry. The area is an educational center served by four institutions of higher learning with a total enrollment of approximately 32,600. James Madison University, a state-supported school, is located near the geographic center of the City and has approximately 20,500 students. Eastern Mennonite University, a private institution with approximately 1,900 students is also located in the City. Bridgewater College, located just south of the City, is also private and has an approximate enrollment of 1,800 students. State-supported Blue Ridge Community College has an enrollment of approximately 6,400 students.

Sentara RMH Medical Center provides hospital and many other related healthcare services. Air, rail and bus transportation is available in the area. Silver Airways operates out of the Shenandoah Valley Regional Airport in Weyers Cave, Virginia and provides passenger and freight service. There are several private airfields located in the area including Bridgewater Air Park located in Bridgewater. The area is served by the Norfolk Southern Corporation railroad. There are locally based private and common carriers serving the nation with general freight and specialties. Parcel post services are available for shopping, mailing and delivery service. Interstate 81 runs North and South through the area and intersects with Interstate 64 East and West at Staunton, Virginia for travel by car.

Long-term planning. Each year the City prepares a comprehensive Capital Improvements Program (CIP). The CIP is prepared in an effort to prioritize capital improvement needs over a five-year period and to plan for the appropriate financing of these projects. Planning for capital improvements is an important process for the City in order to ensure that assets are acquired or constructed in time to meet specific needs and to spread costs over several fiscal years in order to avoid a large peak in capital expenditures during a single year.

The City is in the process of constructing a waterline to the South Fork of the Shenandoah River, which is located approximately 17 miles east of the City. The initial phases of this project include the installation of waterlines from the City's water treatment plant across the City to the eastern City limits which have been completed. The estimated total cost of the project is \$35.3 million of which \$13.3 million has already been expended and there is approximately \$1 million in available cash. It is anticipated that this project will require a future \$21 million bond issue in order to complete. The projected completion date is undetermined at this time.

The City is in the planning stages for the construction of a new transfer station facility for solid waste collection. With the closure of the resource recovery facility, the City has implemented a single stream solid waste collection program in which all solid waste including recycling are collected together. It is estimated that the project will cost \$2.5 million and will be funded from the proceeds of the sale of the resource recovery facility to James Madison University. It is anticipated that the project will be completed by September 2017.

The City is in the planning stages for improvements to northbound Exit 245 on Interstate 81. This project includes removal of the cloverleaf style exit ramp with a realigned exit ramp. It is estimated that the project will cost \$3.9 million and will be funded from state sources. It is anticipated that the project will be completed by the end of 2019.

The City is in the planning stages for improvements to MLK, Jr. Way in support of several projects occurring on the campus of James Madison University. This project includes additional turn lanes in support of a new parking deck constructed by James Madison University and the new Hotel Madison & Shenandoah Valley Conference Center. It is estimated that the project will cost \$2.7 million and will be funded from state sources. It is anticipated that the project will be completed by the end of 2017.

The City is in the planning stages for the construction of shared use paths in the western portion of the City. This project will connect neighborhoods, two parks and the new under construction Bluestone Elementary School, as well as, Harrisonburg High School. It is estimated that the project will cost \$3 million and is funded from the issuance of bonds and state sources. It is anticipated that the project will be completed by the end of 2019.

Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This was the twenty-first consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City must publish an easily readable and organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the staff who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. The preparation of this report would not have been accomplished without their efficient and dedicated services. We would also like to thank the members of the City Council for their continued interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible, timely and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/

Kurt D. Hodgen City Manager /s/

Larry L. Propst, CPA Director of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

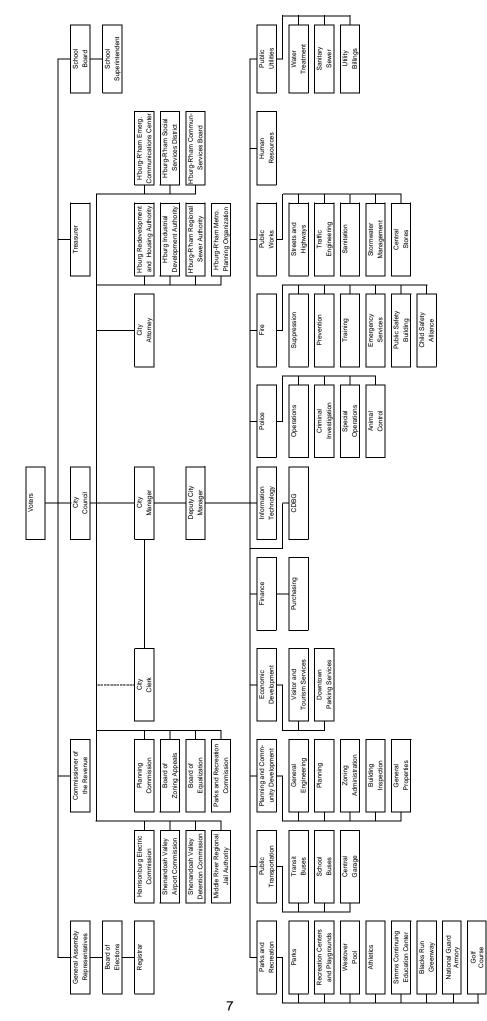
Presented to

City of Harrisonburg Virginia

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

Executive Director/CEO



City of Harrisonburg, Virginia Organization Chart

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS June 30, 2016

Christopher B. Jones Mayor Richard A. Baugh Vice Mayor **Council Member** J. Ted Byrd Kai E. Degner **Council Member** Abram J. "Abe" Shearer **Council Member CITY OFFICIALS** Kurt D. Hodgen City Manager Alexander "Ande" Banks, IV Acting Deputy City Manager Jeffrey L. Shafer City Treasurer Karen I. Rose Commissioner of the Revenue G. Chris Brown **City Attorney** Erica S. Kann **City Clerk** Stephen P. Monticelli **Police Chief** Larry W. Shifflett Fire Chief Larry L. Propst **Director of Finance** Reginald S. "Reggie" Smith **Director of Public Transportation** James D. Baker **Director of Public Works** A. Michael Collins Director of Public Utilities Jennifer L. Whistleman **Director of Human Resources** E. Lee Foerster, Jr. **Director of Parks and Recreation** Brian B. Shull **Director of Economic Development** Paul A. Malabad **Director of Information Technology** Adam L. Fletcher Director of Planning and Community Development Deborah Logan City Registrar SCHOOL BOARD

CITY COUNCIL

Kerri M. Wilson Dominic D. "Nick" Swayne Tom Domonoske Dany Fleming Brent Holsinger Andrew Kohen

SCHOOL OFFICIALS

Scott R. Kizner, Ph.D. Lisa M. Lantz Tracy Shaver Vice Chairperson Interim Board Member Interim Board Member Board Member Board Member

Chairperson

Superintendent of Schools Clerk

Clerk Director of Finance

FINANCIAL SECTION

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report contains the financial statements which include the basic financial statements, notes to financial statements and other supplementary information. This part also provides management's analysis of the City's current financial position and the outcome of its operations, as well as, the independent auditor's report.

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of City Council City of Harrisonburg, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities, and Towns* and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities*, *Boards, and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the other supplementary information (consisting of the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules, the discretely presented component unit fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules, and the schedules of revenues and expenditures – budget to actual), and the statistical section presented in the supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Matters (Continued)

Other Information (Continued)

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 29, 2016 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Harrisonburg, Virginia November 29, 2016 THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Harrisonburg (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 1 through 5 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$237.6 million (net position). Of this amount, \$29.3 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased by \$3.75 million.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$80.4 million, an increase of \$40.8 million in comparison with the previous year. Approximately 35.4 percent of this total amount, \$28.4 million, is unassigned.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$28.4 million, or 28.7 percent of total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.
- The City's total long-term debt increased by \$42.1 million during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government administration, jail and judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, education, parks and recreation, and planning and community development. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, public transportation, sanitation and stormwater operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also the legally separate Harrisonburg City School Board (School Board) and the Harrisonburg Electric Commission (HEC) for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. To obtain a copy of the separately issued audited financial statements for HEC, contact the Harrisonburg Electric Commission, 89 West Bruce Street, Harrisonburg, Virginia 22801. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 22 through 24 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and General Capital Projects Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the other supplementary information part of the financial section of this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 25 through 29 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, public transportation, sanitation and stormwater operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions, as well as to some external organizations. The City uses internal service funds to account for the operations of its central garage, central stores and a self-insured health insurance plan. Because these services mainly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they are included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City maintains five enterprise funds and three internal service funds. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Fund, Sewer Fund, Public Transportation Fund Sanitation and Stormwater Fund, which are considered to be major enterprise funds. Also, the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the other supplementary information part of the financial section of this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 30 through 33 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 34 of this report.

Notes to financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 35 through 73 of this report.

Required supplementary information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligations to provide pension and postretirement healthcare benefits to its employees. This information is presented immediately following the notes to financial statements and can be found on pages 74 through 81 of this report.

Other supplementary information. This report also presents certain other supplementary information concerning the combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, internal service funds, agency funds and School Board individual fund financial statements. This information is presented immediately following required supplementary information. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 82 through 102 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis (Primary Government)

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$237.6 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the City's net position (87.5 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, which amounts to \$29.3 million, may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

| | | City | of Harrisonburg's | Net Position | | | |
|---|----|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | Governmenta | I Activities | Business-type Activities | | Tota | l |
| | _ | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
| Current and other assets Capital assets | \$ | 146,549,376 \$ 280,963,583 | 99,656,266 \$ 281,774,397 | 25,251,647 \$ 86,525,513 | 21,403,851 \$ 87,312,980 | 171,801,023 \$ 367,489,096 | 121,060,117 369,087,377 |
| Total assets | | 427,512,959 | 381,430,663 | 111,777,160 | 108,716,831 | 539,290,119 | 490,147,494 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | | 6,030,166 | 6,086,344 | 2,403,938 | 2,619,605 | 8,434,104 | 8,705,949 |
| Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities | _ | 12,700,200 211,078,056 | 10,602,586 170,251,065 | 2,032,501 38,874,872 | 1,876,780 37,584,093 | 14,732,701 249,952,928 | 12,479,366 207,835,158 |
| Total liabilities | | 223,778,256 | 180,853,651 | 40,907,373 | 39,460,873 | 264,685,629 | 220,314,524 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | 45,001,231 | 43,668,223 | 459,111 | 1,043,952 | 45,460,342 | 44,712,175 |
| Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted | _ | 145,194,280 461,736 19,107,622 | 146,765,571 450,639 15,778,923 | 62,658,600 - 10,156,014 | 61,417,998 - 9,413,613 | 207,852,880 461,736 29,263,636 | 208,183,569 450,639 25,192,536 |
| Total net position | \$ | <u>164,763,638</u> \$ | <u>162,995,133</u> \$ | <u>72,814,614</u> \$ | <u>70,831,611</u> \$ | 237,578,252 \$ | 233,826,744 |

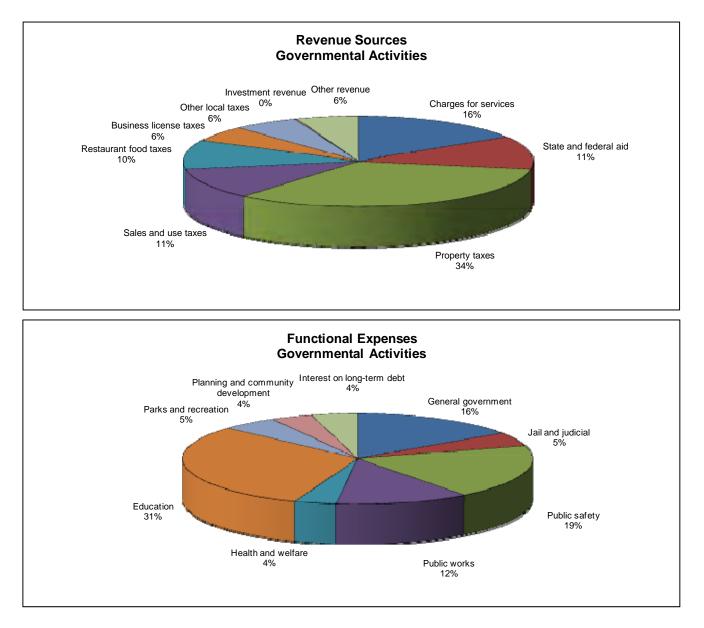
City of Harrisonburg's Net Position

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-type | | Total | | |
|--|------------------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------------------|----------------|---------------|--|
| | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Program revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services S | \$ 19,008,321 \$ | 17,685,293 \$ | 26,375,877 \$ | 25,384,368 \$ | 45,384,198 \$ | 43,069,661 | |
| Operating grants and conributions | 8,071,894 | 7,733,498 | 2,281,764 | 2,229,329 | 10,353,658 | 9,962,827 | |
| Capital grants and contributions | 2,112,546 | 2,511,563 | 606,645 | 2,689,399 | 2,719,191 | 5,200,962 | |
| General revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | 39,574,723 | 37,522,303 | - | - | 39,574,723 | 37,522,303 | |
| Sales and use taxes | 12,994,784 | 12,532,757 | - | - | 12,994,784 | 12,532,757 | |
| Restaurant food taxes | 11,914,152 | 11,026,410 | - | - | 11,914,152 | 11,026,410 | |
| Business license taxes | 6,653,830 | 6,275,116 | - | - | 6,653,830 | 6,275,116 | |
| Other local taxes | 7,119,400 | 6,798,376 | - | - | 7,119,400 | 6,798,376 | |
| Grants and contributions not | | | | | | | |
| restricted to specific programs | 3,501,028 | 3,569,638 | - | - | 3,501,028 | 3,569,638 | |
| Payment from component units | 5,000,000 | 4,900,000 | - | - | 5,000,000 | 4,900,000 | |
| Investment revenue | 206,899 | 75,041 | 55,180 | 15,198 | 262,079 | 90,239 | |
| Other revenue | 1,681,770 | 1,742,779 | 1,237,883 | 1,286,114 | 2,919,653 | 3,028,893 | |
| Gain on disposal of capital assets | - | - | 41,058 | 2,550 | 41,058 | 2,550 | |
| Total revenues | 117,839,347 | 112,372,774 | 30,598,407 | 31,606,958 | 148,437,754 | 143,979,732 | |
| F | | | | | | | |
| Expenses: General government administration | 10 540 556 | 16 257 202 | | | 10 540 550 | 16 257 202 | |
| 0 | 18,543,556 | 16,257,293 | - | - | 18,543,556 | 16,257,293 | |
| Jail and judicial administration | 5,822,848 | 5,137,399 | - | - | 5,822,848 | 5,137,399 | |
| Public safety Public works | 22,625,158 | 21,236,076 | - | - | 22,625,158 | 21,236,076 | |
| Health and welfare | 14,709,122 | 15,158,769 | - | - | 14,709,122 | 15,158,769 | |
| | 4,579,647 | 4,103,981 | - | - | 4,579,647 | 4,103,981 | |
| Education | 36,565,819 | 37,481,649 | - | - | 36,565,819 | 37,481,649 | |
| Parks, recreation and cultural | 6,201,994 | 5,486,051 | - | - | 6,201,994 | 5,486,051 | |
| Planning and community development | 4,579,778 | 3,555,510 | - | - | 4,579,778 | 3,555,510 | |
| Interest on long-term debt | 5,046,788 | 5,116,339 | - | - | 5,046,788 | 5,116,339 | |
| Water | - | - | 5,496,737 | 5,218,201 | 5,496,737 | 5,218,201 | |
| Sewer | - | - | 9,702,160 | 9,526,208 | 9,702,160 | 9,526,208 | |
| Public transportation | - | - | 6,348,417 | 6,327,540 | 6,348,417 | 6,327,540 | |
| Sanitation Stormwater | - | - | 4,208,851 | 7,185,575 | 4,208,851 | 7,185,575 | |
| | | | 255,371 | | 255,371 | | |
| Total expenses Excess before special item | 118,674,710 | 113,533,067 | 26,011,536 | 28,257,524 | 144,686,246 | 141,790,591 | |
| and transfers | (0.05, 0.02) | (4,400,000) | 4 500 074 | 2 240 424 | 0 754 500 | 0 4 0 0 4 4 4 | |
| | (835,363) | (1,160,293) | 4,586,871 | 3,349,434 | 3,751,508 | 2,189,141 | |
| Special item Transfers | - 2,603,868 | - 2,527,927 | - (2,603,868) | (1,916,812) (2,527,927) | - | (1,916,812) | |
| Change in net position | 1,768,505 | 1,367,634 | 1,983,003 | (1,095,305) | 3,751,508 | 272,329 | |
| Net position - beginning | 162,995,133 | 1,307,034 | 70,831,611 | (1,095,305) 71,926,916 | 233,826,744 | 233,554,415 | |
| | \$ 164,763,638 \$ | 162,995,133 \$ | 72,814,614 \$ | 70,831,611 \$ | 237,578,252 \$ | 233,826,744 | |
| net position - enuing | φ 10 4 ,703,030 φ | 102,333,133 \$ | 12,014,014 \$ | 70,031,011 p | 201,010,202 p | 200,020,144 | |

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$1.8 million. Key elements affecting governmental activities are as follows:

- Charges for services increased \$1.3 million (7.5 percent) due an increase in revenue in the City's self-insured health insurance plan that is reported in governmental activities.
- Property tax revenue increased \$2.1 million (5.8 percent) during the current year as a result of a three cent increase in the real estate tax rate.
- Sales and use taxes, business license taxes and restaurant food taxes increased \$1.7 million (5.8 percent), collectively, as a result of general improvements in economic activity.
- Expenses in the general government administration activity increased \$2.3 million (14.1 percent) primarily due to a decrease in claim payments in the City's self-insured health insurance plan and bond issuance costs incurred.
- Expenses in the public safety activity increased \$1.4 million (6.5 percent) primarily from a general increase in
 operating costs from the addition of law enforcement personnel and increased contributions to the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Emergency Communications Center which a one-time capital contribution of approximately
 \$550,000.

- Expenses in the education activity decreased \$915,830 (2.4 percent) primarily due to funding provided in the previous fiscal year to the Harrisonburg City School Board for architecture and engineering services related to new school construction projects.
- Expenses in the parks, recreation and cultural activity increased \$715,943 (13.1%) primarily from the transfer of golf course land to the Harrisonburg City School Board for the construction of Bluestone Elementary School.
- Expenses in the planning and community development activity increased \$1 million (28.8%) primarily from the recognition of a loss from the demolition of the old community development building.



Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$2 million. Key elements affecting business-type activities are as follows:

- Charges for services increased \$1 million (3.9 percent) due to the enactment of a new stormwater utility fee
 amounting to \$2.4 million. Water charges for services increased \$330,329 (4.6 percent) from a three percent
 rate increase and a general increase in usage. These increases were offset by a decrease in sanitation charges for services which decreased \$1.7 million as the result of discontinued operations at the resource recovery
 facility.
- Capital grants and contributions decreased \$2.1 million primarily from intergovernmental revenue associated with the construction of a new public transportation facility as construction was completed in the previous year.

• Expenses in the sanitation activity decreased \$3 million (41.4 percent) as the result of discontinued operations at the resource recovery facility.

Government-wide Financial Analysis (Component Units)

School Board activities. The net position of the School Board increased \$3.6 million during the year, as compared to a \$3.7 million increase in the previous year. School Board expenses increased \$3.5 million (5.2 percent) due to a general increase in instructional expenses. The School Board's funding for operations from the City increased \$273,968 (1 percent) compared to the previous year. State funding increased \$1.6 million due to increased enrollment, while Federal funding increased \$767,372.

HEC activities. HEC's net position decreased \$803,460 during the year, as compared to a \$609,140 increase in the previous year. Operating revenues decreased \$6.1 million (9.1 percent) during the current year, while expenses decreased \$5.5 million (8.3 percent). The decrease in operating revenue was a result of decreased fuel adjustment factor that was passed through to customers combined with a 1 percent decrease in electricity usage. The decrease in expenses was mostly a result of lower purchased power costs coupled with the aforementioned decrease in the fuel adjustment factor and decreased electricity usage.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance (the total of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance) may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

General Fund. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$28.4 million, while total fund balance was \$30.4 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures and other financing uses. Unassigned fund balance represents 28.7 percent (23.7 percent in the prior year) of total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses, while total fund balance represents 30.7 percent (26.4 percent in the prior year) of that same amount.

Total fund balance in the General Fund increased \$3.4 million mainly from positive operating results and the return of \$800,000 from the School Bond Capital Projects Fund as the City issued bonds during the year for school construction projects. The \$800,000 was provided by the General Fund in the previous year as an advance towards architectural and engineering costs prior to the issuance of the bonds. Real property taxes increased \$1.5 million, as the result of an increase in the tax rate, while personal property taxes increased \$386,604 (4.8 percent) compared to the previous fiscal year. Sales and use taxes increased \$462,027 (3.7 percent), business license taxes increased \$378,714 (6 percent), hotel and motel room taxes increased \$402,027 (3.7 percent) and restaurant food taxes increased \$886,801 (8 percent) compared to the previous fiscal year. Total expenditures increased \$2.3 million. Public safety expenditures increased \$758,879 (3.7 percent) from a one-time capital related contribution to the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Emergency Communications Center, health and welfare expenditures increased \$475,667 (11.7 percent) from increased contributions to the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Community Services Board and to the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District, debt service expenditures increased \$918,178 (7.5 percent) from a full year of debt service payments related a 2014 bond issue and the City's operating funding to the School Board increased \$1.1 million (3.8 percent). Other financial factors affecting the General Fund have been included in the above discussion of the City's governmental activities.

General Capital Projects Fund. The General Capital Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$15.2 million, of which the entire amount is either restricted or committed for various projects. Revenue, including other financing sources, totaled \$10.2 million, of which \$7.7 million was proceeds from the issuance of bonds, \$1.9 million was intergovernmental revenue and \$367,335 was transfers from other funds. Intergovernmental revenue included \$1.7 million in funding from the state for street improvement projects, and \$188,223 in federal funding for a Safe Route to Schools grant project. Expenditures totaled \$7.3 million, of which the most significant were for the completion of the new City Hall facility, construction related to the Reservoir Street improvement project and the completion of the Carlton Street roundabout project.

School Bond Capital Projects Fund. The School Bond Capital Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$34.4 million, of which the entire amount is restricted for various school construction projects. Revenue, including other financing sources, totaled \$40.6 million, of which nearly the entire amount was proceeds from the issuance of bonds. Expenditures totaled \$5.4 million and included construction of Bluestone Elementary School, Elon Rhodes Early Learning Center and HVAC replacement at Thomas Harrison Middle School.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the governmentwide financial statements, but in more detail.

Water Fund. The net position of the Water Fund increased \$138,288 compared to an increase of \$286,128 in the previous year. Operating revenues increased \$300,329 (4.6 percent) due to an approximate three percent water rate increase and increased consumption, while total operating expenses increased \$311,873 (6.1 percent) from an increase in maintenance expenses.

Sewer Fund. The net position of the Sewer Fund decreased \$461,026 compared to a decrease of \$170,478 in the previous year. Operating revenues increased \$113,151 (1.1 percent) due to increased usage, while total operating expenses increased \$178,260 (1.9 percent) due to increased contributions to the regional sewer authority.

Public Transportation Fund. The net position of the Public Transportation Fund decreased \$1.2 million. Operating revenues decreased \$87,248 (4.6 percent) while total operating expenses increased \$306,437 (5.2 percent). Expenses increased primarily due to depreciation expense from transit buses and other equipment purchased in the previous fiscal year.

Sanitation Fund. The net position of the Sanitation Fund increased \$1.5 million. Operating revenues decreased \$1.7 million (24.7 percent) from a decrease in revenue related to landfill tipping fees at the Rockingham County landfill and the discontinued operations of the resource recovery facility, while total operating expenses decreased \$2.9 million (44.1 percent) due a decrease in tipping fees paid to Rockingham County and to the discontinued operations of the resource recovery facility.

Stormwater Fund. The net position of the Stormwater Fund increased \$2.2 million. This was a new proprietary fund established to account for the stormwater utility fee and the stormwater program funded by the fee.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original and the final amended General Fund budget amounted to \$3.8 million, or 3.8 percent of the original budget, and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$2.1 million appropriated for prior year encumbrances.
- \$950,000 appropriated for funding received through the Virginia Department of Transportation Revenue Sharing program for street repaving.
- \$229,519 appropriated for various police department purposes including state and federal grants.
- \$219,899 appropriated for various fire department purposes including state and federal grants.
- \$243,245 appropriated for other purposes.

There were several significant variances between the final amended budget and the actual results in the General Fund, and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- Other local tax revenues were over the final amended budget by \$1.1 million. The variance was primarily the
 result of higher than anticipated restaurant food tax, hotel and motel tax and bank stock tax collections from improving economic activity.
- Public works expenditures were under the final amended budget by \$2.1 million. The variance was the result of the timing of the City's paving program expenditures. These funds were encumbered and reappropriated into the subsequent fiscal year.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities totaled \$367.5 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, easements, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure (e.g., streets and bridges), intangible assets and construction in progress. The City's total investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year decreased \$1.6 million.

Significant capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Construction was completed on a new City Hall increasing governmental activities' buildings and other capital assets while decreasing construction in progress by \$10.3 million.
- Construction began on three new school projects that include Bluestone Elementary School, Elon Rhodes Early Learning Center and the Thomas Harrison Middle School HVAC replacement projects increasing governmental activities' construction in progress by \$4.9 million.
- Construction began on the Reservoir Street improvement project increasing governmental activities' construction in progress by \$2.4 million.
- Purchased land for the new water tank in the Park View area of the city increasing business-type activities land by \$300,000.
- Improvements and upgrades continued on the North River pump station project increasing business-type activities' construction in progress by \$374,188.
- Decommissioning of the resource recovery facility commenced during the year which will be sold to James Madison University. The costs incurred during the year for the decommissioning increased the resource recovery facility asset (held for sale) in the business-type activities by \$1.6 million.

| | _ | Governmenta | al Activities | | Business-type Activities | | | Total | | |
|--------------------------|----|----------------|---------------|----|--------------------------|----|---------------|----------------|-------------|--|
| | - | 2016 | 2015 | | 2016 | | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | |
| Held for sale | \$ | - \$ | - | \$ | 4,041,217 | \$ | 2,469,000 \$ | 4,041,217 \$ | 2,469,000 | |
| Land | | 51,154,882 | 51,149,999 | | 1,235,770 | | 935,770 | 52,390,652 | 52,085,769 | |
| Easements | | 1,659,265 | 1,655,956 | | 342,737 | | 342,737 | 2,002,002 | 1,998,693 | |
| Construction in progress | | 17,993,331 | 19,138,211 | | 15,839,153 | | 14,987,433 | 33,832,484 | 34,125,644 | |
| Buildings | | 87,785,298 | 84,043,883 | | 11,667,417 | | 12,041,830 | 99,452,715 | 96,085,713 | |
| Improvements other | | | | | | | | | | |
| than buildings | | 13,301,670 | 13,578,417 | | 10,653,550 | | 11,015,331 | 23,955,220 | 24,593,748 | |
| Machinery and equipment | | 14,210,376 | 14,407,514 | | 8,321,157 | | 9,175,799 | 22,531,533 | 23,583,313 | |
| Intangibles | | 11,223,407 | 10,840,158 | | - | | - | 11,223,407 | 10,840,158 | |
| Infrastructure | _ | 83,635,354 | 86,960,259 | | 34,424,512 | | 36,345,080 | 118,059,866 | 123,305,339 | |
| Total capital assets | \$ | 280,963,583 \$ | 281,774,397 | \$ | 86,525,513 | \$ | 87,312,980 \$ | 367,489,096 \$ | 369,087,377 | |

City of Harrisonburg's Capital Assets

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 on pages 45 through 47 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total long-term debt outstanding of \$249.9 million. Of this amount, \$205.1 million comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The City's total long-term debt increased \$42.1 million during the current fiscal year.

Significant long-term debt events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The issuance of \$4.1 million in general obligation bonds to fund the renovations to Fire Station No. 1, replacement of the Pleasant Valley Road bridge and additional funding for the Reservoir Street improvement project in governmental activities.
- The issuance of \$40.2 million in general obligation bonds to fund the construction of a new elementary school and related street improvements, new pre-kindergarten facility, HVAC replacement at Thomas Harrison Middle School and shared use paths in governmental activities.
- The issuance of \$3.5 million in general obligation bonds to fund the construction of a new water tank, pump station and related infrastructure in business-type activities.

| _ | Governmenta | I Activities | Business-type | e Activities | Total | | |
|----|----------------|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| - | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | |
| \$ | 176,312,408 \$ | 135,804,398 \$ | 28,742,532 \$ | 27,875,343 \$ | 205,054,940 \$ | 163,679,741 | |
| | 2,032,839 | 2,723,162 | - | - | 2,032,839 | 2,723,162 | |
| | 8,714,153 | 9,694,615 | - | - | 8,714,153 | 9,694,615 | |
| | 3,517,623 | 3,400,458 | 840,433 | 880,606 | 4,358,056 | 4,281,064 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | 3,424,363 | 3,097,884 | 967,150 | 888,412 | 4,391,513 | 3,986,296 | |
| | 17,076,670 | 15,530,548 | 4,013,503 | 3,642,868 | 21,090,173 | 19,173,416 | |
| | - | - | 1,613,289 | 1,598,899 | 1,613,289 | 1,598,899 | |
| _ | | | 2,697,965 | 2,697,965 | 2,697,965 | 2,697,965 | |
| \$ | 211,078,056 \$ | 170,251,065 \$ | 38,874,872 \$ | 37,584,093 \$ | 249,952,928 \$ | 207,835,158 | |
| | - | 2016 \$ 176,312,408 \$ 2,032,839 8,714,153 3,517,623 3,424,363 17,076,670 | \$ 176,312,408 \$ 135,804,398 \$ 2,032,839 2,723,162 8,714,153 9,694,615 3,517,623 3,400,458 3,424,363 3,097,884 17,076,670 15,530,548 | 2016 2015 2016 \$ 176,312,408 \$ 135,804,398 \$ 28,742,532 \$ 2,032,839 2,723,162 - 8,714,153 9,694,615 - 3,517,623 3,400,458 840,433 - 3,517,623 3,400,458 840,433 3,424,363 3,097,884 967,150 17,076,670 15,530,548 4,013,503 - 1,613,289 - 2,697,965 - | 2016 2015 2016 2015 \$ 176,312,408 \$ 135,804,398 \$ 28,742,532 \$ 27,875,343 \$ 2,032,839 2,723,162 - - 8,714,153 9,694,615 - - - 3,517,623 3,400,458 840,433 880,606 3,424,363 3,097,884 967,150 888,412 17,076,670 15,530,548 4,013,503 3,642,868 - - 1,613,289 1,598,899 - 2,697,965 2,697,965 2,697,965 | 2016 2015 2016 2015 2016 \$ 176,312,408 \$ 135,804,398 \$ 28,742,532 \$ 27,875,343 \$ 205,054,940 \$ 2,032,839 2,723,162 - 2 0,232,839 8,714,153 9,694,615 - 2 0,32,839 8,714,153 3,517,623 3,400,458 840,433 880,606 4,358,056 3,424,363 3,097,884 967,150 888,412 4,391,513 17,076,670 15,530,548 4,013,503 3,642,868 21,090,173 - 1,613,289 1,598,899 1,613,289 - 2,697,965 2,697,965 2,697,965 | |

City of Harrisonburg's Long-term Debt Outstanding (net of premiums/discounts)

The City maintained its AA bond rating from Standard and Poor's and its Aa2 bond rating from Moody's.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may incur to 10 percent of its total assessed real property valuation. The current debt limitation for the City is \$398.3 million of which \$204.1 million is available for use.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 on pages 48 through 51 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The approved \$104.9 million fiscal year 2017 General Fund budget did not include the use of unassigned fund balance. The following were factors in the preparation and final approval of the fiscal year 2017 General Fund budget.

- The unemployment rate for the City in December 2015 was 4.6 percent, which was a decrease from a rate of 5 percent in December 2014. This rate was higher than the 3.9 percent state rate but still compares favorably to the 4.8 percent national rate in December 2015.
- Flat real estate assessed values.
- Increased the real estate tax rate from \$0.72 to \$0.78. This tax rate increase is anticipated to provide an additional \$2.3 million in revenue compared to fiscal year 2016.
- Growth in other local tax revenue which includes sales tax, business license tax and restaurant food tax revenue of just over \$2.3 million.
- An increase of \$1 million in debt service expenditures related to the City's issuance of bonds for school construction and other various projects.

- An increase of \$1.3 million in expenditures related to the City's shared services with Rockingham County. \$1.1 million of this increase was related to major capital replacements at the regional jail operated by Rockingham County.
- An increase of \$250,000 for various information technology upgrades and replacements for hardware and software capital outlays.
- \$500,000 transferred to the General Capital Projects Fund for a public safety software project that includes the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Emergency Communications Center computer aided dispatch software replacement and a replacement data management system for the police department.
- Salary increases for both City and School Board employees.

A water rate increase of \$0.15 per one thousand gallons (approximately 6 percent) was approved to provide funding for the debt service on a \$3.5 million bond issue for the new water tank in the Park View area of the City and for general operations of the Water Fund.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. A copy of this report in its entirety may be downloaded from the City's website at www.harrisonburgva.gov. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Harrisonburg, Director of Finance, 409 South Main Street, Harrisonburg, VA 22801.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

| | | Primary Governme | ent | Compon | ent Units |
|---|----------------|------------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| | Governmenta | | | School | |
| | Activities | Activities | Total | Board | HEC |
| Assets | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 42,479,059 | \$ 21,243,242 | \$ 63,722,301 | \$ 8,038,207 | \$ 10,853,218 |
| Investments | - | - | - | - | 12,000,000 |
| Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) | 50,347,506 | 2,821,737 | 53,169,243 | 2,345,103 | 5,527,744 |
| Due from primary government | - | - | - | - | 109,343 |
| Due from component units | 54,637 | - | 54,637 | - | 88,431 |
| Internal balances | 1,899,044 | (1,899,044) | - | - | - |
| Inventory | 1,293,682 | - | 1,293,682 | 100,617 | 1,887,777 |
| Prepaid expenses | 338,200 | 8,122 | 346,322 | 723,171 | 152,651 |
| Loans receivable | 8,043,923 | - | 8,043,923 | - | - |
| Restricted assets | 42,093,325 | 3,077,590 | 45,170,915 | - | - |
| Capital assets: | | | | | |
| Capital assets, held for sale | - | 4,041,217 | 4,041,217 | - | - |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated | 70,807,478 | 17,417,660 | 88,225,138 | 7,094,184 | 7,679,869 |
| Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) | 210,156,105 | 65,066,636 | 275,222,741 | 33,105,056 | 50,424,244 |
| Net pension asset | - | - | - | 279,169 | - |
| Total assets | 427,512,959 | 111,777,160 | 539,290,119 | 51,685,507 | 88,723,277 |
| Deferred outflows of resources | | | | | |
| Deferred bond refunding charges | 3,452,139 | 1,798,029 | 5,250,168 | - | - |
| Deferred pension outflows | 2,578,027 | 605,909 | 3,183,936 | 5,043,354 | 384,133 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 6,030,166 | | 8,434,104 | 5,043,354 | 384,133 |
| Liabilities | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | 4,772,762 | 690,993 | 5,463,755 | 72,524 | 4,272,712 |
| Accrued payroll | 1,013,987 | | 1,212,434 | 6,852,314 | 54,988 |
| Accrued interest | 2,411,660 | 416,988 | 2,828,648 | | |
| Due to primary government | | | 2,020,010 | 50,494 | 4,143 |
| Due to component units | 96,461 | 12,882 | 109,343 | 88,431 | |
| Customer deposits | | 345,268 | 345,268 | | 1,115,222 |
| Unearned revenue | 1,105,649 | 288,600 | 1,394,249 | - | |
| Other liabilities | 1,362,777 | 45,919 | 1,408,696 | 635,369 | 271,255 |
| Liabilities payable from restricted assets | 1,936,904 | 33,404 | 1,970,308 | | 271,200 |
| Long-term liabilities: | 1,000,004 | 00,404 | 1,070,000 | | |
| Due within one year | 11,437,986 | 2,933,791 | 14,371,777 | 301,653 | 403,753 |
| Due in more than one year | 199,640,070 | 35,941,081 | 235,581,151 | 60,615,105 | 3,316,640 |
| Total liabilities | 223,778,256 | 40,907,373 | 264,685,629 | 68,615,890 | 9,438,713 |
| Deferred inflows of resources | | | | | |
| Property tax revenue | 43,047,803 | - | 43,047,803 | - | - |
| Deferred pension inflows | 1,953,428 | 459,111 | 2,412,539 | 4,566,957 | 291,066 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 45,001,231 | 459,111 | 45,460,342 | 4,566,957 | 291,066 |
| Net position | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 145,194,280 | 62,658,600 | 207,852,880 | 40,199,240 | 58,104,113 |
| Restricted for: | 140,104,200 | 02,000,000 | 201,002,000 | -0,100,2-0 | 00,104,110 |
| Public safety | 461,736 | _ | 461,736 | | |
| Unrestricted | 19,107,622 | | 29,263,636 | - (56,653,226) | - 21,273,518 |
| | | | | <u></u> _ | |
| Total net position | \$ 164,763,638 | \$ 72,814,614 | \$ 237,578,252 | \$ (16,453,986) | \$ 79,377,631 |

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

| | | | | Program Revenues | | | | | | |
|--|------|-------------|-----|-------------------------|----|--|----|--|--|--|
| Functions/Programs | | Expenses | - | Charges for Services | _ | Operating Grants and Contributions | | Capital Grants and Contributions | | |
| Primary Government: | | | | | | | _ | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government administration | \$ | 18,543,556 | \$ | 13,413,592 | \$ | 330,928 | \$ | - | | |
| Jail and judicial administration | | 5,822,848 | | 515,404 | | - | | - | | |
| Public safety | | 22,625,158 | | 261,725 | | 1,808,666 | | - | | |
| Public works | | 14,709,122 | | - | | 5,458,966 | | 2,112,546 | | |
| Health and welfare | | 4,579,647 | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Education | | 36,565,819 | | 3,099,596 | | - | | - | | |
| Parks, recreation and cultural | | 6,201,994 | | 1,130,856 | | - | | - | | |
| Planning and community development | | 4,579,778 | | 587,148 | | 473,334 | | - | | |
| Interest on long-term debt | _ | 5,046,788 | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Total governmental activities | _ | 118,674,710 | | 19,008,321 | - | 8,071,894 | | 2,112,546 | | |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water | | 5,496,737 | | 6,866,608 | | - | | 66,750 | | |
| Sewer | | 9,702,160 | | 10,249,003 | | - | | 37,800 | | |
| Public transportation | | 6,348,417 | | 1,810,732 | | 2,281,764 | | 502,095 | | |
| Sanitation | | 4,208,851 | | 5,104,242 | | - | | - | | |
| Stormwater | _ | 255,371 | · - | 2,345,292 | | - | | - | | |
| Total business-type activities | _ | 26,011,536 | | 26,375,877 | | 2,281,764 | | 606,645 | | |
| Total primary government | \$ | 144,686,246 | \$ | 45,384,198 | \$ | 10,353,658 | \$ | 2,719,191 | | |
| Component units: | | | | | | | | | | |
| School Board | \$ | 71,140,738 | \$ | 2,137,472 | \$ | 19,349,662 | \$ | - | | |
| Harrisonburg Electric Commission (HEC) | | 61,658,027 | · - | 60,602,147 | | - | | 172,311 | | |
| Total component units | \$ _ | 132,798,765 | \$ | 62,739,619 | \$ | 19,349,662 | \$ | 172,311 | | |

General revenues: Property taxes Sales and use taxes Restaurant food taxes Business license taxes Other local taxes Unrestricted grants and contributions Unrestricted payment from primary government Unrestricted payment from component units Investment revenue Other revenue Gain on disposal of capital assets Transfers Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position

Net position at beginning of year

Net position at end of year

| | | Pr | imary Governme | nt | | Compor | nent | t Units |
|---|--------------|----|----------------|----|--------------|--------------------|------|-----------|
| C | Governmental | | Business-type | | | School | | |
| | Activities | | Activities | - | Total | Board | _ | HEC |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | (4,799,036) | \$ | - | \$ | (4,799,036) | \$ - | \$ | - |
| | (5,307,444) | | - | | (5,307,444) | - | | |
| | (20,554,767) | | - | | (20,554,767) | - | | |
| | (7,137,610) | | - | | (7,137,610) | - | | |
| | (4,579,647) | | - | | (4,579,647) | - | | |
| | (33,466,223) | | - | | (33,466,223) | - | | |
| | (5,071,138) | | - | | (5,071,138) | - | | |
| | (3,519,296) | | _ | | (3,519,296) | _ | | |
| | (5,046,788) | | - | | (5,046,788) | _ | | |
| | | | | - | | | - | |
| | (89,481,949) | | | - | (89,481,949) | | _ | |
| | - | | 1,436,621 | | 1,436,621 | - | | |
| | - | | 584,643 | | 584,643 | - | | |
| | - | | (1,753,826) | | (1,753,826) | _ | | |
| | _ | | 895,391 | | 895,391 | _ | | |
| | | | 2,089,921 | | 2,089,921 | _ | | |
| | | | 2,009,921 | - | 2,009,921 | | - | |
| | - | | 3,252,750 | - | 3,252,750 | | _ | |
| | (89,481,949) | | 3,252,750 | - | (86,229,199) | | | |
| | - | | - | | - | (49,653,604) | | |
| | - | | | - | - | | _ | (883,569 |
| | - | | | - | - | (49,653,604) | | (883,56 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | 39,574,723 | | - | | 39,574,723 | - | | |
| | 12,994,784 | | - | | 12,994,784 | - | | |
| | 11,914,152 | | - | | 11,914,152 | - | | |
| | 6,653,830 | | - | | 6,653,830 | - | | |
| | 7,119,400 | | - | | 7,119,400 | - | | |
| | 3,501,028 | | - | | 3,501,028 | 23,372,240 | | |
| | - | | - | | - | 29,390,214 | | |
| | 5,000,000 | | - | | 5,000,000 | - | | |
| | 206,899 | | 55,180 | | 262,079 | 4,107 | | 80,10 |
| | 1,681,770 | | 1,237,883 | | 2,919,653 | 437,578 | | |
| | - | | 41,058 | | 41,058 | - | | |
| | 2,603,868 | | (2,603,868) | - | | | _ | |
| | 91,250,454 | | (1,269,747) | - | 89,980,707 | 53,204,139 | _ | 80,10 |
| | 1,768,505 | | 1,983,003 | | 3,751,508 | 3,550,535 | | (803,46 |
| | 162,995,133 | | 70,831,611 | _ | 233,826,744 | (20,004,521) | _ | 80,181,09 |
| | 164,763,638 | \$ | 72,814,614 | \$ | 237,578,252 | \$ (16,453,986) | \$ | 79,377,63 |

| | | General Fund | General Capital Projects Fund | | School Bond Capital Projects Fund | | Other Governmental Funds | | Total Governmental Funds |
|---|----|-----------------|--|----|--|----|--------------------------------|----|--------------------------------|
| Assets | - | | | - | | - | | - | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 29,165,291 | \$ 9,506,662 | \$ | - | \$ | 604,949 | \$ | 39,276,902 |
| Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) | | 49,130,046 | 1,104,057 | | - | | 109,911 | | 50,344,014 |
| Due from other funds | | 87,131 | - | | - | | - | | 87,131 |
| Due from component units | | - | - | | - | | 46,092 | | 46,092 |
| Inventory | | 95,207 | - | | - | | - | | 95,207 |
| Prepaid expenditures | | 306,069 | - | | - | | 16,652 | | 322,721 |
| Loans receivable | | 7,924,601 | - | | - | | 119,322 | | 8,043,923 |
| Restricted assets | - | - | 5,797,026 | - | 36,296,299 | - | | | 42,093,325 |
| Total assets | \$ | 86,708,345 | \$ 16,407,745 | \$ | 36,296,299 | \$ | 896,926 | \$ | 140,309,315 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 2,212,482 | \$ 909,966 | \$ | - | \$ | 102,469 | \$ | 3,224,917 |
| Accrued payroll | | 820,800 | - | | - | | 166,355 | | 987,155 |
| Due to other funds | | - | - | | - | | 19,440 | | 19,440 |
| Due to component units | | 89,444 | 37 | | - | | 1,271 | | 90,752 |
| Unearned revenue | | 92,425 | 305,275 | | - | | - | | 397,700 |
| Other liabilities | | 1,362,777 | - | | - | | - | | 1,362,777 |
| Liabilities payable from restricted assets | _ | - | 6,000 | _ | 1,930,904 | | - | | 1,936,904 |
| Total liabilities | - | 4,577,928 | 1,221,278 | - | 1,930,904 | - | 289,535 | | 8,019,645 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue | _ | 51,774,708 | - | _ | - | _ | 123,008 | | 51,897,716 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | - | 51,774,708 | - | - | - | - | 123,008 | | 51,897,716 |
| Fund Balances | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | 745,877 | - | | - | | 16,652 | | 762,529 |
| Restricted | | 461,736 | 5,791,026 | | 34,365,395 | | - | | 40,618,157 |
| Committed | | 63,402 | 9,395,441 | | - | | 333,731 | | 9,792,574 |
| Assigned | | 649,393 | - | | - | | 134,000 | | 783,393 |
| Unassigned | _ | 28,435,301 | - | _ | - | _ | | | 28,435,301 |
| Total fund balances | - | 30,355,709 | 15,186,467 | - | 34,365,395 | - | 484,383 | | 80,391,954 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of | | | | | | | | | |
| resources and fund balances | \$ | 86,708,345 | \$ 16,407,745 | \$ | 36,296,299 | \$ | 896,926 | \$ | 140,309,315 |

| Exhibit | 4 |
|---------|---|
| | |

| Total fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit 3) | \$ | 80,391,954 |
|--|----|---------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because: | | |
| Certain revenues are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. | | 8,849,913 |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. | | 274,196,174 |
| Certain liabilities, including bonds and related accounts, are not payable from current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. | | (209,228,133) |
| Deferred pension outflows and deferred pension inflows are not current financial resources and are not payable from current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. | | 603,083 |
| Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to other funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. | - | 9,950,647 |
| Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 1) | \$ | 164,763,638 |

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

| Devenues | | General Fund | General Capital Projects Fund | - | School Bond Capital Projects Fund | (| Other Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|---|----|-----------------|--|----|--|----|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Revenues: | • | | | • | | • | , | |
| General property taxes | \$ | 39,444,384 \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - 9 | |
| Other local taxes | | 38,722,176 | - | | - | | - | 38,722,176 |
| Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses | | 443,489 | - | | - | | - | 443,489 |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 623,390 | - | | - | | - | 623,390 |
| Use of money and property | | 222,843 | 14,022 | | 24,656 | | 807 | 262,328 |
| Charges for services | | 1,428,254 | - | | - | | 3,128,420 | 4,556,674 |
| Miscellaneous | | 1,833,221 | - | | - | | 38,491 | 1,871,712 |
| Recovered costs | | - | 59,225 | | - | | - | 59,225 |
| Payments from component units | | 5,000,000 | - | | - | | - | 5,000,000 |
| Intergovernmental | | 11,187,145 | 1,990,121 | | - | | 385,777 | 13,563,043 |
| Total revenues | • | 98,904,902 | 2,063,368 | | 24,656 | | 3,553,495 | 104,546,421 |
| Expenditures: Current: | | | | | | | | |
| General government administration | | 4,974,666 | - | | - | | - | 4,974,666 |
| Jail and judicial administration | | 6,147,289 | - | | - | | - | 6,147,289 |
| Public safety | | 21,409,396 | - | | - | | - | 21,409,396 |
| Public works | | 10,243,873 | - | | - | | - | 10,243,873 |
| Health and welfare | | 4,557,782 | - | | - | | - | 4,557,782 |
| Education | | 29,390,214 | _ | | | | 2,989,072 | 32,379,286 |
| Parks, recreation and cultural | | 5,058,486 | _ | | _ | | 2,000,072 | 5,058,486 |
| Planning and community development | | 3,375,019 | _ | | | | 395,844 | 3,770,863 |
| Debt service: | | 3,373,019 | - | | - | | 393,044 | 3,770,003 |
| | | 0 101 604 | | | | | | 9 404 604 |
| Principal retirement | | 8,101,624 | - | | - | | - | 8,101,624 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | 5,105,619 | - | | - | | - | 5,105,619 |
| Capital projects | | | 7,266,080 | - | 5,427,524 | | - | 12,693,604 |
| Total expenditures | | 98,363,968 | 7,266,080 | - | 5,427,524 | | 3,384,916 | 114,442,488 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | | 540,934 | (5,202,712) | - | (5,402,868) | | 168,579 | (9,896,067) |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | | |
| Long-term debt issued | | _ | 7,425,000 | | 36,880,000 | | _ | 44,305,000 |
| Premium on long-term debt issued | | - | 307,154 | | | | - | |
| - | | - | | | 3,688,263 | | - | 3,995,417 |
| Transfers in | | 3,460,748 | 367,335 | | - | | - | 3,828,083 |
| Transfers out | | (627,109) | - | - | (800,000) | • | - | (1,427,109) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | 2,833,639 | 8,099,489 | - | 39,768,263 | • | - | 50,701,391 |
| Net change in fund balances | | 3,374,573 | 2,896,777 | | 34,365,395 | | 168,579 | 40,805,324 |
| Fund balances at beginning of year | | 26,981,136 | 12,289,690 | - | - | | 315,804 | 39,586,630 |
| Fund balances at end of year | \$ | 30,355,709 \$ | 15,186,467 | \$ | 34,365,395 | \$ | 484,383 | 80,391,954 |

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

| Total net change in fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit 5) | \$ | 40,805,324 |
|--|------|--------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because: | | |
| Certain revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds. This amount is the net change in these revenues. | | (205,669) |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures exceeded depreciation expense. | | 3,024,968 |
| The transfer of capital assets to the School Board (component unit) affects only the statement of activities. These transfers do not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds. | | (3,074,747) |
| The loss on the disposal of a capital asset affects only the statement of activities. The loss does no have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported in governmental funds | | (777,467) |
| The contribution (donation) of capital assets affects only the statement of activities. These transactions do not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds. | | 181,650 |
| The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to gov- ernmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the | | |
| statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. | | (39,057,389) |
| Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount is the net change in these expenses. | | (536,695) |
| Governmental funds report employer pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of pension benefits earned, net of employee contributions, are reported as pension expense. This is the amount by which employer pension contributions exceeded pension expense. | | 1,171,284 |
| Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to other funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with govern-mental activities. | _ | 237,246 |
| Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 2) | \$ _ | 1,768,505 |

| | | Budgete | d A | mounts | | | | Variance with Final Budget Positive |
|---|----|-------------|-----|-------------|-----|------------|-----|---|
| | - | Original | u r | Final | | Actual | | (Negative) |
| Revenues: | - | enginai | | | - | , lotudi | • • | (Hoganito) |
| General property taxes | \$ | 39,719,900 | \$ | 39,141,900 | \$ | 39,444,384 | \$ | 302,484 |
| Other local taxes | | 37,604,500 | | 37,662,500 | | 38,722,176 | | 1,059,676 |
| Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses | | 455,270 | | 455,270 | | 443,489 | | (11,781) |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 565,000 | | 565,000 | | 623,390 | | 58,390 |
| Use of money and property | | 175,000 | | 175,000 | | 222,843 | | 47,843 |
| Charges for services | | 1,412,900 | | 1,412,900 | | 1,428,254 | | 15,354 |
| Miscellaneous | | 1,894,836 | | 1,913,081 | | 1,833,221 | | (79,860) |
| Payments from component units | | 5,000,000 | | 5,000,000 | | 5,000,000 | | - |
| Intergovernmental | | 9,686,301 | | 11,438,287 | | 11,187,145 | | (251,142) |
| Total revenues | - | 96,513,707 | | 97,763,938 | - | 98,904,902 | • • | 1,140,964 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| General government administration | | 5,157,137 | | 5,277,820 | | 4,974,666 | | 303,154 |
| Jail and judicial administration | | 5,900,166 | | 6,334,302 | | 6,147,289 | | 187,013 |
| Public safety | | 22,114,681 | | 22,491,714 | | 21,409,396 | | 1,082,318 |
| Public works | | 9,929,657 | | 12,365,527 | | 10,243,873 | | 2,121,654 |
| Health and welfare | | 4,564,364 | | 4,574,698 | | 4,557,782 | | 16,916 |
| Education | | 29,895,539 | | 29,895,539 | | 29,390,214 | | 505,325 |
| Parks, recreation and cultural | | 5,101,181 | | 5,183,133 | | 5,058,486 | | 124,647 |
| Planning and community development | | 3,424,396 | | 3,749,396 | | 3,375,019 | | 374,377 |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | | 8,101,626 | | 8,101,624 | | 8,101,624 | | - |
| Interest and fiscal charges | _ | 5,106,971 | | 5,106,973 | _ | 5,105,619 | | 1,354 |
| Total expenditures | - | 99,295,718 | - | 103,080,726 | - | 98,363,968 | | 4,716,758 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | - | (2,782,011) | · - | (5,316,788) | - | 540,934 | | 5,857,722 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 2,660,748 | | 3,460,748 | | 3,460,748 | | - |
| Transfers out | - | (627,109) | | (627,109) | _ | (627,109) | | - |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | - | 2,033,639 | • - | 2,833,639 | - | 2,833,639 | | - |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ | (748,372) | \$ | (2,483,149) | | 3,374,573 | \$ | 5,857,722 |
| Fund balance at beginning of year | | | | | _ | 26,981,136 | - | |
| Fund balance at end of year | | | | | \$_ | 30,355,709 | : | |

| | | | Enterprise | e Funds | | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------|------------------------------|
| | Water Fund | Sewer Fund | Public Transportation Fund | Sanitation Fund | Stormwater Fund | Total | Internal Service Funds |
| Assets | | | | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents \$ | 6,803,891 \$ | 6,129,623 | \$ 414,310 \$ | 6,201,907 \$ | 1,693,511 \$ | 21,243,242 \$ | 3,202,157 |
| Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) | 836,224 | 1,239,633 | 20,919 | 288,870 | 83,744 | 2,469,390 | 3,492 |
| Due from component units | - | - | - | - | - | - | 8,545 |
| Due from other governments | - | - | 352,347 | - | - | 352,347 | - |
| Inventory | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,198,475 |
| Prepaid expenses | 8,122 | - | - | - | - | 8,122 | 15,479 |
| Restricted assets | 3,077,590 | - | | - | - | 3,077,590 | - |
| Total current assets | 10,725,827 | 7,369,256 | 787,576 | 6,490,777 | 1,777,255 | 27,150,691 | 4,428,148 |
| Noncurrent assets: | | | | | | | |
| Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) | 47,264,218 | 20,799,781 | 12,310,570 | 5,681,387 | 469,557 | 86,525,513 | 6,767,409 |
| Total noncurrent assets | 47,264,218 | 20,799,781 | 12,310,570 | 5,681,387 | 469,557 | 86,525,513 | 6,767,409 |
| Total assets | 57,990,045 | 28,169,037 | 13,098,146 | 12,172,164 | 2,246,812 | 113,676,204 | 11,195,557 |
| Deferred outflows of resources | | | | | | | |
| Deferred bond refunding charges | 742,880 | - | - | 1,055,149 | - | 1,798,029 | - |
| Deferred pension outflows | 200,061 | 130,594 | 143,246 | 127,670 | 4,338 | 605,909 | 88,808 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 942,941 | 130,594 | 143,246 | 1,182,819 | 4,338 | 2,403,938 | 88,808 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | 70,041 | 23,904 | 57,244 | 530,039 | 9,765 | 690,993 | 1,547,845 |
| Accrued payroll | 65,602 | 39,266 | 58,020 | 32,010 | 3,549 | 198,447 | 26,832 |
| Accrued interest | 196,345 | - | - | 220,643 | - | 416,988 | - |
| Due to other funds | - | - | - | - | - | - | 67,691 |
| Due to component units | 6,535 | 3,107 | 2,198 | 825 | 217 | 12,882 | 5,709 |
| Customer deposits | 345,268 | - | - | - | - | 345,268 | - |
| Unearned revenue | 183,700 | 104,900 | - | - | - | 288,600 | 707,949 |
| Other liabilities | 45,919 | - | - | - | - | 45,919 | - |
| Liabilities payable from restricted assets | 33,404 | - | - | - | - | 33,404 | - |
| Compensated absences | 129,727 | 81,457 | 76,566 | 93,971 | 2,751 | 384,472 | 55,714 |
| Landfill closure | - | - | - | 106,491 | - | 106,491 | - |
| Current portion of bonds payable | 644,705 | - | | 1,798,123 | - | 2,442,828 | - |
| Total current liabilities | 1,721,246 | 252,634 | 194,028 | 2,782,102 | 16,282 | 4,966,292 | 2,411,740 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | | | | | | |
| Compensated absences | 163,675 | 124,381 | 87,525 | 80,380 | - | 455,961 | 47,352 |
| Postretirement healthcare benefits | 242,103 | 209,925 | 130,195 | 384,616 | 311 | 967,150 | 118,119 |
| Net pension liability | 1,325,191 | 865,048 | 948,850 | 845,677 | 28,737 | 4,013,503 | 588,259 |
| Landfill closure | - | - | - | 4,204,763 | - | 4,204,763 | - |
| Bonds payable | 13,521,613 | - | | 12,778,091 | - | 26,299,704 | - |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 15,252,582 | 1,199,354 | 1,166,570 | 18,293,527 | 29,048 | 35,941,081 | 753,730 |
| Total liabilities | 16,973,828 | 1,451,988 | 1,360,598 | 21,075,629 | 45,330 | 40,907,373 | 3,165,470 |
| Deferred inflows of resources | | | | | | | |
| Deferred pension inflows | 151,591 | 98,954 | 108,541 | 96,738 | 3,287 | 459,111 | 67,292 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 151,591 | 98,954 | 108,541 | 96,738 | 3,287 | 459,111 | 67,292 |
| Net position | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 36,918,370 | 20,799,781 | 12,310,570 | (7,839,678) | 469,557 | 62,658,600 | 6,767,409 |
| Unrestricted | 4,889,197 | 5,948,908 | (538,317) | 22,294 | 1,732,976 | 12,055,058 | 1,284,194 |
| Total net position \$ | 41,807,567 \$ | 26,748,689 | \$ 11,772,253 \$ | (7,817,384) \$ | 2,202,533 | 74,713,658 \$ | 8,051,603 |
| Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of int | ernal service fund | d activities rela | ted to enterprise fun | ds. | | (1,899,044) | |
| Net position of business-type activities (Exh | ibit 1) | | | | \$ | 72,814,614 | |

| | | | | rise Funds | | | |
|---|-------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------------------|
| | Water Fund | Sewer Fund | Public Transportatio Fund | on Sanitation Fund | Stormwater Fund | Total | Internal Service Funds |
| Operating revenues: | | | | _ | _ | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 6,815,9 | . , , | . , , | \$ 5,081,283 | \$ 2,345,292 | . , , | \$ 21,462,470 |
| Connection fees | 50,6 | | | | | 53,891 | |
| Total operating revenues | 6,866,6 | 08 10,249,00 | 1,810,732 | 5,081,283 | 2,345,292 | 26,352,918 | 21,462,470 |
| Operating expenses: | | | | | | | |
| Personal services | 1,682,7 | 28 1,120,07 | 78 2,129,108 | 1,037,548 | 54,977 | 6,024,439 | 767,242 |
| Fringe benefits | 537,5 | 85 389,26 | 542,840 | 442,066 | 17,006 | 1,928,759 | 267,617 |
| Purchased services | 196,5 | 87 86,77 | 122,908 | 1,348,886 | 127,105 | 1,882,260 | 590,133 |
| Internal services | 262,0 | 02 248,74 | 1,170,016 | 158,894 | 5,263 | 1,844,922 | 6,711 |
| Other charges | 615,1 | 49 117,25 | | | 33,198 | 1,468,157 | 1,582,106 |
| Materials and supplies | 268,8 | | | | 6,374 | 594,197 | 67,615 |
| Contributions to regional sewer authority | | - 6,204,67 | | - | - | 6,204,677 | , - |
| Depreciation and amortization | 1,848,6 | 77 1,407,18 | 1,760,319 | 216,159 | 10,982 | 5,243,326 | 204,153 |
| Cost of inventory issued | , , | - , , | | - | - | - | 3,033,513 |
| Claims related charges | | - | | - | - | - | 15,160,547 |
| Total operating expenses | 5,411,5 | 33 9,679,75 | 6,220,202 | 3,624,346 | 254,905 | 25,190,737 | 21,679,637 |
| Operating income (loss) | 1,455,0 | 75 569,25 | 52 (4,409,470) |) 1,456,937 | 2,090,387 | 1,162,181 | (217,167) |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses): | | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental revenue | | - | - 2,281,764 | - | - | 2,281,764 | - |
| Connection application fees | 135,2 | 39 272,27 | - 70 | - | - | 407,509 | - |
| Miscellaneous revenue | 83,5 | 49 11 | 186,811 | 11,304 | - | 281,774 | 16,602 |
| Reimbursement of bond payment | | - | | 571,559 | - | 571,559 | - |
| Investment revenue | 26,7 | 89 15,36 | 50 554 | 10,331 | 2,146 | 55,180 | 5,201 |
| Interest expense | (62,7 | 24) | | (545,731) |) - | (608,455) | - |
| Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets | | - 1,66 | 39,398 | (21,563) |) - | 19,495 | - |
| Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) | 182,8 | 53 289,40 | 2,508,527 | 25,900 | 2,146 | 3,008,826 | 21,803 |
| Income (loss) before contributions | | | | | | | |
| and transfers | 1,637,9 | 28 858,65 | 52 (1,900,943) |) 1,482,837 | 2,092,533 | 4,171,007 | (195,364) |
| Capital contributions | 66,7 | 50 37,80 | 502,095 | - | - | 606,645 | 38,935 |
| Transfers in | | - | - 210,000 | - | 110,000 | 320,000 | 202,894 |
| Transfers out | (1,566,3 | 90) (1,357,47 | | | | (2,923,868) | |
| Change in net position | 138,2 | 88 (461,02 | 26) (1,188,848) |) 1,482,837 | 2,202,533 | 2,173,784 | 46,465 |
| Net position at beginning of year | 41,669,2 | 79 27,209,71 | 12,961,101 | (9,300,221) | <u> </u> | - | 8,005,138 |
| Net position at end of year | \$ | 67 \$ 26,748,68 | <u>39</u> \$ <u>11,772,253</u> | \$ (7,817,384) | \$ 2,202,533 | - | \$ 8,051,603 |
| Adjustment to reflect the consolidation | of internal servi | ce fund activities r | elated to enterprise | e funds. | | (190,781) | |

Change in net position of business-type activities (Exhibit 2)

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

\$_____1,983,003

| | | | | Enterprise | Enterprise Funds | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----|------------------|---------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | - | | | Public | | | | Internal | | | | | | | |
| | | Water | Sewer | Transportation | Sanitation | Stormwater | | Service | | | | | | | |
| | _ | Fund | Fund | Fund | Fund | Fund | Total | Funds | | | | | | | |
| Cook flows from excepting activities. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers | \$ | 6,794,907 \$ | 10,265,364 \$ | 1,798,092 \$ | 5,094,987 \$ | 2,261,632 \$ | 26,214,982 \$ | 4,285,998 | | | | | | | |
| Receipts from premiums | Ψ | ο,/οι,οο/ φ - | 10,200,001 \$ | - | 0,001,007 ¢ | 2,201,002 φ | 20,211,002 φ - | 17,175,360 | | | | | | | |
| Receipts from other sources | | 84,799 | 110 | 180,342 | 11,304 | | 276,555 | 15,520 | | | | | | | |
| Receipts from customer deposits | | 179,330 | 110 | 100,342 | 11,304 | - | 179,330 | 15,520 | | | | | | | |
| | | | (1 095 079) | (2,006,042) | (1,229,960) | - | | - (757 227) | | | | | | | |
| Payments to employees | | (1,659,160) | (1,085,078) | (2,096,943) | (, , , | (49,118) | (6,120,259) | (757,327) | | | | | | | |
| Payments for fringe benefits | | (585,604) | (429,038) | (559,112) | (460,713) | (14,729) | (2,049,196) | (280,084) | | | | | | | |
| Payments to vendors | | (1,011,473) | (318,592) | (450,766) | (2,026,587) | (130,618) | (3,938,036) | (5,051,040) | | | | | | | |
| Payments for internal services | | (262,002) | (248,747) | (1,170,016) | (158,894) | (5,263) | (1,844,922) | (6,711) | | | | | | | |
| Payments to other governmental units | | - | (6,204,677) | - | - | - | (6,204,677) | - | | | | | | | |
| Payments to refund customer deposits | | (176,815) | - | - | - | - | (176,815) | - | | | | | | | |
| Payments for claims related charges | - | - | - | | - | <u> </u> | | (14,650,622) | | | | | | | |
| Net cash provided by (used for) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| operating activities | - | 3,363,982 | 1,979,342 | (2,298,403) | 1,230,137 | 2,061,904 | 6,336,962 | 731,094 | | | | | | | |
| Cash flows from noncapital | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| financing activities: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating grants | | - | - | 2,298,658 | - | - | 2,298,658 | - | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | - | - | 210,000 | - | 110,000 | 320,000 | 202,894 | | | | | | | |
| Transfers out | | (1,566,390) | (1,357,478) | , _ | - | , - | (2,923,868) | - | | | | | | | |
| Interfund Ioan | | - | - | - | - | - | - | (278,419) | | | | | | | |
| Net cash provided by (used for) | - | | | · | | | | (| | | | | | | |
| noncapital financing activities | _ | (1,566,390) | (1,357,478) | 2,508,658 | <u> </u> | 110,000 | (305,210) | (75,525) | | | | | | | |
| Cash flows from capital and | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| related financing activities: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - | | | | 546 220 | | | 546 220 | | | | | | | | |
| Capital grants and contributions | | - | - | 516,329 | - | - | 516,329 | - | | | | | | | |
| Connection application fees | | 184,900 | 275,000 | - | - | - | 459,900 | - | | | | | | | |
| Payment from JMU for long-term debt | | - | - | - | 577,959 | - | 577,959 | - | | | | | | | |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | | - | 1,660 | 39,398 | - | - | 41,058 | - | | | | | | | |
| Proceeds from long-term debt | | 3,532,000 | - | - | - | - | 3,532,000 | - | | | | | | | |
| Principal paid on long-term debt | | (437,866) | - | - | (2,132,699) | - | (2,570,565) | - | | | | | | | |
| Interest paid on long-term debt | | (341,669) | - | - | (511,578) | - | (853,247) | - | | | | | | | |
| Purchase and construction of capital assets | - | (1,127,151) | (284,743) | (588,095) | (1,303,509) | (480,539) | (3,784,037) | - | | | | | | | |
| Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities | | 1,810,214 | (8,083) | (32,368) | (3,369,827) | (480,539) | (2,080,603) | _ | | | | | | | |
| capital and related interiority activities | - | 1,010,217 | (0,000) | (02,000) | (0,000,021) | (+00,000) | (2,000,000) | | | | | | | | |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest received | _ | 26,789 | 15,360 | 554 | 10,331 | 2,146 | 55,180 | 5,201 | | | | | | | |
| Net cash provided | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| by investing activities | - | 26,789 | 15,360 | 554 | 10,331 | 2,146 | 55,180 | 5,201 | | | | | | | |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| and cash equivalents | | 3,634,595 | 629,141 | 178,441 | (2,129,359) | 1,693,511 | 4,006,329 | 660,770 | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Beginning | _ | 6,246,886 | 5,500,482 | 235,869 | 8,331,266 | | 20,314,503 | 2,541,387 | | | | | | | |
| Ending | \$ | 9,881,481 \$ | 6 120 623 ¢ | <u></u> | 6,201,907 \$ | 1 603 511 ¢ | 24 320 832 ¢ | 3 202 157 | | | | | | | |
| Linging | φ_ | 3,001,401 Ø | 6,129,623 \$ | <u>414,310</u> \$ | 0,201,307 \$ | 1,693,511 \$ | 24,320,832 \$ | 3,202,157 | | | | | | | |

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the balance sheet:

| Cash and cash equivalents - Current assets Cash and cash equivalents - Restricted assets | \$ 6,803,891 \$ 3,077,590 | 6,129,623 \$ - | \$ 414,310 \$ | 6,201,907 \$ | 1,693,511 \$ | 21,243,242 \$ 3,077,590 | 3,202,157 |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------|------------------|----------------------------|-----------|
| | \$ 9,881,481 \$ | 6,129,623 \$ | \$ 414,310 \$ | 6,201,907 \$ | 1,693,511 \$ | 24,320,832 \$ | 3,202,157 |

| | Enterprise Funds | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|--|--|
| - | | | Public | | | | Internal | | |
| | Water | Sewer | Transportation | Sanitation | Stormwater | | Service | | |
| - | Fund | Fund | Fund | Fund | Fund | Total | Funds | | |
| Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net c | ash provided by | (used for) oper | rating activities: | | | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) \$ | 1,455,075 \$ | 569,252 \$ | (4,409,470) \$ | 1,456,937 \$ | 2,090,387 \$ | 1,162,181 \$ | (217,167) | | |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating | | | | | | | | | |
| income (loss) to net cash provided by | | | | | | | | | |
| (used for) operating activities: | | | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 1,848,677 | 1,407,189 | 1,760,319 | 216,159 | 10,982 | 5,243,326 | 204,153 | | |
| Pension expense net of employer contributions | 24,617 | (72,034) | 108,714 | (269,854) | 27,686 | (180,871) | 56,195 | | |
| Connection fees | (50,661) | (3,230) | - | - | - | (53,891) | - | | |
| Miscellaneous revenue | 84,799 | 110 | 185,655 | 11,304 | - | 281,868 | 15,520 | | |
| Change in assets and liabilities: | | | | | | | | | |
| (Increase) decrease in: | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts receivable | (19,759) | 19,591 | (12,639) | 13,703 | (83,744) | (82,848) | (1,422) | | |
| Due from component units | - | - | - | - | - | - | (225) | | |
| Inventory | - | - | - | - | - | - | 181,397 | | |
| Prepaid expenses | (4,946) | 1,058 | - | 18,117 | - | 14,229 | (1,855) | | |
| Increase (decrease) in: | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | (19,049) | 1,795 | 26,587 | (1,249) | 9,765 | 17,849 | 459,920 | | |
| Accrued payroll | 18,440 | 7,892 | 17,590 | (116,002) | 3,549 | (68,531) | 6,886 | | |
| Due to component units | (2,302) | (590) | (489) | (47,376) | 216 | (50,541) | 1,694 | | |
| Customer deposits | 2,515 | - | - | - | - | 2,515 | - | | |
| Unearned revenue | - | - | - | - | - | , _ | 12,851 | | |
| Other liabilities | (1,280) | - | - | - | - | (1,280) | , - | | |
| Compensated absences | 6,857 | 29,693 | 11,576 | (91,050) | 2,752 | (40,172) | 3,178 | | |
| Landfill closure | · - | - | - | 14,390 | - | 14,390 | · - | | |
| Postretirement healthcare benefits | 20,999 | 18,616 | 13,754 | 25,058 | 311 | 78,738 | 9,969 | | |
| Net cash provided by (used for) | <u> </u> | , | · | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | | | |
| operating activities | 3,363,982 \$ | 1,979,342 \$ | (2,298,403) \$ | 1,230,137 \$ | 2,061,904 \$ | 6,336,962 \$ | 731,094 | | |
| Non - cash capital and related financing activities | : | | | | | | | | |
| Additions to capital assets: | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributed by developers \$ | 66,750 \$ | 37,800 \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | 104,550 \$ | - | | |
| Contributed by other funds | - | - | - | - | - | - | 38,935 | | |
| Purchase and construction on account | 38,795 | 4,390 | - | 376,043 | - | 419,228 | - | | |
| Capitalized interest | 351,202 | | | 216 | | 351,418 | | | |

| | - | Agency Funds |
|---------------------------|-----|-----------------|
| Assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 2,191,673 |
| Receivables | - | 182,083 |
| Total assets | \$_ | 2,373,756 |
| Liabilities | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 88,106 |
| Accrued payroll | | 75,056 |
| Amounts held for others | - | 2,210,594 |
| Total liabilities | \$_ | 2,373,756 |

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to government units promulgated by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Harrisonburg (City) is a municipality governed by an elected five-member council (City Council). The accompanying financial statements present the City, the primary government, and its component units. The component units discussed in the section below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operations, financial relationship and accountability to the City.

Discretely presented component units. The Harrisonburg City School Board (School Board) is responsible for elementary and secondary education within the City's jurisdiction. The School Board is comprised of six elected members. The School Board is dependent on the City in that it does not have taxing authority, and the City Council must approve the School Board's budget and any debt issuance. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

The Harrisonburg Electric Commission (HEC) is responsible for the operations of the City owned electricity distribution system. HEC purchases electrical energy indirectly from Dominion Virginia Power through the Virginia Municipal Electric Association and resells it to city residents. HEC is managed by a five-member commission appointed by the City Council. HEC is dependent on the City in that it may not issue debt without the approval of City Council. To obtain a copy of the audited financial statements contact the Harrisonburg Electric Commission, 89 West Bruce Street, Harrisonburg, Virginia 22801.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Agency funds, a type of fiduciary fund, report only assets and liabilities; therefore, they do not have a measurement focus. Agency funds use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize assets and liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues, other than expenditure driven grant revenue, to be available if they are collected within 60 days after June 30. The City considers expenditure driven grant reimbursements as revenue in the period in which the expenditure has been incurred and all eligibility requirements have been met. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes are recorded as receivables when assessed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts, and as revenue when the property taxes become available. Sales, restaurant food, admission and amusement, hotel and motel, consumer utility and other like taxes are recognized as receivables and revenue upon collection by the merchant or utility since the taxes are generally remitted in time to be used as a current financial resource for the payment of obligations incurred during the year. Taxes not collected within 60 days after June 30 are reflected as a deferred inflow of resources.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in other funds.

General Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities of the general government.

School Bond Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for the financial resources obtained through bond issuances on behalf of the School Board to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital school facilities.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund – This fund accounts for the activities of the City's water treatment and distribution operations.

Sewer Fund – This fund accounts for the activities of the City's sewage collection, transmission and disposal operations.

Public Transportation Fund – This fund accounts for the activities of the City's transit bus operations.

Sanitation Fund – This fund accounts for the activities of the City's refuse collection, recycling and closed landfill operations.

Stormwater Fund – This fund accounts for the activities of the City's stormwater program.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Special revenue funds account for the administration of the community development block grant, operations of the school bus system and the administration of a revolving loan program.

Internal service funds account for central garage, central stores and self-insured health insurance services provided to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments or agencies, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Agency funds account for assets held by the City in the **Industrial Development Authority Fund** and the **Emergency Communications Center Fund**.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are transfers and other charges between the City's enterprise funds and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Water and Sewer Funds also recognize as operating revenue connection fees that cover the cost of connecting a customer to the City's water and sewer lines. Operating expenses for the City's proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted net position first, and then unrestricted net position as they are needed.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds except for the General Capital Projects Fund, which adopts a project-length budget, and the Community Development Block Grant Fund, which adopts a grant-length budget. Formal budgetary integration is employed in all funds as a management control device during the year except for the Health Insurance Fund, an internal service fund, and all agency funds.

Prior to May 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a balanced proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Prior to June 30, the City Council holds public hearings to obtain citizen comments, and a final budget is legally enacted through the passage of an Appropriation Ordinance. All budget data presented is the original budget and the final budget as of June 30, 2016.

The appropriated budget places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund level. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within funds as may best meet the needs and interests of the City. The City may increase total appropriations at the fund level through approval of City Council. Supplemental appropriations were

made during the year in the General Fund totaling \$3,785,008. Supplemental appropriations that exceed one percent of the budget require a public hearing prior to approval. Appropriations lapse at June 30, except for capital projects funds and the Community Development Block Grant Fund.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to encumber that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General and General Capital Projects Funds. Encumbrances outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are reported as either commitments or assignments of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but rather the City's intent to expend funds. Encumbered amounts are generally reappropriated by City Council in the next fiscal year.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and cash equivalents. For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are defined as short-term highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and investments with original maturities of 90 days or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Investments. The City's investments are reported at fair value, which is obtained by using readily determinable quoted market valuations. Interest earned on pooled investments held by the School Board is assigned to the General Fund.

The City is a voluntary participant in the Virginia State Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), which is an external investment pool. The LGIP is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC); however, the pool is managed consistent with the definition of a "2a-7 like pool" as defined in GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*. The Virginia General Assembly has authorized the Treasury Board to administer the LGIP, which has delegated to the State Treasurer the administrative aspects of managing the pool. The City is a voluntary participant in the Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP), which is an open-end management investment company registered with the SEC. The fair value of the investment in these pools is determined by the pool's share price. The LGIP and SNAP use amortized cost to value their portfolios. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions in the LGIP or SNAP.

3. Interfund Receivables/Payables. Activity between funds, including amounts that are anticipated to be repaid within one fiscal year, are reported as "due to/from other funds." All other activity between funds that are representative of long-term lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

4. Property taxes. Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed annually. The last effective general real property reassessment was January 1, 2016. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, but are not collected until the following fiscal year. Real estate taxes are due and collectible twice a year, on December 5 and June 5. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on December 5. The portion of the tax receivable that is not collected within 60 days after June 30 is shown as a deferred inflow of resources in the fund financial statements. A penalty of ten percent of the tax is assessed after the applicable payment date. Interest at an annual rate of ten percent is charged on delinquent real estate property tax accounts beginning January 1 and July 1. Interest at an annual rate of four percent is charged on delinquent personal property tax accounts beginning January 1.

The City calculates its allowance for uncollectible delinquent property tax accounts using historical collection data and specific account analysis. The allowance at June 30, 2016 amounted to \$516,573.

5. Inventory and prepaid items. Inventories are valued at average cost. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and is accounted for using the consumption method. The costs are recorded as expenditures or expenses at the time individual inventory items are used or issued. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method.

6. Restricted assets. The City has certain assets presented on the statement of net position or balance sheet as restricted for specific purposes. These restrictions limit the use of these funds and typically represent bond construction accounts or debt service reserve requirements.

7. Capital assets. Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. In general, the City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Infrastructure, water/sewer lines and certain other improvements have a capitalization threshold that ranges from \$25,000 to \$100,000. All purchased capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. In the current fiscal year, the Water Fund incurred \$413,926 in interest expense of which \$351,202 was capitalized and the Sanitation Fund incurred \$545,947 in interest expense of which \$216 was capitalized.

Unless otherwise noted, depreciation for capital assets is computed over the following useful lives using the straight-line method.

| Buildings | 40 years |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Improvements other than buildings | 10-50 years |
| Machinery and equipment | 2-30 years |
| Intangibles | 5-30 years |
| Infrastructure | 20-40 years |

8. School Board Capital Assets. Under current legislation enacted by the Commonwealth of Virginia, local governments have a "tenancy in common" with the School Board whenever the locality incurs "on-behalf" debt for school property. In order to match the capital asset with the related debt, the legislation permits the City to report the portion of the school property related to the outstanding financial obligation in the primary government. As principal is repaid, capital assets equal to the amount of principal debt reduction will be removed from the primary government's financial statements and reported in the School Board's financial statements. The School Board retains authority and responsibility over the operation and control of the property. The City transferred \$2,582,092 in net capital assets to the School Board during the current fiscal year on the government-wide statement of activities.

9. Unearned revenue. Unearned revenue is recorded when asset recognition criteria have been met, but revenue recognition criteria have not been met.

10. Compensated absences. It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but not used vacation, paid time off and sick pay benefits. The City pays a benefit for accumulated sick leave upon an employee's separation from service to the extent the employee meets certain criteria. Vacation, paid time off and sick pay are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

11. Long-term obligations. In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. Bond premiums and discounts reported as other financing sources and uses. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Bond issuance costs are expended or expensed when incurred in both the fund and government-wide financial statements.

12. Pensions. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of pension plans, and the additions to/deductions from the pension plans' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

13. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources. In addition to assets, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has four items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is the deferred charge on debt refundings reported in the government-wide and proprietary funds statement of net position. A deferred charge on a debt refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item consists of contributions subsequent to the measurement date for pensions. This will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in fiscal year 2017. The third item consists of certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability such as differences between expected and actual experience. This difference will be recognized in pension expense over a closed five year period. The fourth item consists of the School Board's participation in a cost-sharing pension plan, where changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions are reported as a deferred outflow. These amounts will be recognized in pension expense over the average expected remaining service lives of all employees determined as of the beginning of the measurement period.

In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has five items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. This item represents receivables not collected within 60 days after June 30 and are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The second item, unearned property tax revenue, is reported on both the governmental funds balance sheet and on the government-wide statement of net position for governmental activities. This item represents property taxes levied on January 1 that are used to fund the subsequent fiscal year. The third item is the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. The fourth and fifth items consist of the School Board's participation in a cost-sharing pension plan. The fourth item is the difference between expected and actual experience of the pension plan. The fifth item is changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions. The deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense over a closed five year period.

14. Fund balance. In the fund financial statements, the City may report certain fund balance amounts as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. *Nonspendable fund balance* consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form such as inventories or prepaid items or amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. *Restricted fund balance* is a constraint on fund balance that is externally imposed such as by creditors or grantors or imposed by law or enabling legislation

for a specific purpose. *Committed fund balance* is a constraint imposed by formal action of City Council, as the highest level of decision making authority, for a specific purpose by amending the annual appropriation ordinance and may only be modified or rescinded by formal action of City Council. *Assigned fund balance* is a constraint imposed at a lower level of decision making authority for a specific purpose and only reflects the City's intent to expend funds for a specific purpose. Assigned fund balance also includes encumbrances reappropriated in the subsequent fiscal year by City Council and amounts used to balance the subsequent year's budget. There has been no formal policy established for any official to assign fund balance for specific purposes. *Unassigned fund balance* consists of amounts not assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for specific purposes within the same fund.

The City considers restricted fund balance to be spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available. When unrestricted amounts are available for use, the City will first use committed, then assigned and finally unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred.

The City's formally adopted General Fund minimum fund balance policy requires unassigned fund balance to be equal to no less than 14 percent of the total General Fund budget at the end of each fiscal year plus an additional four percent for liquidity purposes resulting in a total target amount of 18 percent of the General Fund budget.

15. Use of estimates. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmentwide statement of net position

A reconciliation between the total fund balance as reported in the governmental fund balance sheet and the net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position is provided on Exhibit 4. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Certain liabilities, including bonds and related accounts, are not payable from current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

| Bonds payable | \$ | (166,296,065) |
|---|----|---------------|
| Bond issue premiums/discounts (net) | | (10,016,343) |
| Deferred charge for bond refunding | | 3,452,139 |
| Capital leases | | (2,032,839) |
| Compensated absences (not including internal service funds) | | (3,414,557) |
| Postretirement healthcare benefits (not including internal service funds) | | (3,306,244) |
| Net pension liability (not including internal service funds) | | (16,488,411) |
| Middle River Regional Jail agreement | | (8,714,153) |
| Accrued interest | - | (2,411,660) |
| Net adjustment | \$ | (209,228,133) |

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Deferred pension outflows and deferred pension inflows are not current financial resources and are not payable from current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

| Deferred pension outflows Deferred pension inflows | \$ | 2,489,219 (1,886,136) |
|---|-----|--------------------------|
| Net adjustment | \$_ | 603,083 |

Note 2. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

A reconciliation between the total net changes as reported in the fund balance on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities is provided on Exhibit 6. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this difference are as follows:

| Capital outlay | \$ 12,962,558 |
|---|------------------|
| Depreciation expense (not including internal service funds) | (9,937,590) |
| Net adjustment | \$ 3,024,968 |

Another element of that reconciliation states that "The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this difference are as follows:

| Long-term debt issued | \$ | (44,305,000) |
|---|-----|--------------|
| Premium on long-term debt issued | | (3,995,417) |
| Principal payments | | 8,101,624 |
| Payment on Middle River Regional Jail agreement | | 980,462 |
| Amortization of bond premiums/discounts (net) | | 381,106 |
| Amortization of deferred bond refunding charges | _ | (220,164) |
| Net adjustment | \$_ | (39,057,389) |

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

| Compensated absences (not including internal service funds) | \$ | (111,975) |
|---|--------------|-----------|
| Postretirement healthcare benefits (not including internal service funds) | | (315,957) |
| Accrued interest | | (108,763) |
| Net adjustment | ¢ | (536,695) |
| | ^ф | (330,093) |

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Governmental funds report employer pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of pension benefits earned, net of employee contributions, are reported as pension expense." The details of this difference are as follows:

| Employer pension contributions (not including internal service funds) Pension expense (not including internal service funds) | \$ 2,394,307 (1,223,023) |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Net adjustment | \$ 1,171,284 |

Note 3. Deposits and Investments

Deposits. The entire bank balances of the City and its component units were covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (Act). Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amounts insured by FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies, and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in amounts from 50 percent to 130 percent of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered insured or fully collateralized. The State Treasury Board is responsible for monitoring compliance with the collateralization and reporting requirements of the Act and notifying local governments of compliance by financial institutions.

Investments. *Interest rate risk.* In accordance with the City's investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by investing only in securities maturing in three years or less from the time of purchase. As of June 30, 2016, there were no securities subject to interest rate risk.

Credit risk. Statutes authorize the City and its component units to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, bankers acceptances, repurchase agreements, the LGIP and SNAP. The City's investment policy does not further limit these investment choices. As of June 30, 2016, all City investments in external investment pools and money market funds were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

The following is a summary of deposit and investment balances at June 30, 2016.

| | | Component Units | | | | | |
|---|----|-----------------|-----------|----|------------|----|-------------|
| | | Primary | School | | | | |
| | - | Government | Board | | HEC | - | Total |
| Investments: | | | | | | | |
| Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) | \$ | 58,695,224 \$ | 7,308,269 | \$ | - | \$ | 66,003,493 |
| State Non-Arbitrage Pool (SNAP) | | 45,170,915 | - | | - | | 45,170,915 |
| Certificates of Deposit | | - | - | | 8,000,000 | | 8,000,000 |
| Money Market Account | | - | - | | 4,000,000 | | 4,000,000 |
| Deposits | _ | 7,209,632 | 729,238 | | 10,853,218 | | 18,792,088 |
| Total deposits and investments | \$ | 111,075,771 \$ | 8,037,507 | \$ | 22,853,218 | \$ | 141,966,496 |

Note 4. Restricted Assets

The City has certain assets presented on the government-wide statement of net position, the governmental funds balance sheet and the proprietary funds statement of net position as restricted for specific purposes. Restricted assets for governmental and business-type activities in the amounts of \$42,093,325 and \$3,077,590, respectively, represent unspent bond proceeds.

Note 5. Receivables

The following is a summary of receivables at June 30, 2016.

| | | Primary Government | | | | | Compo | nent | Units |
|------------------------------|----|----------------------------|----|-----------------------------|----|------------|---------------------|------|-----------|
| | - | Governmental Activities | | Business-type Activities | | Total | School Board | | HEC |
| Property taxes receivable | \$ | 44,718,592 | \$ | - | \$ | 44,718,592 | \$ - | \$ | - |
| Other taxes receivable | | 1,507,164 | | - | | 1,507,164 | - | | - |
| Accounts receivable | | 3,492 | | 2,556,826 | | 2,560,318 | - | | 5,527,744 |
| Interest receivable | | 1,186 | | - | | 1,186 | - | | - |
| Other receivables | | 392,947 | | 9,763 | | 402,710 | 637,476 | | - |
| Due from other governments: | | | | | | | | | |
| Commonwealth of Virginia | | 3,937,244 | | 2,792 | | 3,940,036 | 1,265,755 | | - |
| Federal Government | | 303,454 | | 349,555 | | 653,009 | 441,872 | | - |
| Allowance for uncollectibles | - | (516,573) | | (97,199) | _ | (613,772) | - | | - |
| Total | \$ | 50,347,506 | \$ | 2,821,737 | \$ | 53,169,243 | \$ 2,345,103 | \$ | 5,527,744 |

Note 6. Loans Receivable

The following is a summary of loans receivable at June 30, 2016.

| Borrowing Entity/Loan Number | Loan Date | Term (in years) | Interest Rate | | Balance | Current Portion |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|----|---------------------------|--------------------|
| HRHA* HRHA* | June 26, 2014 December 6, 2011 | 18 17.5 | 4.12% 3.19% | \$ | 2,635,000 \$ 4,945,000 | 105,000 285,000 |
| Massanutten Regional Library | May 15, 2000 | n/a | 0.0% | _ | 344,601 | 26,844 |
| Total General Fund | | | | | 7,924,601 | 416,844 |
| 2016-01 | June 29, 2016 | 3 | 4.5% | | 10,000 | 2,914 |
| 2015-04 | April 30, 2015 | 5 | 4.5% | | 16,039 | 3,831 |
| 2015-03 | April 22, 2015 | 5 | 4.5% | | 16,971 | 3,788 |
| 2015-02 | January 23, 2015 | 5 | 4.5% | | 18,477 | 4,861 |
| 2015-01 | July 18, 2014 | 5 | 4.5% | | 16,074 | 4,971 |
| 2014-02 | February 28, 2014 | 5 | 4.5% | | 14,441 | 5,046 |
| 2014-01 | July 31, 2013 | 5 | 4.5% | | 11,525 | 5,180 |
| 2013-03 | January 31, 2013 | 4 | 4.5% | | 9,892 | 3,349 |
| 2013-01 | July 3, 2012 | 5 | 4.5% | | 5,903 | 5,439 |
| Total Business Loan Program Fund | | | | | 119,322 | 39,379 |
| Total Governmental Activities | | | | \$ | 8,043,923 \$ | 456,223 |

*Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority

Note 7. Capital Assets

Primary Government

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets of the governmental activities for fiscal year 2016.

| | - | Balance June 30, 2015 | Additions | | Reductions | Balance June 30, 2016 |
|---|----|---|---|-----|--|---|
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Easements Construction in progress | \$ | 51,149,999 1,655,956 19,138,211 | \$ 497,538 3,309 11,513,366 | \$ | (492,655) \$ - (12,658,246) | 51,154,882 1,659,265 17,993,331 |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated | \$ | 71,944,166 | \$ | \$ | (13,150,901) \$ | 70,807,478 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Intangibles Infrastructure | \$ | 115,093,483 19,039,754 34,046,898 10,951,634 161,337,288 | \$ 10,040,430 486,824 1,800,640 786,402 832,944 | \$ | (4,667,347) \$ - (636,064) - - | 120,466,566 19,526,578 35,211,474 11,738,036 162,170,232 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Intangibles Infrastructure | | 340,469,057 (31,049,600) (5,461,337) (19,639,384) (111,476) (74,377,029) | 13,947,240 (2,939,456) (763,571) (1,997,778) (403,153) (4,157,849) | · _ | (5,303,411) 1,307,788 - 636,064 - - | 349,112,886 (32,681,268) (6,224,908) (21,001,098) (514,629) (78,534,878) |
| Accumulated depreciation | - | (130,638,826) | (10,261,807) | | 1,943,852 | (138,956,781) |
| Capital assets, being depreciated (net) | \$ | 209,830,231 | \$ 3,685,433 | \$ | (3,359,559) \$ | 210,156,105 |

The primary government has included in the preceding schedule machinery and equipment in the amount of \$6,474,144 (\$2,310,128 in accumulated depreciation) that are associated with capital lease obligations.

The above total for additions to accumulated depreciation does not agree with the total depreciation by function/programs of governmental activities shown below by \$120,064. This difference represents accumulated depreciation on capital assets transferred from business-type activities.

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs of governmental activities as follows:

| General government administration | \$ 38,713 |
|---|------------------|
| Jail and judicial administration | 656,021 |
| Public safety | 1,537,337 |
| Public works | 4,899,157 |
| Health and welfare | 21,865 |
| Education | 1,800,945 |
| Parks, recreation and culture | 853,944 |
| Planning and community development | 129,608 |
| Internal service funds (allocated to various functions) | 204,153 |
| Total governmental activities depreciation expense | \$ 10,141,743 |

Note 7. Capital Assets (continued)

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets of the business-type activities for fiscal year 2016.

| | Balance June 30, 2015 | | Additions | _ | Reductions | _ | Balance June 30, 2016 | | |
|---|--|-----|--|-----|---------------------------------|-----|--|--|--|
| Capital assets, held for sale: Steam plant | \$ 2,469,000 | \$_ | 1,572,217 | \$_ | | \$_ | 4,041,217 | | |
| Capital assets, held for sale | \$ 2,469,000 | \$ | 1,572,217 | \$_ | - | \$_ | 4,041,217 | | |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Easements | \$ 935,770 342,737 | \$ | 300,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,235,770 342,737 | | |
| Construction in progress | 14,987,433 | | 1,225,712 | _ | (373,992) | _ | 15,839,153 | | |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated | \$ 16,265,940 | \$ | 1,525,712 | \$_ | (373,992) | \$_ | 17,417,660 | | |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure | \$ 15,814,764 18,226,135 24,156,065 79,518,441 | \$ | - 79,265 1,243,640 478,542 | \$ | (17,050) - (606,169) - | \$ | 15,797,714 18,305,400 24,793,536 79,996,983 | | |
| Capital assets, being depreciated | 137,715,405 | | 1,801,447 | _ | (623,219) | _ | 138,893,633 | | |
| Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure | (3,772,934) (7,210,804) (14,980,266) (43,173,361) | | (368,436) (441,046) (2,082,696) (2,399,110) | | 11,073 - 590,583 - | _ | (4,130,297) (7,651,850) (16,472,379) (45,572,471) | | |
| Accumulated depreciation | (69,137,365) | | (5,291,288) | _ | 601,656 | _ | (73,826,997) | | |
| Capital assets, being depreciated (net) | \$ 68,578,040 | \$ | (3,489,841) | \$_ | (21,563) | \$_ | 65,066,636 | | |

The above total for additions to accumulated depreciation does not agree with the total depreciation by function/programs of business-type activities shown below by \$47,962. This difference represents accumulated depreciation on capital assets transferred from governmental activities.

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs of business-type activities as follows:

| Water Sewer | \$ | 1,848,677 1,407,189 |
|---|-----|------------------------|
| Public transportation | | 1,760,319 |
| Sanitation Stormwater | | 216,159 10,982 |
| Total business-type activities depreciation expense | \$_ | 5,243,326 |

Note 7. Capital Assets (continued)

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets of the City's component units for fiscal year 2016.

Component Unit – School Board

| | - | Balance June 30, 2015 | | Additions | | Reductions | _ | Balance June 30, 2016 |
|---|----|--|------------|--------------------------------------|-----|--|---------|--|
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress | \$ | 5,801,529 612,985 | \$ | 492,655 187,015 | \$ | - 1 | \$ - | 6,294,184 800,000 |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated | \$ | 6,414,514 | \$ | 679,670 | \$ | - 5 | \$_ | 7,094,184 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment | \$ | 53,051,399 95,168 5,663,136 | \$ | 3,353,100 - 150,565 | \$ | - : | \$ | 56,404,499 95,168 5,813,701 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated | | 58,809,703 | | 3,503,665 | | - | - | 62,313,368 |
| Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment | - | (22,762,465) (42,005) (3,995,367) | | (2,126,188) (4,758) (277,529) | - | - - | _ | (24,888,653) (46,763) (4,272,896) |
| Accumulated depreciation | - | (26,799,837) | · - | (2,408,475) | _ | - | - | (29,208,312) |
| Capital assets, being depreciated (net) | \$ | 32,009,866 | \$ | 1,095,190 | \$ | | \$_ | 33,105,056 |
| Component Unit – HEC | | | | | | | | |
| | - | Balance June 30, 2015 | . <u>-</u> | Additions | · - | Reductions | - | Balance June 30, 2016 |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress | \$ | 3,094,507 3,021,188 | \$ | - 3,159,203 | \$ | (4,320) \$ (1,590,709) | \$ - | 3,090,187 4,589,682 |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated | \$ | 6,115,695 | \$ | 3,159,203 | \$ | (1,595,029) | \$_ | 7,679,869 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure | \$ | 3,026,821 6,889,244 114,894,677 | \$ | 61,892 281,425 1,607,389 | \$ | (302,861) 5 (17,399) (2,172,677) | \$ - | 2,785,852 7,153,270 114,329,389 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated | - | 124,810,742 | | 1,950,706 | _ | (2,492,937) | _ | 124,268,511 |
| Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure | - | (2,011,225) (6,466,289) (63,252,311) | | (80,534) (285,311) (3,386,637) | | 171,811 23,106 1,443,123 | - | (1,919,948) (6,728,494) (65,195,825) |
| Accumulated depreciation | - | (71,729,825) | | (3,752,482) | | 1,638,040 | - | (73,844,267) |
| Capital assets, being depreciated (net) | \$ | 53,080,917 | \$ | (1,801,776) | \$ | (854,897) | \$_ | 50,424,244 |

Note 8. Long-term Liabilities

Primary Government

The following is a summary of the debt service requirements for the long-term liabilities of the governmental activities as of June 30, 2016.

| Year Ending | | Gener Obligation | | | Capita | al Le | ases | T Governme | | |
|----------------|----|---------------------|---------------|----|-----------|-------|------------|---------------|----|------------|
| June 30, | | Principal | Interest | _ | Principal | | Interest | Principal | | Interest |
| 2017 | \$ | 7,718,611 \$ | 5,802,020 \$ | 5 | 618,839 | \$ | 62,310 \$ | 8,337,450 | \$ | 5,864,330 |
| 2018 | | 8,507,622 | 6,007,395 | | 454,000 | | 44,631 | 8,961,622 | | 6,052,026 |
| 2019 | | 8,829,839 | 5,659,739 | | 471,000 | | 27,241 | 9,300,839 | | 5,686,980 |
| 2020 | | 9,121,236 | 5,283,860 | | 489,000 | | 9,193 | 9,610,236 | | 5,293,053 |
| 2021 | | 9,415,247 | 4,890,872 | | - | | - | 9,415,247 | | 4,890,872 |
| 2022-2026 | | 51,463,510 | 18,039,526 | | - | | - | 51,463,510 | | 18,039,526 |
| 2027-2031 | | 42,070,000 | 8,423,611 | | - | | - | 42,070,000 | | 8,423,611 |
| 2032-2036 | | 18,815,000 | 2,775,769 | | - | | - | 18,815,000 | | 2,775,769 |
| 2037-2041 | _ | 10,355,000 | 795,225 | | - | | | 10,355,000 | | 795,225 |
| Total | \$ | 166,296,065 \$ | 57,678,017 \$ | ₿_ | 2,032,839 | \$ | 143,375 \$ | 168,328,904 | \$ | 57,821,392 |

The following is a summary of the debt service requirements for the long-term liabilities of the business-type activities as of June 30, 2016.

| Year | Genera | I | Total | | | | | | |
|-----------|-----------------|--------------|--------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Ending | Obligation B | onds | Business-type Activities | | | | | | |
| June 30, | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | | | | | |
| 2017 | \$ 2,350,256 \$ | 878,219 \$ | 2,350,256 \$ | 878,219 | | | | | |
| 2018 | 2,421,245 | 800,223 | 2,421,245 | 800,223 | | | | | |
| 2019 | 2,515,028 | 707,038 | 2,515,028 | 707,038 | | | | | |
| 2020 | 2,026,630 | 619,806 | 2,026,630 | 619,806 | | | | | |
| 2021 | 2,089,619 | 551,506 | 2,089,619 | 551,506 | | | | | |
| 2022-2026 | 9,906,825 | 1,686,572 | 9,906,825 | 1,686,572 | | | | | |
| 2027-2031 | 4,459,333 | 703,346 | 4,459,333 | 703,346 | | | | | |
| 2032-2036 | 1,989,333 | 110,000 | 1,989,333 | 110,000 | | | | | |
| 2037-2040 | 151,467 | | 151,467 | - | | | | | |
| Total | \$\$ | 6,056,710 \$ | 27,909,736 \$ 0 | 6,056,710 | | | | | |

The following is a summary of the changes to the long-term liabilities of the governmental activities for fiscal year 2016.

| | | Balance June 30, 2015 | Additions | Reductions | Balance June 30, 2016 | | Due Within One Year |
|--|----|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|----|------------------------|
| Bonds payable: | - | · | | | · | _ | |
| General obligation bonds | \$ | 129,402,366 | \$ 44,305,000 | \$ (7,411,301) | \$ 166,296,065 \$ | 5 | 7,718,611 |
| Bond premiums/discounts (net) | - | 6,402,032 | 3,995,417 | (381,106) | 10,016,343 | _ | 532,208 |
| Total bonds payable | | 135,804,398 | 48,300,417 | (7,792,407) | 176,312,408 | | 8,250,819 |
| Capital leases | | 2,723,162 | - | (690,323) | 2,032,839 | | 618,839 |
| Middle River Regional Jail agreement | | 9,694,615 | - | (980,462) | 8,714,153 | | 887,201 |
| Compensated absences | | 3,400,458 | 1,901,737 | (1,784,572) | 3,517,623 | | 1,681,127 |
| Postretirement healthcare benefits | | 3,097,884 | 549,288 | (222,809) | 3,424,363 | | - |
| Net pension liability | | 15,530,548 | 8,290,233 | (6,744,111) | 17,076,670 | _ | - |
| Governmental activities long-term debt | \$ | 170,251,065 | \$ 59,041,675 | \$ (18,214,684) | \$\$\$ | S_ | 11,437,986 |

Note 8. Long-term Liabilities (continued)

Long-term liabilities for governmental activities are generally liquidated by the General Fund. The Internal Service Funds are consolidated into the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for these funds are included as part of the above totals. At June 30, 2016, \$103,066, \$118,119 and \$588,259 of compensated absences, postretirement healthcare benefits and net pension liability, respectively, are included in the above amounts for these internal service funds.

The following is a summary of the changes to the long-term liabilities of the business-type activities for fiscal year 2016.

| | | Balance June 30, 2015 | Additions | | Reductions | Balance June 30, 2016 | | Due Within One Year | |
|---|----|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|--------------------------|------------|------------------------|-----------|
| Bonds payable: | - | | - | | • • | | | | |
| General obligation bonds | \$ | 26,948,301 | \$ | 3,532,000 | \$ | (2,570,565) \$ | 27,909,736 | \$ | 2,350,256 |
| Bond premiums/discounts (net) | _ | 927,042 | - | - | | (94,246) | 832,796 | | 92,572 |
| Total bonds payable | | 27,875,343 | | 3,532,000 | | (2,664,811) | 28,742,532 | | 2,442,828 |
| Compensated absences | | 880,606 | | 427,161 | | (467,334) | 840,433 | | 384,472 |
| Postretirement healthcare benefits | | 888,412 | | 132,473 | | (53,735) | 967,150 | | - |
| Net pension liability | | 3,642,868 | | 1,953,986 | | (1,583,351) | 4,013,503 | | - |
| City landfill closure costs | | 1,598,899 | | 14,390 | | - | 1,613,289 | | 106,491 |
| County landfill contractual obligation | _ | 2,697,965 | | - | | | 2,697,965 | | - |
| Business-type activities long-term debt | \$ | 37,584,093 | \$ | 6,060,010 | \$ | (4,769,231) \$ | 38,874,872 | \$_ | 2,933,791 |

The following is the detail for the long-term liabilities of the governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2016.

| | Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities |
|--|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| General Obligation Bonds: | | |
| \$2,005,000 School Bonds (Virginia Public School Authority), Series 1999A, issued May 13, 1999, maturing July 15, 2019 at 4.100% - 5.225% interest | \$ 400,000 | \$ |
| \$5,100,000 School Bonds (Virginia Public School Authority), Series 2000A, issued May 13, 2000, maturing July 15, 2020 at 5.1% - 5.6% interest | 1,275,000 | |
| \$41,500,000 School Bonds (Virginia Public School Authority), Series 2001C, issued November 15, 2001, maturing July 15, 2026 at 4.1% - 5.1% interest | 25,440,000 | - |
| \$1,000,000 Bonds, Series 2008, issued August 21, 2008, maturing August 21, 2018 at 3.65% interest | - | 300,000 |
| \$1,125,000 Public Safety Refunding Bonds (VRA), Series 2009A, issued June 17, 2009, maturing October 1, 2021 at 3.125% - 5.125% interest | 630,000 | - |
| \$1,136,000 Water Bonds (VRA DWSRF), Series 2009, issued November 20, 2009, maturing February 1, 2040 at 0% interest | - | 908,801 |
| \$9,515,000 Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2010A, issued August 11, 2010, maturing July 15, 2030 at 2.0% - 4.0% interest | 7,620,000 | - |
| \$33,755,00 Public Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2010B, issued August 11, 2010, maturing July 15, 2034 at 2.0% - 5.0% interest | 4,531,065 | 22,083,935 |
| \$28,590,000 Public Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2011, issued December 6, 2011, maturing August 1, 2031 at 2.0% - 4.0% interest | 20,910,000 | 1,085,000 |

Note 8. Long-term Liabilities (continued)

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-type Activities |
|---|--------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|
| General Obligation Bonds (continued): | | | |
| \$8,050,000 Bonds, Series 2012, issued December 7, 2012, maturing August 1, 2027 at 2.2% interest | 6,645,000 | | - |
| \$13,610,000 Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2014A, issued June 26, 2014, maturing July 15, 2034 at 2.0% - 5.0% interest | 13,065,000 | | - |
| \$42,675,000 Public Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2014B, issued June 26, 2014, maturing July 15, 2032 at 2.0% - 5.0% interest | 41,475,000 | | - |
| \$7,622,000 Bonds, Series 2015, issued December 22, 2015, maturing August 1, 2030 at 2.32% interest | 4,090,000 | | 3,532,000 |
| \$40,215,000 Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2016, issued May 18, 2016, maturing July 15, 2040 at 2.0% - 5.0% interest | 40,215,000 | | - |
| Total General Obligation Bonds | \$ 166,296,065 | \$_ | 27,909,736 |
| Capital Leases: | | | |
| \$5,740,000 lease purchase effective December 17, 2004, maturing December 1, 2019 at 3.76% interest | \$ 1,851,000 | \$ | - |
| \$540,000 lease purchase effective December 18, 2013, maturing December 18, 2016 at 1.02% interest | 181,839 | | |
| Total Capital Leases | \$ 2,032,839 | \$ | - |

Additional information pertaining to the Primary Government's long-term debt:

In June 2004, the City and James Madison University (JMU) entered into a revised and amended agreement concerning the sale and purchase of steam and chilled water from the City owned resource recovery facility. This facility produces steam and chilled water to meet the heating and cooling needs of JMU's College of Integrated Science and Technology, as well as other buildings. To the extent that the City continues to operate this facility, JMU agreed to annually reimburse the City for the annual debt service payments on the City's \$4,260,000 Series 2004 Solid Waste Disposal System Refunding Bonds and on the \$1,000,000 Series 2008 General Obligation Bonds. The current fiscal year reimbursement for debt service payments associated with the bonds totaled \$577,959. The total outstanding balance of the two bond issues at June 30, 2016 was \$300,000.

In October 2006, the City issued \$50 million in general obligation public improvement bonds, of which \$3.5 million was issued on behalf of and loaned to the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority (Authority) for the purpose of renovating public housing units owned by the Authority. The Authority has agreed to reimburse the City for its share of the principal and interest payments on the City's \$50 million bond issue as the debt service payments come due. The current fiscal year reimbursement for debt service payments associated with the bonds to-taled \$115,532. As of June 30, 2016, there is no remaining balance on the loan.

In December 2011, the City issued \$28.6 million in general obligation public improvement and refunding bonds, of which \$6 million was issued on behalf of and loaned to the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority (Authority) for the purpose of renovating public housing units owned by the Authority. The Authority has agreed to reimburse the City for its share of the principal and interest payments on the City's \$28.6 million bond issue as the debt service payments come due. The current fiscal year reimbursement for debt service payments associated with the bonds totaled \$440,225. As of June 30, 2016, the outstanding balance of the loan is \$4,945,000.

Note 8. Long-term Liabilities (continued)

In June 2014, the City issued \$42.7 million in general obligation refunding bonds, of which \$2.7 million was issued on behalf of and loaned to the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority (Authority) to advance refund a previous bond issue that was originally issued for the purpose of renovating public housing units owned by the Authority. The Authority has agreed to reimburse the City for its share of the principal and interest payments on the City's \$42.7 million bond issue as the debt service payments come due. The current fiscal year reimbursement for debt service payments associated with the bonds totaled \$113,600. As of June 30, 2016, the outstanding balance of the loan is \$2,635,000.

Component Unit – School Board

At June 30, 2016, the School Board had \$60,916,758 in long-term liabilities outstanding. This long-term liability is comprised of \$1,174,378 in compensated absences, of which \$301,653 is due within one year, \$3,654,380 in postretirement healthcare benefits and \$56,088,000 in net pension liabilities, of which the entire amounts are due in more than one year.

Component Unit – HEC

At June 30, 2016, HEC had \$3,720,393 in long-term liabilities outstanding. This long-term liability is comprised of \$403,753 in compensated absences, of which the entire amount is due within one year and \$772,172 in postretirement health care benefits and \$2,544,468 in net pension liabilities, of which the entire amounts are due in more than one year.

Note 9. Conduit Debt

From time to time, the City has issued Industrial Development Authority Revenue Bonds and Redevelopment and Housing Authority Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial, commercial, public and private facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. The City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of June 30, 2016, there were two series of Industrial Development Authority Revenue Bonds and seven series of Redevelopment and Housing Authority Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount of \$194.4 million and \$36.1 million respectively.

Note 10. Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority Agreement

Harrisonburg Children's Museum. In April 2005, the City entered into a support agreement with the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority (Authority) whereby the Authority purchased and renovated a building in the downtown area. Upon completion of the renovations, the Authority leased the building to the Harrisonburg Children's Museum, Inc., a non-profit corporation, that is using the building as its permanent location. Pursuant to the agreement, the Authority incurred \$750,000 in debt to finance the project with final maturity occurring in April 2020.

The City agreed to a non-binding moral obligation pledge to pay all operating expenses for the project, including debt service, to the extent that the revenue from the lease is insufficient to pay these expenses. In fiscal year 2016, the City made payments totaling \$67,668 to the Authority for this project.

Note 11. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

In accordance with state and federal laws and regulations, the City is required to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the City's closed landfill site for 30 years after the date of closure. The City closed its landfill in 1994. \$1,613,289 of the amount reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2016 represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 100 percent of the capacity of the landfill. Included in the total liability is an additional \$580,891 for groundwater remediation. These amounts are based on current year costs. Actual costs ultimately may differ due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The City plans to fund its landfill closure and postclosure care costs with available funds from the Sanitation Fund.

Note 12. Rockingham County Landfill Liability Agreement

Effective January 1, 2012, the City entered into a new agreement with Rockingham County (County) associated with solid waste activities of the two localities. As part of the agreement, the City will be considered a customer of the County landfill and will no longer make capital contributions for landfill expansion and other capital expenditures. The agreement also caps the City's recognized share of the County's closure and postclosure care costs as of the date of the agreement. Pursuant to the agreement, the City has recorded a \$2,697,965 contractual obligation to the County in the Sanitation Fund.

Note 13. Unearned Revenue

The following is a summary of unearned revenue at June 30, 2016 for governmental activities in the governmentwide financial statements and for the fund financial statements.

| | Governmental Activities | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|---------|------------------|----|----------|----|-----------|--|--|
| | | General | | | Internal | | | | |
| | General | | Capital Projects | ; | Service | | | | |
| | Fund | - | Fund | | Funds | | Total | | |
| Advance collection of parking lease \$ | 45,330 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 45,330 | | |
| Golf course season passes | 47,095 | | - | | - | | 47,095 | | |
| Construction reimbursement | - | | 305,275 | | - | | 305,275 | | |
| Health insurance premiums | - | _ | - | | 707,949 | _ | 707,949 | | |
| Total unearned revenue \$ | 92,425 | \$ | 305,275 | \$ | 707,949 | \$ | 1,105,649 | | |

Unearned revenue for business-type activities in the amount of \$288,600 represents water and sewer connection application fees for which the services had not been provided as of year-end. This amount is comprised of \$183,700 in the Water Fund and \$104,900 in the Sewer Fund.

Note 14. Interfund Balances

The General Fund has due from other funds in the amount \$87,131. This amount is comprised of loans to the Community Development Block Grant Fund and Central Stores Fund in the amounts of \$19,440 and \$67,691, respectively. The purpose of these loans is to eliminate year-end cash and cash equivalents deficit balances and are anticipated to be repaid within the subsequent fiscal year.

Note 15. Fund Balance

The following is a summary of amounts that are reported on the governmental funds balance sheet identified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned fund balance at June 30, 2016.

| | | General Fund | General Capital Projects Fund | | School Bond Capital Projects Fund | | Other Governmental Funds | | Total |
|---------------------------------------|----|-----------------|--|----|--|----|--------------------------------|----|------------|
| Nonspendable: | | | | | | | | | |
| Inventory | \$ | 95,207 | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 95,207 |
| Prepaid expenditures | | 306,069 | - | | - | | 16,652 | | 322,721 |
| Loans receivable | _ | 344,601 | - | | - | | - | | 344,601 |
| Total nonspendable fund balance | \$ | 745,877 | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | 16,652 | \$ | 762,529 |
| Restricted for: | | | | | | | | | |
| Law enforcement | \$ | 230,169 | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 230,169 |
| Fire and rescue | | 231,567 | - | | - | | - | | 231,567 |
| Road projects | | - | 2,107,826 | | - | | - | | 2,107,826 |
| Fire Station No. 1 renovations | | - | 1,653,587 | | - | | - | | 1,653,587 |
| Trail projects | | - | 1,506,968 | | - | | - | | 1,506,968 |
| Bridge projects | | - | 522,645 | | - | | - | | 522,645 |
| New elementary school | | - | - | | 24,394,845 | | - | | 24,394,845 |
| Pre-K facility | | - | - | | 6,460,177 | | - | | 6,460,177 |
| Thomas Harrison Middle School HVAC | _ | - | - | | 3,510,373 | | - | | 3,510,373 |
| Total restricted fund balance | \$ | 461,736 | \$ 5,791,026 | \$ | 34,365,395 | \$ | - | \$ | 40,618,157 |
| Committed to: | | | | | | | | | |
| Road projects | \$ | - | \$ 6,010,156 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 6,010,156 |
| Trail projects | | - | 676,737 | | - | | - | | 676,737 |
| Information technology strategic plan | | - | 453,086 | | - | | - | | 453,086 |
| Smithland athletic complex | | - | 322,100 | | - | | - | | 322,100 |
| Ramblewood athletic complex | | - | 281,997 | | - | | - | | 281,997 |
| Bridge projects | | - | 235,282 | | - | | - | | 235,282 |
| Municipal building renovations | | - | 235,067 | | - | | - | | 235,067 |
| Thomas Harrison house project | | - | 231,877 | | - | | - | | 231,877 |
| Fire Station No. 1 renovations | | - | 200,000 | | - | | - | | 200,000 |
| School transportation | | - | - | | - | | 289,332 | | 289,332 |
| Other purposes | _ | 63,402 | 749,139 | | - | | 44,399 | | 856,940 |
| Total committed fund balance | \$ | 63,402 | \$ 9,395,441 | \$ | - | \$ | 333,731 | \$ | 9,792,574 |
| Assigned to: | | | | | | | | | |
| Street paving | \$ | 185,124 | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 185,124 |
| Replacement dump truck | | 119,212 | - | • | - | • | - | ŕ | 119,212 |
| Subsequent years' expenditures | | -, _ | - | | - | | 134,000 | | 134,000 |
| Other purposes | | 345,057 | - | | - | | - | | 345,057 |
| Total assigned fund balance | \$ | 649,393 | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | 134,000 | \$ | 783,393 |

Note 16. Pension Plan - Agent Multiple-Employer

Plan Description. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the City, the non-professional employees of the Harrisonburg City School Board (School Board) and the Harrisonburg Electric Commission (HEC) are automatically covered by the VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. The City and HEC employees participate in the same retirement plan. Members earn one

month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer are paying contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service. The *Code of Virginia*, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Virginia General Assembly. The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report for VRS. A copy of that report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2015-annual-report.pdf.

Benefits Provided. VRS administers three different benefit structures for covered employees. Each benefit structure has different eligibility criteria.

Plan 1. Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. Members hired before July 1, 2010 and who were vested as of January 1, 2013 are covered under Plan 1. Members become vested when they have at least five years of creditable service. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least of service credit or age 50 with at least five years of service credit.

Plan 2. Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. Members hired between July 1, 2010 and December 31, 2013 or members hired before July 1, 2010 who were not vested as of January 1, 2013 are covered under Plan 2. Members become vested when they have at least five years of creditable service. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at their normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years of service credit or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years of service credit.

Hybrid Plan. The Hybrid Plan combines features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members hired after January 1, 2014 and Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who opted into the plan during a special election window are covered under the Hybrid Plan. Members become vested in the defined benefit portion of the Hybrid Plan when they have at least five years of creditable service and become 100 percent vested in employer contributions to the defined contribution portion of the Hybrid Plan after four years of creditable service. Members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit from the defined benefit component beginning at their normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years of service credit or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. They may retire with a reduced benefit from the defined benefit component as early as age 60 with at least five years of service credit. Members are eligible to receive distributions from the defined contribution component upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Hazardous duty members. Under Plans 1 and 2, eligible hazardous duty members (police officers and firefighters) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least five years of service credit. All other provisions of the member's plan apply. Hazardous duty members are not eligible for the Hybrid Plan.

The VRS Basic Benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the member's average final compensation (AFC) multiplied by the member's total service credit. Under Plan 1, AFC is the average of the member's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, AFC is the average of the member's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation. The defined benefit retirement multiplier is 1.7 percent for non-hazardous duty Plan 1 members, 1.65 percent for non-hazardous duty Plan 2 members (1.7 percent for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013), 1 percent for Hybrid Plan members and 1.85 percent for eligible hazardous duty members. In addition, eligible hazardous members receive a monthly benefit supplement if they retire prior to age 65. At retirement, members can elect the Basic Benefit, the Survivor Option, the Partial Lump-Sum Option Payment (PLOP) or the Advance Pension Option. A retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit amount for members electing the Survivor Option, PLOP or Advance Pension Option or those retiring with a reduced benefit.

Members who retire with an unreduced benefit or a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service are eligible for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) effective July 1 after one full calendar year from the member's retirement date. Members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA is effective July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Other exceptions also apply to the COLA effective date. Under Plan 1, the COLA matches the first three percent increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to four percent) for a maximum COLA of five percent. Under Plan 2 and the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Plan, the COLA matches the first two percent increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to two percent) for a maximum COLA of three percent.

The VRS also provides death and disability benefits to Plan 1 and Plan 2 members. Hybrid Plan members are covered by the Virginia Local Disability Program administered by VRS for disability benefits unless the local government provides an employer paid comparable program for its members. The City, School Board and HEC decided to provide an employer paid comparable program to its employees.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At June 30, 2014, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

| | | Component Units | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------|--|--|
| | Primary Government | School Board | HEC | | |
| Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits Active employees | 264 309 551 | 42 46 92 | 21 25 44 | | |
| Total inactive and active employees | 1,124 | 180 | 90 | | |

Contributions. The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Members are required to contribute five percent of their annual reported compensation toward their retirement. The City and HEC's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2016 was 12.76 percent of covered employee compensation. The School Board non-professional employees' contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2016 was 7.03 percent of covered employee compensation. These rates were based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013. These rates, when combined with employee contributions, were expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The following are the contributions from the City, the School Board and HEC to the pension plans:

| Year | Component Units | | | | | |
|--------------|------------------------------|----|--------------------|----|--------------------|--|
| Ending | Primary | - | School | | | |
| June 30, | Government | _ | Board | - | HEC | |
| 2016 2015 | \$ 3,062,536 3,052,864 | \$ | 131,459 132,185 | \$ | 369,486 368,891 | |

Net Pension Liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2014, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees. The total pension liability for general employees was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The following assumptions were applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Inflation2.50 percentSalary increases3.50 percent – 5.35 percent, including inflationInvestment rate of return7.00 percent (net of pension plan investment expense), including inflation

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year. Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year. Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

Actuarial Assumptions – Hazardous Duty Employee. The total pension liability for hazardous duty employees was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The following assumptions were applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

| Inflation | 2.50 percent |
|---------------------------|--|
| Salary increases | 3.50 percent – 4.75 percent, including inflation |
| Investment rate of return | 7.00 percent (net of pension plan investment expense), including inflation |

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

Largest 10 – LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year. Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year. Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| | Target | Arithmetic Long-term Expected | Weighted Average Long-term Expected | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Asset Class (Strategy) | Allocation | Rate of Return | Rate of Return | | | |
| U.S. Equity | 19.50% | 6.46% | 1.26% | | | |
| Developed Non U.S Equity | 16.50% | 6.28% | 1.04% | | | |
| Emerging Market Equity | 6.00% | 10.00% | 0.60% | | | |
| Fixed Income | 15.00% | 0.09% | 0.01% | | | |
| Emerging Debt | 3.00% | 3.51% | 0.11% | | | |
| Rate Sensitive Credit | 4.50% | 3.51% | 0.16% | | | |
| Non Rate Sensitive Credit | 4.50% | 5.00% | 0.23% | | | |
| Convertibles | 3.00% | 4.81% | 0.14% | | | |
| Public Real Estate | 2.25% | 6.12% | 0.14% | | | |
| Private Real Estate | 12.75% | 7.10% | 0.91% | | | |
| Private Equity | 12.00% | 10.41% | 1.25% | | | |
| Cash | 1.00% | -1.50% | -0.02% | | | |
| Total | 100.00% | | 5.83% | | | |
| | | Inflation | 2.50% | | | |
| Expected arithmetic nominal return | | | | | | |

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the contribution rate will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100 percent of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 16. Pension Plan - Agent Multiple-Employer (continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability. The following are the changes in net pension liability as of the measurement date of June 30, 2015:

Primary Government

| | Increase (Decrease) | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|-------------|-----|---------------|-------------|--|--|
| | - | Total | | Plan | Net | | |
| | | Pension | | Fiduciary | Pension | | |
| | - | Liability | - | Net Position | Liability | | |
| Balances at June 30, 2014 | \$ | 108,838,074 | \$ | 89,664,658 \$ | 19,173,416 | | |
| Changes for the year: | - | | | | | | |
| Service cost | | 2,592,726 | | - | 2,592,726 | | |
| Interest | | 7,472,653 | | - | 7,472,653 | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | 154,979 | | - | 154,979 | | |
| Contributions-employer | | - | | 3,052,864 | (3,052,864) | | |
| Contributions-employee | | - | | 1,201,377 | (1,201,377) | | |
| Net investment income | | - | | 4,130,211 | (4,130,211) | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | | (4,651,924) | | (4,651,924) | - | | |
| Administrative expense | | - | | (56,117) | 56,117 | | |
| Other changes | | 139,969 | _ | 115,235 | 24,734 | | |
| Net changes | - | 5,708,403 | - | 3,791,646 | 1,916,757 | | |
| Balances at June 30, 2015 | \$ | 114,546,477 | \$_ | 93,456,304 \$ | 21,090,173 | | |

Component Unit – School Board

| | _ | Increase (Decrease) | | | | | | |
|---|----|---------------------|-----|--------------|-----|-----------------|--|--|
| | | Total | Net | | | | | |
| | | Pension | | Fiduciary | | Pension | | |
| | | Liability | | Net Position | Lia | ability (Asset) | | |
| Balances at June 30, 2014 | \$ | 6,686,553 | \$ | 7,095,483 \$ | 6 | (408,930) | | |
| Changes for the year: | | | • • | | | | | |
| Service cost | | 211,969 | | - | | 211,969 | | |
| Interest | | 452,999 | | - | | 452,999 | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | 6,161 | | - | | 6,161 | | |
| Contributions-employer | | - | | 132,185 | | (132,185) | | |
| Contributions-employee | | - | | 93,767 | | (93,767) | | |
| Net investment income | | - | | 320,003 | | (320,003) | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | | (430,270) | | (430,270) | | - | | |
| Administrative expense | | - | | (4,518) | | 4,518 | | |
| Other changes | _ | - | | (69) | | 69 | | |
| Net changes | _ | 240,859 | | 111,098 | _ | 129,761 | | |
| Balances at June 30, 2015 | \$ | 6,927,412 | \$ | 7,206,581 \$ | § | (279,169) | | |

Note 16. Pension Plan - Agent Multiple-Employer (continued)

Component Unit – HEC

| | | Increase (Decrease) | | | | | | |
|---|-----|---------------------|-----|---------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| | _ | Total | Net | | | | | |
| | | Pension | | Fiduciary | Pension | | | |
| | _ | Liability | _ | Net Position | Liability | | | |
| Balances at June 30, 2014 | \$ | 13,468,794 | \$ | 11,096,069 \$ | 2,372,725 | | | |
| Changes for the year: | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | | 313,290 | | - | 313,290 | | | |
| Interest | | 902,954 | | - | 902,954 | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | 18,728 | | - | 18,728 | | | |
| Contributions-employer | | - | | 368,891 | (368,891) | | | |
| Contributions-employee | | - | | 145,168 | (145,168) | | | |
| Net investment income | | - | | 499,072 | (499,072) | | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | | (562,113) | | (562,113) | - | | | |
| Administrative expense | | - | | (6,781) | 6,781 | | | |
| Other changes | _ | (321,955) | | (265,076) | (56,879) | | | |
| Net changes | _ | 350,904 | _ | 179,161 | 171,743 | | | |
| Balances at June 30, 2015 | \$_ | 13,819,698 | \$_ | 11,275,230 \$ | 2,544,468 | | | |

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

| | _ | 1% Decrease (6.00%) | | Current Discount Rate (7.00%) | _ | 1% Increase (8.00%) | |
|--|----|------------------------|----|----------------------------------|----|------------------------|--|
| Primary Government: Net Pension Liability Component Unit - School Board: | \$ | 36,548,767 | \$ | 21,090,173 | \$ | 8,291,892 | |
| Net Pension Liability (Asset) | \$ | 519,311 | \$ | (279,169) | \$ | (956,749) | |
| Component Unit - HEC: Net Pension Liability | \$ | 4,409,502 | \$ | 2,544,468 | \$ | 1,000,393 | |

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City, the School Board and HEC recognized pension expense of \$1,766,155, \$13,725 and \$137,091, respectively. At June 30, 2016, the City, the School Board and HEC reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | | | | | Component Units | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|--------------------|----|--------------|-----------------|--------------|----|--------------|----|--------------|----|--------------|--|
| | | Primary Government | | | | School Board | | | | HEC | | | |
| | | Deferred | | Deferred | • | Deferred | | Deferred | | Deferred | | Deferred | |
| | | Outflows | | Inflows | | Outflows | | Inflows | | Outflows | | Inflows | |
| | 0 | of Resources | _ | of Resources | - | of Resources | _ | of Resources | | of Resources | | of Resources | |
| Differences between expected | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| and actual experience | \$ | 121,400 | \$ | - | \$ | 4,242 | \$ | - | \$ | 14,647 | \$ | - | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| plan investments | | - | | 2,412,539 | | - | | 189,957 | | - | | 291,066 | |
| Employer contributions subsequent | t | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| to the measurement date | _ | 3,062,536 | - | - | - | 131,459 | - | - | | 369,486 | | - | |
| Total | \$ | 3,183,936 | \$ | 2,412,539 | \$ | 135,701 | \$ | 189,957 | \$ | 384,133 | \$ | 291,066 | |

Note 16. Pension Plan - Agent Multiple-Employer (continued)

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| | | | _ | Component Units | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------|-----------|-------|-----------------|-----|-----------|--|--|--|
| | | Primary | - | School | | | | | |
| Year Ending June 30, | Government | | Board | _ | HEC | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 2017 | \$ | (913,561) | \$ | (72,691) | \$ | (110,218) | | | |
| 2018 | | (913,561) | | (72,691) | | (110,218) | | | |
| 2019 | | (913,560) | | (74,206) | | (110,218) | | | |
| 2020 | | 449,543 | | 33,873 | | 54,235 | | | |
| Thereafter | | - | | - | | - | | | |

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2016, the City and School Board reported a payable of \$400,489 and \$18,305, respectively, for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Note 17. Pension Plan - Teacher Cost-Sharing Pool

Plan Description. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of the Harrisonburg City School Board (School Board) are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer are paying contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service. The *Code of Virginia*, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Virginia General Assembly. The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report for VRS. A copy of that report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2015-annual-report.pdf.

Benefits Provided. VRS administers three different benefit structures for covered employees. Each benefit structure has different eligibility criteria.

Plan 1. Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. Members hired before July 1, 2010 and who were vested as of January 1, 2013 are covered under Plan 1. Members become vested when they have at least five years of creditable service. Members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least of service credit or age 50 with at least five years of service credit.

Plan 2. Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. Members hired between July 1, 2010 and December 31, 2013 or members hired before July 1, 2010 who were not vested as of January 1, 2013 are covered under Plan 2. Members become vested when they have at least five years of creditable service. Members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at their normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years of service credit or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years of service credit.

Hybrid Plan. The Hybrid Plan combines features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members hired after January 1, 2014 and Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who opted into the plan during a special election window are covered under the Hybrid Plan. Members become vested in the defined benefit portion of the Hybrid Plan when they have at least five years of creditable service and become 100 percent vested in employer contributions to the defined contribution portion of the Hybrid Plan after four years of creditable service. Members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit from the defined benefit component beginning at their normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years of service credit or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. They may retire with a reduced benefit from the defined benefit component as early as age 60 with at least five years of service credit. Members are eligible to receive distributions from the defined contribution component upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

The VRS Basic Benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the member's average final compensation (AFC) multiplied by the member's total service credit. Under Plan 1, AFC is the average of the member's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, AFC is the average of the member's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation. The defined benefit retirement multiplier is 1.7 percent for Plan 1 members, 1.65 percent for Plan 2 members (1.7 percent for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013) and 1 percent for Hybrid Plan members. At retirement, members can elect the Basic Benefit, the Survivor Option, the Partial Lump-Sum Option Payment (PLOP) or the Advance Pension Option. A retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit amount for members electing the Survivor Option, PLOP or Advance Pension Option or those retiring with a reduced benefit.

Members who retire with an unreduced benefit or a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service are eligible for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) effective July 1 after one full calendar year from the member's retirement date. Members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA is effective July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Other exceptions also apply to the COLA effective date. Under Plan 1, the COLA matches the first three percent increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to four percent) for a maximum COLA of five percent. Under Plan 2 and the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Plan, the COLA matches the first two percent increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to two percent) for a maximum COLA of three percent.

The VRS also provides death and disability benefits to Plan 1 and Plan 2 members. Hybrid Plan members are covered by the Virginia Local Disability Program administered by VRS for disability benefits unless the local government provides an employer paid comparable program for its members. The School Board decided to provide an employer paid comparable program to its employees.

Contributions. The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by Section 51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Members are required to contribute five percent of their annual reported compensation toward their retirement. The School Board's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 14.06 percent of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013 that was adjusted for a contribution from the state in June 2015 of \$192.9 million as an accelerated payback of a deferred contribution in the 2010-12 biennium. The School Board's allocated portion of this contribution was \$860,000. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 18.20 percent, however, it was reduced to 17.64 percent as a result of the transfer. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of Section 51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, the contributions were funded at 79.69 percent of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2016. Contributions to the pension plan were \$4,835,653 and \$4,676,599 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2016, the School Board reported a liability of \$56,088,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2015 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2015, the school division's proportion was 0.44562% as compared to 0.44712% at June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the School Board recognized pension expense of \$4,079,000. Since there was a change in the proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2016, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|---|---------------------------------------|----|----------------------------------|
| Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on | \$ 72,000 | \$ | - 772,000 |
| pension plan investments | - | | 3,435,000 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | - 4,835,653 | - | 170,000 - |
| Total | \$ 4,907,653 | \$ | 4,377,000 |

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year Ending June 30, | | Deferred Amounts to be Recognized |
|----------------------|----|---|
| 0047 | ۴ | (4 5 40 000) |
| 2017 | \$ | (1,549,000) |
| 2018 | | (1,549,000) |
| 2019 | | (1,549,000) |
| 2020 | | 441,000 |
| 2021 | | (99,000) |
| Thereafter | | - |

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The following assumptions were applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

| Inflation | 2.50 percent |
|---------------------------|--|
| Salary increases | 3.50 percent – 5.95 percent, including inflation |
| Investment rate of return | 7.00 percent (net of pension plan investment expense), including inflation |

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| Acces (Strategy) | Target Allocation | Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return | Weighted Average Long-term Expected | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Asset Class (Strategy) | Allocation | Rale of Reluin | Rate of Return | | | |
| U.S. Equity | 19.50% | 6.46% | 1.26% | | | |
| Developed Non U.S Equity | 16.50% | 6.28% | 1.04% | | | |
| Emerging Market Equity | 6.00% | 10.00% | 0.60% | | | |
| Fixed Income | 15.00% | 0.09% | 0.01% | | | |
| Emerging Debt | 3.00% | 3.51% | 0.11% | | | |
| Rate Sensitive Credit | 4.50% | 3.51% | 0.16% | | | |
| Non Rate Sensitive Credit | 4.50% | 5.00% | 0.23% | | | |
| Convertibles | 3.00% | 4.81% | 0.14% | | | |
| Public Real Estate | 2.25% | 6.12% | 0.14% | | | |
| Private Real Estate | 12.75% | 7.10% | 0.91% | | | |
| Private Equity | 12.00% | 10.41% | 1.25% | | | |
| Cash | 1.00% | -1.50% | -0.02% | | | |
| Total | 100.00% | | 5.83% | | | |
| | | Inflation | 2.50% | | | |
| Expected arithmetic nominal return | | | | | | |

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the contribution rate will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating

employers are assumed to contribute 100 percent of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the School Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

| | | 1% | | Current | | 1% |
|--|----------|------------|----|---------------|----|------------|
| | Decrease | | | Discount Rate | | Increase |
| | | (6.00%) | | (7.00%) | _ | (8.00%) |
| Proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ | 82,078,000 | \$ | 56,088,000 | \$ | 34,691,000 |

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued VRS 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of this report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2015-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Payables to the Pension Plan. At June 30, 2016, the School Board reported a payable of \$626,533 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Note 18. Postretirement Healthcare Benefit Plan

Plan Description

City of Harrisonburg. The City provides certain healthcare benefits for retired employees through the City of Harrisonburg Postretirement Healthcare Benefit Plan (Plan). The plan is administered through a single-employer defined benefit plan and is considered other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The Plan provides for an option to eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to continue their coverage in the same health insurance program available to all City employees at the active employee rates. Eligible retirees must be 50 years of age and meet the Virginia Retirement System requirements for service or disability retirement. Retirees must have at least 15 years of consecutive eligible service with the City immediately prior to retirement. Also, retirees must have participated in the City's health insurance program for a minimum of five years immediately prior to retirement. The benefit ends upon the retiree's eligibility for Medicare coverage. These benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the Harrisonburg City Council through the City's Human Resources Policy Manual. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

School Board. The Harrisonburg City School Board provides certain healthcare benefits for retired employees through the Harrisonburg City School Board Postretirement Healthcare Benefit Plan (Plan). The plan is administered through a single-employer defined benefit plan and is considered other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The Plan provides for an option to eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to continue their coverage in the same health insurance program available to all School Board employees at the active employee rates. Eligible retirees must be 50 years of age and meet the Virginia Retirement System requirements for service or disability retirement. Retirees must have at least five years of cumulative eligible service with the School Board with a minimum of five years immediately prior to retirement. Depending on the number of years of eligible service, the retiree may remain on the plan for a maximum of fifteen years but in all instances the benefit ends upon the retiree's eligibility for Medicare coverage. These benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the Harrisonburg City School Board's Human Resources Policy Manual. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Note 18. Postretirement Healthcare Benefit Plan (continued)

Funding Policy

City of Harrisonburg. The contribution requirements of the retirees and the City are established and may be amended by the Harrisonburg City Council through the City's Human Resources Policy Manual. The City currently pays for these benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Under the current plan, the City contributes \$10 for each full year of service up to a maximum of \$350 towards the retiree's monthly premium. The retiree must contribute the remaining monthly premium amount.

School Board. The contribution requirements of the retirees and the School Board are established and may be amended by the Harrisonburg City School Board through the School Board's Human Resources Policy Manual. The School Board currently pays for these benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Under the current plan, the School Board contributes \$10 for each full year of service up to a maximum of \$350 towards the retiree's monthly premium. The retiree must contribute the remaining monthly premium amount.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The following are the components of the annual OPEB cost (expense) for fiscal year 2016, the amount actually contributed to the plans and changes in the net OPEB obligation for the City and School Board.

| | _ | Primary Government | _ | School Board |
|--|-----|-----------------------|-----|-----------------|
| Annual required contribution | \$ | 699,120 | \$ | 953,329 |
| Interest on the net OPEB obligation | | 159,452 | | 134,940 |
| Adjustment to the annual required contribution | | (176,811) | | (150,650) |
| Annual OPEB cost (expense) | | 681,761 | - | 937,619 |
| Contributions made | | (276,544) | | (656,728) |
| Increase in the net OPEB obligation | | 405,217 | | 280,891 |
| Net OPEB obligation at beginning of year | | 3,986,296 | | 3,373,489 |
| Net OPEB obligation at end of year | \$_ | 4,391,513 | \$_ | 3,654,380 |

The following is the annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plans and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal year 2016 and the preceding two fiscal years for the City and School Board.

| Fiscal Year Ended | | Percentage ofAnnualAnnual OPEBOPEB CostCost Contributed | | | Net OPEB Obligation |
|-------------------------|--------|---|-------|----|------------------------|
| City of Harrison | nburg: | | | | |
| 2016 | \$ | 681,761 | 40.6% | \$ | 4,391,513 |
| 2015 | | 788,220 | 41.6% | | 3,986,296 |
| 2014 | | 793,090 | 36.2% | | 3,525,651 |
| School Board: | | | | | |
| 2016 | \$ | 937,619 | 70.0% | \$ | 3,654,380 |
| 2015 | | 942,355 | 76.3% | | 3,373,489 |
| 2014 | | 936,327 | 77.8% | | 3,149,774 |

Funded Status and Funding Progress

City of Harrisonburg. As of July 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan had not been funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$7,100,160. There were no plan assets resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$7,100,160. The covered payroll (annual payroll of the active employees covered by the plan) was \$24,016,650 and the ratio of UAAL to the covered payroll was 29.56 percent.

Note 18. Postretirement Healthcare Benefit Plan (continued)

School Board. As of July 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan had not been funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$10,504,023. There were no plan assets resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$10,504,023. The covered payroll (annual payroll of the active employees covered by the plan) was \$35,158,907, and the ratio of UAAL to the covered payroll was 29.88 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

City of Harrisonburg. In the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4 percent investment rate of return and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5 percent after 6 years. The actuarial valuation does not include a general inflation rate assumption as it is not pertinent to the valuation. The projected payroll growth rate is assumed to be 2.5 percent per year. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized using the level percentage of payroll method over a closed 30 year period.

School Board. In the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4 percent investment rate of return and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5 percent after 6 years. The actuarial valuation does not include a general inflation rate assumption as it is not pertinent to the valuation. The projected payroll growth rate is assumed to be 2.5 percent per year. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized using the level percentage of payroll method over a closed 30 year period.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Component Unit – HEC

The Harrisonburg Electric Commission (HEC) provides certain health care benefits for employees who retire from HEC. Further information on the plan is included in HEC's separately issued financial statements.

Note 19. Virginia Health Insurance Credit Program

Plan Description. The City of Harrisonburg School Board (School Board) participates in the Virginia Health Insurance Credit Program for its professional employees. The program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) and is considered other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Eligible retirees who have 15 or more years of creditable VRS service and are enrolled in a qualified health insurance plan may participate in the program. The retiree receives \$4.00 per year of creditable service as a credit towards their monthly health insurance premiums not to exceed the retiree's monthly insurance premium.

Note 19. Virginia Health Insurance Credit Program (continued)

Title 51.1 of the *Code of Virginia* (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia. The VRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of that report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2015-annual-report.pdf or obtained by writing to the VRS at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Funding Policy. The School Board is required by Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, to contribute an actuarially determined amount necessary to fund its participation in the program. The School Board's contribution rate for fiscal year 2016 was 1.06 percent of annual covered payroll. Total contributions made by the School Board to the program for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$371,916, \$352,230, and \$362,507, respectively, and were equal to the required contributions for each year.

Note 20. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are generally used to subsidize the operations, programs and capital activities of certain funds. The following is a summary of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2016.

| | _ | Transfer out | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | School | | | | | | | |
| | | | Bond Capital | | | | | | | |
| | | General | Projects | Water | Sewer | | | | | |
| Transfer in | | Fund | Fund | Fund | Funds | Total | | | | |
| General Fund | \$ | - \$ | 800,000 \$ | 1,426,302 \$ | 1,234,446 \$ | 3,460,748 | | | | |
| General Capital Projects Fund | | 367,335 | - | - | - | 367,335 | | | | |
| Public Transportation Fund | | 210,000 | - | - | - | 210,000 | | | | |
| Stormwater Fund | | - | - | - | 110,000 | 110,000 | | | | |
| Internal Service Funds | _ | 49,774 | | 140,088 | 13,032 | 202,894 | | | | |
| Total | \$_ | 627,109 \$ | 800,000 \$ | 1,566,390 \$ | 1,357,478 \$ | 4,350,977 | | | | |

Note 21. Transactions with Component Units

In fiscal year 2016, the City's General Fund made contributions to the School Board, a component unit, totaling \$29,390,214. These contributions are made in equal monthly installments for the purpose of funding the School Board's operating budget.

In fiscal year 2016, the Harrisonburg Electric Commission, a component unit, made contributions to the City's General Fund totaling \$5,000,000. These contributions are made in equal monthly installments for the purpose of funding the General Fund budget.

Note 22. Joint Ventures

Harrisonburg-Rockingham Regional Sewer Authority. The City, Rockingham County, and the towns of Bridgewater, Dayton and Mt. Crawford have entered into an agreement with the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Regional Sewer Authority (Authority), whereby the Authority agrees to operate a sewage disposal system for the participating municipalities. The municipalities have an ongoing financial responsibility based on an agreement to make annual contributions to the Authority for operations and maintenance based on their respective usage of the system. The municipalities also agree to make contributions to the Authority for debt service. In fiscal year 2016, the City's contributions totaled \$6,204,677 of which \$2,971,433 was for operations, \$2,803,927 was for debt service and \$429,317 was for capital purposes. These contributions are made from the Sewer Fund. The City does not have an ongoing financial interest in the Authority since it does not have access to the Authority's resources or surpluses, nor is it liable for the Authority's debts or deficits. To obtain a copy of the audited financial statements, contact the Authority at P.O. Box 8, 856 North River Road, Mt. Crawford, Virginia 22841.

Note 22. Joint Ventures (continued)

The Authority has \$63.3 million of total debt outstanding at June 30, 2016. The City's share of the required principal and interest payments for the Authority's bond issues is projected as follows:

| Fiscal Year | | Principal | _ | Interest | | Total |
|-------------|----|------------|----|-----------|----|------------|
| 2017 | \$ | 1,857,172 | \$ | 979,550 | \$ | 2,836,722 |
| 2018 | | 2,160,279 | | 870,171 | | 3,030,450 |
| 2019 | | 2,236,492 | | 795,819 | | 3,032,311 |
| 2020 | | 2,306,457 | | 718,230 | | 3,024,687 |
| 2021 | | 2,392,993 | | 633,791 | | 3,026,784 |
| 2022-2026 | | 9,344,561 | | 2,151,773 | | 11,496,334 |
| 2027-2031 | | 8,898,414 | | 774,347 | | 9,672,761 |
| 2032-2036 | | 1,398,522 | | 55,236 | | 1,453,758 |
| 2037 | _ | 144,509 | _ | 867 | | 145,376 |
| Total | \$ | 30,739,399 | \$ | 6,979,784 | \$ | 37,719,183 |

The following information is a condensed statement of net position as of the end of the two most recent fiscal years for the Authority.

| | | June 30, 2016 | - | June 30, 2015 | - | Increase (Decrease) |
|--|----|---------------|----|---------------|----|------------------------|
| Current assets | \$ | 5,328,171 | \$ | 4,494,422 | \$ | 833,749 |
| Restricted assets | | 3,294,315 | | 3,152,318 | | 141,997 |
| Capital assets | | 91,213,797 | | 90,410,696 | | 803,101 |
| Other assets | _ | 792,601 | _ | 775,011 | _ | 17,590 |
| Total assets | - | 100,628,884 | _ | 98,832,447 | - | 1,796,437 |
| Deferred outflows of resources | - | 594,214 | - | 677,328 | - | (83,114) |
| Current liabilities | | 2,797,440 | | 2,631,124 | | 166,316 |
| Liabilities payable from restricted assets | | 2,447,273 | | 2,323,334 | | 123,939 |
| Long-term liabilities | | 60,015,875 | _ | 59,242,676 | - | 773,199 |
| Total liabilities | - | 65,260,588 | - | 64,197,134 | - | 1,063,454 |
| Deferred inflows of resources | - | 195,475 | - | 358,270 | - | (162,795) |
| Net position | \$ | 35,767,035 | \$ | 34,954,371 | \$ | 812,664 |

Harrisonburg-Rockingham Emergency Communications Center. The City and Rockingham County (County) entered into an agreement that created the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Emergency Communications Center (HRECC), whereby the HRECC operates a joint emergency operations center and a joint two-way radio communications system. The City and County have an ongoing financial responsibility in that the City and County have agreed to equally provide any necessary funding for the HRECC. In fiscal year 2016, the City's contributions totaled \$2,428,577 of which \$1,880,205 was for operations and \$548,372 was for capital purposes. These contributions are made from the General Fund. The City and County have equal undivided interests in any property purchased or used by the HRECC. The HRECC currently operates using certain capital assets of the City and County; however, the HRECC is responsible for the maintenance of these assets. To obtain a copy of the audited financial statements, contact the City of Harrisonburg Department of Finance, 409 South Main Street, Harrisonburg, Virginia 22801.

Note 22. Joint Ventures (continued)

The following information is a condensed statement of net position as of the end of the two most recent fiscal years for the HRECC.

| | _ | June 30, 2016 | | June 30, 2015 | - | Increase (Decrease) |
|--|---------|------------------------|----|------------------------|----|------------------------|
| Current assets Capital assets | \$ _ | 2,330,910 5,099,125 | \$ | 2,804,331 3,583,390 | \$ | (473,421) 1,515,735 |
| Total assets | _ | 7,430,035 | | 6,387,721 | - | 1,042,314 |
| Deferred outflows of resources | _ | 200,965 | | 188,964 | - | 12,001 |
| Current liabilities Long-term liabilities | _ | 163,162 1,888,596 | , | 492,409 1,700,036 | - | (329,247) 188,560 |
| Total liabilities | _ | 2,051,758 | | 2,192,445 | - | (140,687) |
| Deferred inflows of resources | _ | 152,275 | | 338,412 | _ | (186,137) |
| Net position | \$ | 5,426,967 | \$ | 4,045,828 | \$ | 1,183,001 |

Note 23. Jointly Governed Organizations

Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District (District). The District was established by the City and the County of Rockingham (County) to provide social services for the residents of the City and County. Both the City and County appoint one member each to the governing board. The District is a separate legal entity and is a discretely presented component unit of the County. The City contributed \$3,379,132 to the District in fiscal year 2016.

Shenandoah Valley Juvenile Center Commission (Commission). The Commission was established to provide a regional juvenile detention home. The Commission currently serves the Cities of Harrisonburg, Staunton, Waynesboro and Lexington, Virginia and the Counties of Augusta, Rockingham and Rockbridge, Virginia. The governing body is composed of one member appointed by each participating locality. The Commission is a separate legal entity with no participating locality having a voting majority. The Commission is perpetual and no participating locality has access to its resources or surpluses, nor is any participant liable for the Commission's debts or deficits. The City contributed \$344,636 to the Commission in fiscal year 2016.

Middle River Regional Jail Authority (Authority). The Authority was established to provide a regional inmate facility for the member jurisdictions. The Authority currently serves the Cities of Harrisonburg, Staunton and Waynesboro, Virginia and the Counties of Augusta and Rockingham, Virginia. The governing body is composed of three members appointed by each participating locality. The Authority is a separate legal entity with no participating locality having a voting majority. The Authority is perpetual and no participating locality has access to its resources or surpluses, nor is any participant liable for the Authority's debts or deficits. In accordance with a service agreement, the Authority will divide its charges to member jurisdictions into an operating and debt service component which will be allocated annually based on the percentage of prisoners from each member jurisdiction over the previous three calendar years. Beginning in fiscal year 2016, the City and County will have an assumed combined total of 150 prisoners per day for the operating component and 250 prisoners per day for the debt service component that will be used in calculating annual member contributions. For subsequent fiscal years, the City and County's annual contribution percentage will be used when calculating the three year average. The City and County's annual contribution percentage will be combined based on the total number of prisoners between the two jurisdictions with the City and County each responsible for 50 percent of the contribution. The City contributed \$796,170 to the Authority in fiscal year 2016 of which \$599,168 was for operations and \$197,002 was for debt service.

Note 24. Related Organization

The City created the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority (Authority) to provide low-income housing to the residents of the City. The Authority is a separate legal entity and is governed by five commissioners who are appointed solely by the City Council. The City does not have an ongoing financial interest or responsibility to the Authority.

Note 25. Middle River Regional Jail Buy-In Agreement

The City, along with Rockingham County (County), entered into a buy-in agreement with Augusta County, the City of Staunton and the City of Waynesboro in which the City and County have agreed to purchase from the existing member jurisdictions the right to use capacity in the jail and become member jurisdictions of the Authority for \$21,543,588 effective July 1, 2015. The City is responsible for \$10,771,794 or 50 percent of the purchase price. The terms of the agreement required a payment of ten percent of the purchase price prior to June 30, 2015 with the balance of the purchase price payable in ten annual installments of \$1,076,298 commencing December 15, 2015. At June 30, 2016, the City has recorded an intangible asset for the purchased capacity of the jail in the amount of \$10,412,734 (net of depreciation) and a liability of \$8,714,153 in governmental activities on the government-wide statement of net position.

Note 26. Commitments

The City has a construction contract outstanding for improvements to Reservior Street. The contract totals \$10.2 million, of which \$2.3 million had been expended as of June 30, 2016. This contract is a commitment of the General Capital Projects Fund and is being financed through transfers from the General Fund, intergovernmental revenue from the State of Virginia and previously issued bonds.

The City has a contract outstanding for the construction of a new elementary school. The contract totals \$25.9 million, of which \$2 million had been expended as of June 30, 2016. This contract is a commitment of the School Bond Capital Projects Fund and is being financed through previously issued bonds.

The City has a contract outstanding for the construction of a pre-k facility. The contract totals \$6.2 million and no funds had been expended as of June 30, 2016. This contract is a commitment of the School Bond Capital Projects Fund and is being financed through previously issued bonds.

The City has a contract outstanding for the replacement of the HVAC equipment at Thomas Harrison Middle School. The contract totals \$4.4 million, of which \$869,800 had been expended as of June 30, 2016. This contract is a commitment of the School Bond Capital Projects Fund and is being financed through previously issued bonds.

The following is a summary of significant encumbrances at June 30, 2016.

| | _ | General Fund | General Capital Projects Fund | Total |
|--|----|-----------------|--|-----------|
| Street repaving | \$ | 185,123 \$ | - \$ | 185,123 |
| Replacement dump truck | | 109,372 | - | 109,372 |
| Reservoir Street improvements | | - | 4,081,388 | 4,081,388 |
| Computer aided mass appraisal software | | - | 184,986 | 184,986 |
| Other purposes | _ | 354,898 | 263,936 | 618,834 |
| Total encumbrances | \$ | 649,393 \$ | 4,530,310 \$ | 5,179,703 |

Note 27. Contingencies

All major federal programs and certain other programs in which the City participates were tested, by our auditors, for compliance with applicable grant requirements pursuant to the provisions of the U.S. Office of Management and Budget's Uniform Guidance. While no material matters of noncompliance were disclosed by the audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

The City may be subject to other legal proceedings and claims which arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate outcome of the claims and litigation, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position.

The City has certain debt instruments subject to arbitrage rebate calculations. In the opinion of management, there will be no material amounts required to be rebated.

Note 28. Risk Management

The City is a member of the Virginia Municipal League Group Self Insurance Association (VML) for vehicles, property, inland marine, EDP, flood, general liability, workman's compensation, boiler and machinery. Each VML member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The City makes contributions and assessments into a designated cash reserve fund. This reserve fund is used to pay claims and awards, as well as, expenses incurred by VML. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess reserves, VML may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. However, since the inception of this insurance association, no additional assessments have been required. There has been no reduction in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. Insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years. The City insures its transit buses through the Virginia Transit Liability Pool.

The City is self-insured for health insurance purposes and has retained Anthem Blue Cross and Blue Shield to administer the program. The City currently reports these activities in the Health Insurance Fund, which is an internal service fund. This fund serves the City, primary government; Harrisonburg School Board and Harrisonburg Electric Commission, component units. Other external agencies also participate in the health insurance including Harrisonburg-Rockingham Emergency Communications Center, Harrisonburg-Rockingham Community Services Board, Harrisonburg-Rockingham Regional Sewer Authority, Harrisonburg-Rockingham Alcohol Safety Action Program, Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority and the Massanutten Regional Library. This fund accounts for the health insurance activities of the aforementioned entities but does not constitute a transfer of risk from the City. Significant claims, over \$175,000, are covered by commercial insurance.

The City records an estimated liability for indemnity health care claims. Claims liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims, related claim adjustment expenses and an estimate for claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) based on historical experience. The following represents the change in approximate aggregate liabilities for the fund from July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2016:

| Fiscal Year | Beginning Liability | Claims and Changes in Estimates | Claim Payments | _ | Ending Liability |
|--------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----|----------------------|
| 2016 2015 | \$ 865,971 1,567,971 | \$ 15,160,712 13,573,430 | \$ 14,650,623 14,275,430 | \$ | 1,376,060 865,971 |

Note 29. Hotel and Conference Center

The City has entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) and associated documents with the Harrisonburg Industrial Development Authority (IDA), James Madison University (JMU), dpM Partners, LLC (Developer) and the James Madison University Foundation, Inc. (Foundation) for the construction of a hotel and conference center by the Developer on the campus of JMU. The Developer will finance and own the hotel portion of the project while the Foundation will finance the conference center portion of the project with the Developer retaining ownership of the conference center. The real estate occupied by the hotel and conference center will continue to be owned by JMU and leased to the Developer.

The City has entered into a support agreement with the IDA whereas the City has agreed to a non-binding moral obligation pledge to appropriate all tax and other revenue generated from the hotel and conference center to the IDA to the extent necessary to reimburse the Foundation for its annual debt payments and the IDA has a non-recourse note to pay to the Foundation such appropriated funds received from the City and generated by tax revenue from the hotel and conference center. The pledged tax revenue will be calculated beginning on the September 1 after the City has issued a Certificate of Occupancy for both the hotel and the conference center and on every September 1 thereafter. The agreement remains in force for a maximum of 21 years from the date of the Certificate of Occupancy. The City's obligation terminates upon the repayment of the Foundation's construction debt or if the hotel and conference center ceases operations for one year. The agreement does not legally obligate the City for any debt incurred by the Foundation. Estimated construction costs of the conference center portion of the project are estimated to be \$11 million. It is anticipated construction will begin in October 2016 and that the project will be completed in March 2018.

Note 30. Resource Recovery Facility

The City owns and operated a resource recovery facility that burned municipal solid waste to create steam which was sold to James Madison University (JMU) to be used for its heating and cooling needs for certain areas of its campus. In fiscal year 2014, the City ceased operating the portion of the resource recovery facility that burned solid waste with the portion of the plant that provides heating and cooling needs to JMU still in operation by the City using natural gas. The City was unable to burn enough solid waste to provide sufficient steam sales to JMU under an existing agreement. In October 2014, the City agreed in principle to sell and transfer the resource recovery facility to JMU for \$4.2 million. Based on this, the City recorded a \$10.1 million estimated asset impairment loss in fiscal year 2014 to reflect the expected sales price. The City recorded a further estimated asset impairment loss of \$1.7 million in fiscal year 2015 for decommissioning costs. As such costs are incurred, the city is capitalizing them into the net book value of the asset, up to the expected \$4.2 million sales price. The sale of the facility has not been finalized as of June 30, 2016, however, it is anticipated that the sale will be finalized in January 2017.

Note 31. New Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standards

The GASB issues new financial reporting standards on an ongoing basis. The following are summaries of new standards that may be applicable to the City. Management has not yet determined the effects, if any, these standards will have on the City's financial statements.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.* This statement improves and establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expense/expenditures of other postemployment benefits (OPEB). This statement identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used for the various calculations of an OPEB plan. This statement also establishes note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements for employer reporting of OPEB plans. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal year 2018.

Note 31. New Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standards (continued)

In August 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. This statement establishes financial reporting standards for the disclosure of information regarding the nature and magnitude of certain tax abatements granted to a specific taxpayer, typically for the purpose of economic development. This statement does not cover programs that reduce the tax liabilities of broad classes of taxpayers, such as senior citizens or veterans, and which are not the product of individual agreements with each taxpayer. This statement does not consider issues related to recognition. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal year 2017.

In December 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 78, *Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans.* This statement addresses practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.* This issue is associated with pensions provided through certain multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and to state or local governmental employers whose employees are provided with such pensions. This Statement amends the scope and applicability of Statement 68 to exclude pensions provided to employees of state or local governmental employers through a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that (1) is not a state or local governmental pension plan, (2) is used to provide defined benefit pensions both to employees of state or local governmental employers and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employers, and (3) has no predominant state or local governmental employer (either individually or collectively with other state or local governmental employers that provide pensions through the pension plan). This Statement also establishes requirements for recognition and measurement of pension expense, expenditures, and liabilities; note disclosures; and required supplementary information for pensions that have the characteristics described above. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal year 2017.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73.* This statement addresses certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans,* No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions,* and No. 73, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68.* Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal year 2017. REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Last Two Plan Years

| | | Plar | ear | |
|--|----|------------------------|-----|------------------------|
| | - | 2015 | | 2014 |
| Total a success Relation | | | | |
| Total pension liability Service cost | ¢ | 2 000 010 | ¢ | 2 700 250 |
| Interest | \$ | 2,906,016 8,375,607 | φ | 2,799,358 7,980,324 |
| Changes of benefit terms | | 0,375,007 | | 7,900,324 |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | | 173,707 | | _ |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | | (5,214,037) | | (4,954,890) |
| Other changes | | (181,986) | | 44,008 |
| Net change in total pension liability | - | 6,059,307 | - | 5,868,800 |
| Total pension liability - beginning | | 122,306,868 | | 116,438,068 |
| Total pension liability - ending | \$ | 128,366,175 | \$ | 122,306,868 |
| | = | <u> </u> | = | |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ | 3,421,755 | \$ | 3,240,732 |
| Contributions - employee | | 1,346,545 | | 1,327,453 |
| Net investment income | | 4,629,283 | | 13,820,151 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | | (5,214,037) | | (4,954,890) |
| Administrative expense | | (62,898) | | (74,068) |
| Other changes | _ | (149,841) | | 33,750 |
| Net change in fiduciary net position | - | 3,970,807 | | 13,393,128 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | _ | 100,760,727 | | 87,367,599 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending | \$ | 104,731,534 | \$ | 100,760,727 |
| | _ | | _ | |
| Change in net pension liability | \$ | 2,088,500 | \$ | (7,524,328) |
| Net pension liability - beginning | - | 21,546,141 | _ | 29,070,469 |
| Net pension liability (asset) - ending | \$ | 23,634,641 | \$_ | 21,546,141 |
| | | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 81.59% | | 82.38% |
| Covered-employee payroll | \$ | 26,909,663 | \$ | 25,811,638 |
| | | | | |
| Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | | 87.83% | | 83.47% |
| | | | | |

The plan years above are reported in the financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year. For example, plan year 2014 information was presented in the fiscal year 2015 financial statements.

Current financial reporting standards require ten years of required supplementary information. However, fiscal year 2015 (plan year 2014) was the first year that information was available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SCHOOL BOARD NON-PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYEES

Last Two Plan Years

| | | Plan Ye | ear |
|--|----------------|--------------|-----------|
| | _ | 2015 | 2014 |
| | | | |
| Total pension liability | ¢ | 011.000 \$ | 045 000 |
| Service cost | \$ | 211,969 \$ | 215,283 |
| Interest Observes of the set of the set | | 452,999 | 431,841 |
| Changes of benefit terms | | - | - |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | | 6,161 | - |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | _ | (430,270) | (259,447) |
| Net change in total pension liability | | 240,859 | 387,677 |
| Total pension liability - beginning | \$ | 6,686,553 | 6,298,876 |
| Total pension liability - ending | ^Ф = | 6,927,412 \$ | 6,686,553 |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ | 132,185 \$ | 156,508 |
| Contributions - employee | Ψ | 93,767 | 97,148 |
| Net investment income | | 320,003 | 971,483 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | | (430,270) | (259,447) |
| Administrative expense | | (4,518) | (5,184) |
| Other changes | | (69) | 51 |
| Net change in fiduciary net position | _ | 111,098 | 960,559 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | | 7,095,483 | 6,134,924 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending | \$ | 7,206,581 \$ | 7,095,483 |
| | = | | i |
| Change in net pension liability | \$ | 129,761 \$ | (572,882) |
| Net pension liability (asset) - beginning | | (408,930) | 163,952 |
| Net pension liability (asset) - ending | \$ | (279,169) \$ | (408,930) |
| | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 104.03% | 106.12% |
| | | | |
| Covered-employee payroll | \$ | 1,921,153 \$ | 1,941,438 |
| | | | |
| Net pension asset as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | | -14.53% | -21.06% |
| | | | |

The plan years above are reported in the financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year. For example, plan year 2014 information was presented in the fiscal year 2015 financial statements.

Current financial reporting standards require ten years of required supplementary information. However, fiscal year 2015 (plan year 2014) was the first year that information was available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

| | | Fiscal Year | | |
|--|----|-------------|----|----------------|
| | - | 2016 | | 2015 |
| Actuarially determined contribution | \$ | 3,432,022 | \$ | 3,421,755 |
| Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | 3,432,022 | \$ | 3,421,755 - |
| Covered-employee payroll | \$ | 27,055,004 | \$ | 26,909,663 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | | 12.69% | | 12.72% |

Current financial reporting standards require ten years of required supplementary information. However, fiscal year 2015 was the first year that information was available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

| | | Fisc | ear | |
|--|----|--------------|-----|-----------|
| | - | 2016 | | 2015 |
| Actuarially determined contribution | \$ | 131,459 | \$ | 132,185 |
| Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | 131,459 - | \$ | 132,185 |
| Covered-employee payroll | \$ | 1,927,977 | \$ | 1,921,153 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | | 6.82% | | 6.88% |

Current financial reporting standards require ten years of required supplementary information. However, fiscal year 2015 was the first year that information was available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL BOARD TEACHER COST-SHARING POOL

Last Two Plan Years

| | | Plan Year | | |
|---|----|---------------|------------|--|
| | - | 2015 | 2014 | |
| School Board's proportion of the net pension liability | | 0.44562% | 0.44712% | |
| School Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ | 56,088,000 \$ | 54,033,000 | |
| School Board's covered-employee payroll | \$ | 33,237,754 \$ | 32,684,093 | |
| School Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | | 168.75% | 165.32% | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 70.68% | 70.88% | |

The plan years above are reported in the financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year. For example, plan year 2014 information was presented in the fiscal year 2015 financial statements.

Current financial reporting standards require ten years of required supplementary information. However, fiscal year 2015 (plan year 2014) was the first year that information was available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

| | | Fiscal Year | | | | |
|--|----|-------------|----|------------|--|--|
| | _ | 2016 | | 2015 | | |
| Contractually required contribution | \$ | 4,835,653 | \$ | 4,676,599 | | |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution | | 4,835,653 | | 4,676,599 | | |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | - | \$ | - | | |
| Covered-employee payroll | \$ | 34,585,344 | \$ | 33,237,754 | | |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | | 13.98% | | 14.07% | | |

Current financial reporting standards require ten years of required supplementary information. However, fiscal year 2015 was the first year that information was available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

| Actuarial Valuation Date | | Unfunded Actuarial Actuarial Actuarial Value Accrued Accrued Lia- of Assets Liability bility (UAAL) | | Funded Ratio | Covered Payroll | UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | | |
|--------------------------------|-------|--|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|--|------------|--------|
| City of Harriso | onbur | g Postretirement | t Healthcare B | enef | it Plan | | | |
| July 1, 2015 | \$ | - \$ | 7,100,160 | \$ | 7,100,160 | 0.00% \$ | 24,016,650 | 29.56% |
| July 1, 2014 | | - | 8,847,914 | | 8,847,914 | 0.00% | 22,970,245 | 38.52% |
| July 1, 2013 | | - | 8,397,248 | | 8,397,248 | 0.00% | 22,015,601 | 38.14% |
| City of Harriso | onbur | g School Board | Postretiremen | t He | althcare Benefit | Plan | | |
| July 1, 2015 | \$ | - \$ | 10,504,023 | \$ | 10,504,023 | 0.00% \$ | 35,158,907 | 29.88% |
| July 1, 2014 | | - | 10,642,298 | | 10,642,298 | 0.00% | 34,625,531 | 30.74% |
| July 1, 2013 | | - | 10,572,262 | | 10,572,262 | 0.00% | 34,053,658 | 31.05% |
| Harrisonburg | Elect | ric Commission | Postretiremen | t He | althcare Benefit | Plan | | |
| July 1, 2015 | \$ | - \$ | 1,381,100 | \$ | 1,381,100 | 0.00% \$ | 2,992,600 | 46.15% |
| luly 1 2012 | | | 1 30/ 300 | | 1 30/ 300 | 0.00% | 2 775 500 | 16 00% |

| July 1, 2015 \$ | - 6 | \$ 1,381,100 | \$ 1,381,100 | 0.00% \$ | 2,992,600 | 46.15% |
|-----------------|-----|-----------------|-----------------|----------|-----------|--------|
| July 1, 2012 | - | 1,304,300 | 1,304,300 | 0.00% | 2,775,500 | 46.99% |
| July 1, 2010 | - | 772,172 | 772,172 | 0.00% | 2,798,787 | 27.59% |

Note 1. Pension Plans

The Harrisonburg Electric Commission (HEC), a component unit, participates in the City's pension plan. The amounts provided for the primary government includes both the City and HEC's combined pension information.

Changes of Benefit Terms. There have been no significant changes to the Virginia Retirement System (System) benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. The 2014 valuation includes hybrid plan members for the first time. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. Because this was a new benefit and the number of participants was relatively small, the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2015 is minimal.

Changes of Assumptions. The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 – Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Teacher Cost-Sharing Pool:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Note 2. Postretirement Healthcare Benefit Plan

The assumptions used in the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation for the City and School Board reflects a change in the actuarial assumption for the annual healthcare cost trend rate to 8 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5 percent after 6 years.

The assumptions used in the July 1, 2013 actuarial valuation for the City and School Board reflects a change in the actuarial assumption for the annual healthcare cost trend rate to 7 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5 percent after 4 years. The assumptions also reflect changes in benefits associated with the City and School Board's health insurance plan.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Community Development Block Grant Fund - This fund accounts for the administration of the community development block grant funds received from the Federal Government.

School Transportation Fund - This fund accounts for the operations of the City's school bus system. Financing is provided by payments for services from the Harrisonburg City School Board. Funding is a committed revenue source and is used only for the operations of the school bus system.

Business Loan Program Fund - This fund accounts for the administration of the Harrisonburg Business Loan Program which is a revolving loan program. This program provides microloans to qualifying local businesses. Financing originally has been provided by the Federal Government along with additional funding from the City.

| | Sp | | | | | |
|--|---------------|-----|--------------|-----------|------|--------------|
| | Community | | | Business | | Total |
| | Development | | School | Loan | | Nonmajor |
| | Block Grant | Tra | ansportation | Program | | Governmental |
| | Fund | | Fund | Fund | | Funds |
| Assets | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ - | \$ | 476,870 | \$ 128,07 | 9 \$ | 604,949 |
| Receivables | 104,142 | | 5,449 | 32 | 0 | 109,911 |
| Due from component units | - | | 46,092 | | - | 46,092 |
| Prepaid expenditures | - | | 16,652 | | - | 16,652 |
| Loans receivable | - | · — | - | 119,32 | 2 | 119,322 |
| Total assets | \$ 104,142 | \$ | 545,063 | \$ 247,72 | 1 \$ | 896,926 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 83,468 | \$ | 19,001 | \$ | - \$ | 102,469 |
| Accrued payroll | 1,234 | | 165,121 | | - | 166,355 |
| Due to other funds | 19,440 | | - | | - | 19,440 |
| Due to component units | - | | 1,271 | | - | 1,271 |
| Total liabilities | 104,142 | | 185,393 | | - | 289,535 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue | - | | 3,686 | 119,32 | 2 | 123,008 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | - | | 3,686 | 119,32 | 2 | 123,008 |
| Fund Balances | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | - | | 16,652 | | - | 16,652 |
| Committed | - | | 289,332 | 44,39 | 9 | 333,731 |
| Assigned | - | | 50,000 | 84,00 | 0 | 134,000 |
| Total fund balances | - | | 355,984 | 128,39 | 9 | 484,383 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of | | | | | | |
| resources and fund balances | \$ 104,142 | \$ | 545,063 | \$ 247,72 | 1 \$ | 896,926 |

| | - | Community | | | | Business | - | Total |
|--------------------------------------|----|-------------|----|---------------|-----|----------|----|--------------|
| | I | Development | | School | | Loan | | Nonmajor |
| | | Block Grant | Tr | ransportatior | n | Program | (| Governmental |
| | _ | Fund | | Fund | | Fund | | Funds |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Use of money and property | \$ | - | \$ | 476 | \$ | 331 | \$ | 807 |
| Charges for services | | - | | 3,128,420 | | - | | 3,128,420 |
| Miscellaneous | | - | | 427 | | 38,064 | | 38,491 |
| Intergovernmental | _ | 385,777 | | - | | - | | 385,777 |
| Total revenues | - | 385,777 | _ | 3,129,323 | | 38,395 | | 3,553,495 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| Education | | - | | 2,989,072 | | - | | 2,989,072 |
| Planning and community development | | 385,777 | | - | | 10,067 | | 395,844 |
| Total expenditures | - | 385,777 | | 2,989,072 | _ | 10,067 | | 3,384,916 |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures | | - | | 140,251 | | 28,328 | | 168,579 |
| Fund balances at beginning of year | - | - | | 215,733 | · - | 100,071 | | 315,804 |
| Fund balances at end of year | \$ | - | \$ | 355,984 | \$ | 128,399 | \$ | 484,383 |

| | _ | Budgete | ed A | mounts | | | | Variance with Final Budget Positive |
|--------------------------------------|-----|-----------|------|-----------|-----|-----------|----|---|
| | _ | Original | | Final | | Actual | _ | (Negative) |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Use of money and property | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 476 | \$ | 476 |
| Charges for services | | 3,081,793 | | 3,081,793 | | 3,128,420 | | 46,627 |
| Miscellaneous | | - | | - | | 427 | | 427 |
| Total revenues | - | 3,081,793 | | 3,081,793 | _ | 3,129,323 | | 47,530 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| Education | | 3,101,793 | | 3,108,690 | | 2,989,072 | | 119,618 |
| Total expenditures | - | 3,101,793 | | 3,108,690 | _ | 2,989,072 | | 119,618 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | \$_ | (20,000) | \$ | (26,897) | | 140,251 | \$ | (72,088) |
| Fund balance at beginning of year | | | | | | 215,733 | _ | |
| Fund balance at end of year | | | | | \$_ | 355,984 | = | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| | _ | Budgete | ed Ar | nounts | | | | Variance with Final Budget Positive |
|--------------------------------------|-----|----------|-------|----------|----|---------|----|---|
| | _ | Original | | Final | _ | Actual | | (Negative) |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Use of money and property | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 331 | \$ | 331 |
| Miscellaneous | | 38,000 | | 38,000 | | 38,064 | | 64 |
| Total revenues | - | 38,000 | | 38,000 | _ | 38,395 | | 395 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| Planning and community development | _ | 50,000 | | 50,000 | _ | 10,067 | | 39,933 |
| Total expenditures | - | 50,000 | | 50,000 | _ | 10,067 | | 39,933 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | \$_ | (12,000) | * _ | (12,000) | | 28,328 | \$ | (39,538) |
| Fund balance at beginning of year | | | | | | 100,071 | - | |
| Fund balance at end of year | | | | | \$ | 128,399 | = | |

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other governmental units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Central Garage Fund - This fund accounts for the operations of the City's central garage. Financing is provided by charges to other departments and agencies for services rendered and transfers from other funds for overhead costs.

Central Stores Fund - This fund accounts for the operations of the City's central stores. Financing is provided by charges to other departments and agencies for the sale of materials and supplies and transfers from other funds for overhead costs.

Health Insurance Fund - This fund accounts for the health insurance premium collections and claims payments related to the operation of the City's self-insured health insurance program. Financing is provided by premiums paid by departments, employees and organizations which participate in the insurance plan.

Total net position

| | | Central Garage Fund | | Central Stores Fund | Health Insurance Fund | | Total |
|--|----|---------------------------|----|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-----|------------|
| Assets | | | | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 249,008 | \$ | - \$ | 2,953,149 | \$ | 3,202,157 |
| Receivables | | 3,492 | | - | - | | 3,492 |
| Due from component units | | 8,545 | | - | - | | 8,545 |
| Inventory | | 96,579 | | 1,101,896 | - | | 1,198,475 |
| Prepaid expenses | | 15,479 | | - | - | | 15,479 |
| Total current assets | _ | 373,103 | | 1,101,896 | 2,953,149 | | 4,428,148 |
| Noncurrent assets: | | | | | | | |
| Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) | | 6,215,151 | | 552,258 | - | | 6,767,409 |
| Total noncurrent assets | _ | 6,215,151 | | 552,258 | - | | 6,767,409 |
| Total assets | _ | 6,588,254 | | 1,654,154 | 2,953,149 | | 11,195,557 |
| Deferred outflows of resources | | | | | | | |
| Deferred pension outflows | | 78,967 | | 9,841 | - | | 88,808 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | _ | 78,967 | | 9,841 | - | | 88,808 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | | 169,825 | | 1,960 | 1,376,060 | | 1,547,845 |
| Accrued payroll | | 23,830 | | 3,002 | - | | 26,832 |
| Due to other funds | | - | | 67,691 | - | | 67,691 |
| Due to component units | | 5,311 | | 398 | - | | 5,709 |
| Unearned revenue | | - | | - | 707,949 | | 707,949 |
| Compensated absences | | 48,638 | | 7,076 | - | | 55,714 |
| Total current liabilities | _ | 247,604 | | 80,127 | 2,084,009 | | 2,411,740 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | | | | | | |
| Compensated absences | | 41,112 | | 6,240 | - | | 47,352 |
| Postretirement healthcare benefits | | 105,472 | | 12,647 | - | | 118,119 |
| Net pension liability | | 523,071 | | 65,188 | - | | 588,259 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | _ | 669,655 | | 84,075 | - | - | 753,730 |
| Total liabilities | _ | 917,259 | | 164,202 | 2,084,009 | | 3,165,470 |
| Deferred inflows of resources | | | | | | | |
| Deferred pension inflows | | 59,835 | | 7,457 | - | | 67,292 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | _ | 59,835 | | 7,457 | - | | 67,292 |
| Net position | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | | 6,215,151 | | 552,258 | - | | 6,767,409 |
| Unrestricted | _ | (525,024) | | 940,078 | 869,140 | • - | 1,284,194 |
| | • | | • | | | • | |

\$ 5,690,127 \$ 1,492,336 \$

869,140 \$

8,051,603

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

| | | Central Garage Fund | Central Stores Fund | Health Insurance Fund | Total |
|--|----|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| Operating revenues: | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ | 3,380,212 \$ | <u>917,185</u> \$ | 17,165,073 \$ | 21,462,470 |
| Total operating revenues | _ | 3,380,212 | 917,185 | 17,165,073 | 21,462,470 |
| Operating expenses: | | | | | |
| Personal services | | 689,948 | 77,294 | - | 767,242 |
| Fringe benefits | | 247,584 | 20,033 | - | 267,617 |
| Purchased services | | 172,933 | 14,276 | 402,924 | 590,133 |
| Internal services | | 5,238 | 1,473 | - | 6,711 |
| Other charges | | 198,750 | 7,791 | 1,375,565 | 1,582,106 |
| Materials and supplies | | 58,291 | 9,324 | - | 67,615 |
| Depreciation | | 183,507 | 20,646 | - | 204,153 |
| Cost of inventory issued | | 2,202,747 | 830,766 | - | 3,033,513 |
| Claims related charges | _ | - | - | 15,160,547 | 15,160,547 |
| Total operating expenses | _ | 3,758,998 | 981,603 | 16,939,036 | 21,679,637 |
| Operating income (loss) | _ | (378,786) | (64,418) | 226,037 | (217,167) |
| Nonoperating revenues: | | | | | |
| Miscellaneous revenue | | 16,602 | - | - | 16,602 |
| Investment revenue | _ | 573 | - | 4,628 | 5,201 |
| Total nonoperating revenues | _ | 17,175 | | 4,628 | 21,803 |
| Income (loss) before contributions and transfers | | (361,611) | (64,418) | 230,665 | (195,364) |
| Capital contributions | | 38,935 | - | - | 38,935 |
| Transfers in | _ | 40,000 | 162,894 | - | 202,894 |
| Change in net position | | (282,676) | 98,476 | 230,665 | 46,465 |
| Net position at beginning of year | _ | 5,972,803 | 1,393,860 | 638,475 | 8,005,138 |
| Net position at end of year | \$ | 5,690,127 \$ | 5 1,492,336 \$ | 869,140 \$ | 8,051,603 |

| | | Central Garage Fund | Central Stores Fund | Health Insurance Fund | Total |
|---|-----|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | | | | |
| Receipts from customers | \$ | 3,368,813 | \$ 917,185 \$ | ; - \$ | 4,285,998 |
| Receipts from premiums | | - | - | 17,175,360 | 17,175,360 |
| Receipts other sources | | 15,520 | - | - | 15,520 |
| Payments to employees | | (683,033) | (74,294) | - | (757,327) |
| Payments for fringe benefits | | (254,711) | (25,373) | - | (280,084) |
| Payments to vendors | | (2,572,195) | (700,520) | (1,778,325) | (5,051,040) |
| Payments for internal services | | (5,238) | (1,473) | - | (6,711) |
| Payments for claims related charges | | - | - | (14,650,622) | (14,650,622) |
| Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities | | (130,844) | 115,525 | 746,413 | 731,094 |
| Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 40,000 | 162,894 | - | 202,894 |
| Interfund Ioan | _ | - | (278,419) | | (278,419) |
| Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities | _ | 40,000 | (115,525) | | (75,525) |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | | | |
| Interest received | _ | 573 | - | 4,628 | 5,201 |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | _ | 573 | | 4,628 | 5,201 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | | (90,271) | - | 751,041 | 660,770 |
| Cash and cash equivalents: | | | | | |
| Beginning | _ | 339,279 | - | 2,202,108 | 2,541,387 |
| Ending | \$_ | 249,008 | \$ \$ | <u>2,953,149</u> \$ | 3,202,157 |

| | _ | Central Garage Fund | Central Stores Fund | Health Insurance Fund | Total |
|---|----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash pro | vided by | / (used for) ope | erating activities | : | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | (378,786) \$ | (64,418) \$ | 226,037 \$ | (217,167) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to | | | | | |
| net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: | | | | | |
| Depreciation | | 183,507 | 20,646 | - | 204,153 |
| Pension expense net of employer contributions | | 69,023 | (12,828) | - | 56,195 |
| Miscellaneous revenue | | 15,520 | - | - | 15,520 |
| Change in assets and liabilities: | | | | | |
| (Increase) decrease in: | | | | | |
| Accounts receivable | | (1,422) | - | - | (1,422) |
| Due from component units | | (225) | - | - | (225) |
| Inventory | | 5,468 | 175,929 | - | 181,397 |
| Prepaid expenses | | (1,855) | - | - | (1,855) |
| Increase (decrease) in: | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | | (42,659) | (7,510) | 510,089 | 459,920 |
| Accrued payroll | | 6,234 | 652 | - | 6,886 |
| Due to component units | | 1,757 | (63) | - | 1,694 |
| Unearned revenue | | - | 2,564 | 10,287 | 12,851 |
| Compensated absences | | 2,625 | 553 | - | 3,178 |
| Postretirement healthcare benefits | | 9,969 | <u> </u> | - | 9,969 |
| Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities | \$ | (130,844) \$ | 115,525 \$ | 746,413 \$ | 731,094 |
| Non - cash capital and related financing activities: | | | | | |
| Additions to capital assets: | | | | | |
| Contributed by other funds | \$ | 38,935 \$ | - \$ | - \$ | 38,935 |

Agency Funds

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by a government as an agent for individuals, private organizations or other governments.

Industrial Development Authority Fund - This fund accounts for assets held by the City for the Harrisonburg Industrial Development Authority.

Emergency Communications Center Fund - This fund accounts for assets held by the City for the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Emergency Communications Center (HRECC). The City acts as the fiscal agent for the HRECC.

| | Industrial Development Authority Fund | Emergency Communication Center Fund | is _ | Total |
|------------------------------|---|---|------|-----------|
| Assets | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents \$ | 111,305 | \$ 2,080,368 | \$ | 2,191,673 |
| Receivables | - | 182,083 | | 182,083 |
| Total assets \$ | 111,305 | \$2,262,451 | \$ | 2,373,756 |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Accounts payable \$ | - | \$ 88,106 | \$ | 88,106 |
| Accrued payroll | - | 75,056 | | 75,056 |
| Amounts held for others | 111,305 | 2,099,289 | | 2,210,594 |
| Total liabilities \$ | 111,305 | \$ 2,262,451 | \$ | 2,373,756 |

| | _ | Balance Beginning of Year | Additions | Deletions | Balance End of Year |
|---------------------------------------|-----|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------------|
| Industrial Development Authority Fund | | | | | |
| Assets: | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$_ | 92,517 \$ | 144,038 \$ | 125,250 \$ | 111,305 |
| Total assets | \$_ | 92,517 \$ | 144,038 \$ | 125,250 \$ | 111,305 |
| Liabilities: | | | | | |
| Amounts held for others | \$_ | 92,517 \$ | 144,038 \$ | 125,250 \$ | 111,305 |
| Total liabilities | \$_ | 92,517 \$ | 144,038 \$ | 125,250 \$ | 111,305 |
| Emergency Communications Center Fund | | | | | |
| Assets: | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 2,620,982 \$ | 5,972,283 \$ | 6,512,897 \$ | 2,080,368 |
| Receivables | - | 135,334 | 182,083 | 135,334 | 182,083 |
| Total assets | \$_ | 2,756,316 \$ | 6,154,366 \$ | 6,648,231 \$ | 2,262,451 |
| Liabilities: | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 41,602 \$ | 88,106 \$ | 41,602 \$ | 88,106 |
| Accrued payroll | | 49,862 | 75,056 | 49,862 | 75,056 |
| Amounts held for others | _ | 2,664,852 | 6,019,032 | 6,584,595 | 2,099,289 |
| Total liabilities | \$_ | 2,756,316 \$ | 6,182,194 \$ | 6,676,059 \$ | 2,262,451 |
| Total - All Agency Funds | | | | | |
| Assets: | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 2,713,499 \$ | 6,116,321 \$ | 6,638,147 \$ | 2,191,673 |
| Receivables | _ | 135,334 | 182,083 | 135,334 | 182,083 |
| Total assets | \$_ | 2,848,833 \$ | 6,298,404 \$ | 6,773,481 \$ | 2,373,756 |
| Liabilities: | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 41,602 \$ | 88,106 \$ | 41,602 \$ | 88,106 |
| Accrued payroll | | 49,862 | 75,056 | 49,862 | 75,056 |
| Amounts held for others | _ | 2,757,369 | 6,163,070 | 6,709,845 | 2,210,594 |
| Total liabilities | \$_ | 2,848,833 \$ | 6,326,232 \$ | 6,801,309 \$ | 2,373,756 |

Discretely Presented Component Unit – School Board

General Fund

School Fund - This fund accounts for the operations of the School Board's elementary, middle and high schools not accounted for and reported in other funds.

Special Revenue Fund

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

School Nutrition Fund - This fund accounts for the operations of the School Board's centralized cafeterias.

Capital Projects Fund

Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

School Capital Projects Fund - This fund accounts for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities of the schools not financed through the issuance of debt.

| | | School Fund | School Nutrition Fund | School Capital Projects Fund | | Totals |
|---------------------------------------|-----|----------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----|------------|
| Assets | - | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 6,277,262 | \$ 1,760,945 | \$ - | \$ | 8,038,207 |
| Receivables | | 2,182,239 | 162,864 | - | | 2,345,103 |
| Inventory | | - | 100,617 | - | | 100,617 |
| Prepaid expenditures | - | 709,206 | 13,965 | - | | 723,171 |
| Total assets | \$_ | 9,168,707 | \$ 2,038,391 | \$ - | \$ | 11,207,098 |
| Liabilities and Fund Balances | | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 20,713 | \$ 51,811 | \$ - | \$ | 72,524 |
| Accrued payroll | | 6,668,079 | 184,235 | - | | 6,852,314 |
| Due to primary government | | 50,494 | - | - | | 50,494 |
| Due to component units | | 88,431 | - | - | | 88,431 |
| Other liabilities | - | 635,369 | - | - | | 635,369 |
| Total liabilities | - | 7,463,086 | 236,046 | - | | 7,699,132 |
| Fund Balances: | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable: | | | | | | |
| Inventory | | - | 100,617 | - | | 100,617 |
| Prepaid expenditures | | 709,206 | 13,965 | - | | 723,171 |
| Committed to: | | | | | | |
| Food services | | - | 1,662,097 | - | | 1,662,097 |
| Assigned to: | | | | | | |
| Instruction | | 99,347 | - | - | | 99,347 |
| Administration, attendance and health | | 500 | - | - | | 500 |
| Pupil transportation | | 11,955 | - | - | | 11,955 |
| Operations and maintenance | | 100,746 | - | - | | 100,746 |
| Food services | | - | 25,666 | - | | 25,666 |
| Technology | | 79,156 | - | - | | 79,156 |
| Unassigned | - | 704,711 | - | - | | 704,711 |
| Total fund balances | - | 1,705,621 | 1,802,345 | - | · - | 3,507,966 |
| Total liabilities and fund balances | \$ | 9,168,707 | \$ 2,038,391 | \$ - | \$ | 11,207,098 |

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION At June 30, 2016

| Total fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit D-1) | \$ | 3,507,966 |
|--|--------------------------|--------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (are different because: | Exhibit 1) | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and reported in the funds. | d, therefore, are not | 40,199,240 |
| Net pension assets are not current financial resources and, therefore, are no | t reported in the funds. | 279,169 |
| Long-term liabilities, and related accounts, are not payable from current finar therefore, are not reported in the funds. | icial resources and, | (60,916,758) |
| Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to p applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | ensions are | |
| Deferred pension outflows\$ 5,043,354Deferred pension inflows(4,566,957) | | |
| Net adjustment \$ 476,397 | | 476,397 |
| Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 1) | \$ | (16,453,986) |

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

| | _ | School Fund | School Nutrition Fund | _ | School Capital Projects Fund | Totals |
|---------------------------------------|----|----------------|---------------------------------|-----|---------------------------------------|------------|
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Use of money and property | \$ | 44,400 | \$ 4,107 | \$ | - \$ | - , |
| Charges for services | | 1,571,318 | 566,154 | | - | 2,137,472 |
| Miscellaneous | | 355,260 | 37,918 | | - | 393,178 |
| Payment from primary government | | 29,390,214 | - | | - | 29,390,214 |
| Intergovernmental | _ | 35,577,130 | 3,210,025 | _ | - | 38,787,155 |
| Total revenues | - | 66,938,322 | 3,818,204 | - | - | 70,756,526 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| Instruction | | 51,743,008 | - | | - | 51,743,008 |
| Administration, attendance and health | | 3,790,665 | - | | - | 3,790,665 |
| Pupil transportation | | 3,277,226 | - | | - | 3,277,226 |
| Operations and maintenance | | 4,823,657 | - | | - | 4,823,657 |
| Food services | | - | 3,586,260 | | - | 3,586,260 |
| Technology | | 3,135,879 | 19,569 | | - | 3,155,448 |
| Capital projects | | - | - | | 187,015 | 187,015 |
| Total expenditures | - | 66,770,435 | 3,605,829 | - | 187,015 | 70,563,279 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | - | 167,887 | 212,375 | - | (187,015) | 193,247 |
| Fund balances at beginning of year | - | 1,537,734 | 1,589,970 | - | 187,015 | 3,314,719 |
| Fund balances at end of year | \$ | 1,705,621 | \$ 1,802,345 | \$_ | \$ | 3,507,966 |

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Exhibit D-4

| Total net change in fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit D-3) | \$ | 193,247 |
|---|------|-------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because: | | |
| Certain revenues reported in the statement of activities are not current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in governmental funds. | | 860,000 |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlay expenditures. | | |
| Capital outlay expenditures\$ 337,580Depreciation expense(1,637,467) | | |
| Net adjustment \$ (1,299,887) | | (1,299,887) |
| Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount is the net change in these expenses. | | (260,370) |
| Governmental funds report employer pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of pension benefits earned, net of employee contributions, are reported as pension expense. This is the amount by which employer pension contributions exceeded pension expense. | | |
| Employer pension expenditures\$ 4,967,112Pension expense(3,984,314) | | |
| Net adjustment \$ 982,798 | | 982,798 |
| The transfer of capital assets between the primary government and the School Board affects only the statement of activities. These transfers do not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds. | _ | 3,074,747 |
| Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 2) | \$ = | 3,550,535 |

| | | Budgete | d A | mounts | | | | Variance with Final Budget Positive |
|---------------------------------------|----|----------------|---------------|------------|----|------------|----|---|
| | - | Original | <u>, a , </u> | Final | - | Actual | | (Negative) |
| Revenues: | - | • . | | | | | | (|
| Use of money and property | \$ | 30,000 | \$ | 30,000 | \$ | 44,400 | \$ | 14,400 |
| Charges for services | | 1,523,633 | | 1,523,633 | | 1,571,318 | | 47,685 |
| Miscellaneous | | 331,042 | | 331,042 | | 355,260 | | 24,218 |
| Payment from primary government | | 29,895,539 | | 29,895,539 | | 29,390,214 | | (505,325) |
| Intergovernmental | | 34,735,793 | | 35,068,432 | | 35,577,130 | | 508,698 |
| Total revenues | - | 66,516,007 | | 66,848,646 | | 66,938,322 | | 89,676 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| Instruction | | 51,284,963 | | 51,782,460 | | 51,743,008 | | 39,452 |
| Administration, attendance and health | | 3,837,286 | | 3,846,983 | | 3,790,665 | | 56,318 |
| Pupil transportation | | 3,365,998 | | 3,416,486 | | 3,277,226 | | 139,260 |
| Operations and maintenance | | 5,059,494 | | 4,937,609 | | 4,823,657 | | 113,952 |
| Technology | _ | 2,968,266 | | 3,254,146 | | 3,135,879 | | 118,267 |
| Total expenditures | - | 66,516,007 | | 67,237,684 | | 66,770,435 | | 467,249 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | | | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | \$ | - | \$ | (389,038) | = | 167,887 | \$ | (377,573) |
| Fund balance at beginning of year | | | | | - | 1,537,734 | - | |
| Fund balance at end of year | | | | | \$ | 1,705,621 | = | |

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHOOL NUTRITION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

| | | Dudgete | A 1. | meunto | | | Variance with Final Budget |
|--------------------------------------|-----|-----------|------|-----------|-----|-----------|-------------------------------|
| | - | Budgete | a A | | • | | Positive |
| | _ | Original | | Final | | Actual | (Negative) |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Use of money and property | \$ | 1,500 | \$ | 1,500 | \$ | 4,107 | \$ 2,607 |
| Charges for services | | 598,734 | | 598,734 | | 566,154 | (32,580) |
| Miscellaneous | | 15,000 | | 15,000 | | 37,918 | 22,918 |
| Intergovernmental | | 2,855,300 | | 2,855,300 | | 3,210,025 | 354,725 |
| Total revenues | _ | 3,470,534 | | 3,470,534 | | 3,818,204 | 347,670 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | |
| Food services | | 3,449,034 | | 3,449,034 | | 3,586,260 | (137,226) |
| Technology | | 21,500 | | 21,500 | | 19,569 | 1,931 |
| Total expenditures | _ | 3,470,534 | | 3,470,534 | | 3,605,829 | (135,295) |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures | \$_ | - | \$_ | - | : | 212,375 | \$ 212,375 |
| Fund balance at beginning of year | | | | | _ | 1,589,970 | |
| Fund balance at end of year | | | | | \$_ | 1,802,345 | |

Other Supplementary Schedules

Schedule of Revenues – Budget to Actual - This schedule provides additional detailed final budget and actual revenue information for the City's governmental funds and discretely presented component unit – School Board.

Schedule of Expenditures – Budget to Actual - This schedule provides additional detailed final budget and actual expenditure information for the City's governmental funds and discretely presented component unit – School Board.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Schedule 1 Page 1

| Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources | | Final Budget | | Actual | | Variance Positive (Negative) |
|---|----|-----------------|----|------------|----|------------------------------------|
| Primary Government: | | Buuget | | Actual | | (Negative) |
| General Fund: | | | | | | |
| General property taxes: | | | | | | |
| Real property taxes | \$ | 28,374,100 | \$ | 28,256,207 | \$ | (117,893) |
| Real and personal public service | Ŷ | 20,07 1,100 | Ψ | 20,200,201 | Ψ | (111,000) |
| corporation property taxes | | 376,200 | | 393,020 | | 16,820 |
| Personal property taxes | | 8,160,200 | | 8,407,623 | | 247,423 |
| Mobile home taxes | | 6,400 | | 8,475 | | 2,075 |
| Machinery and tools taxes | | 2,025,000 | | 2,130,697 | | 105,697 |
| Penalties and interest | | 200,000 | | 248,362 | | 48,362 |
| Total general property taxes | _ | 39,141,900 | | 39,444,384 | | 302,484 |
| Other local taxes: | | | | | | |
| Local sales and use taxes | | 13,003,400 | | 12,994,784 | | (8,616) |
| Consumer utility taxes | | 1,110,100 | | 1,108,436 | | (1,664) |
| Business license taxes | | 6,600,000 | | 6,653,830 | | 53,830 |
| Motor vehicle license taxes | | 1,192,800 | | 1,178,948 | | (13,852) |
| Bank stock taxes | | 600,000 | | 757,086 | | 157,086 |
| Taxes on recordation and wills | | 475,000 | | 408,096 | | (66,904) |
| Tobacco taxes | | 679,200 | | 680,937 | | 1,737 |
| Admission and amusement taxes | | 170,300 | | 181,678 | | 11,378 |
| Hotel and motel room taxes | | 2,318,900 | | 2,577,891 | | 258,991 |
| Restaurant food taxes | | 11,283,800 | | 11,937,309 | | 653,509 |
| Short-term rental taxes | | 120,400 | | 119,579 | | (821) |
| Public right-of-way use fee | | 108,600 | | 123,602 | | 15,002 |
| Total other local taxes | _ | 37,662,500 | | 38,722,176 | _ | 1,059,676 |
| Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses: | | | | | | |
| Animal licenses | | 4,500 | | 4,973 | | 473 |
| Permits and other licenses | | 450,770 | | 438,516 | | (12,254) |
| Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses | _ | 455,270 | | 443,489 | _ | (11,781) |
| Fines and forfeitures: | | | | | | |
| Court fines | | 525,000 | | 515,404 | | (9,596) |
| Parking fines | | 40,000 | | 37,025 | | (2,975) |
| Alarm ordinance | | - | | 1,510 | | 1,510 |
| E-summons fee | | - | | 36,662 | | 36,662 |
| Drug forfeiture | | - | | 32,789 | | 32,789 |
| Total fines and forfeitures | _ | 565,000 | | 623,390 | | 58,390 |
| Use of money and property: | | | | | | |
| Use of money | | 55,000 | | 123,278 | | 68,278 |
| Use of property | | 120,000 | | 99,565 | _ | (20,435) |
| Total use of money and property | _ | 175,000 | | 222,843 | _ | 47,843 |

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

| Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources | | Final Budget | | Actual | | Variance Positive (Negative) |
|---|----|-----------------|----|-----------|----|------------------------------------|
| Primary Government: (continued) | | Daagot | | , lottudi | _ | (noguno) |
| General Fund: (continued) | | | | | | |
| Charges for services: | | | | | | |
| Charges for law enforcement and traffic control | \$ | 40,000 | \$ | 66,546 | \$ | 26,546 |
| Charges for parking | · | 105,600 | • | 111,607 | • | 6,007 |
| Charges for rescue services | | 115,000 | | 119,245 | | 4,245 |
| Charges for parks and recreation | | 458,000 | | 430,856 | | (27,144) |
| Charges for golf course | | 694,300 | | 700,000 | | 5,700 |
| Total charges for services | _ | 1,412,900 | _ | 1,428,254 | _ | 15,354 |
| Miscellaneous: | | | | | | |
| Payments in lieu of taxes: | | | | | | |
| Electric plant and equipment | | 473,409 | | 473,409 | | - |
| Service charge on tax exempt property | | 69,000 | | 70,276 | | 1,276 |
| Debt service reimbursement from HRHA | | 669,357 | | 669,357 | | - |
| Donations - JMU & EMU | | 130,000 | | 145,000 | | 15,000 |
| Donations | | 69,000 | | 68,656 | | (344) |
| Other miscellaneous | | 502,315 | | 406,523 | | (95,792) |
| Total miscellaneous | _ | 1,913,081 | _ | 1,833,221 | _ | (79,860) |
| Payments from component units: | | | | | | |
| Payment from Harrisonburg Electric Commission | | 5,000,000 | | 5,000,000 | _ | - |
| Total payments from component units | _ | 5,000,000 | _ | 5,000,000 | _ | - |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | | | |
| Revenue from the Commonwealth: | | | | | | |
| Non-categorical aid: | | | | | | |
| Railroad rolling stock taxes | | 18,000 | | 16,411 | | (1,589) |
| Mobile home titling taxes | | 5,000 | | 6,558 | | 1,558 |
| Tax on deeds (grantor tax) | | 140,000 | | 112,423 | | (27,577) |
| Personal property tax reimbursement | | 1,522,583 | | 1,522,583 | | - |
| Communication sales and use taxes | | 1,648,700 | | 1,565,684 | | (83,016) |
| Auto rental taxes | | 227,400 | | 276,943 | | 49,543 |
| Animal friendly license plate | | 500 | | 426 | _ | (74) |
| Total non-categorical aid | _ | 3,562,183 | | 3,501,028 | - | (61,155) |
| Categorical aid: | | | | | | |
| Shared expenses: | | | | | | |
| Commissioner of the revenue | | 133,000 | | 133,371 | | 371 |
| Treasurer | | 126,000 | | 125,889 | | (111) |
| Registrar | _ | 46,000 | | 46,399 | _ | 399 |
| Total shared expenses | _ | 305,000 | | 305,659 | _ | 659 |

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

| | | Final | | | | Variance Positive |
|--|----|------------|----|------------|----|----------------------|
| Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources | | Budget | | Actual | _ | (Negative) |
| Primary Government: (continued) | | | | | | |
| General Fund: (continued) | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental: (continued) | | | | | | |
| Revenue from the Commonwealth: (continued) | | | | | | |
| Other categorical aid: | • | 455.000 | • | 455 000 | • | |
| Fire programs fund | \$ | 155,000 | \$ | 155,028 | \$ | 28 |
| Other fire department | | 38,000 | | 46,290 | | 8,290 |
| Internet crimes against children grant | | - | | 12,085 | | 12,085 |
| Litter control grant | | 9,800 | | 9,914 | | 114 |
| State aid to localities, police | | 1,308,768 | | 1,308,768 | | - |
| Street and highway maintenance | | 4,300,000 | | 4,474,052 | | 174,052 |
| VDOT revenue sharing | | 1,452,724 | | 950,000 | | (502,724) |
| Other categorical aid | | 75,050 | | 125,741 | | 50,691 |
| Total other categorical aid | _ | 7,339,342 | | 7,081,878 | _ | (257,464) |
| Total categorical aid | | 7,644,342 | | 7,387,537 | _ | (256,805) |
| Total revenue from the Commonwealth | | 11,206,525 | | 10,888,565 | | (317,960) |
| Revenue from the Federal Government: Categorical aid: | | | | | | |
| Fire grants | | 79,563 | | 133,237 | | 53,674 |
| Police grants | | 152,199 | | 165,343 | _ | 13,144 |
| Total revenue from the Federal Government | | 231,762 | | 298,580 | | 66,818 |
| Total intergovernmental | | 11,438,287 | | 11,187,145 | _ | (251,142) |
| Total General Fund | \$ | 97,763,938 | \$ | 98,904,902 | \$ | 1,140,964 |
| Special Revenue Funds: | | | | | | |
| Community Development Block Grant Fund: | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | | | |
| Revenue from the Federal Government: | | | | | | |
| Non-categorical aid: | | | | | | |
| Community Development Block Grant | \$ | 902,206 | \$ | 385,777 | \$ | (516,429) |
| Total revenue from the Federal Government | | 902,206 | | 385,777 | _ | (516,429) |
| Total intergovernmental | | 902,206 | | 385,777 | _ | (516,429) |
| Total Community Development Block Grant Fund | \$ | 902,206 | \$ | 385,777 | \$ | (516,429) |

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

| | Final | | | Variance Positive |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----|----------------------|
| Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources | Budget | Actual | | (Negative) |
| Primary Government: (continued) | | | | |
| Special Revenue Funds: (continued) | | | | |
| School Transportation Fund: | | | | |
| Use of money and property | \$ - | \$ 476 | \$ | 476 |
| Charges for services | 3,081,793 | 3,128,420 | | 46,627 |
| Miscellaneous | - | 427 | | 427 |
| Total School Transportation Fund | \$ 3,081,793 | \$ 3,129,323 | \$_ | 47,530 |
| Business Loan Program Fund: | | | | |
| Use of money and property | \$ - | \$ 331 | \$ | 331 |
| Miscellaneous | 38,000 | 38,064 | | 64 |
| Total Business Loan Program Fund | \$ 38,000 | \$ 38,395 | \$_ | 395 |
| Total Special Revenue Funds | \$ 4,021,999 | \$ 3,553,495 | \$ | (468,504) |
| Capital Projects Fund: | | | | |
| General Capital Projects Fund: | | | | |
| Use of money and property | \$ - | \$ 14,022 | \$ | 14,022 |
| Recovered costs | 364,500 | 59,225 | | (305,275) |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | |
| Revenue from the Commonwealth: | | | | |
| Categorical aid: | | | | |
| VDOT revenue sharing | 8,794,216 | 1,784,613 | | (7,009,603) |
| Total revenue from the Commonwealth | 8,794,216 | 1,784,613 | _ | (7,009,603) |
| Revenue from the Federal Government: | | | | |
| Categorical aid: | | | | |
| Safe route to schools grant | 245,063 | 188,223 | | (56,840) |
| Transportation alternatives program grant | 469,332 | 17,285 | | (452,047) |
| LWC fund grant | 18,245 | | _ | (18,245) |
| Total revenue from the Federal Government | 732,640 | 205,508 | | (527,132) |
| Total intergovernmental | 9,526,856 | 1,990,121 | _ | (7,536,735) |
| Total General Capital Projects Fund | \$ 9,891,356 | \$ 2,063,368 | \$_ | (7,827,988) |

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

| Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources | | Final Budget | | Actual | | Variance Positive (Negative) |
|--|-----|-----------------|----|-------------|-----|------------------------------------|
| Primary Government: (continued) | | Budget | _ | Actual | - | (Negative) |
| Capital Projects Fund: (continued) | | | | | | |
| School Bond Capital Projects Fund: | | | | | | |
| Use of money and property | \$ | - | \$ | 24,656 | \$ | 24,656 |
| | Ψ_ | | Ψ_ | 21,000 | Ψ- | 21,000 |
| Total School Bond Capital Projects Fund | \$_ | - | \$ | 24,656 | \$_ | 24,656 |
| Total Capital Projects Fund | \$_ | 9,891,356 | \$ | 2,088,024 | \$_ | (7,803,332) |
| Grand Total Revenues (Primary Government) | \$ | 111,677,293 | \$ | 104,546,421 | \$_ | (7,130,872) |
| Component Unit - School Board: | | | | | | |
| School Fund: | | | | | | |
| Use of money and property | \$ | 30,000 | \$ | 44,400 | \$ | 14,400 |
| Charges for services | | 1,523,633 | | 1,571,318 | | 47,685 |
| Miscellaneous | | 331,042 | | 355,260 | | 24,218 |
| Payment from primary government | | 29,895,539 | | 29,390,214 | | (505,325) |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | | | |
| Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: | | | | | | |
| Share of state sales tax | | 5,411,731 | | 5,459,944 | | 48,213 |
| Basic school aid | | 14,441,107 | | 14,837,549 | | 396,442 |
| State standard of quality funds | | 3,187,299 | | 3,190,145 | | 2,846 |
| Fringe benefits | | 2,575,172 | | 2,633,618 | | 58,446 |
| At risk | | 1,844,721 | | 1,861,596 | | 16,875 |
| Primary class size | | 1,241,310 | | 1,200,208 | | (41,102) |
| Technology initiative | | 449,200 | | 302,471 | | (146,729) |
| English as second language | | 1,151,896 | | 1,217,357 | | 65,461 |
| Regional tuition programs (special education) | | 1,301,681 | | 1,121,754 | | (179,927) |
| Other state funds | | 400,972 | | 609,822 | _ | 208,850 |
| Total categorical aid | _ | 32,005,089 | | 32,434,464 | _ | 429,375 |
| Total revenue from the Commonwealth | _ | 32,005,089 | _ | 32,434,464 | _ | 429,375 |
| Revenue from the Federal Government: | | | | | | |
| Categorical aid: | | | | | | |
| Title I | | 1,299,705 | | 1,334,606 | | 34,901 |
| Special education | | 1,095,713 | | 1,102,486 | | 6,773 |
| Title III | | 275,921 | | 268,260 | | (7,661) |
| ESEA - Title II Part A | | 174,935 | | 176,726 | | 1,791 |
| Other federal funds | _ | 217,069 | | 260,588 | | 43,519 |
| Total revenue from the Federal Government | _ | 3,063,343 | _ | 3,142,666 | _ | 79,323 |
| Total intergovernmental | _ | 35,068,432 | _ | 35,577,130 | _ | 508,698 |
| Total School Fund | \$_ | 66,848,646 | \$ | 66,938,322 | \$_ | 89,676 |

(continued)

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Schedule 1 Page 6

| | For the Year | Ended June | 30, 2016 |
|--|--------------|------------|----------|
|--|--------------|------------|----------|

| Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources | | Final Budget | | Actual | | Variance Positive (Negative) |
|--|----|-----------------|----|------------|-----|------------------------------------|
| Component Unit - School Board: (continued) | | | | | | |
| School Nutrition Fund: | | | | | | |
| Use of money and property | \$ | 1,500 | \$ | 4,107 | \$ | 2,607 |
| Charges for services | | 598,734 | | 566,154 | | (32,580) |
| Miscellaneous | | 15,000 | | 37,918 | | 22,918 |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | | | |
| Revenue from the Commonwealth: | | | | | | |
| Categorical aid: | | | | | | |
| School food program | | 78,000 | | 91,749 | | 13,749 |
| Total categorical aid | _ | 78,000 | | 91,749 | _ | 13,749 |
| Total revenue from the Commonwealth | | 78,000 | | 91,749 | _ | 13,749 |
| Revenue from the Federal Government: | | | | | | |
| Categorical aid: | | | | | | |
| School food program | | 2,777,300 | | 2,896,997 | | 119,697 |
| USDA donated food | _ | - | | 221,279 | _ | 221,279 |
| Total revenue from the Federal Government | | 2,777,300 | _ | 3,118,276 | _ | 340,976 |
| Total intergovernmental | | 2,855,300 | _ | 3,210,025 | _ | 354,725 |
| Total School Nutrition Fund | \$ | 3,470,534 | \$ | 3,818,204 | \$_ | 347,670 |
| Grand Total Revenues (Component Unit - School Board) | \$ | 70,319,180 | \$ | 70,756,526 | \$_ | 437,346 |

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

(continued)

| Fund, Function, Activity and Elements | Final Budget | Actual | | Variance Positive (Negative) |
|--|-----------------|---------------|-----|------------------------------------|
| Primary Government: | <u> </u> | | | |
| General Fund: | | | | |
| General government administration: | | | | |
| Legislative: | | | | |
| City Council | \$ 197,709 | \$ 195,494 | \$_ | 2,215 |
| Total legislative | 197,709 | 195,494 | — | 2,215 |
| General and financial administration: | | | | |
| City manager | 515,108 | 510,403 | | 4,705 |
| City attorney | 201,785 | 198,080 | | 3,705 |
| Human resources | 410,146 | 366,116 | | 44,030 |
| Independent auditor | 22,870 | 22,870 | | - |
| Commissioner of the revenue | 437,329 | 432,947 | | 4,382 |
| Assessors | 305,522 | 293,324 | | 12,198 |
| Equalization | 3,025 | 2,790 | | 235 |
| Treasurer | 553,684 | 541,385 | | 12,299 |
| Finance | 461,727 | 446,905 | | 14,822 |
| Information technology | 1,713,167 | 1,522,355 | | 190,812 |
| Purchasing agent | 147,449 | 145,793 | | 1,656 |
| Total general and financial administration | 4,771,812 | 4,482,968 | _ | 288,844 |
| Board of elections: | | | | |
| Registrar | 308,299 | 296,204 | _ | 12,095 |
| Total board of elections | 308,299 | 296,204 | _ | 12,095 |
| Total general government administration | 5,277,820 | 4,974,666 | | 303,154 |
| Jail and judicial administration: | | | | |
| Joint expenditures with Rockingham County | 4,422,535 | 4,274,820 | | 147,715 |
| Middle River Regional Jail | 1,911,767 | 1,872,469 | _ | 39,298 |
| Total jail and judicial administration | 6,334,302 | 6,147,289 | | 187,013 |
| Public safety: | | | | |
| Law enforcement and traffic control: | | | | |
| Administration | 3,330,900 | 2,989,419 | | 341,481 |
| Operations | 3,966,011 | 3,958,259 | | 7,752 |
| Criminal investigations | 1,620,651 | 1,523,945 | | 96,706 |
| Special operations | 1,417,052 | 1,146,238 | | 270,814 |
| Grants | 206,221 | 193,092 | _ | 13,129 |
| Total law enforcement and traffic control | 10,540,835 | 9,810,953 | _ | 729,882 |
| Fire and rescue services: | | | | |
| Administration | 541,400 | 538,578 | | 2,822 |
| Suppression | 6,429,650 | 6,283,806 | | 145,844 |
| Prevention | 503,241 | 501,652 | | 1,589 |
| Training | 279,547 | 277,685 | _ | 1,862 |
| Total fire and rescue services | 7,753,838 | 7,601,721 | | 152,117 (continued) |

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

| Fund, Function, Activity and Elements Primary Government: (continued) | | Final Budget | _ | Actual | _ | Variance Positive (Negative) |
|--|----|-----------------|----|------------|-----|------------------------------------|
| General Fund: (continued) | | | | | | |
| Public safety: (continued) | | | | | | |
| Correction and detention: | | | | | | |
| City operated institutions | \$ | 85,000 | \$ | 81,980 | \$_ | 3,020 |
| Total correction and detention | | 85,000 | _ | 81,980 | - | 3,020 |
| Inspections: | | | | | | |
| Building | | 808,461 | | 663,116 | | 145,345 |
| Total inspections | | 808,461 | _ | 663,116 | - | 145,345 |
| Other protection: | | | | | | |
| Public safety building | | 323,049 | | 284,739 | | 38,310 |
| Child safety alliance | | 52,135 | | 51,253 | | 882 |
| Animal control | | 327,182 | | 320,408 | | 6,774 |
| Coroner | | 1,000 | | - | | 1,000 |
| Emergency services | | 171,637 | | 166,649 | | 4,988 |
| Harrisonburg-Rockingham ECC | | 2,428,577 | _ | 2,428,577 | _ | - |
| Total other protection | | 3,303,580 | | 3,251,626 | _ | 51,954 |
| Total public safety | | 22,491,714 | | 21,409,396 | _ | 1,082,318 |
| Public works: | | | | | | |
| Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks: | | | | | | |
| General engineering | | 769,116 | | 731,422 | | 37,694 |
| Highway and street maintenance | | 8,271,634 | | 6,448,042 | | 1,823,592 |
| Street lights | | 549,714 | | 547,395 | | 2,319 |
| Snow and ice removal | | 486,162 | | 481,225 | | 4,937 |
| Traffic engineering | | 1,226,102 | | 1,185,246 | | 40,856 |
| Highway and street beautification | | 300,029 | | 252,441 | _ | 47,588 |
| Total maintenance of highways, | | | | | | |
| streets, bridges and sidewalks | | 11,602,757 | _ | 9,645,771 | - | 1,956,986 |
| Sanitation and waste removal: | | | | | | |
| Street and road cleaning | | 426,715 | | 360,773 | | 65,942 |
| Insect and rodent control | | 6,403 | | 4,668 | _ | 1,735 |
| Total sanitation and waste removal | _ | 433,118 | | 365,441 | - | 67,677 |
| Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: | | | | | | |
| General properties | _ | 329,652 | | 232,661 | _ | 96,991 |
| Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds | | 329,652 | _ | 232,661 | _ | 96,991 |
| Total public works | _ | 12,365,527 | | 10,243,873 | _ | 2,121,654 |

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

| | Final | | Variance Positive |
|--|----------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Fund, Function, Activity and Elements | Budget | Actual | (Negative) |
| Primary Government: (continued) | | | |
| General Fund: (continued) Health and welfare: | | | |
| Health: | | | |
| | ¢ 420.466 ¢ | 11E 0C1 | ¢ 15.000 |
| Local health department | \$ <u>430,466</u> \$ | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | \$ 15,202 |
| Total health | 430,466 | 415,264 | 15,202 |
| Mental health and mental retardation: | | | |
| Community services board | 655,100 | 655,100 | - |
| Total mental health and mental retardation | 655,100 | 655,100 | - |
| | | | |
| Welfare/social services: | | | |
| Tax relief for the elderly and disabled veterans | 110,000 | 108,286 | 1,714 |
| Joint expenditures with Rockingham County | 3,379,132 | 3,379,132 | - |
| Total welfare/social services | 3,489,132 | 3,487,418 | 1,714 |
| Total health and welfare | 4,574,698 | 4,557,782 | 16,916 |
| Education: | | | |
| Payment to Harrisonburg City School Board | 29,895,539 | 29,390,214 | 505,325 |
| | <u>.</u> | i | |
| Total education | 29,895,539 | 29,390,214 | 505,325 |
| Parks, recreation and culture: | | | |
| Parks and recreation: | | | |
| Administration | 1,056,850 | 1,036,756 | 20,094 |
| Parks | 968,472 | 944,093 | 24,379 |
| Recreation centers and playgrounds | 578,507 | 569,343 | 9,164 |
| National guard armory | 102,361 | 81,605 | 20,756 |
| Simms continuing education center | 355,756 | 336,393 | 19,363 |
| Westover pool | 452,935 | 450,746 | 2,189 |
| Athletics | 467,288 | 444,122 | 23,166 |
| Blacks run greenway | 53,193 | 52,279 | 914 |
| Golf course grounds management | 679,516 | 679,154 | 362 |
| Golf course clubhouse management | 468,255 | 463,995 | 4,260 |
| Total parks and recreation | 5,183,133 | 5,058,486 | 124,647 |
| Total parks, recreation and culture | 5,183,133 | 5,058,486 | 124,647 |

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Schedule 2 Page 4

| Fund Function Activity and Flamoute | | Final | | Astus | | Variance Positive |
|---|-----|-------------|----|------------|-----|----------------------|
| Fund, Function, Activity and Elements Primary Government: (continued) | | Budget | | Actual | | (Negative) |
| General Fund: (continued) | | | | | | |
| Planning and community development: | | | | | | |
| Planning: | | | | | | |
| Planning | \$ | 200,305 | \$ | 162,910 | \$ | 37,395 |
| Zoning administrator | Ψ | 152,253 | Ψ | 141,251 | Ψ | 11,002 |
| Board of zoning appeals | | 5,686 | | 655 | | 5,031 |
| Economic development | | 1,040,075 | | 811,292 | | 228,783 |
| Downtown renaissance | | 212,270 | | 160,540 | | 51,730 |
| Tourism and visitors services | | 422,111 | | 421,014 | | 1,097 |
| | | | | | | |
| Downtown parking services | - | 216,444 | | 178,443 | - | 38,001 |
| Total planning | - | 2,249,144 | | 1,876,105 | | 373,039 |
| Community development: | | | | | | |
| Massanutten Regional Library | | 469,945 | | 469,945 | | - |
| Regional Juvenile Detention Home | | 344,636 | | 344,636 | | - |
| Shenandoah Valley Airport | | 67,923 | | 67,923 | | - |
| Harrisonburg First Tee | | 70,000 | | 70,000 | | - |
| Court Square Theater | | 54,000 | | 54,000 | | - |
| Boys and Girls Club | | 51,500 | | 51,500 | | - |
| Blue Ridge Community College | | 67,672 | | 67,672 | | - |
| Other contributions | | 374,576 | | 373,238 | | 1,338 |
| Total community development | - | 1,500,252 | _ | 1,498,914 | _ | 1,338 |
| Total planning and community development | - | 3,749,396 | _ | 3,375,019 | _ | 374,377 |
| Debt service: | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | | 8,101,624 | | 8,101,624 | | - |
| Interest and fiscal charges | - | 5,106,973 | | 5,105,619 | | 1,354 |
| Total debt service | - | 13,208,597 | _ | 13,207,243 | _ | 1,354 |
| Total General Fund | \$_ | 103,080,726 | \$ | 98,363,968 | \$_ | 4,716,758 |
| Special Revenue Funds: | | | | | | |
| Community Development Block Grant Fund: | | | | | | |
| Planning and community development: | | | | | | |
| Community development: | | | | | | |
| Community development block grant | \$ | 902,206 | \$ | 385,777 | \$ | 516,429 |
| Total community development | - | 902,206 | _ | 385,777 | _ | 516,429 |
| Total planning and community development | - | 902,206 | | 385,777 | _ | 516,429 |
| Total Community Development Block Grant Fund | \$ | 902,206 | \$ | 385,777 | \$ | 516,429 |

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

| Fund, Function, Activity and Elements | | Final Budget | | Actual | | Variance Positive (Negative) |
|---|----|-----------------|-----|-------------|-----|------------------------------------|
| Primary Government: (continued) | | | | | | |
| Special Revenue Funds: (continued) | | | | | | |
| School Transportation Fund: | | | | | | |
| Education: | | | | | | |
| School bus services | \$ | 2,548,455 | \$ | 2,508,564 | \$ | 39,891 |
| Field trips and charters | | 171,337 | | 155,737 | | 15,600 |
| Administration | | 388,898 | | 324,771 | | 64,127 |
| Total education | | 3,108,690 | | 2,989,072 | | 119,618 |
| Total School Transportation Fund | \$ | 3,108,690 | \$ | 2,989,072 | \$_ | 119,618 |
| Business Loan Program Fund: | | | | | | |
| Planning and community development: | | | | | | |
| Community development: | | | | | | |
| Revolving loan program | \$ | 50,000 | \$ | 10,067 | \$ | 39,933 |
| Total community development | | 50,000 | | 10,067 | | 39,933 |
| Total planning and community development | | 50,000 | | 10,067 | | 39,933 |
| Total Business Loan Program Fund | \$ | 50,000 | \$ | 10,067 | \$_ | 39,933 |
| Total Special Revenue Funds | \$ | 4,060,896 | \$ | 3,384,916 | \$_ | 675,980 |
| Capital Projects Fund: | | | | | | |
| General Capital Projects Fund: | | | | | | |
| Capital projects | \$ | 31,813,804 | \$ | 7,266,080 | \$_ | 24,547,724 |
| Total General Capital Projects Fund | \$ | 31,813,804 | \$ | 7,266,080 | \$_ | 24,547,724 |
| School Bond Capital Projects Fund: | | | | | | |
| Capital projects | \$ | 39,768,263 | \$ | 5,427,524 | \$ | 34,340,739 |
| F F J | * | | · — | -,, | Ť — | , , |
| Total School Bond Capital Projects Fund | \$ | 39,768,263 | \$ | 5,427,524 | \$_ | 34,340,739 |
| Total Capital Projects Fund | \$ | 71,582,067 | \$ | 12,693,604 | \$_ | 58,888,463 |
| Grand Total Expenditures (Primary Government) | \$ | 178,723,689 | \$ | 114,442,488 | \$_ | 64,281,201 |

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

| Fund, Function, Activity and Elements | | Final Budget | Actual | | Variance Positive (Negative) |
|---|----|-----------------|------------------|-----|------------------------------------|
| Component Unit - School Board: | | | | | |
| School Fund: | | | | | |
| Education: | | | | | |
| Instruction | \$ | 51,782,460 | \$ 51,743,008 | \$ | 39,452 |
| Administration, attendance and health | | 3,846,983 | 3,790,665 | | 56,318 |
| Pupil transportation | | 3,416,486 | 3,277,226 | | 139,260 |
| Operations and maintenance | | 4,937,609 | 4,823,657 | | 113,952 |
| Technology | | 3,254,146 | 3,135,879 | | 118,267 |
| Total education | _ | 67,237,684 | 66,770,435 | _ | 467,249 |
| Total School Fund | \$ | 67,237,684 | \$ 66,770,435 | \$_ | 467,249 |
| School Nutrition Fund: | | | | | |
| Education: | | | | | |
| Food services | \$ | 3,449,034 | \$ 3,586,260 | \$ | (137,226) |
| Technology | | 21,500 | 19,569 | | 1,931 |
| Total education | | 3,470,534 | 3,605,829 | _ | (135,295) |
| Total School Nutrition Fund | \$ | 3,470,534 | \$ 3,605,829 | \$_ | (135,295) |
| School Capital Projects Fund: | | | | | |
| Capital projects | \$ | 547,851 | \$ 187,015 | \$ | 360,836 |
| Total School Capital Projects Fund | \$ | 547,851 | \$ 187,015 | \$ | 360,836 |
| Grand Total Expenditures (Component Unit - School Board | \$ | 71,256,069 | \$ 70,563,279 | \$_ | 692,790 |

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, notes disclosures and other supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Financial Trends. Tables 1 through 5 contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity. Tables 6 through 9 present information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate property tax revenue which is the City's most significant local revenue source.

Debt Capacity. Tables 10 through 12 present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future. The City does not have any overlapping debt.

Demographic and Economic Information. Tables 13 and 14 offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time with other governments.

Operating Information. Tables 15 through 17 contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

| F | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| NET POSITION BY COMPONENT | Last Ten Fiscal Years | (accrual basis of accounting) | |

| | | | | | Fisca | Fiscal Year | | | | |
|---|--|--------------------------|------------------|--|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|
| | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 145,194,280 \$ 146,765,571 \$ | \$ 146,765,571 | ~ | 43,056,305 \$ 140,255,728 \$ 136,256,502 \$ 132,778,540 \$ 134,630,600 \$ 136,515,744 \$ 132,202,885 \$ 125,843,397 | 3 136,256,502 | \$ 132,778,540 \$ | 3 134,630,600 | \$ 136,515,744 | \$ 132,202,885 | \$ 125,843,397 |
| Restricted | 461,736 | 450,639 | 418,955 | 253,898 | 436,546 | 464,466 | 459,667 | 345,524 | 961,442 | 1,039,017 |
| Unrestricted | 19,107,622 | 15,778,923 | 36,848,497 | 38,537,607 | 37,720,341 | 36,505,429 | 31,737,220 | 32,029,616 | 40,774,314 | 36,167,946 |
| Total governmental activities net position | \$ 164,763,638 \$ 162,995,133 \$ 1 | \$ 162,995,133 | \$ 180,323,757 | \$ 179,047,233 \$ | \$ 174,413,389 | \$ 169,748,435 \$ | \$ 166,827,487 \$ | \$ 168,890,884 | \$ 173,938,641 | \$ 163,050,360 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Business-type activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 62,658,600 | 62,658,600 \$ 61,417,998 | \$ 59,661,294 \$ | 64,061,195 | \$ 61,531,423 \$ | \$ 63,773,381 \$ | 3 64,272,566 \$ | 63,946,619 | \$ 55,215,398 \$ | \$ 54,121,109 |
| Unrestricted | 10,156,014 | 9,413,613 | 16,501,295 | 18,960,244 | 20,567,739 | 24,007,072 | 23,349,719 | 23,104,614 | 22,819,366 | 21,189,184 |
| Total business-type activities net position | \$ 72,814,614 \$ 70,831,611 \$ | \$ 70,831,611 | \$ 76,162,589 | \$ 83,021,439 \$ | 82,099,162 | \$ 87,780,453 \$ | \$ 87,622,285 | \$ 87,051,233 | \$ 78,034,764 | \$ 75,310,293 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Primary government | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 207,852,880 \$ 208,183,569 \$ | \$ 208,183,569 | | 202.717,599 \$ 204,316,923 \$ 197,787,925 \$ 196,551,921 \$ 198,903,166 \$ 200,462,363 \$ 187,418,283 \$ 179,964,506 | 3 197,787,925 | \$ 196,551,921 \$ | 3 198,903,166 | \$ 200,462,363 | \$ 187,418,283 | \$ 179,964,506 |
| Restricted | 461,736 | 450,639 | 418,955 | 253,898 | 436,546 | 464,466 | 459,667 | 345,524 | 961,442 | 1,039,017 |
| Unrestricted | 29,263,636 | 25,192,536 | 53,349,792 | 57,497,851 | 58,288,080 | 60,512,501 | 55,086,939 | 55,134,230 | 63,593,680 | 57,357,130 |
| Total primary government net position | \$ 237,578,252 \$ 233,826,744 \$ 256,486,346 | \$ 233,826,744 | | \$ 262,068,672 \$ | \$ 256,512,551 | \$ 257,528,888 \$ | \$ 254,449,772 \$ | \$ 255,942,117 | \$ 251,973,405 | \$ 238,360,653 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

L Notes: The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 in fiscal year 2015. Prior year information has not been restated.

| CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA | CHANGES IN NET POSITION | Last Ten Fiscal Years | (accrual basis of accounting) |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| CITY OF | CHANG | Last Tei | (accrua |

| 2016 2015 2014 2013 2014 2013 on \$ 18,543,556 \$ 16,257,293 \$ 17,537,393 \$ 15,200,128 \$ 3,697,318 $3,697,318$ $3,696,157$ $3,626,594$ $3,792,399$ | 2015 2014 | | 1100 | 2010 | 0000 | | |
|--|---|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------|
| vities: 5,13,56 5,13,739 5,17,590 5,15,200,128 5,367,138 5,520,128 5,520,236 1,6087,345 5,306,157 5,306,755 5,306,157 5,304,302 5,306,157 5,304,302 5,306,157 5,304,302 5,306,157 5,304,302 5,306,157 5,304,302 5,306,157 5,304,302 5,306,157 5,304,302 5,304,302 5,304,302 5,304,302 5,304,302 5,304,302 5,304,302 5,304,302 5,304,302 5,304,302 5,304,302 | 16 0ET 000 0 17 E07 000 | 2013 2012 | 2011 | 70 10 | 5003 | 2008 | 2007 |
| vides:vides:18,543,556516,257,393517,557,393515,200,1285ent administration5,822,3485,137,3994,175,9003,697,3183,697,3182,825,5165,137,3992,080,58219,723,56416,087,9453,697,318and cultural2,582,5193,1481,6493,474,4553,985,7553,697,318and cultural5,046,7783,461,6493,474,4553,985,7553,697,318and cultural5,046,7783,461,6493,612,4153,697,318and cultural5,046,7783,555,5103,612,4153,697,318and cultural5,046,7783,555,5103,612,4153,697,318and cultural5,046,7783,555,5103,612,4153,612,413and cultural5,046,7783,555,5103,612,4155,304,302and cultural5,046,7783,555,5103,612,4155,304,302attion*5,146,775,218,2015,514,4175,304,302attion*5,348,4176,327,5405,514,4175,304,302attion*5,348,4176,327,5405,218,8657,734,366attion*5,348,4177,185,5757,397,7087,754,433attion*5,344,1775,344,1775,304,302attion*5,348,8775,314,8775,218,876attion*5,348,8775,314,8775,314,817attion*5,144,8875,314,8775,314,877attion*5,144,8875,144,8875,313,896 <t< td=""><td>16 0ET 000 \$ 17 E0T 000</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<> | 16 0ET 000 \$ 17 E0T 000 | | | | | | |
| ent administration \$ 16,543,566 \$ 16,277,283 \$ 17,5300 3,697,318 \$ 5,200,128 \$ 10,017,345 \$ 13,020,318 \$ 13,037,318 \$ 13,037,318 \$ 13,037,318 \$ 13,037,318 \$ 13,037,318 \$ 13,037,318 \$ 13,037,318 \$ 13,037,318 \$ 13,037,318 \$ 13,037,318 \$ 13,037,318 \$ 13,037,318 \$ 13,037,318 \$ 13,037,318 \$ 3,047,302 \$ 3,047,302 \$ 3,047,302 \$ 3,04,302 | 1 0 0 0 0 1 2 6 0 1 2 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | | | | | |
| | 0,201,230 \$ 11,001 | 15,200,128 | 5 \$ 12,711,047 \$ | 12,693,219 \$ | 12,735,815 \$ | 11,767,148 \$ | 10,607,363 |
| 22,625,158 21,236,076 20,803,582 19,435,883 running development $4,579,647$ $4,103,981$ $3,474,168$ $3,774,368$ $16,007,345$ munnity development $6,579,647$ $4,103,381$ $5,396,372$ $5,396,372$ $5,396,372$ munnity development $6,570,381$ $5,116,339$ $5,071,941$ $5,396,372$ $5,396,372$ munnity development $4,579,778$ $3,555,510$ $3,612,415$ $3,204,302$ wites: $5,046,788$ $5,116,339$ $5,071,941$ $5,304,302$ wites: $5,702,160$ $9,702,160$ $9,526,716$ $9,501,243$ und cultural $9,702,160$ $9,526,706$ $9,501,243$ $0,526,163$ iction* $6,348,417$ $6,327,540$ $5,218,865$ $4,915,643$ iction* $2,343,573$ $7,731,430$ $7,751,402$ $2,526,549$ iction* $2,14,135,73$ $7,321,400$ $7,721,425$ $7,521,402$ iction* $5,14,135,73$ $7,130,825$ $7,321,400$ $5,71,425$ | | 3,697,318 3,353,068 | | 2,689,276 | 3,012,532 | 2,521,878 | 2,695,536 |
| interse 14,709,122 15,158,759 19,723,564 16,087,345 3,341,088 3,732,3564 16,087,345 3,732,3564 16,087,345 3,732,3564 16,087,345 3,732,3564 16,087,345 3,732,356 3,732,356 17,323,564 16,087,345 3,732,358,541 3,732,328,541 3,732,328,541 3,732,328,541 3,732,328 5,304,302 3,794,302 4,715,643 9,504,302 3,794,302 4,715,643 9,504,302 4,714,763 5,218,401 5,218,401 5,214,402 2,281,401 5,214,402 2,281,401 5,214,402 2,281,402 2,281,401 5,214,402 2,281,401 5,214,402 2,281,401 5,214,402 2,281,401 5,281,402 2,281,401 5,281,402 2,281,401 5,281,402 2,281,401 <th2,344,402< th=""> <th2,344,402< th=""> <t< td=""><td>N</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>17,934,535</td><td>18,518,912</td><td>16,446,587</td><td>16,122,159</td></t<></th2,344,402<></th2,344,402<> | N | - | - | 17,934,535 | 18,518,912 | 16,446,587 | 16,122,159 |
| re $4,579,647$ $4,103,981$ $3,441,689$ $3,741,088$ $3,72,389$ and cultural $5,505,510$ $3,457,455$ $3,298,755$ $3,395,755$ $3,395,332$ $5,396,755$ mmunity development $4,579,778$ $5,116,339$ $5,071,941$ $5,304,302$ $3,504,302$ wites: $5,946,737$ $5,218,201$ $5,56,716$ $5,507,1941$ $5,304,302$ wites: $5,344,17$ $5,395,755$ $7,397,708$ $7,751,401$ $2,208,561,402$ wites: $6,348,17$ $7,185,755$ $7,397,708$ $7,751,402$ $2,204,302$ wites: $6,346,737$ $5,218,206$ $5,367,16$ $9,501,243$ $2,204,857$ $2,204,825$ wites: $6,346,774$ $5,304,302$ $7,397,400$ $7,724,400$ $5,714,587$ wites: $1,41,790,591$ $7,135,494$ $5,304,302$ $7,732,798$ $7,732,978$ wites: $6,566,776$ $5,141,697,390$ $7,137,390$ $7,14,587$ $7,14,587$ ment administration $5,14,135,52$ | - | | · | 10,924,418 | 11,935,693 | 10,621,521 | 11,140,416 |
| 36,565,819 37,481,649 3,457,455 3,2985,755 5,396,157 mmunity development $6,701,994$ $5,486,051$ $3,612,415$ $3,2985,755$ $5,396,157$ mmunity development $6,701,934$ $5,74,455$ $3,2985,755$ $5,396,322$ $5,396,302$ $3,585,551$ $3,612,415$ $5,304,302$ wites: $5,046,738$ $5,116,339$ $5,071,941$ $5,304,302$ $3,204,302$ wites: $5,348,417$ $6,327,540$ $5,218,865$ $4,915,643$ $2,208,557$ $7,397,08$ $7,751,402$ wites: $4,208,851$ $7,185,755$ $7,397,08$ $7,751,402$ $2,514,402$ $5,501,243$ itation ^a $4,208,857$ $7,185,755$ $7,397,08$ $7,751,402$ $2,714,523$ $4,915,643$ wites: $1,32,952$ $8,141,796,591$ $5,14,396$ $5,714,587$ $2,722,978,350$ stort $8,300,985,966$ $7,132,962,94$ $8,117,396$ $1,173,398$ $1,072,392$ $5,714,587$ wites: $1,32,932,88$ $7,12,725$ $2,402$ | | | | 3,911,386 | 4,369,125 | 3,764,612 | 3,130,065 |
| and cultural $6,201,994$ $5,486,051$ $5,399,332$ $5,396,157$ munity development $4,579,778$ $3,555,510$ $3,612,415$ $3,628,584$ nimunity development $4,579,778$ $3,555,510$ $3,612,415$ $5,361,421$ $5,304,302$ vities: $5,446,773$ $5,218,201$ $5,351,441$ $5,281,491$ $5,304,302$ vities: $5,446,737$ $5,218,201$ $5,351,441$ $5,281,841$ $5,304,302$ vities: $5,446,737$ $5,218,201$ $5,351,441$ $5,281,491$ $5,304,302$ vities: $5,338,417$ $6,337,540$ $5,571,440$ $5,281,491$ $5,281,491$ $255,371$ $4,208,851$ $7,185,575$ $7,397,708$ $7,751,402$ $255,371$ $2,308,678$ $6,381,671$ $5,714,562$ $5,714,567$ unites: $2,141,5692$ $3,1092,994$ $5,114,567$ $5,714,567$ $5,714,567$ $2,665,793$ $3,099,596$ $3,018,920$ $1,201,588$ $9,808,618$ $3,099,596$ $3,108,032$ $2,771,2725$ $5,240,597$ $5,744,567$ $administration5,13,4328,11,9907,242,0596,468,579administration5,13,4328,071,9807,724,0596,052,3094,057,173administration5,104,2222,511,5636,666,2796,024,6576,033,702administration5,104,2426,133,8266,666,2796,022,3094,057,173administration2,112,5462,511,5636,052,3094,057,173<$ | ., | (T) | N | 28,735,066 | 31,253,898 | 25,922,982 | 25,341,757 |
| mmunity development $4.579, 778$ $3.555, 510$ $3.612, 415$ $3.628, 594$ erm debt $5,046, 738$ $5,116, 339$ $5,071, 941$ $5,304, 302$ writes: $5,046, 737$ $5,218, 201$ $5,351, 441$ $5,304, 302$ writes: $9,702, 160$ $9,536, 776$ $9,530, 723$ $5,304, 302$ ton $9,702, 160$ $9,536, 776$ $9,501, 243$ $4,916, 643, 643$ writes: $6,348, 417$ $6,327, 540$ $5,218, 866$ $4,916, 643, 643$ writes: $4,208, 626, 371$ $5,144, 700$ $5,144, 700$ $5,174, 402$ writes: $256, 371$ $7,135, 575$ $7,397, 708$ $7,751, 402$ writes: $2,141, 552$ $7,120, 591$ $5,144, 400$ $5,26, 549$ writes: $2,143, 592$ $7,120, 591$ $5,26, 549$ $7,751, 402$ ment administration $5,13, 432$ $6,052, 309$ $7,731, 402$ $5,2402, 984$ writes: $3,086, 618$ $5,144, 400$ $5,14, 457$ $5,2402, 984$ mand cultural | | 5,396,157 5,319,618 | | 5,100,351 | 5,379,470 | 5,103,321 | 4,692,190 |
| erm debt 5,046,788 5,116,339 5,071,941 5,304,302 Wites: 5,496,737 5,218,201 5,351,441 5,281,491 9,702,430 19,702 160 9,556,240 9,561,643 4,916,643 14,107 6,327,540 5,218,865 4,916,643 14,107 5,218,865 1,571,402 2,551,402 12,514,202 12,514,202 12,514,202 12,514,202 12,514,202 12,514,202 12,514,202 12,514,202 12,514,202 12,514,517 2,526,549 5,141,517 2,526,549 6,168,618 6,566,518 11,197,390 5,144,400 5,144,517 2,526,549 6,146,571 2,526,549 6,168,79 1,078,285 and contributions $3, 13,413,592$ $3,018,032$ $2,712,722$ $3,099,594$ $3,11,197,390$ $5,714,589$ $9,806,618$ administration $5,14,246$ $5,141,563$ $5,714,582$ $5,714,582$ $2,602,599$ $5,714,587$ $3,099,596$ $3,018,032$ $2,712,725$ $4,102,874$ $1,130,856$ $1,132,452$ $1,143,398$ $1,078,285$ and contributions $8,071,894$ $7,733,498$ $7,242,059$ $6,468,579$ and contributions $6,566,508$ $6,566,279$ $6,022,309$ $4,057,173$ writes: $6,866,608$ $6,566,279$ $6,022,309$ $4,057,166$ $5,104,577$ $6,033,702$ $1,201,552$ $9,564,399$ $9,135,585$ $9,135,585$ $9,136,457$ $6,033,702$ $1,201,525$ $1,649,57$ $5,122,980$ $6,131,803$ $2,345,592$ $2,345,292$ $2,106,125$ $1,649,672$ $2,345,292$ $2,106,125$ $1,649,672$ $2,345,292$ $2,106,125$ $1,649,672$ $2,122,942$ $1,136,125$ $1,137,802$ $1,137,802$ $1,137,802$ $1,137,802$ $1,137,802$ $1,137,802$ $1,137,802$ $1,137,802$ $1,137,802$ $1,137,802$ $1,137,802$ $1,137,802$ 1 | | | 9 3,618,639 | 3,867,423 | 4,032,505 | 4,125,103 | 5,265,157 |
| wities: 5,496,737 5,218,201 5,351,441 5,281,491 9,501,243 tation ^a 6,348,417 6,327,540 5,218,865 4,916,643 tation ^a 6,348,417 6,327,540 5,218,865 4,916,643 4,916,643 4,208,851 7,185,574 5,71,402 2,513,402 5,714,00 5,171,407,390 5,714,002 5,714,002 5,714,002 5,714,002 5,714,002 5,714,002 5,714,002 5,714,002 5,714,002 5,714,587 3,099,596 7,240,003 10,135,852 9,664,399 9,135,852 9,864,399 9,135,852 9,864,399 9,135,852 9,864,399 9,135,852 9,136,85279 6,033,702 10,249,003 10,135,852 9,664,399 9,135,852 ation ^b 5,104,242 6,724,597 1,143,308 7,222,059 6,468,579 6,033,702 10,249,003 10,135,852 9,664,399 9,135,852 ation ^b 5,104,242 6,724,599 0,135,852 9,664,399 9,135,852 ation ^b 5,104,242 6,724,57 5,122,980 6,131,803 2,234,792 1,649,85 | | | | 6,131,512 | 5,860,753 | 6,078,904 | 5,612,049 |
| tion $\frac{5,351,441}{9,702,160}$ $\frac{5,281,201}{9,556,208}$ $\frac{5,531,441}{9,501,243}$ $\frac{5,218,865}{6,338,417}$ $\frac{5,218,865}{6,327,540}$ $\frac{5,531,441}{7,751,402}$ $\frac{5,51,402}{7,397,708}$ $\frac{7,751,402}{7,751,402}$ $\frac{255,371}{7,251,402}$ $\frac{1,135,575}{7,397,708}$ $\frac{7,397,708}{7,751,402}$ $\frac{7,751,402}{7,751,402}$ $\frac{255,371}{7,751,402}$ $\frac{1,141,790,591}{5,141,790,591}$ $\frac{1,141,790,591}{5,142,344,400}$ $\frac{1,22,929,994}{5,142,344,400}$ $\frac{1,122,422}{5,549}$ $\frac{1,14,587}{5,56,549}$ $\frac{1,132,452}{5,549}$ $\frac{1,143,398}{5,144,579}$ $\frac{1,143,398}{5,144,579}$ $\frac{1,078,285}{5,249}$ $\frac{1,132,452}{5,14,587}$ $\frac{1,143,398}{7,242,059}$ $\frac{1,078,285}{9,1078,285}$ $\frac{1,132,452}{2,143,398}$ $\frac{1,078,285}{1,143,398}$ $\frac{1,073,2452}{1,143,398}$ $\frac{1,078,285}{1,143,398}$ $\frac{1,078,285}{1,143,398}$ $\frac{1,073,2452}{1,143,398}$ $\frac{1,078,285}{1,143,398}$ $\frac{1,073,2452}{1,143,398}$ $\frac{1,073,2452}{1,133,398}$ $\frac{1,073,2452}{1,133,398}$ $\frac{1,073,2452}{1,133,398}$ $\frac{1,073,2452}{1,133,398}$ $\frac{1,073,272}{1,229,399}$ $\frac{1,01,125}{2,106,1725}$ $\frac{1,04,125}{2,244,572}$ $\frac{1,143,398}{2,106,1725}$ $\frac{1,143,398}{2,106,1725}$ $\frac{1,143,398}{2,106,1725}$ $\frac{1,143,398}{2,106,1725}$ $\frac{1,04,125}{2,106,125}$ $\frac{1,04,125}{2,106,125}$ $\frac{1,04,125}{2,106,125}$ $\frac{1,04,125}{2,106,125}$ $\frac{1,04,125}{2,106,125}$ $\frac{1,04,125}{2,113,299}$ $\frac{1,054,399}{2,106,125}$ $\frac{1,04,126}{2,244,572}$ $\frac{1,04,125}{2,11,35}$ $\frac{1,04,125}{2,11,359}$ $\frac{1,054,399}{2,106,132}$ $\frac{1,04,125}{2,113,592}$ | | | | | | | |
| tation ^a 6,348,417 6,327,540 5,218,865 4,915,643 4,915,643 4,208,851 7,185,575 7,397,708 7,751,402 $255,371$ 5 $1245,632,540$ 5,218,865 4,915,643 $1255,371$ 5 $1245,632$ 5,218,865 $12237,208$ 5,218,865 $17,725$ 7,397,708 7,751,402 $1244,686,246$ 5 $144,686,246$ 5 $144,730,591$ 5 $142,344,400$ 5 $122,978,350$ $114,1797,390$ 5 $132,978,350$ $114,1797,390$ 5 $132,978,350$ $114,1797,390$ 5 $132,978,350$ $114,1797,390$ 5 $122,978,350$ $11,1197,390$ 5 $122,978,350$ $11,1197,390$ 5 $122,978,350$ $11,1197,390$ 5 $122,978,350$ $11,1197,390$ 5 $122,978,350$ $11,1197,390$ 5 $122,978,350$ $11,1197,390$ 5 $122,978,350$ $11,1197,390$ 5 $122,978,350$ $11,11,130,856$ $1,132,452$ $11,11,130,856$ $1,132,452$ $1,11,130,856$ $1,132,452$ $1,11,130,856$ $1,132,452$ $1,11,130,856$ $1,132,452$ $1,11,130,856$ $1,132,452$ $1,11,130,856$ $1,123,452$ $1,11,130,856$ $1,123,452$ $1,11,130,856$ $1,123,452$ $1,11,130,856$ $1,123,452$ $1,11,130,856$ $1,123,452$ $1,11,130,856$ $1,123,452$ $1,11,130,856$ $1,123,452$ $1,11,130,856$ $1,123,452$ $1,11,130,856$ $1,123,452$ $1,11,130,856$ $1,123,452$ $1,11,130,856$ $1,123,452$ $1,11,130,856$ $1,123,452$ $1,11,130,856$ $1,123,452$ $1,11,130,856$ $1,123,452$ $1,11,130,856$ $1,123,452$ $1,11,130,856$ $1,123,452$ $1,11,130,856$ $1,123,452$ $1,123,452$ $1,123,452$ $1,123,452$ $1,123,452$ $1,123,452$ $1,123,452$ $1,123,452$ $1,123,452$ $1,123,452$ $1,123,452$ $1,123,126$ $1,123,126$ $1,123,126$ $1,130,132$ $2,104,1257$ $1,130,132$ $2,104,1257$ $1,130,132$ $2,104,1257$ $1,130,132$ $2,104,1257$ $1,130,132$ $2,104,1257$ $1,130,132$ $2,104,1257$ $1,130,132$ $2,104,1257$ $1,130,132$ $2,104,1257$ $2,104,1257$ $1,130,132$ $2,100,125$ $1,143,180$ $2,234,702$ $1,134,1267$ $2,234,299$ $2,106,126$ $1,134,1267$ $2,244,399$ $2,106,132$ $1,136,152$ $1,144,1257$ $2,100,125$ $1,144,1257$ $2,100,125$ $1,144,1257$ $2,100,125$ $1,144,1257$ $1,144,125$ $1,144,1257$ $1,144,1257$ $1,144,1257$ $1,144,1257$ $1,144,1257$ $1,144,1257$ $1,144,1257$ $1,124,125$ $1,144,1257$ $1,124,125$ $1,144,1257$ $1,124,125$ $1,144,1257$ $1,124,1$ | | 5,281,491 5,398,401 | 1 5,014,952 | 5,118,820 | 5,359,913 | 4,951,007 | 4,560,390 |
| tion 6, 348,417 6, 327,540 5,218,865 4,915,643 - 4,208,851 7,185,575 7,397,708 7,751,402 - 255,371 $\frac{255,371}{255,371}$ $\frac{1,185,575}{141,790,591}$ $\frac{7,397,708}{141,790,591}$ $\frac{7,751,402}{212,344,400}$ $\frac{1,197,390}{515,490}$ $\frac{1,197,390}{517,4587}$ $\frac{1,197,390}{5,714,587}$ $\frac{1,132,452}{5,714,587}$ $\frac{1,132,452}{5,714,587}$ $\frac{1,132,452}{5,714,587}$ $\frac{1,132,452}{5,714,588}$ $\frac{1,07,875}{5,865,549}$ $\frac{1,132,448}{5,714,588}$ $\frac{1,07,875}{5,714,588}$ $\frac{1,07,875}{5,712,725}$ $\frac{1,09,7,773}{2,913,980}$ $\frac{1,07,875}{7,733,488}$ $\frac{1,07,875}{7,22059}$ $\frac{1,07,773}{6,6033,702}$ $\frac{1,00,723}{2,913,586}$ $\frac{1,00,723}{2,913,586}$ $\frac{1,00,723}{2,913,586}$ $\frac{1,00,723}{2,913,586}$ $\frac{1,00,723}{2,946,57}$ $\frac{1,60,725}{6,033,702}$ $\frac{1,60,125}{2,946,57}$ $\frac{1,649,652}{6,033,702}$ $\frac{1,60,125}{2,293,702}$ $\frac{1,60,125}{2,293,29}$ $\frac{1,60,125}{2,293,29}$ $\frac{1,60,126}{2,106}$ $\frac{1,134,900}{2,136,865}$ $\frac{1,649,692}{2,293,29}$ $\frac{1,60,126}{2,139}$ $\frac{1,649,662}{2,293,29}$ $\frac{1,60,126}{2,139}$ $\frac{1,649,662}{2,293,29}$ $\frac{1,60,126}{2,136}$ $\frac{1,649,662}{2,293,29}$ $\frac{1,60,126}{2,136}$ $\frac{1,649,662}{2,293,29}$ $\frac{1,60,126}{2,136}$ $\frac{1,649,657}{2,293,29}$ $\frac{1,60,125}{2,106}$ $\frac{1,649,657}{2,293,29}$ $\frac{1,60,125}{2,106}$ $\frac{1,649,662}{2,293,29}$ $\frac{1,60,125}{2,106}$ $\frac{1,649,667}{2,229,329}$ $\frac{1,60,125}{2,106}$ $\frac{1,649,657}{2,106}$ $\frac{1,649,657}{2,293,29}$ $\frac{1,60,125}{2,106}$ $\frac{1,649,657}{2,106}$ $\frac{1,649,657}{2,284,257}$ $\frac{1,60,125}{2,293,29}$ $\frac{1,60,125}{2,$ | | | 8,165,858 | 7,391,517 | 6,772,876 | 6,413,266 | 5,717,556 |
| tation ^a 4,208,851 7,185,575 7,397,708 7,751,402 $-$ 555,371 5 $-$ 555,371 5 $-$ 555,371 5 $-$ 255,371 5 $-$ 255,371 5 $-$ 255,371 5 $-$ 255,571 $-$ 255,571 $-$ 255,571 $-$ 255,571 $-$ 255,572 $-$ 255,572 $-$ 255,572 $-$ 255,572 $-$ 255,572 $-$ 255,572 $-$ 255,572 $-$ 255,572 $-$ 255,572 $-$ 25,592 $-$ 255,572 $-$ 25,592 $-$ 25,713,592 $-$ 2,712,592 $-$ 2,712,592 $-$ 2,712,592 $-$ 2,712,592 $-$ 2,713,592 $-$ 2,712,592 $-$ 2,713,592 $-$ 2,713,592 $-$ 2,713,592 $-$ 1,60,725 $-$ 1,643,572 $-$ 2,233,702 $-$ 1,60,722 $-$ 1,643,657 $-$ 2,233,702 $-$ 2,233, | | | 6,916,882 | 6,767,823 | 6,817,081 | 6,042,341 | 5,538,155 |
| 255,371 $ -$ | | | | 9,878,225 | 10,809,914 | 11,162,477 | 10,604,466 |
| \$ 144,686,246 \$ 141,790,591 \$ 142,344,400 \$ 132,978,350 writies: ment administration \$ 13,413,592 \$ 141,197,390 \$ 132,978,350 ment administration \$ 13,413,592 \$ 12,092,994 \$ 11,197,390 \$ 132,978,350 administration \$ 13,413,592 \$ 12,092,994 \$ 11,197,390 \$ 9,808,618 administration \$ 13,413,592 \$ 12,092,994 \$ 11,197,390 \$ 9,808,618 administration \$ 13,413,592 \$ 12,092,994 \$ 11,197,390 \$ 9,808,618 administration \$ 13,413,592 \$ 12,092,994 \$ 11,143,398 \$ 5,714,587 and cultural $1,130,856$ $1,132,452$ $1,143,398$ $1,078,285$ and contributions $8,071,894$ $7,733,498$ $7,242,059$ $6,468,579$ accontributions ^{6,41} $2,112,546$ $2,511,563$ $6,052,309$ $4,057,173$ writes: $6,866,608$ $6,566,279$ $6,052,309$ $4,057,173$ ices: $6,866,608$ $6,566,279$ $6,633,702$ $9,135,865$ ices: $6,0654,399$ $1,0,222,390$ $4,057,173$ $6,033,702$ | | | • | | | | |
| vities: initial initialia initialinitia initinitia initiali initinininitia initial initi | 141,790,591 \$ 142,344,400 | 132,978,350 \$ 127,935,248 | 8 \$ 122,245,944 \$ | 121,143,571 | \$ 126,858,487 \$ | 114,921,147 \$ | 111,027,259 |
| Wities: Number of the set of th | | | | | | | |
| administration \$ 13,413,592 \$ 12,092,994 \$ 11,197,390 \$ 9,808,618 \$ 526,549 istration 515,404 $549,825$ $651,517$ $526,549$ $5.714,587$ $5.73,492,596$ $3,018,032$ $2,712,725$ $2,402,874$ $1,130,856$ $1,132,452$ $1,143,398$ $1,078,285$ $988,430$ ontributions $8,071,894$ $7,733,498$ $7,242,059$ $6,468,579$ $9,057,173$ $2,112,546$ $2,511,563$ $6,052,309$ $4,057,173$ $10,249,003$ $10,135,852$ $9,654,399$ $9,135,855$ $1,807,980$ $1,837,280$ $6,033,702$ $10,249,003$ $10,135,852$ $9,654,399$ $9,135,855$ $1,810,732$ $1,897,980$ $1,834,284$ $1,652,106$ $5,104,242$ $6,784,257$ $5,122,980$ $6,131,803$ $2,345,292$ $2,345,292$ $2,240,125$ $1,649,862$ $ntributions 2,281,764$ $2,229,329$ $2,160,125$ $1,649,862$ $ntributions 2,100,132$ $10,135,852$ $1,60,125$ $1,649,862$ $ntributions 2,100,132$ $10,135,852$ $1,60,125$ $1,649,862$ $ntributions 2,100,125$ $1,649,862$ $ntributions 2,100,132$ $10,135,852$ $1,60,125$ $1,649,862$ $ntributions 2,100,132$ $1,200,125$ $1,649,862$ $ntributions 2,281,764$ $2,229,329$ $2,160,125$ $ntributions 2,281,764$ $ntributions 2,281,$ | | | | | | | |
| administration \$ 13,413,592 \$ 12,092,994 \$ 11,197,390 \$ 9,808,618 \$ istration 515,404 549,825 $651,517$ $526,549$ istration 515,404 $549,825$ $651,517$ $526,549$ $5,714,587$ $3,099,596$ $3,018,032$ $2,712,725$ $2,402,874$ $1,130,856$ $1,132,452$ $1,143,398$ $1,078,285$ $988,430$ ontributions 848,873 $891,990$ $7,242,059$ $6,468,579$ $9,135,855$ $1,143,398$ $7,242,059$ $6,468,579$ iributions $8,071,894$ $7,733,498$ $7,242,059$ $6,468,579$ $6,033,702$ $10,249,003$ $10,135,852$ $9,654,399$ $9,135,855$ $1,801,030$ $10,135,852$ $9,654,399$ $9,135,855$ $1,807,980$ $1,837,280$ $6,033,702$ $10,249,003$ $10,135,852$ $9,654,399$ $9,135,855$ $1,807,280$ $6,784,257$ $5,122,980$ $6,131,803$ $2,345,292$ $2,342,292$ $2,210,125$ $1,649,862$ $1,807,910$ $10,135,852$ $2,210,125$ $1,649,862$ $1,807,910$ $10,135,852$ $2,210,125$ $1,649,862$ $1,807,910$ $1,807,920$ $1,807,920$ $1,807,920$ $1,807,920$ $1,807,125$ $1,649,862$ $1,807,920$ $1,807,920$ $1,807,920$ $1,807,125$ $1,649,862$ $1,807,920$ $1,807,920$ $1,807,920$ $1,807,290$ $1,807,125$ $1,649,862$ $1,807,920$ | | | | | | | |
| administration \$ 13,413,592 \$ 12,092,994 \$ 11,197,390 \$ 9,808,618 \$ iistration 515,404 $549,825$ $651,517$ $526,549$ $5774,587$ $515,402,874$ $515,402,875$ $517,415,877$ $526,549$ $5,774,587$ $3,099,596$ $3,018,032$ $2,712,725$ $2,702,874$ $1,130,856$ $1,132,452$ $1,143,398$ $1,078,285$ $988,430$ $988,430$ $988,430$ $911,990$ $1,201,568$ $988,430$ $988,430$ $911,990$ $1,201,568$ $9,88,430$ $911,12,546$ $2,511,563$ $6,052,309$ $4,057,173$ $1,121,1254$ $2,511,563$ $6,052,309$ $4,057,173$ $1,072,285$ $1,01,232$ $1,033,702$ $10,135,852$ $9,654,399$ $9,135,855$ $1,810,732$ $1,897,980$ $1,834,284$ $1,652,106$ 7^3 $2,345,292$ $1,897,980$ $1,834,284$ $1,652,106$ 7^3 $2,345,292$ $2,345,292$ $2,100,125$ $1,803,702$ $1,897,980$ $1,834,284$ $1,652,106$ 7^3 $2,345,292$ $2,345,292$ $2,210,125$ $1,649,862$ 7 | | | | | | | |
| nistration 515,404 549,825 651,517 526,549 - - - 5,891,879 5,714,587 5,714,587 3,099,596 3,018,032 2,712,725 2,402,874 5,714,587 3,099,596 1,132,452 1,132,452 1,143,398 1,078,285 988,430 cultural 1,130,856 1,132,452 1,132,452 1,132,456 9,88,430 s071,894 7,733,498 7,242,059 6,468,579 988,430 ontributions 8,071,894 7,733,498 7,242,059 6,468,579 10,135,852 9,654,399 9,135,855 10,135,852 9,654,399 9,135,855 10,249,003 10,135,852 9,654,399 9,135,855 1,897,980 1,834,284 1,652,106 n^a 5,104,237 5,122,980 6,131,803 - - - $n^2 = 5,10,125$ 1,897,980 1,897,980 1,834,284 1,652,106 - - - - - - - - - - | 12,092,994 \$ 11,197,390 | 9,808,618 \$ 9, | 9 \$ 9,266,743 \$ | 9,478,806 \$ | 8,620,160 \$ | 7,913,474 \$ | 7,067,373 |
| $^{-}$ 5,891,879 5,714,587 3,099,596 3,018,032 2,712,725 2,402,874 3,099,596 1,132,452 1,143,398 1,078,285 848,873 891,990 1,201,568 988,430 0ontributions 8,071,894 7,733,498 7,242,059 6,468,579 0ontributions 8,071,894 7,733,498 7,242,059 6,468,579 0ontributions 8,071,894 7,733,498 7,242,059 6,468,579 0ontributions 8,071,894 7,733,498 7,242,059 6,057,173 0.10,249,003 10,135,852 9,654,399 9,135,855 1,603,702 10,249,003 10,135,852 9,654,399 9,135,855 1,807,980 1,834,284 1,652,106 1 8,10,732 1,897,980 1,834,284 1,652,106 1 2 5,104,257 5,122,980 6,131,803 2 2,345,292 1 2 2,345,292 - 2,229,329 2,160,125 1,649,862 - - - - - - - - - - | | 526,549 417,063 | 3 553,923 | 504,223 | 493,611 | 432,767 | 380,856 |
| 3,099,596 $3,018,032$ $2,712,725$ $2,402,874$ cultural $1,130,856$ $1,132,452$ $1,143,398$ $1,078,285$ 848,873 891,990 $1,201,568$ $988,430$ ontributions $8,071,894$ $7,733,498$ $7,242,059$ $6,468,579$ inbutions ^{6,d} $2,112,546$ $2,511,563$ $6,052,309$ $4,057,173$ $8,071,894$ $7,733,498$ $7,242,059$ $6,468,579$ $8,071,894$ $7,733,498$ $7,242,059$ $6,057,173$ $2,112,546$ $2,511,563$ $6,052,309$ $4,057,173$ $8,071,894$ $7,242,059$ $6,204,657$ $6,033,702$ $10,249,003$ $10,135,852$ $9,654,399$ $9,135,855$ $1,810,732$ $1,897,980$ $1,834,284$ $1,652,106$ $7,245,292$ $5,724,329$ $5,104,257$ $5,122,980$ $6,131,803$ $2,345,292$ $2,243,292$ $2,243,292$ $2,345,292$ $2,240,125$ $1,649,862$ $7,245,292$ $2,229,329$ $2,160,125$ $1,649,862$ $2,345,292$ $2,210,125$ $1,649,862$ | - 5,891,879 | - | | • | • | • | |
| cultural 1,130,856 1,132,452 1,143,398 1,078,285 R48,873 891,990 1,201,568 988,430 0ntributions 8,071,894 7,733,498 7,242,059 6,468,579 ntibutions ^{c,d} 2,112,546 2,511,563 6,052,309 4,057,173 tributions ^{c,d} 2,112,546 2,511,563 6,052,309 4,057,173 0.0249,003 10,135,852 9,654,399 9,135,855 9,135,855 10,249,003 10,135,852 9,654,399 9,135,855 1,807,980 1,834,284 1,810,732 1,897,980 1,834,284 1,652,106 1,534,293 0,131,803 $2,345,292$ - 2,345,292 - 2,140,125 1,649,862 $2,345,292$ - 2,229,329 2,160,125 1,649,862 | | 2,402,874 2,163,748 | ۰ « | | | | |
| 848,873 891,990 1,201,568 988,430 stributions 8,071,894 7,733,498 7,242,059 6,468,579 tributions°d 2,112,546 2,511,563 6,052,309 4,057,173 2,112,546 2,511,563 6,052,309 4,057,173 6,033,702 10,249,003 10,135,852 9,654,399 9,135,855 1,810,732 1,897,980 1,834,284 1,652,106 1,31,803 2,345,292 2,29,329 2,160,125 1,649,862 001tributions 2,281,764 2,229,329 2,160,125 1,649,862 001tributions 2,281,764 2,229,329 2,160,125 1,649,862 | | 1,078,285 1,156,262 | 2 1,103,317 | 1,042,513 | 1,063,064 | 1,003,942 | 775,673 |
| ontributions 8,071,894 7,733,498 7,242,059 6,468,579 4,057,173 2,112,546 2,511,563 6,052,309 4,057,173 4,057,173 6,866,608 6,566,279 6,204,657 6,033,702 10,249,003 10,135,852 9,654,399 9,135,855 1,810,732 1,897,980 1,834,284 1,652,106 5,104,242 6,784,257 5,122,980 6,131,803 2,345,292 2,345,292 2,29,329 2,160,125 1,649,862 0,001 tributions 2,281,764 2,229,329 2,160,125 1,649,862 | | 988,430 868,216 | 6 845,073 | 686,775 | 1,055,627 | 1,278,101 | 768,070 |
| tributions ^{ed} 2,112,546 2,511,563 6,052,309 4,057,173 6,033,702 6,866,608 6,566,279 6,204,657 6,033,702 10,249,003 10,135,852 9,654,399 9,135,855 1,810,732 1,897,980 1,834,284 1,652,106 5,104,242 6,784,257 5,122,980 6,131,803 2,345,292 - 2,229,329 2,160,125 1,649,862 - 001tributions 2,281,764 2,279,329 2,160,125 1,649,862 - 001tributions 2,281,764 2,229,329 2,160,125 1,649,862 - 001tributions 2,281,764 2,279,329 2,160,125 - 001tributions 2,281,764 2,279,764 - 001tributions 2,281,764 - | | 6,468,579 6,420,728 | 8 6,779,026 | 6,537,125 | 6,931,438 | 6,620,432 | 7,163,982 |
| 6,866,608 6,566,279 6,204,657 6,033,702 10,249,003 10,135,852 9,654,399 9,135,855 1,810,732 1,897,980 1,834,284 1,652,106 5,104,242 6,784,257 5,122,980 6,131,803 2,345,292 - 2,29,329 2,160,125 1,649,862 ontributions 2,281,764 2,229,329 2,160,125 1,649,862 | | 4,057,173 3,020,379 | 9 1,394,887 | 1,105,400 | 4,827,882 | 5,540,980 | 3,996,228 |
| 6,866,608 6,566,279 6,204,657 6,033,702 10,249,003 10,135,852 9,654,399 9,135,855 110,249,003 10,135,852 9,654,399 9,135,855 110,249,003 10,135,852 9,654,399 9,135,855 110,242 1,810,732 1,837,980 1,834,284 1,652,106 51,104,242 6,784,257 5,122,980 6,131,803 - 2,345,292 2,229,329 2,160,125 1,649,862 - contributions 2,229,329 2,160,125 1,649,862 - | | | | | | | |
| 6,866,608 6,566,279 6,204,657 6,033,702 10,249,003 10,135,852 9,654,399 9,135,855 1,810,732 1,897,980 1,834,284 1,652,106 5,104,242 6,784,257 5,122,980 6,131,803 2,345,292 2,29,329 2,160,125 1,649,862 2,281,764 2,229,329 2,160,125 1,649,862 | | | | | | | |
| 10,249,003 10,135,852 9,654,399 9,135,855 1,810,732 1,897,980 1,834,284 1,652,106 5,104,242 6,784,257 5,122,980 6,131,803 2,345,292 2,29,329 2,160,125 1,649,862 2,281,764 2,229,329 2,160,125 1,649,862 | | 6,033,702 5,803,549 | .9 5,793,929 | 5,414,295 | 5,727,877 | 6,024,104 | 5,424,741 |
| 1,810,732 1,897,980 1,834,284 1,652,106 5,104,242 6,784,257 5,122,980 6,131,803 2,345,292 | | 9,135,855 8,631,508 | 8 8,047,117 | 6,748,325 | 6,377,771 | 6,080,893 | 5,572,991 |
| 5,104,242 6,784,257 5,122,980 6,131,803 2,345,292 2,281,764 2,229,329 2,160,125 1,649,862 | | 1,652,106 1,558,556 | 6 3,573,754 | 3,153,152 | 3,290,998 | 2,906,147 | 2,667,281 |
| 2,345,292 2,281,764 2,229,329 2,160,125 1,649,862 | | | 1 9,859,085 | 9,867,232 | 10,158,755 | 9,023,207 | 8,006,673 |
| 2,281,764 2,229,329 2,160,125 1,649,862 | | ı | • | • | • | • | • |
| | | 1,649,862 1,469,284 | 4 1,353,559 | 1,496,827 | 1,444,903 | 1,242,498 | 1,140,983 |
| 6,506,406 3,277,876 | 2,689,399 6,506,406 | 3,277,876 3,226,291 | 1 840,082 | 2,176,754 | 8,458,276 | 1,684,705 | 2,201,180 |
| Total program revenues \$ 58,457,047 \$ 58,233,450 \$ 67,575,696 \$ 58,926,299 \$ 53,26 | 58,233,450 \$ 67,575,696 | 58,926,299 | 7 \$ 49,410,495 \$ | 48,211,427 \$ | 58,450,362 \$ | 49,751,250 \$ | 45,166,031 |

 \$
 (89,481,949)
 \$
 (78,466,221)
 \$
 (74,483,476)
 \$
 (73,970,271)
 \$
 (72,205,851)
 \$
 (74,106,921)
 \$
 (64,454,510)
 \$
 (64,454,510)
 \$
 (64,646,7510)
 \$
 (697,330)
 (697,330)
 (629,598)
 (299,800)
 5,698,796
 (1,607,537)
 (1,406,718)
 \$
 (1,406,718)
 \$
 (1,406,718)
 \$
 (1,406,718)
 \$
 (1,406,718)
 \$
 (1,406,718)
 \$
 (1,406,718)
 \$
 (1,406,718)
 \$
 (1,406,718)
 \$
 (1,406,718)
 \$
 (1,406,718)
 \$
 (1,406,718)
 \$
 (1,406,718)
 \$
 \$
 (1,406,718)
 \$
 \$
 (1,202,528)
 \$
 (1,406,718)
 \$
 \$
 (1,406,718)
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$
 \$

Net (expense) revenue: Governmental activities Business-type activities Total net (expense) revenue

Table 2

| General revenues and other changes in net position: Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | Ī |
|---|---------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|
| General revenues and other changes in net position: Governmental activities: | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| General revenues and other changes in net position: Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| General revenues: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes \$ 39 | 39,574,723 \$ | 37,522,303 \$ | 33,682,085 \$ | 33,642,817 \$ | 31,997,146 \$ | 31,465,340 \$ | 30,867,419 \$ | 29,049,768 \$ | 27,464,833 \$ | 23,731,628 |
| Sales and use taxes 12 | 12,994,784 | 12,532,757 | 11,956,912 | 11,450,969 | 10,744,198 | 11,030,783 | 10,487,699 | 11,053,388 | 11,772,450 | 11,695,874 |
| Restaurant food taxes 11 | 11,914,152 | 11,026,410 | 10,398,660 | 9,948,280 | 8,815,101 | 8,414,191 | 8,001,430 | 8,095,857 | 8,021,419 | 7,673,364 |
| Business license taxes 6 | 6,653,830 | 6,275,116 | 6,246,573 | 5,892,503 | 5,932,606 | 5,587,085 | 5,571,597 | 6,072,551 | 6,196,857 | 6,042,082 |
| Other local taxes 7 | 7,119,400 | 6,798,376 | 6,105,467 | 5,877,472 | 5,599,612 | 5,382,633 | 5,274,469 | 5,275,971 | 5,515,800 | 6,572,592 |
| Unrestricted grants and contributions | 3,501,028 | 3,569,638 | 3,521,348 | 3,476,659 | 3,423,474 | 3,520,574 | 3,465,825 | 3,488,042 | 3,768,406 | 2,754,072 |
| Unrestricted payment from component units 5 | 5,000,000 | 4,900,000 | 4,900,000 | 4,900,000 | 4,900,000 | 4,900,000 | 4,800,000 | 4,800,000 | 4,800,000 | 4,793,875 |
| Investment revenue ^f | 206,899 | 75,041 | 50,039 | 84,162 | 68,365 | 87,557 | 151,425 | 658,303 | 2,644,259 | 3,534,382 |
| Other revenue ^g | 1,681,770 | 1,742,779 | 2,698,759 | 1,973,222 | 2,265,535 | 4,254,403 | 1,570,827 | 1,202,291 | 1,447,468 | 1,486,856 |
| Gain on sale of capital asset | • | • | | • | • | • | • | 238,903 | • | • |
| Special item ^{hilj} | | • | | • | (1,446,706) | • | | | 4,109,942 | 2,183,062 |
| | 2,603,868 | 2,527,927 | 1,574,046 | 1,361,276 | 6,335,894 | 484,233 | 378,256 | (875,910) | (1,386,572) | (1,130,257) |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General revenues: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Investment revenue | 55,180 | 15,198 | 19,563 | 31,340 | 32,121 | 52,446 | 79,908 | 505,917 | 1,101,241 | 1,403,613 |
| Other revenue | 1,237,883 | 1,286,114 | 1,117,388 | 1,805,733 | 1,308,949 | 1,215,028 | 1,167,345 | 1,927,746 | 1,844,195 | 1,034,676 |
| Gain on disposal of capital assets | 41,058 | 2,550 | 28,554 | 15,055 | 10,863 | 4,525 | 1,855 | 8,100 | • | • |
| Special item ^{ki} | | (1,916,812) | (10,078,503) | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| Transfers (2 | (2,603,868) | (2,527,927) | (1,574,046) | (1,361,276) | (6,335,894) | (484,233) | (378,256) | 875,910 | 1,386,572 | 1,130,257 |
| Total general revenues and other | | | | | | | | | | |
| changes in net position \$ 89 | 89,980,707 \$ | 83,829,470 \$ | 70,646,845 \$ | 79,098,212 \$ | 73,651,264 \$ | 75,914,565 \$ | 71,439,799 \$ | 72,376,837 \$ | 78,686,870 \$ | 72,906,076 |
| Change in net position: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities \$ 1 | 1,768,505 \$ | 1,367,634 \$ | 2,387,064 \$ | 4,123,884 \$ | 4,664,954 \$ | 2,920,948 \$ | (2,063,397) \$ | (5,047,757) \$ | 10,792,502 \$ | 4,883,020 |
| Business-type activities | 1,983,003 | (1,095,305) | (6,508,923) | 922,277 | (5,681,291) | 158,168 | 571,052 | 9,016,469 | 2,724,471 | 2,161,828 |
| Total change in net position \$ 3 | 3,751,508 \$ | 272,329 \$ | (4,121,859) \$ | 5,046,161 \$ | (1,016,337) \$ | 3,079,116 \$ | (1,492,345) \$ | 3,968,712 \$ | 13,516,973 \$ | 7,044,848 |

Notes: The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 in fiscal year 2015. Prior year information has not been restated.

For 2012 and 2015, the changes in public works and steam plant/sanitation activity charges for services and expenses reflected the reclassification of refuse collection, recycling and landfill activities.

For 2012, the changes in education and public transportation activity charges for services reflected the reclassification of school bus activity.

For 2010, the decrease in capital grants and contributions reflected decreasing right-of-way and easement purchases for the Stone Spring Road/Erickson Avenue project which were eligible for federal and state funding. ² for 2015, the decrease in capital grants and contributions reflected decreasing right-of-way and easement purchases for the Reservoir Street project which were eligible for state funding.

For 2009, the increase in capital grants and contributions reflected \$4.5 million in intergovernmental funding for the purchase of new transit buses and contributions of \$2.4 million in water and sewer lines from developers. For 2009, the decrease in investment revenue was the result of a decrease in idle funds available for investing from unexpended bond proceeds and lower interest rates.

³For 2011, the increase in other revenue was the result of a one-time payment of \$2.3 million from the Virginia Public School Authority which refinanced its Series 2001C Bonds of which the City was a participant. "For 2007, the City sold the old Harrisonburg High School complex to James Madison University resulting in a special item.

For 2008, the City sold land on Port Republic Road to James Madison University resulting in a special item.

For 2012, the City entered into a new solid waste agreement with Rockingham County. This is the net result of an impairment to an intangible asset and a reduced liability for the city's share of landfill closure costs.

For 2014, the City agreed to sell the resource recovery facility to JMU. This is the net result of an impairment to the resource recovery facility. For 2015, the City recorded an additional impairment loss on the resource recovery facility for decommissioning costs.

Table 2

| | | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
|------------------------------------|--------------|------------|---------------|---|------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Fund | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | θ | 745,877 | \$ 623,774 | \$ 652,688 \$ | \$ 613,043 \$ | \$ 780,708 \$ | 1,055,286 \$ | 838,087 \$ | 772,046 \$ | 609,960 \$ | 611,347 |
| Restricted | | 461,736 | 450,639 | 432,852 | 253,898 | 436,546 | 464,466 | 459,667 | 345,524 | 959,650 | 1,037,225 |
| Committed ^a | | 63,402 | 63,402 | 2,761,367 | 3,386,367 | 3,095,380 | 860,879 | 1,297,212 | 1,879,300 | 2,344,663 | 3,311,602 |
| Assigned ^{b,c} | | 649,393 | 1,629,279 | 1,612,151 | 3,053,319 | 1,671,329 | 4,175,696 | 1,096,324 | 175,380 | 5,620,402 | 4,754,769 |
| Unassigned | | 28,435,301 | 24,214,042 | 26,595,398 | 23,932,401 | 25,534,922 | 18,711,352 | 16,273,005 | 16,363,415 | 15,747,798 | 14,711,182 |
| Total general fund | φ | 30,355,709 | \$ 26,981,136 | \$ 32,054,456 | \$ 31,239,028 \$ | 31,518,885 \$ | 25,267,679 \$ | 19,964,295 \$ | 19,535,665 \$ | 25,282,473 \$ | 24,426,125 |
| All other governmental funds | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | ഗ | 16,652 | ۔ ج | \$ 4,705 \$ | \$ 4,546 \$ | ÷ | 531 \$ | \$ ' | \$) ' | \$) ' | ' |
| Restricted ^d | | 40,156,421 | 1,464,504 | 11,210,744 | 7,215,617 | 5,758,290 | 4,128,472 | 772,478 | 9,365,268 | 2,134,402 | 25,913,479 |
| Committed | | 9,729,172 | 11,102,093 | 12,928,163 | 13,686,487 | 10,650,430 | 8,794,481 | 8,811,974 | 7,704,596 | 11,911,533 | 14,087,497 |
| Assigned | | 134,000 | 38,897 | | | | | | | | · |
| Unassigned, reported in: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Special revenue funds | | | | | | (60,493) | (6,955) | (122,388) | (43,201) | (15,513) | ' |
| Total all other governmental funds | ι Υ | 50,036,245 | \$ 12,605,494 | \$ 50,036,245 \$ 12,605,494 \$ 24,143,612 { | \$ 20,906,650 \$ | 16,348,227 | \$ 12,916,529 \$ | 9,462,064 \$ | 17,026,663 \$ | 14,030,422 \$ | \$ 40,000,976 |

Notes: Any significant increases for 2016 are explained in Management's Discussion and Analysis. Certain prior year balances have been reclassified to reflect current financial reporting (2007-2010).

^aFor 2012, the increase in general fund committed fund balance was the result of fund balance being committed to fund a landfill contractual obligation to Rockingham County. ^bFor 2009, the decrease in general fund assigned fund balance was the result of fund balance not being used to balance the subsequent year's budget and less encumbrances being reappropriated in fiscal year 2010. ^cFor 2011, the increase in general fund assigned fund balance was the result of approximately \$2.9 million of fund balance being used to balance the subsequent year's budget. ^oThe increases and decreases in other governmental funds' restricted fund balance are the result of bond proceeds that are used for various capital project purposes.

| CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS) Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) |
|--|
|--|

| | | | | | Fiscal Year | rear | | | | |
|--|----------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------|
| | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General property taxes | \$ 39,444,384 | 39,444,384 \$ 37,481,440 \$ | 33,559,753 \$ | 33,745,312 \$ | 32,180,329 \$ | 31,525,525 \$ | 31,009,074 \$ | 28,997,708 \$ | 27,048,821 \$ | 23,716,424 |
| Other local taxes | 38,722,176 | 36,644,704 | 34,740,681 | 33,134,475 | 31,114,956 | 30,439,292 | 29,295,439 | 30,439,109 | 31,533,497 | 31,976,274 |
| Permits, privilege fees and | | | | | | | | | | |
| regulatory licenses | 443,489 | 507,040 | 455,881 | 536,965 | 498,465 | 561,431 | 354,076 | 848,149 | 1,099,610 | 552,074 |
| Fines and forfeitures | 623,390 | 666,029 | 1,127,606 | 662,961 | 526,260 | 626,169 | 598,904 | 570,997 | 518,259 | 504,628 |
| Use of money and property ^a | 262,328 | 187,061 | 162,014 | 194,763 | 171,599 | 188,084 | 197,844 | 662,621 | 2,523,091 | 3,675,662 |
| Charges for services ^b | 4,556,674 | 4,427,549 | 10,020,649 | 9,496,051 | 7,775,198 | 1,377,980 | 1,193,264 | 1,193,156 | 1,098,841 | 842,690 |
| Miscellaneous ^c | 1,871,712 | 1,938,839 | 2,465,008 | 2,005,958 | 2,014,528 | 4,159,989 | 1,540,896 | 1,700,774 | 1,733,883 | 1,001,438 |
| Recovered costs | 59,225 | 201,177 | 291,795 | 165,551 | 606,506 | | | | 217,422 | 1,198,496 |
| Payments from component units | 5,000,000 | 4,900,000 | 4,900,000 | 4,900,000 | 4,900,000 | 4,900,000 | 4,800,000 | 4,800,000 | 4,800,000 | 4,793,875 |
| Intergovernmental | 13,563,043 | 13,613,522 | 16,414,070 | 14,809,888 | 15,344,247 | 16,254,692 | 13,499,776 | 13,628,264 | 13,191,514 | 12,771,940 |
| Total revenues | \$ 104,546,421 | \$ 100,567,361 \$ | \$ 104,137,457 \$ | 99,651,924 \$ | 95,132,088 \$ | 90,033,162 \$ | 82,489,273 \$ | 82,840,778 \$ | 83,764,938 \$ | 81,033,501 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | | | |

119

| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|----------------|--|-----------------|-------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Current: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government administration | φ | 4,974,666 \$ | \$ 4,641,047 \$ | \$ 4,583,135 \$ | \$ 4,082,373 \$ | 4,003,007 \$ | 3,612,654 \$ | 3,494,629 \$ | 3,454,035 | 3,533,956 \$ | 3,195,490 |
| Jail and judicial administration ^d | | 6,147,289 | 5,917,618 | 3,878,939 | 3,400,357 | 3,056,108 | 2,861,864 | 2,392,315 | 2,715,571 | 2,224,918 | 2,398,575 |
| Public safety | | 21,409,396 | 20,650,517 | 20,131,261 | 18,348,671 | 17,541,823 | 17,180,648 | 17,033,685 | 18,351,114 | 16,282,631 | 15,906,087 |
| Public works ^b | | 10,243,873 | 11,386,544 | 13,484,504 | 11,691,698 | 10,484,164 | 7,324,180 | 7,085,021 | 8,643,955 | 8,314,632 | 7,911,328 |
| Health and welfare | | 4,557,782 | 4,082,115 | 3,919,223 | 3,770,524 | 3,662,866 | 3,911,595 | 3,889,521 | 4,347,260 | 3,742,747 | 3,108,200 |
| Education | | 32,379,286 | 32,119,407 | 29,912,639 | 28,497,263 | 26,201,268 | 22,992,077 | 23,993,390 | 24,627,567 | 22,960,156 | 22,299,274 |
| Parks, recreation and cultural | | 5,058,486 | 4,825,587 | 4,747,280 | 4,666,748 | 4,946,248 | 4,685,460 | 4,590,497 | 4,819,548 | 4,832,776 | 4,852,311 |
| Planning and community development | f | 3,770,863 | 3,826,246 | 3,913,783 | 3,715,326 | 3,731,690 | 3,342,151 | 3,739,296 | 4,112,650 | 6,046,145 | 3,564,027 |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | | 8,101,624 | 7,917,919 | 7,159,619 | 8,016,601 | 7,054,192 | 6,568,187 | 6,144,985 | 5,852,898 | 4,594,087 | 4,885,030 |
| Interest and fiscal charges ^f | | 5,105,619 | 4,371,146 | 5,179,111 | 5,335,520 | 5,406,443 | 5,846,542 | 5,776,747 | 5,879,099 | 6,732,755 | 4,167,115 |
| Bond issuance costs | | | | 257,393 | • | 381,755 | 77,341 | • | 58,379 | • | |
| Payment to bond refunding escrow agent | ient | • | | | • | • | • | • | 520,040 | • | • |
| Capital projects ⁹ | | 12,693,604 | 16,918,207 | 18,893,701 | 13,820,417 | 11,335,007 | 12,888,316 | 11,668,260 | 15,865,369 | 35,015,071 | 32,370,731 |
| Total expenditures | ŝ | 114,442,488 \$ | \$ 114,442,488 \$ 116,656,353 \$ 116,060,588 | | \$ 105,345,498 \$ | 97,804,571 \$ | \$ 91,291,015 \$ | 89,808,346 \$ | 99,247,485 | \$ 114,279,874 \$ | \$ 104,658,168 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | | | | | | |

Excess (deficiency) of revenuover (under) expenditures

\$ (9,896,067) \$ (16,088,992) \$ (11,923,131) \$ (5,693,574) \$ (2,672,483) \$ (1,257,853) \$ (7,319,073) \$ (16,406,707) \$ (30,514,936) \$ (23,624,667)

| CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS) |
|---|
| Last Ten Fiscal Years |
| (modified accrual basis of accounting) |

| | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
|---|------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------------|--|------------------------------|--------------|
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | | | | |
| Long-term debt issued or incurred | \$ 44,305,000 \$ | \$ ' \$ | 14,150,000 \$ | 8,050,000 \$ | 5,865,000 \$ | 9,515,000 \$ | \$ 9 ' | 13,480,500 \$ | \$ ' | 50,000,000 |
| Refunding debt issued | • | • | 42,675,000 | | 21,400,000 | 5,691,105 | | 7,377,000 | | |
| Premium on long-term debt issued | 3,995,417 | | 5,650,348 | | 786,742 | 362,907 | | 99,617 | | |
| Discount on long-term debt issued | | | | | | | | | | (176,698) |
| Payment to bond refunding escrow agent | nt - | | (42,327,820) | | | (5,847,247) | | (7,412,601) | | |
| Payment for current bond refunding | • | | (5,146,875) | | (21,649,901) | | | | | · |
| Transfers in | 3,828,083 | 5,836,294 | 4,445,856 | 8,250,668 | 8,279,617 | 2,890,945 | 2,780,092 | 4,713,939 | 6,622,370 | 17,534,802 |
| Transfers out | (1,427,109) | (6,358,740) | (3,470,988) | (6,328,528) | (2,326,071) | (2,597,008) | (2,596,988) | (4,602,315) | (8,218,306) | (18,945,703) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | \$ 50,701,391 | \$ (522,446) \$ 15,975,521 | 15,975,521 \$ | 9,972,140 \$ | 12,355,387 \$ | 10,015,702 \$ | 183,104 \$ | 13,656,140 \$ | (1,595,936) \$ | 48,412,401 |
| Special item: Sale of capital asset ^{hil} | ۰ ب | ۍ ۲ | ن ۱ | \$ ' | ۰ ب | ب ا | ب ۲ | ب ا | - \$ 7,000,000 \$ 15,697,400 | 15,697,400 |
| Net change in fund balances | \$ 40,805,324 | \$ 40,805,324 \$ (16,611,438) \$ | 4,052,390 \$ | 4,278,566 \$ | 9,682,904 \$ | | (7,135,969)\$ | 8,757,849 \$ (7,135,969) \$ (2,750,567) \$ (25,110,872) \$ | (25,110,872) \$ | 40,485,134 |

Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures

Notes: Any significant increases or decreases for 2016 are explained in Management's Discussion and Analysis. Any significant increases or decreases in general property taxes and other local taxes revenue are

12.54%

14.33%

13.86%

14.75%

14.81%

14.15%

14.70%

12.74%

12.79%

13.01%

provided in Table 5. Any significant increases or decreases in long-term debt issued or incurred are provided in Table 10.

For 2009, the decrease in the use of money and property was the result of a decrease in idle funds available for investing from unexpended bond proceeds and lower interest rates.

For 2011, the increase in miscellaneous revenue was the result of a one-time payment of \$2.3 million from the Virginia Public School Authority which refinanced its Series 2001C Bonds of which the City For 2012 and 2016, the change in charges for services and public works expenditures was the result of the reclassification of refuse collection, recycling and landfill activities.

was a participant.

^dFor 2015, the City made its first payment associated with the Middle River Regional Jail buy-in agreement.

For 2008, the increase in debt service interest expenditures was the result of the first interest payment on bonds issued for the construction of an elementary/middle school complex and related road improvements. For 2008, the increase in planning and community development expenditures reflected the payment of a loan guarantee associated with the Lucy F. Simms Continuing Education Center renovation project. Fcr 2007 and 2008, the City had various major construction projects in progress including the new high school and an elementary middle school complex. ¹For 2007, the City sold the old Harrisonburg High School complex to James Madison University.

For 2008, the City sold land on Port Republic Road to James Madison University.

| | | | | | | | Fiscal Year | Year | | | | |
|--|---------------|--|---------------|--------|---------------|------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------|
| | | 2016 | 2015 | | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| Conoral proporty toyog | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Certerial property taxes Real estate taxes ^{a,b,c} | 8 8 | 28,256,207 \$ | \$ 26,712,101 | 101 \$ | 24,246,195 \$ | 24,330,987 | \$ 23,164,064 \$ | 22.871.691 \$ | 22,471,813 | 20,253,878 \$ | 18,794,716 \$ | 14,614,206 |
| Real and personal public service | | | | + | | | | | | | | |
| corporation property taxes | | 393.020 | 448.017 | 17 | 294.775 | 344.311 | 305.419 | 311.567 | 315.297 | 290.145 | 296.523 | 257.361 |
| Personal property taxes ^d | | 8 407 623 | 8 021 019 | 19 | 6 926 126 | 6 996 148 | 6 636 271 | 6 227 915 | 6 002 949 | 6 481 657 | 6 135 629 | 6 903 578 |
| Mobile home taxes | | 8.475 | 7.0 | 7.033 | 6,485 | 8.069 | 7,613 | 7.568 | 6.976 | 6.779 | 6,642 | 7.958 |
| Machinery and tools taxes | | 2,130,697 | 2,027,504 | 504 | 1,869,428 | 1,794,444 | 1,800,539 | 1,849,859 | 1,918,964 | 1,769,620 | 1,571,168 | 1,713,458 |
| Penalties and interest | | 248,362 | 265,766 | 766 | 216,744 | 271,353 | 266,423 | 256,925 | 293,075 | 195,629 | 244,143 | 219,863 |
| Total general property taxes | ю Ф | \$ <u>39,444,384</u> \$ <u>37,481,440</u> \$ <u>33,559,753</u> | \$ 37,481,4 | 440 \$ | 33,559,753 \$ | 33,745,312 | \$ 32,180,329 \$ | 31,525,525 \$ | 31,009,074 \$ | 28,997,708 \$ | 27,048,821 \$ | 23,716,424 |
| Other local taxes | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Local sales and use taxes | \$ | 12,994,784 | \$ 12,532,757 | 757 \$ | 11,956,912 \$ | 11,450,969 | \$ 10,744,198 \$ | 11,030,783 \$ | 10,487,699 \$ | 11,053,388 \$ | 11,772,450 \$ | 11,695,874 |
| Consumer utility taxes ^e | | 1,108,436 | 1,114,465 | 465 | 1,099,063 | 1,093,995 | 1,071,465 | 1,079,982 | 1,063,641 | 1,059,448 | 1,053,085 | 1,489,300 |
| Business license taxes | • | 6,653,830 | 6,275,116 | 116 | 6,246,573 | 5,892,503 | 5,932,606 | 5,587,085 | 5,571,597 | 6,072,551 | 6,208,829 | 6,044,898 |
| Franchise license taxes ^e | | • | | | | | • | | • | | | 167,399 |
| Motor vehicle license taxes ^f | | 1,178,948 | 1,185,099 | 999 | 888,410 | 861,119 | 759,588 | 667,392 | 698,446 | 708,619 | 723,115 | 736,579 |
| Bank stock taxes | | 757,086 | 580,676 | 376 | 562,403 | 514,445 | 543,099 | 577,159 | 556,236 | 487,649 | 362,690 | 481,402 |
| Taxes on recordation and wills | | 408,096 | 603,848 | 348 | 443,901 | 359,086 | 273,405 | 381,220 | 311,749 | 380,766 | 598,229 | 595,283 |
| Tobacco taxes | | 680,937 | 632,433 | 433 | 634,796 | 703,979 | 768,267 | 700,232 | 759,637 | 794,917 | 868,029 | 878,952 |
| Admission and amusement taxes | | 181,678 | 172,616 | 316 | 144,475 | 175,395 | 178,371 | 182,473 | 198,641 | 195,222 | 195,197 | 172,964 |
| Hotel and motel room taxes ⁹ | | 2,577,891 | 2,276,431 | 431 | 2,110,603 | 1,963,223 | 1,838,184 | 1,634,615 | 1,505,247 | 1,536,035 | 1,599,097 | 1,533,589 |
| Restaurant food taxes ^g | - | 11,937,309 | 11,050,508 | 508 | 10,436,529 | 9,913,531 | 8,833,426 | 8,403,911 | 8,001,668 | 8,037,199 | 8,027,404 | 7,671,308 |
| Emergency telephone service taxes [®] | | ' | | | • | | • | | • | | | 401,181 |
| Short-term rental taxes | | 119,579 | 115,248 | 248 | 103,840 | 93,218 | 61,237 | 59,244 | 17,778 | | | • |
| Public right-of-way use fee | | 123,602 | 105,507 | 507 | 113,176 | 113,012 | 111,110 | 135,196 | 123,100 | 113,315 | 125,372 | 107,545 |
| Total other local taxes | ο φ | \$ 38,722,176 \$ 36,644,704 \$ | 36,644,7 | 704 \$ | 34,740,681 \$ | 33,134,475 | \$ 31,114,956 \$ | 30,439,292 \$ | 29,295,439 \$ | 30,439,109 \$ | 31,533,497 \$ | 31,976,274 |

Notes: Any significant increases or decreases for 2016 are explained in Management's Discussion and Analysis.

^aFor 2008, the increase in real estate taxes was the result of an increase in real estate assessments.

^bFor 2013, the increase in real estate taxes was the result of an increase in the real estate tax rate.

^cFor 2015, the increase in real estate taxes was the result of an increase in the real estate tax rate.

¹For 2015, the increase in personal property taxes was the result of an increase in the personal property tax rate.

For 2008, the decrease in these various other local taxes was the result of the state enacting the communications sales and use tax. This state tax replaced various local taxes with each locality receiving a

predetermined percentage of the total communications sales and use tax which is now considered an intergovernmental revenue. For 2015, the increase in motor vehicle license taxes was the result of an increase in the tax rates.

^{ar}or 2013, the increases in hotel and motel room taxes and restaurant food taxes was the result of an increase in the tax rates.

| | | Real Estate ¹ | | | Personal Property | operty | | Total | |
|---------|------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Fiscal | | Commercial/ | Public Service | Personal | Machinery | Mobile | Public Service | Assessed | Total Direct |
| Year | Residential | Industrial | Corporations ⁴ | Property ² | and Tools ³ | Homes ¹ | Corporations ⁴ | Values | Tax Rate |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 2016 \$ | 2,498,733,655 \$ | \$ 1,431,075,425 \$ | 53,497,350 \$ | 346,261,665 \$ | 99,654,700 \$ | 1,217,550 \$ | 223,964 \$ | \$ 4,430,664,309 \$ | 0.92 |
| 2015 | 2,463,332,515 | 1,407,562,622 | 52,607,250 | 332,061,200 | 95,391,700 | 1,042,700 | 463,264 | 4,352,461,251 | 0.89 |
| 2014 | 2,461,494,084 | 1,393,309,162 | 53,751,656 | 330,936,077 | 93,454,600 | 1,031,496 | 831,727 | 4,334,808,802 | 0.81 |
| 2013 | 2,475,833,386 | 1,382,285,462 | 52,516,179 | 337,161,049 | 89,963,300 | 1,115,803 | 448,655 | 4,339,323,834 | 0.81 |
| 2012 | 2,543,042,004 | 1,388,078,371 | 50,092,960 | 315,996,800 | 89,852,200 | 1,142,200 | 329,028 | 4,388,533,563 | 0.76 |
| 2011 | 2,510,853,924 | 1,364,937,892 | 50,956,726 | 305,187,900 | 91,009,800 | 1,188,000 | 364,071 | 4,324,498,313 | 0.76 |
| 2010 | 2,454,130,651 | 1,333,884,176 | 50,623,169 | 298,874,400 | 95,937,200 | 1,200,100 | 487,596 | 4,235,137,292 | 0.76 |
| 2009 | 2,275,254,580 | 1,173,035,128 | 48,074,787 | 318,429,100 | 86,797,005 | 1,152,400 | 213,409 | 3,902,956,409 | 0.78 |
| 2008 | 2,111,233,782 | 1,094,534,067 | 47,220,357 | 302,216,554 | 83,446,563 | 1,245,100 | 273,687 | 3,640,170,110 | 0.79 |
| 2007 | 1,528,652,129 | 828,541,876 | 40,459,620 | 287,097,150 | 85,627,100 | 1,300,700 | 294,465 | 2,771,973,040 | 0.91 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

Source: City of Harrisonburg Commissioner of the Revenue Property Tax Records.

Business equipment assessed values are based upon depreciation schedule, year of purchase and cost.³Assessed values are based upon depreciation schedule, year of purchase and cost. Notes: ¹Assessed at 100% of fair market value. ²Vehicles assessed at average trade-in value, as of January 1, as determined by the National Automobile Dealers Association (NADA). ⁴Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

Table 6

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA

Last Ten Fiscal Years

122

| | 1 | | | //oionomo | | Convice | I | Ducinoco | | lookinom | | Mabila | | intro Colleti | | | 1 [.] 1 | Lotol Direc |
|------|---|-------------|-----|------------|---------------|--------------|---|-----------|-------------|-----------|---|--------|---|---------------|------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| Year | | Residential | _ ز | unimercial | ဦပိ | Corporations | | Equipment | <u>-</u> (0 | and Tools | | Homes | Ū | Corporations | s ce | Other ¹ | | Tax Rate |
| 2016 | ŝ | 0.72 | ŝ | | со | 0.72 | ф | | Ś | 2.12 | Ś | 0.72 | Ь | 3.50 | θ | 3.50 | \$ | 0.92 |
| 2015 | | 0.69 | | 0.69 | | 0.69 | | 2.12 | | 2.12 | | 0.69 | | 3.50 | | 3.50 | | 0.89 |
| 2014 | | 0.63 | | 0.63 | | 0.63 | | 2.00 | | 2.00 | | 0.63 | | 3.00 | | 3.00 | | 0.81 |
| 2013 | | 0.63 | | 0.63 | | 0.63 | | 2.00 | | 2.00 | | 0.63 | | 3.00 | | 3.00 | | 0.81 |
| 2012 | | 0.59 | | 0.59 | | 0.59 | | 2.00 | | 2.00 | | 0.59 | | 3.00 | | 3.00 | | 0.76 |
| 2011 | | 0.59 | | 0.59 | | 0.59 | | 2.00 | | 2.00 | | 0.59 | | 3.00 | | 3.00 | | 0.76 |
| 2010 | | 0.59 | | 0.59 | | 0.59 | | 2.00 | | 2.00 | | 0.59 | | 3.00 | | 3.00 | | 0.76 |
| 2009 | | 0.59 | | 0.59 | | 0.59 | | 2.00 | | 2.00 | | 0.59 | | 3.00 | | 3.00 | | 0.78 |
| 2008 | | 0.59 | | 0.59 | | 0.59 | | 2.00 | | 2.00 | | 0.59 | | 3.00 | | 3.00 | | 0.79 |
| 2007 | | 0.62 | | 0.62 | | 0.62 | | 3.00 | | 2.00 | | 0.62 | | 3.00 | | 3.00 | | 0.91 |

Source: City of Harrisonburg Commissioner of the Revenue Property Tax Records.

Notes: The City does not set property tax rates by various components such as by operations and debt service and has not included this information in the above table. The City does not have overlapping governments and has not included this information in the above table.¹ Other personal property includes business vehicles.

PROPERTY TAX RATES - PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA

| | | Fisca | I Year 2 | 016 | Fisca | l Year 2 | 007 |
|---|---------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|
| | _ | | | Percent | | | Percent |
| | | | | of Total | | | of Total |
| | | Property | | Property | Property | | Property |
| Property Taxpayer | | Taxes | Rank | Taxes | Taxes | Rank | Taxes |
| Tenneco Inc. | \$ | 653,128 | 1 | 1.66% \$ | 399,136 | 2 | 1.68% |
| The Scion Group, LLC | Ŧ | 500,898 | 2 | 1.27% | - | _ | - |
| George's Foods, LLC | | 467,106 | 3 | 1.18% | - | | - |
| Copper Beech Townhome Communities, LLC | | 420,515 | 4 | 1.07% | - | | - |
| Packaging Corporation of America | | 390,655 | 5 | 0.99% | 266,905 | 4 | 1.13% |
| Graham Packaging Company, LP | | 329,245 | 6 | 0.84% | 186,640 | 6 | 0.79% |
| The Macerich Properties | | 327,472 | 7 | 0.83% | - | | - |
| Ariake USA, Inc | | 313,029 | 8 | 0.79% | - | | - |
| Virginia Mennonite Retirement Community | | 264,414 | 9 | 0.67% | 169,948 | 8 | 0.72% |
| R.R. Donnelley & Sons Company | | 262,261 | 10 | 0.67% | 402,779 | 1 | 1.70% |
| IntraPac Corporation | | - | | - | 273,641 | 3 | 1.15% |
| GMH Communities Trust | | - | | - | 218,538 | 5 | 0.92% |
| SDG Macerich Properties, LP | | - | | - | 177,253 | 7 | 0.75% |
| Reddy Ice Corporation | | - | | - | 150,818 | 9 | 0.64% |
| Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. | _ | - | | - | 137,727 | 10 | 0.58% |
| Total | \$ = | 3,928,723 | | 9.97% \$ | 2,383,385 | | 10.06% |

Source: City of Harrisonburg Commissioner of the Revenue Property Tax Records.

| CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA | PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS | Last Ten Fiscal Years |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| CITY OF H | PROPERTY | Last Ten Fi |

| Taxes Levied | | | Collected within the | vithin the | | | |
|-----------------|--------------------|---------------|-------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|
| for the | | Total | Fiscal Year of the Levy | of the Levy | Collections in | Total Collections to Date | ions to Date |
| Fiscal Year | | Adjusted | | Percentage | Subsequent | | Percentage |
| (Original Levy) | Adjustments | Levy | Amount | of Levy | Years | Amount | of Levy |
| 39,427,910 \$ | نه ۱ | 39,427,910 \$ | 38,629,078 | 97.97% \$ | ن ۲ | 38,629,078 | 97.97% |
| 37,288,334 | (1,041) | 37,287,293 | 36,588,785 | 98.12% | 419,053 | 37,007,838 | 99.25% |
| 33,472,734 | 18,219 | 33,490,953 | 32,671,163 | 97.61% | 603,463 | 33,274,626 | 99.35% |
| 33,518,148 | (12,031) | 33,506,117 | 32,841,981 | 97.98% | 509,306 | 33,351,287 | 99.54% |
| 31,917,343 | (13,650) | 31,903,693 | 31,164,825 | 97.64% | 608,520 | 31,773,345 | 99.59% |
| 31,326,231 | (2,227) | 31,324,004 | 30,500,885 | 97.37% | 685,886 | 31,186,771 | 99.56 % |
| 30,809,804 | (16,641) | 30,793,163 | 29,834,014 | 96.83% | 783,456 | 30,617,470 | 99.43% |
| 29,095,900 | 1,340 | 29,097,240 | 28,136,769 | 96.70% | 768,500 | 28,905,269 | 99.34% |
| 27,221,485 | (23,903) | 27,197,582 | 26,384,561 | 96.93% | 654,833 | 27,039,394 | 99.42% |
| 23,722,324 | (22,247) | 23,700,077 | 22,950,373 | 96.75% | 585,162 | 23,535,535 | 99.31% |

| CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA | RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE | Last Ten Fiscal Years |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| CITY OF | RATIOS | Last Ten |

| | | | | | | Fiscal Year | Year | | | | |
|---|--------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| Type of debt | | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| Governmental activities: General obligation bonds ^{ab.c} General obligation revenue honds ^d | ŝ | 176,312,408 \$ | 135,804,398 \$ |) 143,420,307 \$ | 132,292,894 \$ | \$ 130,818,002 \$ | 130,273,104 | \$ 125,946,648 \$ | \$ 131,255,776 \$ | \$ 176,312,408 \$ 135,804,398 \$ 143,420,307 \$ 132,292,894 \$ 130,818,002 \$ 130,273,104 \$ 125,946,648 \$ 131,255,776 \$ 116,394,892 \$ 120,144,124 | 120,144,124 6.258.756 |
| Capital leases | | 2,032,839 | 2,723,162 | 3,391,389 | 3,321,531 | 4,827,885 | 5,751,958 | 6,635,404 | 7,480,465 | 0, 100,700 8,287,363 | 9,058,940 |
| Business-type activities: General obligation bonds ^d General obligation revenue bonds ^d | | 28,742,532 - | 27,875,343 - | 30,485,783 - | 33,027,532 - | 34,999,325 239,994 | 36,852,820 469,862 | 26,684,249 9,392,103 | 27,072,664 9,598,939 | 25,958,685 9,800,776 | 27,213,206 9,992,612 |
| Total primary government | ا م | 207,087,779 \$ | 166,402,903 \$ | 177,297,479 \$ | 168,641,957 \$ | \$ 170,885,206 \$ | 173,347,744 | \$ 168,658,404 { | \$ 175,407,844 \$ | \$ 207,087,779 \$ 166,402,903 \$ 177,297,479 \$ 168,641,957 \$ 170,885,206 \$ 173,347,744 \$ 168,658,404 \$ 175,407,844 \$ 166,628,204 \$ 172,667,638 | 172,667,638 |
| Percentage of personal income ¹ | | 11.10% | 9.16% | 10.33% | 10.09% | 10.77% | 11.62% | 11.78% | 12.07% | 12.10% | 13.41% |
| Per capita1 | θ | 3,827 \$ | 3,089 \$ | 3,370 \$ | 3,235 \$ | \$ 3,360 \$ | 3,463 \$ | \$ 3,448 \$ | \$ 3,644 \$ | \$ 3,571 \$ | 3,774 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

Certain prior year balances have been reclassified to reflect current financial reporting (2007-2013).¹See Table 13 for personal income and population data. Population estimates and personal income were adjusted Notes: The City does not have overlapping governments and has not included this information in the above table. Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. on Table 13 for 2007-2009 and 2011-2015.

^dFor 2011, the City issued \$28.1 million in general obligation bonds to advance refund \$17.7 million in general obligation bonds and \$8.78 million in general obligation revenue bonds. ^bFor 2009, the City issued \$6.25 million in general obligation bonds to advance refund \$6.16 million in general obligation revenue bonds. ^cFor 2016, the City issued \$44.3 million in general obligation bonds, of which \$36.9 million were issued for school construction projects. ^aFor 2009, the City issued \$13.5 million in general obligation bonds for various capital project purposes.

| | | | | | | Fisca | Fiscal Year | | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-------------|---------------|--|------------------|------------------|----------------|-------------|
| | 2016 | | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| General obligation bonds ^{ab.cd} | \$ 205,054,9 | 340 \$ 16 | \$ 205,054,940 \$ 163,679,741 \$ | 173,906,090 \$ | 165,320,426 | 3 165,817,327 | 173,906,090 \$ 165,320,426 \$ 165,817,327 \$ 167,125,924 \$ 152,630,897 \$ 158,328,440 \$ 142,353,577 \$ 147,357,330 | 3 152,630,897 \$ | 158,328,440 \$ | 142,353,577 \$ | 147,357,330 |
| Total | \$ 205,054,9 | <u>340</u> \$ <u>1</u> 6 | <u> </u> | 173,906,090 \$ | 165,320,426 | 165,817,327 | 173,906,090 \$ 165,320,426 \$ 165,817,327 \$ 167,125,924 \$ 152,630,897 \$ 158,328,440 \$ 142,353,577 \$ 147,357,330 | 3 152,630,897 \$ | : 158,328,440 \$ | 142,353,577 \$ | 147,357,330 |
| Percentage of assessed real property value $^{\rm I}$ | ້ທີ່ | 5.15% | 4.17% | 4.45% | 4.23% | 4.16% | 4.26% | 3.98% | 4.53% | 4.38% | 6.15% |
| Per capita² | \$ 3,7 | 3,789 \$ | 3,038 \$ | 3,305 \$ | 3,171 \$ | \$ 3,260 \$ | \$ 3,339 | \$ 3,120 \$ | 3,289 \$ | 3,051 \$ | 3,221 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

no restricted net position for debt service available for the repayment of principal on bonded debt. Certain prior year balances have been reclassified to reflect current financial reporting (2007-2013). See Table 6 for assessed Notes: The City does not have overlapping governments and has not included this information in the above table. Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. There is real property data. ²See Table 13 for population data. Population estimates were adjusted on Table 13 for 2007-2009 and 2011-2015.

For 2009, the City issued \$6.25 million in general obligation bonds to advance refund \$6.16 million in general obligation revenue bonds. ^bFor 2009, the City issued \$13.5 million in general obligation bonds for various capital project purposes.

^dFor 2011, the City issued \$28.1 million in general obligation bonds to advance refund \$17.7 million in general obligation bonds and \$8.78 million in general obligation revenue bonds. For 2016, the City issued \$44.3 million in general obligation bonds, of which \$36.9 million were issued for school construction projects.

| CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA | LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION | ast Ten Fiscal Years |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| CITY OF HARRISON | LEGAL DEBT MARG | Last Ten Fiscal Years |

| | | | | | | Fiscal Year | ar | | | | |
|--|--------|----------------------------|----------------|------------------|-------------|--|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------|
| | | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| Debt limit | \$ | 398,330,643 \$ | 392,350,239 \$ | 390,855,490 \$ | 391,063,503 | 390,855,490 \$ 391,063,503 \$ 398,121,334 \$ 392,674,854 \$ 383,863,800 \$ 349,636,450 \$ 325,298,821 \$ 239,765,363 | \$ 392,674,854 \$ | 383,863,800 | \$ 349,636,450 \$ | 325,298,821 \$ | 239,765,363 |
| Total debt applicable to limit | I | 194,205,801 | 156,350,667 | 166,111,533 | 163,133,244 | 163,706,026 | 165,926,512 | 162,043,877 | 167,937,695 | 158,497,695 | 163,765,205 |
| Legal debt margin | ъ | 204,124,842 \$ 235,999,572 | 235,999,572 \$ | 3 224,743,957 \$ | 227,930,259 | 224,743,957 \$ 227,930,259 \$ 234,415,308 \$ 226,748,342 \$ 221,819,923 \$ 181,698,755 \$ 166,801,126 \$ 76,000,158 | \$ 226,748,342 | 3 221,819,923 | \$ 181,698,755 \$ | 166,801,126 | 76,000,158 |
| Total debt applicable to the limit as percentage of debt limit | | 48.75% | 39.85% | 42.50% | 41.72% | 41.12% | 42.26% | 42.21% | 48.03% | 48.72% | 68.30% |
| Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2016 | cal Ye | ar 2016 | | | | | | | | | |
| Total assessed value of taxed real propert \$ 3,983,306,430 | ert \$ | 3,983,306,430 | | | | | | | | | |

Notes: Under the Constitution of Virginia, the City's bonds or other interest-bearing obligations shall not exceed ten percent of the total assessed value of taxed real property.

 Debt limit (10% of total assessed value)
 \$ 398,330,643

 Debt applicable to limit:
 194,205,801

 General obligation bonds
 194,205,801

204,124,842

ь

Legal debt margin

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | Population ¹ | (i | Personal Income n thousands) | Per Capita Personal Income ² | School Enrollment ³ | Unemployment Rate Percentage⁴ |
|----------------|-------------------------|----|------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2016 | 54,112 | \$ | 1,865,856 | \$ 34,481 | 5,660 | 4.8 |
| 2015 | 53,875 | | 1,815,749 | 33,703 | 5,423 | 5.8 |
| 2014 | 52,612 | | 1,715,888 | 32,614 | 5,158 | 6.5 |
| 2013 | 52,127 | | 1,671,661 | 32,069 | 4,956 | 7.0 |
| 2012 | 50,862 | | 1,587,250 | 31,207 | 4,709 | 7.7 |
| 2011 | 50,057 | | 1,491,749 | 29,801 | 4,513 | 7.8 |
| 2010 | 48,914 | | 1,431,468 | 29,265 | 4,323 | 7.8 |
| 2009 | 48,134 | | 1,453,551 | 30,198 | 4,241 | 5.5 |
| 2008 | 46,660 | | 1,377,170 | 29,515 | 4,363 | 3.4 |
| 2007 | 45,752 | | 1,287,278 | 28,136 | 4,356 | 2.8 |

Notes: Population estimates have been adjusted for 2007-2009 and 2011-2015 using estimates from the University of Virginia Weldon Cooper Center for Public Policy and personal income has been adjusted accordingly.

Sources: ¹ Estimated by the City's Department of Planning and Community Development for 2016. University of Virginia Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service for 2007-2009 and 2011-2015. United States Census Bureau for 2010. ² Bureau of Economic Analysis, United States Department of Commerce. Amounts for 2007-2015 have been adjusted based upon the latest available data. Data for 2016 has been estimated based on per capita personal income trends for the previous ten years. ³ City of Harrisonburg School Board. ⁴ Virginia Employment Commission. The unemployment rate is an annual average. The rate for 2015 has been adjusted based upon the latest available data.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

| | Fis | cal Yea | ır 2016 | Fis | cal Yea | r 2007 |
|---|--------------------------|---------|----------------------|--------------------------|---------|----------------------|
| | Approximato | | Percent of Total | Approvimato | | Percent of Total |
| Employers | Approximate Employees | | City Emp- loyment | Approximate Employees | Rank | City Emp- loyment |
| James Madison University | > 999 | 1 | > 3.23% | > 999 | 1 | > 3.17% |
| Harrisonburg City Public Schools | > 999 | 2 | > 3.23% | 500 - 999 | 3 | 1.59% - 3.16% |
| Aramark Campus LLC | 500 - 999 | 3 | 1.61% - 3.22% | - | - | n/a |
| City of Harrisonburg | 500 - 999 | 4 | 1.61% - 3.22% | 500 - 999 | 4 | 1.59% - 3.16% |
| Tenneco Inc. | 500 - 999 | 5 | 1.61% - 3.22% | 500 - 999 | 5 | 1.59% - 3.16% |
| George's Chicken, LLC | 500 - 999 | 6 | 1.61% - 3.22% | - | - | n/a |
| Eastern Mennonite University | 500 - 999 | 7 | 1.61% - 3.22% | - | - | n/a |
| Rosetta Stone Inc. | 250 - 499 | 8 | 0.81% - 1.60% | - | - | n/a |
| Virginia Mennonite Retirement Community | 250 - 499 | 9 | 0.81% - 1.60% | 250 - 499 | 10 | 0.79% - 1.58% |
| Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. | 250 - 499 | 10 | 0.81% - 1.60% | - | - | n/a |
| Rockingham Memorial Hospital | - | | - | > 999 | 2 | > 3.17% |
| Fairfield Language Technologies | - | | - | 250 - 499 | 6 | 0.79% - 1.58% |
| Tyson Foods, Inc. | - | | - | 250 - 499 | 7 | 0.79% - 1.58% |
| Graham Packaging Company, LP | - | | - | 250 - 499 | 8 | 0.79% - 1.58% |
| R.R. Donnelley & Sons Company | - | | - | 250 - 499 | 9 | 0.79% - 1.58% |
| Total City Employment | 30,979 | | | 31,515 | | |

Source: Virginia Employment Commission.

Notes: "n/a" means that the information is not available.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | | | | | Fiscal Year | rear | | | | |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Function | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| General government administration | 48.6 | 48.6 | 48.6 | 45.7 | 45.5 | 45.4 | 45.7 | 46.1 | 43.9 | 41.8 |
| Public safety: Policeª | 118.4 | 114.4 | 114.2 | 107.6 | 107.4 | 108.5 | 108.8 | 110.8 | 107.8 | 101.6 |
| Fire ^a | 81.9 | 81.8 | 80.7 | 80.7 | 80.7 | 80.8 | 80.5 | 79.8 | 76.8 | 72.3 |
| Other | 14.0 | 14.0 | 14.0 | 14.0 | 13.0 | 13.0 | 13.0 | 13.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 |
| Public works ^{b,c} | 75.2 | 75.2 | 99.7 | 98.0 | 102.2 | 72.6 | 73.1 | 76.2 | 74.3 | 74.2 |
| Education ^{b,e} | 38.7 | 43.0 | 42.5 | 40.2 | 38.8 | | | | | ı |
| Parks, recreation and cultural | 71.1 | 72.4 | 72.2 | 73.8 | 75.9 | 75.6 | 70.7 | 71.2 | 70.6 | 69.4 |
| Planning and community development ^d | 16.2 | 17.0 | 17.0 | 16.4 | 17.8 | 18.8 | 19.1 | 19.4 | 17.2 | 18.8 |
| Water | 34.5 | 33.9 | 33.9 | 32.6 | 32.6 | 33.1 | 33.2 | 33.2 | 31.4 | 30.1 |
| Sewer | 24.5 | 24.6 | 24.4 | 24.1 | 22.2 | 23.8 | 23.7 | 23.7 | 22.6 | 23.3 |
| Public transportation ^{b,e} | 60.0 | 58.8 | 50.9 | 47.1 | 49.8 | 87.8 | 87.1 | 86.4 | 78.6 | 79.8 |
| Steam plant/sanitation ^{b,c,d} | 25.2 | 58.9 | 31.0 | 31.0 | 31.0 | 56.9 | 60.9 | 61.5 | 60.9 | 56.9 |
| Stormwater | 3.7 | | | | | | | | | |
| Central garage | 15.5 | 14.8 | 15.1 | 15.8 | 15.8 | 14.7 | 14.7 | 15.4 | 15.8 | 13.0 |
| Central stores | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Total | 629.5 | 659.4 | 646.2 | 629.0 | 634.7 | 633.0 | 632.5 | 638.7 | 613.9 | 595.2 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Source: City of Harrisonburg Proposed Budget for the relevant year.

Notes: Full-time equivalent amounts are budgeted positions.

^aThe City has added additional police and fire department personnel over the past ten years as demand for services continue to increase.

^bIn 2012, the City reclassified school bus employees into a separate activity from public transportation and refuse collection, recycling and landfill employees from sanitation into public works. ^cIn 2015, the City reclassified refuse collection, recycling and landfill employees from public works into sanitation.

^dIn 2015, the City discontinued the operations of the resource recovery facility.

^{*}The City has added additional public transportation personnel over the past ten years as demand for transit and school bus services continue to increase.

| Last Ten Fiscal Years |
|-----------------------|
| |

| | | | | | Fisca | Fiscal Year | | | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Function | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Calls answered | 42,686 | 40,099 | 39,132 | 34,935 | 33,021 | 41,070 | 43,634 | 40,321 | 26,658 | 28,232 |
| Traffic citations | 8,442 | 7,648 | 10,683 | 7,900 | 6,268 | 9,359 | 8,437 | 8,177 | 5,326 | 6,295 |
| Fire | | | | | | | | | | |
| Calls answered | 5,574 | 5,246 | 4,708 | 4,923 | 4,789 | 4,514 | 4,473 | 4,381 | 4,314 | 3,991 |
| Inspections | 2,987 | 1,351 | 1,568 | 1,893 | 2,135 | 1,868 | 1,927 | 1,983 | 1,218 | 1,387 |
| Public works | | | | | | | | | | |
| Streets repaved (total miles) | 8.22 | 11.69 | 9.98 | 5.10 | 5.58 | 5.47 | 6.90 | 9.47 | 10.42 | 7.47 |
| Parks and recreation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pool admissions | 51,519 | 47,548 | 49,553 | 50,388 | 52,489 | 47,417 | 48,304 | 43,872 | 41,229 | 30,736 |
| Rounds of golf played | 30,001 | 29,488 | 28,995 | 27,275 | 27,068 | 21,906 | 20,812 | 21,896 | 21,024 | 19,235 |
| Planning and community development | | | | | | | | | | |
| Building permits issued | 664 | 691 | 651 | 1,035 | 810 | 739 | 748 | 961 | 1,747 | 829 |
| Water | | | | | | | | | | |
| Daily consumption (millions of gallons) | 5.74 | 5.61 | 5.38 | 5.37 | 5.36 | 5.44 | 5.17 | 5.38 | 5.50 | 5.40 |
| New customer connections | 44 | 61 | 59 | 67 | 40 | 151 | 110 | 528 | 509 | 347 |
| Sewer | | | | | | | | | | |
| Daily consumption (millions of gallons) | 4.68 | 4.57 | 4.40 | 4.27 | 4.29 | 4.33 | 4.20 | 4.12 | 3.95 | 4.26 |
| New customer connections | 13 | 15 | 12 | 14 | 8 | 132 | 8 | 13 | 36 | 52 |
| Public transportation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transit bus passengers | 2,807,730 | 2,820,419 | 2,773,561 | 2,749,235 | 2,535,828 | 2,063,301 | 1,862,500 | 1,709,558 | 1,489,770 | 1,492,276 |
| Sanitation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Avg. daily steam plant intake (tons) ^a | | | 67.8 | 125.1 | 111.7 | 138.5 | 149.6 | 148.3 | 130.4 | 128.5 |
| Materials recycled (tons) | | 737.0 | 709.5 | 754.4 | 757.8 | 827.8 | 722.6 | 1,048.3 | 942.3 | 1,234.2 |
| Solid waste collected (tons) | 10,113.0 | ı | ı | I | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Source: Various City of Harrisonburg departments.

Notes: Operating indicators are not available for the general government function.

^aIn 2015, the City discontinued operations at the resource revovery facility.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION **CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA** Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | | | | | Fiscal Year | l Year | | | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Function | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| Police | | | | | | | | | | |
| Police stations | С | ю | ю | С | e | e | ю | С | ę | С |
| Patrol units (including motorcycles) | 48 | 49 | 48 | 48 | 48 | 46 | 47 | 43 | 43 | 42 |
| Fire | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fire stations | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Fire trucks | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 12 | 12 |
| Public works: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Streets (centerline miles) | 139.44 | 140.27 | 138.99 | 137.92 | 137.92 | 137.92 | 137.92 | 135.34 | 134.07 | 134.07 |
| Parks, recreation and cultural | | | | | | | | | | |
| Parks (including athletic facilities) | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 11 | | 10 |
| Parks acreage | 877 | 877 | 877 | 877 | 877 | 877 | 877 | 869 | 869 | 869 |
| Golf course acreage ^a | 205 | 215 | 215 | 215 | 215 | 215 | 215 | 215 | 215 | 215 |
| Water: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water lines (linear feet) | 1,664,446 | 1,610,400 | 1,608,662 | 1,604,272 | 1,555,811 | 1,523,193 | 1,467,840 | 1,469,084 | 1,443,140 | 1,441,109 |
| Storage capacity (millions of gallons) b,c,t | 25.25 | 25.25 | 25.25 | 25.25 | 25.25 | 25.25 | 25.25 | 23.25 | 38.25 | 33.25 |
| Sewer: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sewer lines (linear feet) | 1,059,020 | 1,024,320 | 1,024,591 | 1,077,694 | 1,078,563 | 1,075,233 | 1,071,840 | 1,063,710 | 1,018,647 | 1,007,810 |
| Public transportation: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transit buses | 50 | 48 | 44 | 42 | 42 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 31 |
| Sanitation: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Steam plant capacity (tons per day) ^e | ı | I | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| Refuse collection trucks | 7 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 9 | 9 |
| Recycling collection trucks | 4 | 2 | 4 | 3 | З | З | ю | ю | 3 | 4 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Source: Various City of Harrisonburg departments.

Notes: Capital assets indicators are not available for the general government function and the planning and community development function. "n/a" means that the information is not available.

^aIn 2016, the City transferred approximately ten acres of golf course property to the Harrisonburg City School Board for the construction of a new elementary school.

^bIn 2008, the City completed construction of a new 5 million gallon water tank on Ramblewood Road.

^cIn 2009, the City took out of service a 15 million gallon reservoir on Tower Street in preparations for constructing a new water tank.

^dIn 2010, the City completed construction of a new 8 million gallon water tank on Tower Street and took out of service a 6 million gallon reservoir on Tower Street. ^eIn 2015, the City discontinued operations at the resource recovery facility.

COMPLIANCE SECTION

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report is intended to demonstrate the City's compliance with various state and federal legal matters, as well as, compliance with federal grant funding requirements. It is prepared in conformity with the provisions of the U.S. Office of Management and Budget's Uniform Guidance.

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Honorable Members of City Council City of Harrisonburg, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities, and Towns* and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities*, *Boards, and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 29, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests did not disclose any instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Harrisonburg, Virginia November 29, 2016



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Members of City Council City of Harrisonburg, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The City's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of the transformation of deficiency is a deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Harrisonburg, Virginia November 29, 2016

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA

SUMMARY OF COMPLIANCE MATTERS June 30, 2016

As more fully described in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we performed tests of the City's compliance with certain provisions of the laws, regulations, contracts, and grants shown below.

STATE COMPLIANCE MATTERS

<u>Code of Virginia</u> Budget and Appropriation Laws Cash and Investment Laws Conflicts of Interest Act Local Retirement Systems Debt Provisions Procurement Laws Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act <u>State Agency Requirements</u> Education Highway Maintenance Funds

FEDERAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Compliance Supplement for Single Audits of State and Local Governments

Provisions and conditions of agreements related to federal programs selected for testing.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2016

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements.
- 2. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. **No significant deficiencies** relating to the audit of the major federal award programs were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs expresses an **unmodified opinion**.
- 6. The audit disclosed **no audit findings** relating to major programs.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs include:

| Name of Program: | CFDA # |
|---|--------|
| Child Nutrition Cluster – School Breakfast Program | 10.553 |
| Child Nutrition Cluster – National School Lunch Program | 10.555 |
| Child Nutrition Cluster – Summer Food Service Program | 10.559 |

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The City was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

B. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None.

D. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

None.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

| Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title | Federal CFDA Number | Pass-through Entity Indentifying Number | Pass-through Payments to Subrecipients | Cluster Expenditures | Federal Expenditures |
|--|---------------------------|--|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Department of Agriculture: | | | | | |
| Pass-through payments: | | | | | |
| Child Nutrition Cluster: | | | | | |
| Department of Education: | | | | | |
| School Breakfast Program | 10.553 | 405910 | \$ - | \$ 135,078 | \$ |
| School Breakfast Program | 10.553 | 402530 | - | 594,475 | |
| National School Lunch Program | 10.555 | 406230 | - | 383,618 | |
| National School Lunch Program | 10.555 | 402540 | - | 1,627,083 | |
| Department of Health: Summer Food Service Program for Children | 10.559 | Not Provided | - | 53,312 | |
| Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services: | | | | | |
| National School Lunch Program (donated commodities) Total Child Nutrition Cluster | 10.555 | Not Provided | - | 207,003 | 3,000,569 |
| Department of Education: | 10 590 | 106010 | | | 10,270 |
| Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program | 10.582 10.582 | 406010 402510 | - | - | 93,161 |
| Department of Commerce: Pass-through payments: Chesapeake Bay Trust: | | | | | |
| Unallied Management Projects | 11.454 | 13349 | - | _ | 4,514 |
| Department of Housing and Urban Development: | 11.101 | | | | 1,011 |
| Direct payments: Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants | 14.218 | | 187,683 | - | 385,777 |
| | | | | | |
| Department of Justice: | | | | | |
| Direct payments: | | | | | |
| Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants | 16.710 | | - | - | 71,257 |
| Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program | 16.738 | | - | - | 27,498 |
| Equitable Sharing Program Pass-through payments: | 16.922 | | - | - | 74,802 |
| Department of Criminal Justice Services: Violence Against Women Formula Grants | 16.588 | 16-A3245VA15 | - | - | 24,019 |
| Department of Transportation: | | | | | |
| Direct payments: | | | | | |
| Federal Transit_Formula Grants | 20.507 | | - | - | 1,652,264 |
| Pass-through payments: | | | | | |
| Department of Transportation: | | | | | |
| Highway Planning and Construction | 20.205 | SRTS-115-244 | - | - | 188,223 |
| Highway Planning and Construction | 20.205 | EN15-115-106 | - | - | 17,285 |
| Department of Rail and Public Transportation: | | | | | |
| Formula Grants for Rural Areas | 20.509 | Not Provided | - | - | 2,590 |
| Formula Grants for Rural Areas | 20.509 | 42016-99 | - | - | 8,525 |
| Department of Motor Vehicles: | | | | | |
| State and Community Highway Safety | 20.600 | SC-2015-55153-5892 | - | - | 1,271 |
| State and Community Highway Safety | 20.600 | SC-2016-56087-6287 | - | - | 1,813 |
| Alcohol Open Container Requirements Alcohol Open Container Requirements | 20.607 20.607 | 154AL-2015-55155-5894 154AL-2016-56088-6288 | - | - | 3,352 11,008 |
| Department of Education: | | | | | |
| Pass-through payments: | | | | | |
| Department of Education: | | | | | |
| Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies | 84.010 | S010A140046 | - | - | 574,902 |
| Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies | 84.010 | S010A150046 | - | - | 759,704 |
| Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States | 84.048 | V048A140046 | - | - | 16,183 |
| Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States | 84.048 | V048A150046 | - | - | 80,818 |
| Advanced Placement Program (Advanced Placement Test | | | | | |
| Fee; Advanced Placement Incentive Program Grants) | 84.330 | 609570 | - | - | 5,740 |
| English Language Acquisition State Grants | 84.365 | S365A140046 | - | - | 122,629 |
| English Language Acquisition State Grants | 84.365 | S365A150046 | - | - | 135,333 |
| English Language Acquisition State Grants | 84.365 | S365B150046 | - | - | 10,299 |

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

| Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title | Federal CFDA Number | Pass-through Entity Indentifying Number | Pass-through Payments to Subrecipients | Cluster Expenditures | Federal Expenditures |
|---|---------------------------|--|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Department of Education: (continued) | | | | | |
| Pass-through payments: (continued) | | | | | |
| Department of Education: (continued) | | | | | |
| Improving Teacher Quality State Grants | 84.367 | S367A140044 | - | - | 29,035 |
| Improving Teacher Quality State Grants | 84.367 | S367A150044 | - | - | 147,691 |
| Special Education Cluster: | | | | | |
| Special Education_Grants to States | 84.027 | H027A140107 | - | 195,564 | |
| Special Education_Grants to States | 84.027 | H027A150107 | - | 870,327 | |
| Special Education_Preschool Grants | 84.173 | H173A140112 | - | 10,917 | |
| Special Education_Preschool Grants | 84.173 | H173A150112 | - | 25,678 | |
| Total Special Education Cluster | | | | | 1,102,486 |
| State Council of Higher Education for Virginia: | | | | | |
| Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for | | | | | |
| Undergraduate Programs | 84.334 | Not Provided | - | - | 63,547 |
| Department of Homeland Security: | | | | | |
| Pass-through payments: | | | | | |
| Department of Emergency Management: | | | | | |
| Emergency Management Performance Grants | 97.042 | Not Provided | - | - | 30,770 |
| Homeland Security Grant Program | 97.067 | Not Provided | 160,921 | - | 178,985 |
| Homeland Security Grant Program | 97.067 | 6858 | - | - | 47,365 |
| Homeland Security Grant Program | 97.067 | 15VA-HSGP-0603 | - | - | 34,937 |
| Department of Defense: | | | | | |
| Direct payments: | | | | | |
| JROTC Funds | 12.VA 170853 | | | | 89,785 |
| Total expenditures of federal awards | | | | : | \$9,008,407 |

The accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards are an integral part of this schedule.

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia and its component units, and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information contained in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the U.S. Office of Management and Budget's Uniform Guidance. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the general-purpose financial statements.

Note 2. Indirect Cost Allocation Rate

The City of Harrisonburg has not elected to use the de minimis indirect cost allocation rate.

Note 3. Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed as determined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. At June 30, 2016, the School Board, a component unit, had food commodities totaling \$36,748 in inventory.

Note 4. Loan Programs

Included in prior year schedules were loan proceeds obtained through the Virginia Water Supply Revolving Fund in the total amount of \$1,136,000. The following is the federal award program and the outstanding balance on the loan at June 30, 2016.

| Program Title | Federal CFDA Number | Outstanding Loan Amount | |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds | 66.468 | \$ 908,801 | - |

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY